

सत्यमेव जयते

Government of Bengal

Legislative Department

Defence Legislation Manual (Bengal)

Second Edition

**Rules and Orders made under the
Defence of India Rules**

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THE DEFENCE LEGISLATION MANUAL (BENGAL)

Part II—Rules and Orders made under the Defence of India Rules

Chapter X—Essential supplies and work—The Rules and Orders made by the Central Government and the Bengal Government under rules 75A to 84C of the Defence of India Rules

2. Rules and Orders made by the Provincial Government of Bengal under rules 75A to 84C of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. 6114 A.R., dated the 11th December, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2844).

Whereas in my opinion it is necessary and expedient, for securing the defence of British India, the public safety, the maintenance of public order or the efficient prosecution of the war or for maintaining supplies and services essential to the life of the community, to requisition the movable properties described in the schedule below to this order, and to make the following orders in connection therewith:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rules (1), (2) and (5) of rule 75A of the Defence of India Rules, which have been directed under sub-section (5) of section 2 of the Defence of India Act, 1939 (XXXV of 1939), to be exercised by me, I make the following order, namely:—

-the owners/occupiers of the said property—
- (a) shall place the said property at the disposal and under the control of Rear Headquarters, 14 Indian Division, immediately, until six months after the termination* of the present war unless relinquished earlier;
 - (b) shall furnish to the said Rear Headquarters, 14 Indian Division, such information in his/her/their possession relating to the said property as the said Rear Headquarters, 14 Indian Division, may by an order in writing specify; and
 - (c) shall not, without the permission of the said Rear Headquarters, 14 Indian Division, in any way dispose of the said property as long as this order remains in force.

Schedule.

[Not printed here.]

Notification No. 1-I., dated the 4th January, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th January, 1943, Pt. I, p. 12).

Whereas in the opinion of the Provincial Government it is necessary and expedient for securing the efficient prosecution of war and for maintaining supplies and services essential to the life of the community to requisition the land described in the Schedule hereto annexed and to make the following order in connection therewith:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 75A of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following order, namely:—

Babu Guru Charan Roy Chowdhury and others, the owners (superior landlords) of the said land;

Cossimbazar Raj Wards Estate, 2/1, Russell Street, Calcutta, the lessee (upon a Mokrari Mourashi right) of the said land; and

Hanuman Estates Limited, nominees of Messrs. Soorajmull and Nagarmull, 61, Harrison Road, Calcutta, the sub-lessee of the said land;

- (a) shall place the said land at the disposal and under the control of the Irrigation Branch of the Department of Communications and Works, Government of Bengal, on and from the 17th January 1943;
- (b) shall furnish to the said Irrigation Branch of the Department of Communications and Works, Government of Bengal, such information in his (their) possession in relation to the said land as the said Irrigation Branch of the Department of Communications and Works, Government of Bengal, may by order in writing specify; and
- (c) shall not, without the written permission of the said Irrigation Branch of the Department of Communications and Works, Government of Bengal, in any way dispose of the said land as long as this order remains in force.

The Schedule.

Premises Nos. 39/1 and 39/2, Shalimar Road, Howrah, consisting of a bungalow and vacant land covering 63 bighas, 9 kathas and 4 chhataks.

Notification No. 21974L.A., dated the 14th December, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 17th December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2780).

ORDER.

Whereas the property described in the schedule attached to this order has been requisitioned under rule 75A, Defence of India Rules.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the powers vested in me by rule 75A (2), I declare that the property described in the schedule attached to this order, is acquired by the Central Government in pursuance of rule 75A (2), Defence of India Rules.

Schedule.

Village Ghusuri, jurisdiction list No. 18, thana Bally, district Howrah. Cadastral survey plots Nos. 18, 19, 21, 22, 24, 25, 109, 110, 116 and 117, measuring, more or less, 2.583 acres.

Notification No. 6-I., dated the 13th January, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 21st January, 1943, Pt. I, p. 63).

Notice is hereby given that the Provincial Government has decided to acquire in pursuance of sub-rule (2) of rule 75A of the Defence of India Rules, the land described in the Schedule below which was requisitioned under the orders of the Government of Bengal, Communications and Works Department, dated the 4th January, 1943, under sub-rule (1) of the said rule.

The Schedule.

Premises Nos. 39/1 and 39/2, Shalimar Road, Howrah, consisting of a bungalow and vacant land covering 63 bighas, 9 kathas and 4 chhataks.

Form of notice for the permanent acquisition of requisitioned buildings and land under rules 76 and 79 of the Defence of India Rules.

Notice is hereby given that the building/premises/etc. described in the schedule below/annexed to this notice, which was/were requisitioned under my order, dated the.....under rule $\frac{76}{79}$ of the Defence of India Rules, has/have been acquired by the Central/Provincial Government in pursuance of sub-rule (2) of the said rule.

Designation of the officer issuing the notice.

Dated.....

Form of order for the requisition of buildings, etc., required by the Government of India under rule 76 of the Defence of India Rules.

ORDER No.....

Dated....., the.....1942.

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 76 of the Defence of India Rules, which have been directed under sub-section (4) of section 2 of the Defence of India Act, 1939 (XXXV of 1939), to be exercised by me, I do hereby requisition the building, together with the compound thereof (*and all fixtures, fittings, furniture and other things therein), described in the schedule annexed to this order, and further direct that:—

(*Strike out the words which are not required.)

(a) the said building, compound (*fixtures, fittings, furniture and other things) specified in the said schedule shall be placed at the disposal and under the control ofand shall remain at his (their) disposal and under his (their) control until (a) months after the termination of the present war unless relinquished by him (them) earlier:

✓ (a) Mention period not exceeding six months.

(b) the owner or owners, and occupier or occupiers (if any) of the said building, and compound—

(i) shall furnish to the said.....such information in his or their possession relating to the said building, compound (*fixtures, fittings, furniture or other things), as the said....., may specify, and

(ii) shall not without my written permission in any way dispose of the said building, compound (*fixtures, fittings, furniture or other things), as long as this Order remains in force.

The Schedule.

Collector of.....

**Form of order for the requisition of buildings, etc., required
by the Government of Bengal under rule 76 of the
Defence of India Rules.**

ORDER No.

Dated....., the.

.1942.

Strike out the
words which are
not required.

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 76 of the Defence of India Rules, which have been directed under sub-section (5) of section 2 of the Defence of India Act, 1939 (XXXV of 1939), to be exercised by me, I do hereby requisition the building, together with the compound thereof (*and all fixtures, fittings, furniture and other things therein), described in the schedule annexed to this order, and further direct that:—

(a) the said building, compound (*fixtures, fittings, furniture and other things) specified in the said schedule shall be placed at the disposal and under the control ofand shall remain at his (their) disposal and under his (their) control until three months after the termination of the present war unless relinquished by him (them) earlier:

(b) the owner or owners, and occupier or occupiers (if any) of the said building, and compound—

(i) shall furnish to the said..... such information in his or their possession relating to the said building, compound, (*fixtures, fittings, furniture or other things), as the said....., may specify, and

(ii) shall not without my written permission in any way dispose of the said building, compound (*fixtures, fittings, furniture or other things), as long as this order remains in force.

The Schedule.

District Magistrate of.....

Or designation of other officer

who will issue the order.

**Form of order for the requisition of land required by the
Government of India under rule 79 of the Defence of
India Rules.**

ORDER No.....

Dated the.....1942.

Order.

Whereas in my opinion it is necessary and expedient;
for securing the defence of British India, the public safety,
the maintenance of public order and the efficient prosecution
of war, Alternative.

for maintaining supplies and services essential to the life
of the community,

to requisition the land described in the Schedule hereto
annexed, and to make the following order in connection
therewith;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by
sub-rules (1), (2) and (3) of rule 79 of the Defence of India
Rules, which have been directed under sub-section (4) of
section 2 of the Defence of India Act, 1939 (XXXV of
1939), to be exercised by me, I hereby make the following
order, namely:—

Mr./Babu/Messrs.....of.....

the owner
occupier of the said land—

- (a) shall place the said land at the disposal and under
the control of.....or and from
the.....1942 until six months
after the termination of the present war unless
relinquished earlier;
- (b) shall furnish to the said.....such
information in his (their) possession relating to
the said land as the said.....
may by an order in writing specify; and
- (c) shall not, without the written permission of the said
.....in any way dispose of the
said land as long as this order remains in force.

The Schedule.

Collector of.....

Notification No. 5794 A.R.P., dated the 8th November, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th November 1943, Pt. I, p. 1655).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 78 and rule 78B of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of notification No. 3025-A.R.P., dated the 24th August 1942, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. In this Order—

- (a) "appropriate authority" means in Calcutta and the municipality of Howrah, the Chairman of the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta, and elsewhere the District Magistrate;
- (b) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;
- (c) "things to which this Order applies" means,—
 - (i) things which, prior to substantial damage having occurred to any premises by reason of war operations formed part of the immovable property in such premises and have become detached therefrom as a result of such damage; and
 - (ii) things which, in the course of any demolition carried out under the provisions of sub-rule (1) of rule 78 of the Defence of India Rules in any premises to which substantial damage has occurred by reason of war operations, have become detached from the immovable property in such premises.

2. (1) If the owner of any premises to which substantial damage has occurred by reason of war operations is readily available, he shall be directed by the appropriate authority to remove from such premises within such time as the appropriate authority may specify all things to which this Order applies.

(2) If the owner of such premises is not readily available or fails to comply with any directions issued under sub-paragraph (1) within the period specified or the ownership of any premises is in dispute the appropriate authority shall, as far as may be practicable, cause the things to which this Order applies and which are fit for further use, such as bricks, marble slabs or flags, tiles, doors and windows, or any parts or frames thereof, electrical fittings, plumbing and sanitary fittings, and other household fixtures, to be collected from such premises and removed to depots which shall be established by the appropriate authority at convenient places for the purpose.

3. (1) All things collected under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 2 shall so far as may be practicable be entered at the places where they are found in "challans" in carbon duplicate to be maintained in bound volumes of 100 with machine numbered pages. (Form I.)

(2) At the aforementioned depots the things received shall be checked over with reference to the duplicate challans mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) above. Entries shall then be made, premises by premises, in a Register in the Form annexed to this Order. The approximate quantities of the things so collected shall be noted in the relevant column of the Register.

4. A rough valuation of the things so collected and removed to the aforementioned depots shall then be made by such agency as may be

appointed by the appropriate authority in this behalf and shall be entered in the appropriate column of the Register in the Form annexed to this Order duly attested by the person making the valuation.

5. All things collected and removed under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 2 except things that may be purchased by the Supply Department of the Government of India as per Government of India, Circular letter No. 372/41A.R.P., dated 4th April 1942, shall then be sold in public auction as soon as possible, after reasonable notice of the intended sale has been given.

6. The appropriate authority shall have full discretion to accept the highest bid obtained at such auction sale even if the valuation made under paragraph 4 above is to any extent in advance of such bid.

7. (1) The price realised in a sale by public auction for each such things shall be entered in the appropriate column of the Register in Form I and such entry shall be duly attested by the officer holding the sale.

(2) A cash-book in the usual form shall be maintained to show receipt of cash and remittance of cash to Treasury or Bank under paragraph 8.

8. All proceeds of the sale by public auction held under paragraph 5 shall be remitted to the Treasury or to the Account of the Provincial Government in a Bank for deposit under the head "Air Raid Salvage Deposit" under section "P.—Deposits and Advances, Part II—Deposits not bearing interest, (C) Other Deposit Account—Civil Deposit" together with a challan in Form II annexed to this Order. The number and date of the challan in Form II shall be entered in the appropriate column of the Register in the Form annexed to this Order, against the item concerned.

9. All such proceeds shall be held in deposit for the benefit of the owners of the premises from which the things were collected and claims to such proceeds shall be received without any time limit.

10. All claims shall be decided by the appropriate authority and the decision of the appropriate authority therein shall be final.

11. Refund orders shall be issued in Revenue Deposit Refund Voucher Forms, all necessary changes being made, and the date of issue of any such refund order shall be noted in the appropriate column of the Register in the Form annexed to this Order.

FORM I.

Challan.

(See paragraph 3.)

Address of premises.....

Name of owner.....

Date.	Serial No.	Nature of things removed.	Initials of officer forwarding the things to Depot.	Dated initials of officer-in-charge of Depot in token of receipt.
1	2	3	4	5

Register of things.

(See paragraphs 3, 4, 5, 7 and 10.)

Address of premises.....

Name of owner or owners.....

No. and date of challans forwarding things removed.	Serial No.	Nature of things removed.	Approximate quantity.	Valuation.	Quantity of things sold.	Price realised.	Date of sale.	Date and No. of Chalan crediting sale proceeds to Bank or Treasury.	Date of issue of Refund Order.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
				Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.			

FORM II.

(See paragraph 8.)

Heads of Account—Air Raid Salvage Deposit.

**Section P—Deposits and Advances, Part II—Deposits not bearing interest,
(C)—Other Deposit Accounts—Civil Deposits.**

Serial No.....

Date.....

Amount.....
(in figures and words).

Name and address of beneficiary.....

Page No. in Register I.....

Received payment.

*Chairman, Calcutta Improvement Trust/
District Magistrate.*

Treasury Accountant.

Treasury Officer/Agent.

Notification No. 2787P., dated the 21st April, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th April, 1941, Pt. I, p. 964).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 78 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that the power under the said sub-rule shall, in respect of the areas specified in column 1

below, be, subject to the control of the Provincial Government, exercised by the officers specified respectively opposite each such area in column 2 below, who are hereby authorised in that behalf:—

1 Area.	2 Officers.
The town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.	The Commissioner of Police.
Each district of Bengal excluding the suburbs of Calcutta	The District Magistrate of the district.
The town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, the districts of 24-Parganas, Howrah and Hooghly.	The Air Raid Precaution Controller, Bengal.

Notification No. 275A.R.P., dated the 29th January, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 5th February, 1942, Pt. I, p. 279).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 78 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Chief Salvage Officer, Government of Bengal, to do any work on any land or place anything in, on or over any land in accordance with the provisions of the said rule.

Notification No. 1589(8) A. R. P., dated the 12th May, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 21st May, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1363).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 78 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Chairman of the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of Calcutta to do any work on any land or place anything in, on or over any land in accordance with the provisions of the said rule in the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, in the Suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and in the municipality of Howrah.

Notification No. 3980 A. R. P., dated the 2nd November, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 5th November, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2494).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 78 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Special Officer (Civil Defence), Public Health and Local Self-Government Department, Government of Bengal, during the absence from duty of the Chief Salvage Officer, Government of Bengal, to do any work on any land or place anything in, on or over any land in accordance with the provisions of the said rule.

Notification No. 288 A. R. P., dated the 29th January, 1942 (published in the " Calcutta Gazette " of the 5th February, 1942, Pt. I, p. 279).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (4a) of rule 78 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Chief Salvage Officer, Government of Bengal, to sort, store and, in so far as it appears to be valueless, dispose of under the said sub-rule anything removed from any land in pursuance of the said rule.

Notification No. 3979 A. R. P., dated the 2nd November, 1942 (published in the " Calcutta Gazette " of the 5th November, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2494).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (4a) of rule 78 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Chief Salvage Officer, Government of Bengal, to sort, store and dispose of under the said sub-rule anything removed from any land in pursuance of the said rule in such manner as the Provincial Government by general or special order direct.

Notification No. 3981 A. R. P., dated the 2nd November, 1942 (published in the " Calcutta Gazette " of the 5th November, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2494).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (4a) of rule 78 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Special Officer (Civil Defence), Public Health and Local Self-Government Department, Government of Bengal, during the absence from duty of the Chief Salvage Officer, Government of Bengal, to sort, store and dispose of under the said sub-rule anything removed from any land in pursuance of the said rule in such manner as the Provincial Government by general or special order direct.

Notification No. 289 A. R. P., dated the 29th January, 1942 (published in the " Calcutta Gazette " of the 5th February, 1942, Pt. I, p. 279).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 78A of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Chief Salvage Officer, Government of Bengal, to require within the areas specified in the schedule below any male person in the said areas to assist in the doing of work on land in accordance with the provisions of the said rule:—

Schedule.

1. Calcutta Corporation Area.
2. Garden Reach Municipal Area.

Notification No. 3982 A. R. P., dated the 2nd November, 1942 (published in the " Calcutta Gazette " of the 5th November, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2494).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 78A of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Special Officer (Civil Defence), Public Health and Local Self-Government Department, Government of Bengal, during the absence from duty of the Chief Salvage Officer, Government of Bengal, to require within the areas specified in the schedule below any male person in the said areas to assist in the doing of work on land in accordance with the provisions of the said rule.

The Schedule.

1. Calcutta Corporation Area.
2. Garden Reach Municipal Area.

Notification No. 5793 A. R. P., dated the 8th November, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th November, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1653).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 78B of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of notification No. 1837A.R.P., dated the 30th May, 1942, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. In this Order—

- (a) "appropriate authority" means the Chief Salvage Officer in Calcutta and the municipality of Howrah and the District Magistrate elsewhere;
- (b) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;
- (c) "Chief Salvage Officer" means the officer appointed by the Provincial Government to supervise and control the collection, sorting, storage and disposal of salvage in Calcutta and the municipality of Howrah;
- (d) "Owner" includes a person for the time being in possession of any property whether on his own account or as agent or trustee for any person or as a bailee as defined in the Indian Contract Act, 1872, and, in relation to any property which is the subject of a hire purchase agreement, includes the person in possession of the property under that agreement; and
- (e) "Salvage" means any movable property in any premises to which substantial damage has occurred by reason of war operations, but does not include,—
 - (i) things which prior to substantial damage having occurred to such premises by reason of war operations, formed part of the immovable property of such premises and have become detached therefrom as a result of such damage, and
 - (ii) things which in the course of any demolition carried out under the provisions of sub-rule (1) of rule 78 of the Defence of India Rules have become detached from the immovable property in such premises.

2. (1) If the owner of any salvage in any premises is readily available, he shall be directed by the appropriate authority to remove within such time as the appropriate authority may specify, such salvage from such premises.

(2) If the owner of any salvage is not readily available or fails to comply with any direction issued under sub-paragraph (1) within the period specified, or the ownership of any salvage is in dispute, the appropriate authority shall cause such salvage to be collected and removed to depots which shall be established by the appropriate authority at convenient places for the purpose:

Provided that salvage which is cash shall not be removed to such depots, but shall be remitted to the Treasury in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 5.

3. (1) In collecting salvage under the provisions of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 2 a complete inventory of such salvage in serially numbered challans in Form I annexed to this Order shall be prepared prior to its removal from the premises from which it is collected. Where the address of the house or structure from which the salvage is collected can be

ascertained, it shall be entered in the appropriate column of the said Form I. If the address of such house or structure cannot be ascertained without unreasonable delay the address of the house or structure immediately adjacent to the place from which such salvage is collected shall be entered in the said appropriate column.

(2) The challans in Form I annexed to this Order shall be bound in volumes containing one hundred challans in each volume.

4. A salvage register shall be maintained in two parts, as follows:—

Register I in the form annexed to this Order for salvage where the address of the house or structure from which it is collected can be ascertained, and Register IA in the form annexed to this Order where the address of the house or structure from which the salvage is collected cannot be ascertained. The particulars of all the items of salvage entered in the challans referred to in paragraph 3 shall be entered in these registers and in every case the serial number of the challan shall be noted in the register concerned.

5. All salvage collected under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 2 shall be stored for a period of two weeks after the occurrence of an Air Raid. Salvage which is cash shall be remitted together with a challan in Form II annexed to this Order to the Treasury, or to the account of the Provincial Government in a bank, on the day following that on which the cash is found, and such cash shall be deposited under the head "Air-raid Salvage Deposit", under section "P—Deposits and Advances, Part II—Deposits not bearing interest, (C)—Other Deposit Account—Civil Deposits". The number and date of the challan in the said Form II shall be entered against the appropriate entry in Register I.

6. As soon as possible after the expiry of the period referred to in paragraph 5 all salvage except cash shall, if no claims in respect of it are preferred, be sold by public auction in such manner as the Provincial Government may direct after reasonable public notice of the intended sale has been given.

7. Prior to the sale by public auction referred to in paragraph 6 the unclaimed salvage,—

(a) in Calcutta and the municipality of Howrah shall be valued by such expert valuers as may be appointed in this behalf by the Provincial Government; and

(b) elsewhere may at the discretion of the District Magistrate be valued by such expert valuers as may be appointed in this behalf by him.

8. The appropriate authority shall withdraw or order the withdrawal of any salvage from any sale by public auction if the highest bid for such salvage is not reasonably near the valuation made in respect of such salvage by the said expert valuers, or where no valuation of such salvage has been made, under clause (b) of paragraph 7, if the highest bid is not in the opinion of the appropriate authority reasonable. Any salvage withdrawn from a sale by public auction in the aforementioned manner shall be resold in the manner referred to in paragraph 6. Prior to such resale it may be revalued by the expert valuers referred to in paragraph 7, but if when such salvage is revalued the valuation so made is considerably in advance of the highest bid made in respect of it in the sale by public auction from which it was withdrawn, the orders of the Provincial Government shall be taken as to the disposal of such salvage.

9. The price realised in a sale by public auction for each item of unclaimed salvage shall be entered in the appropriate column of the Salvage Register concerned. All proceeds of the sale by public auction

of salvage shall be remitted to the Treasury, or to the account of the Provincial Government in a Bank, for deposit under the head "Air-raid Salvage Deposit", under section "P—Deposits and Advances, Part II—Deposits not bearing interest, (C)—Other Deposit Account—Civil Deposits" together with a challan in Form II annexed to this Order. The number and date of the challan in the said Form II shall be entered in the appropriate column of the register against the item of salvage concerned.

10. All moneys remitted to a Treasury or a Bank under paragraph 5 or paragraph 9 shall be entered in a register similar in form to that of the Revenue Deposit Register,—the name of the beneficiary of any amount so entered shall be entered in the column of the said register relating to the nature of the deposits.

11. All unclaimed salvage which is cash and the proceeds of the sale by auction of all items of salvage other than cash shall be held in deposit for the benefit of the persons who are the owners of such cash or other salvage, and claims to such cash or proceeds shall be received without any time limit. Payments out of the said cash or proceeds to claimants shall be made in the manner of revenue deposit refunds in voucher forms. Refund registers for such payments shall be maintained in similar forms, necessary alterations of the headings of the existing columns being made.

11A. (1) A petition for claims to salvage or to sale-proceeds thereof shall be made in Form III annexed to this Order and shall contain a declaration which shall be attested by at least two witnesses as indicated in the form.

(2) The nature, and the approximate quantity of and the extent of the interest in the salvage shall be mentioned in the petition for claim as far as possible and if the petition is filed within two weeks of the occurrence of the damage due to an air raid it will be for a claim to salvage and if it is filed thereafter it will be for a claim to sale-proceeds of such salvage.

12. Claims to salvage shall be preferred to and decided by such officers as may be appointed by the Provincial Government in this behalf. In arriving at a decision on any claim to salvage regard shall be had to all the material on record and to such evidence as may be adduced by the claimants.

13. If any claimant to any salvage is dissatisfied with the decision in respect of such claims of the officer appointed by the Provincial Government under paragraph 12 to decide claims in respect of such salvage, he may within one month of the date of such decision appeal to an authority to be specified in this behalf by the Provincial Government and the decision of such appellate authority shall be final.

FORM I.

[See paragraph 3.]

Challan of salvaged articles (with carbon duplicate).

Date.....

Sub-area/Municipality.....

Serial No.	Nature of articles.	Address of the house or structure from where salvage is collected, where known.	Address of adjacent house or structure, where address of site of salvage cannot be ascertained.	Dated initials of storekeeper in token of receipts.
1	2	3	4	5

FORM II.**FORM II.****FORM II.**

(See paragraphs 5 and 9.)

(See paragraphs 5 and 9.)

(See paragraphs 5 and 9.)

Book No.**Book No.****Book No.**Treasury/Bank challan (in
bound book of 100).Treasury/Bank challan (in
bound book of 100).Treasury/Bank challan (in
bound book of 100).*Original.**Duplicate.**Triplicate.*

Salvage Headquarters.

Salvage Headquarters.

Salvage Headquarters.

Serial No.

Serial No.

Serial No.

Date.

Date.

Date.

Nature of deposit.

Nature of deposit.

Nature of deposit.

Amount (in figures and words). Amount (in figures and words). Amount (in figures and words).

Treasury Chief Salvage
Accountant. Officer.Treasury Chief Salvage
Accountant. Officer.Treasury Chief Salvage
Accountant. Officer.Treasury Chief Salvage
Officer.Treasurer. Treasury Officer/Treasurer.
Agent.Treasurer. Treasury Officer/Treasurer.
Agent.Treasury Officer/Treasurer.
Agent.**FORM III.**

(See paragraph 11A.)

Petition for claims to $\frac{(1) \text{ Salvage.}}{(2) \text{ Sale-proceeds of salvage.}}$

1. Name of petitioner:—
2. Address from which salvage was removed:—
3. Date of damage by enemy action:—
4. Nature, approximate quantity of and extent of interest in salvage:—

Please score through (1) if the petition is filed after two weeks from date of damage and (2) if within two weeks.

I.....petitioner named above hereby declare that what is stated in this petition is true to the best of my knowledge and information.

Signature with address of petitioner.

Signed in the presence of:—

* (1).....

* (2).....

Date.....

*Signature of witnesses with their address.

Salvage Claims Case No.

Date.....

Seen petition of.....Register
and call for report from the Chief Salvage Officer.
District Magistrate.

Report enclosed.

Claims Officer.

Chief Salvage Officer.
District Magistrate.

Memorandum of evidence, if any.

Claims Officer.

Final orders with brief reasons:—

Claims Officer.

Orders of Appellate Authority:—

Appellate Authority.

Register I.

Salvage where the address of the house or structure from which the salvage is collected can be ascertained.

(See paragraph 4.)

Serial number.	Sub-area.	Nature of articles.	Owner's name and address.	Date of receipt and serial number of challan.	Date of sale of the salvaged article where it is not cash.	Amount realised by sale.	Number and date of challan crediting cash or sale proceeds to Treasury or Bank.	Date of return or delivery to owner with signature.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
						Rs. a. p.		

Register IA.

Salvage where the address of the house or structure from which the salvage is collected cannot be ascertained.

(See paragraph 4.)

Serial number.	Sub-area.	Nature of articles.	Address of adjacent house.	Date of receipt and serial number of challan.	Date of sale of the salvaged article where it is not cash.	Amount realised by sale.	Number and date of challan crediting cash or sale proceeds to Treasury or Bank.	Date of return or delivery to owner with signature.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
						Rs. a. p.		



Notification No. 951 A. R. P., dated the 23rd February, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th February, 1943, Pt. I, p. 356).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 5 of the Order for the sorting, storage and disposal of certain things removed from any land in pursuance of rule 78 of the Defence of India Rules published with notification No. 1837A.R.P., dated the 30th May, 1942, as subsequently amended, the Governor is pleased to direct that unclaimed salvage except cash shall be sold by public auction in the following manner, namely:—

1. After the expiry of the period referred to in paragraph 4 of the said order, the Chief Salvage Officer in Calcutta and the Municipality of Howrah and the District Magistrate elsewhere shall issue a notice of the intended sale of the salvage containing the following particulars:—

- (a) a list of salvage as per register No. 1 or 1A maintained under paragraph 3 of the said Order,
- (b) the price of each article as fixed by the expert valuer referred to in paragraph 6 of the said Order,
- (c) address of the house or structure as per register No. 1 or register No. 1A maintained under paragraph 3 of the said Order, and
- (d) the time, date and place of sale of the salvage,

and such notice shall be put up in the police-stations within the jurisdiction of which the salvage to be sold was found and in the buildings or near the streets where such salvage was found and in the nearest Civil Defence Information Office.

2. The sale by public auction shall be held after the expiry of seven days from the date on which the notice was put up under paragraph 1.

3. Where the address of the owner of the salvage can be ascertained, a copy of the notice referred to in paragraph 1 shall be also served on him by post under a certificate of posting.

4. The provisions of the Bengal Public Demands Recovery Act, 1913, relating to the holding and conduct of sale of movable property shall, subject to the provisions of the said Order and the directions issued hereunder be applicable *mutatis mutandis* so far as they may reasonably be applied to the holding and conduct of such sales.

Notification No. 3992J., dated the 9th July, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 16th July, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1787).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 11 of the Order published under notification No. 1837A.R.P., dated the 30th May, 1942, the Governor is pleased to appoint the following officers to receive and decide claims to salvage within the areas noted against each such officer:—

1. All Judges (excepting the Chief Judge) of the Court of Small Causes of Calcutta—The Presidency-town of Calcutta.
2. All Munsiffs—The areas included within the local limits of their respective jurisdictions.

Notification No. 3993J., dated the 9th July, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 16th July, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1787).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 12 of the Order published under notification No. 1837A.R.P., dated the 30th May, 1942, the Governor is pleased to specify the following officers to be the authority to whom appeals under the said paragraph shall lie from decisions under paragraph 11 of the said Order, in respect of claims to salvage, within the areas noted against each such officer:—

1. The Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes of Calcutta—The Presidency-town of Calcutta.
2. All District Judges—The respective districts of which they are the District Judges.

THE DEFENCE LEGISLATION MANUAL (BENGAL)

Part II—The Rules and Orders, made under the Defence of India Rules.

Rules and Orders issued by the Provincial Government of Bengal under

Rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules as subjectively arranged (i) Bricks.

Notification No. 76Com., dated the 6th January, 1942.

Whereas it appears to the Provincial Government to be necessary for securing the defence of British India and the efficient prosecution of the war that the carrying on of certain undertakings engaged in the work of producing bricks should be regulated;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by clauses (a) and (c) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to order that—

- (a) the owners of brick kilns specified in column 1 of the Schedule below shall finish the production of the bricks which are in the making in their respective kilns within the time specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 thereof, and
- (b) the said owners are prohibited from removing or otherwise disposing of the finished bricks which are now in their stock or which may hereafter be produced in the said kilns in pursuance of this order or the bricks which are in the making in the said kilns, otherwise than in accordance with any order issued by the Provincial Government under the said rules.

Schedule.

[Not printed here.]

Notification No. 254Com., dated the 13th January, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd January, 1942, Pt. I, p. 184).

Whereas it appears to the Provincial Government that it is necessary and expedient for securing the defence of British India, the efficient prosecution of the war and for maintaining supplies and services essential to the life of the community to regulate the manner in which certain classes of bricks manufactured in the province of Bengal should be disposed of:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to order that no first and second class bricks manufactured in the brick kilns within the areas specified below shall be disposed of by sale or otherwise without a written permit issued by the Chief Controller of Prices, Bengal, or any officer authorised by him in writing in this behalf.

The areas referred to above.

The Sadar, Barrackpore and Baraset subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Serampore subdivision of the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 97B. C., dated the 18th February, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th February, 1943, Pt. I, p. 330).

In exercise of the powers under clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules conferred upon me by the Home (Defence) Department notification No. 1470Def., dated the 10th February, 1943, I do hereby order that the controlled prices of bricks, etc., of different varieties which are manufactured during the season 1943-44 shall be as follows:—

- (i) 1st class bricks—Rs. 31 per thousand numbers.
- (ii) 2nd class and 1st class rain-spotted bricks—Rs. 28 per thousand numbers.
- (iii) 3rd class bricks—Rs. 13 per thousand numbers.
- (iv) Picked jhama bricks—Rs. 28 per thousand numbers.
- (v) Jhama bricks and jhama bats—Rs. 11-12 per 100 c. ft.
- (vi) Brick-bats—Rs. 11-12 per 100 c.ft.

Notification No. 432B.C., dated the 1st May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th May, 1944, Pt. I, p. 611).

In exercise of the powers under clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules conferred upon me by the Home (Defence) Department notification No. 1470Def., dated 10th February, 1943, and in modification of this office order No. 2074B.C., dated 14th December, 1943, I do hereby order that the controlled prices of bricks, etc., of different varieties which are manufactured during the season 1943-44, shall be revised as follows with effect from 7th April, 1944:—

- (1) 1st class bricks—Rs. 27 per thousand Nos.
- (2) 2nd class and 1st class rain-spotted bricks—Rs. 25 per thousand Nos.
- (3) Picked jhama bricks—Rs. 25 per thousand Nos.
- (4) Jhama bats—Rs. 13-8 per 100 c.ft.
- (5) Brickbats—Rs. 13-8 per 100 c.ft.

2. These rates do not apply to the brick-bats manufactured in the brickfields transferred under the Army.

Notification No. 96 (360) B.C., dated the 4th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 25th February, 1946, p. 11).

In exercise of the powers under clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules conferred upon me by the Home (Defence) Department notification No. 1470Def., dated 10th February, 1943, and in supersession of this office No. 1415B.C., dated 16th November, 1944, I do hereby order that the controlled prices of bricks, etc., of different varieties which will be manufactured during the season 1945-46 (i.e., beginning with November, 1945, and ending with June, 1946), shall be as follows:—

	Rs.	
1st class bricks	... 21	per 1,000 Nos.
2nd class bricks and 1st class rain-spotted	... 20	per 1,000 Nos.
Picked jhama bricks	... 20	per 1,000 Nos.
Jhama-bats	... 12-8	per 100 c.ft.
Brick-bats	... 12-8	per 100 c.ft.

2. The above rates are applicable to the bricks, etc., manufactured in the brickfields situated in and around Calcutta, under control of the Chief Engineer and Controller of Bricks, Bengal.

No higher rates should, however, be accepted in any place unless otherwise approved by the undersigned.

3. The above rates are based on the controlled rate of coal.

(ii) CATTLE, FISH AND MEAT.

Notification No. 704 Agri., dated the 3rd February 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 8th February, 1945, Pt. I, p. 234).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor, is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Cattle (Slaughter) Control Order, 1945.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "Cattle" means bulls, bullocks, cows, oxen, heifers and calves;

(b) "slaughter house" means any slaughter-house belonging to or maintained by the Corporation of Calcutta or belonging to or maintained by the Commissioners of any municipality constituted under the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932, or licensed under section 396 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, or under section 407 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932.

3. No person shall slaughter, or cause or permit to be slaughtered or offer for slaughter in a slaughter house,—

(a) any cattle below the age of three years,

(b) any male cattle of or below the age of ten years if such cattle are used or are capable of being used for work,

(c) any cow of or below the age of ten years which is not unsuitable for bearing off-spring and is capable of producing milk, or

(d) any cow which is pregnant or is in milk:

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit the slaughter of any cattle below the age of three years released from the Bengal Vaccine Institute after vaccination.

4. If any question arises as to whether or not any animal falls within any of the categories specified in clauses (a), (b), (c) and (d) of paragraph 3, it shall be presumed that the animal falls within such category unless a certificate to the effect that such animal does not fall within such category is produced from an officer of the Bengal Veterinary Department not below the rank of a Veterinary Assistant Surgeon.

6. If any person contravenes any of the provisions of this Order, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. 5466 Fish, dated the 6th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th July 1945, pt. I, p. 1168.)

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Fish Dealers' Licensing Order, 1945.

(2) It extends to Calcutta and to the municipality of Howrah.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;

(b) "commission agent" means a person who sells fish on behalf of other persons for remuneration by the payment to him of a commission on the sales of fish effected and includes any person carrying on such business as an *aradhar*;

(c) "Director" means the Director of Fisheries, Bengal, and includes the Deputy Director of Fisheries (Administration), Bengal;

(d) "form" means a form appended to this Order;

(e) "importer" means any person who brings fish into any area to which this Order applies from outside such area by any means of transport for the purposes of sale and includes a commission agent who so brings fish into any such area.

1* * * *

3. No person shall after the commencement of this Order carry on business as an importer or a ²[commission agent], unless he holds a license in this behalf under this Order and except in accordance with the conditions specified in such license:

Provided that persons carrying on such business at the commencement of this Order shall be allowed one month from such commencement to obtain such license.

4. The Director may, on application made to him in Form A, grant a license in Form B, to any person authorising him to carry on business as an importer or as a ²[commission agent], or as an importer and as a ²[commission agent].

5. Every holder of a license issued under this Order—

(a) shall submit to the Director so as to reach him by the 7th of each month a true return in Form C of stocks, receipts and sales of fish during the preceding month, and

(b) shall maintain a daily register in Form D of fish received and sold on each day.

¹Clause (f) was omitted by notification No. 6066 Fish, dated the 1st August 1945.

²Substituted, *ibid*.

6. No person being the holder of a license issued under this Order shall contravene any of the conditions subject to which he holds the license and, if any such person contravenes any of the said conditions or any of the provisions of this Order, then without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him, his license may be cancelled or suspended by order of the Director.

7. The Director or any person authorised by him in writing in this behalf may, with a view to securing compliance with this Order,—

- (a) enter and inspect any premises in which the Director or the person so authorised has reason to believe that any purchase, sale or storage for sale of fish is taking place;
- (b) require any person to give any information in his possession in respect of any business carried on by that or any other person;
- (c) inspect or cause to be inspected any books or other documents belonging to or under the control of any person,

FORM A.

Application for License under the Bengal Fish Dealers' Licensing Order, 1945.

To

THE DIRECTOR OF FISHERIES, BENGAL.

1. Applicant's name in full.....
2. Application for Importer's¹/[Commission Agent's]/Importer's and
¹[Commission Agent's] license.....
3. Father's name.....
4. Permanent address.....

.....
(In case of an individual dealer.)

5. Address of the place of business.....
6. Sources of fish supply and means of transport.....
7. If the applicant is a firm, name, father's name and address of the person who operates on behalf of the firm.....

Declaration.

I, hereby declare that the particulars and statements given above by me are to the best of my knowledge and belief true and correct.

Signature.....

Present address of the applicant.....

Designation of the applicant.....

Date.....

For Director's use only.

Director's reference.....

License No.....

Date.....

¹Substituted by notification No. 6066Fish., dated the 1st August, 1945.

FORM B.**License for carrying on business as an Importer of fish.**

License No.....

Area.....

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Fish Dealers' Licensing Order, 1945, and the conditions of this License (Name).....
 of (Address).....is/are authorised to carry
 on business as an Importer of/¹[commission agents in respect of]/Importer
 of and ¹[commission agents in respect of] fish at.....

Date.....

*Signature of the Authority
 issuing the License.*

FORM B.**License for carrying on business as an Importer of/ Wholesale dealer in fish.**

License No.....

Area.....

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Fish Dealers' Licensing Order, 1945, and the conditions of this License (Name).....
 of (Address).....is/are authorised to carry
 on business as an Importer of/Wholesale dealer in/Importer of and Whole-
 sale dealer in fish at.....

Date.

*Signature of the Authority
 issuing the License.*

Conditions of License.

1. The licensee shall comply with such directions as may from time to time be given by the Director of Fisheries or the Deputy Director of Fisheries (Administration), by general or special order in writing, for securing compliance with the provisions of the said Order.

2. The licensee shall give all reasonable facilities at all reasonable times to the Director of Fisheries or the Deputy Director of Fisheries (Administration) or to any person authorised by the said Director or Deputy Director in writing to enter upon and inspect any premises in which fish is sold, kept or stored for sale by the licensee.

¹Substituted by notification No. 6066 Fish., dated the 1st August 1945.

3. The licensee shall submit to the Director of Fisheries so as to reach him by the 7th of each month a true return in Form C appended to the said Order of stocks, receipts, and sales of fish during the preceding month.

4. The licensee shall maintain a daily register in Form D appended to the said Order of fish received and sold on each day.

5. The licensee shall on demand by the Director of Fisheries or the Deputy Director of Fisheries (Administration) or any person authorised by the said Director or Deputy Director in writing, produce to him any book or other documents relating to his business in fish.

6. The licensee shall under no circumstances change his place of business without the previous permission of the Director of Fisheries or the Deputy Director of Fisheries (Administration) obtained in writing.

FORM C.

Monthly return of fish received and sold during the month of
.....19.....

Name of the licensee.....

Address.....

License No.....

Place of business.....

Serial No.	Varieties of fish.	Sources of supply.	Quantity of supply from each source.	Quantity sold.	Quantity unsold.	Quantity of ice used.
			Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.	
1	Hilsa					
2	Carps					
3	Butter fish (Roal, Pangas and Silond) ..					
4	Bhetki (Indian Salmon, Indian Haddock) ..					
5	Mulletts (Parsia and Bhangan) ..					
6	Jloi fish					
7	Chingri (Prawn and Lobster)					
8	Other fishes ..					

Declaration.

I hereby declare that the particulars and statements given above by me are to the best of my knowledge true and correct.

*Signature of the licensee
or his authorised agent.*

Date.

FORM D.**Daily Register of fish received and sold.**

Date.....

Name of the licensee.....

Address.....

License No.....

Place of business.....

Serial No.	Varieties of fish.	Sources of supply.	Quantity of supply.	Quantity sold.	*Name of the purchaser to whom sold.	*Address of the purchaser to whom sold.	Quantity unsold.	Quantity of ice used.
			Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.			Mds. Srs.	
1	Hilsa ..							
2	Carps ..							
3	Butter fish (Boal, Pangas and Shroud).							
4	Bhetki (Indian Salmon, Indian Haddock).							
5	Mullet (Parsia and Bhangan).							
6	Jiol fish ..							
7	Chingri (Prawn and Lobster).							
8	Other fishes ..							

*To be filled when the licensee is a commission agent.

*Signature of the licensee
or his authorised agent.*

Date.

Notification No. 1113 Agri., dated the 11th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 12th April, 1944, p. 113).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Meat Control Order, 1944.
- (2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.
- (3) It shall come into force at once.
2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—
 - (a) "animal" means any bull, bullock, cow, ox, heifer, calf, buffalo, sheep, lamb, goat, kid or pig;

- (b) "catering establishment" means any hotel, restaurant, eating house, cafe, club, canteen and includes any other place open to the public or to any limited class of the public of a like nature where food or refreshment is consumed or procurable;
- ¹(bb) "flesh" used with reference to an animal or poultry includes the bones and every other part of such animal or poultry;
- (c) "game bird" means any kind of wild bird hunted or snared for the purpose of human consumption;
- (d) "meat" means the flesh of any animal;
- (e) "poultry" means any domestic fowl, guinea fowl, duck, goose, turkey or pigeon and includes any game bird;
- (f) "prohibited day" means every Monday and every Thursday in each week;
- (g) "slaughter house" means any place used for the slaughter of any animal for the purpose of selling the flesh thereof as meat.

3. No person shall on a prohibited day slaughter any animal at any slaughter house or at any other place for the sale of its flesh for human consumption.

4. No person shall on any prohibited day sell any meat at any market or other place.

5. Subject to the prohibitions of paragraph 3 the number of animals which may be slaughtered at any slaughter house on any one day shall not exceed the daily average of the number of animals slaughtered in such slaughter house during two months immediately preceding such day:

²[Provided that in calculating such daily average, the slaughter of any calf released from the Bengal Vaccine Institute after vaccination shall not be taken into account.]

6. No owner, manager or person in charge or having control of any catering establishment shall, on any prohibited day, sell any poultry or any flesh thereof or serve, supply or sell or cause to be served, supplied or sold any food containing ³[any meat or any flesh] of poultry in such catering establishment.

7. No slaughter house shall be established in any place after the commencement of this Order except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued by the Provincial Government or any officer authorised in writing by the Provincial Government in this behalf.

8. Any officer authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf may—

- (a) at any time enter and inspect any place used or believed to be used for the slaughter of animals for the purpose of selling the flesh thereof for human consumption or any place where ³[any meat or poultry] is sold or is believed to be sold or any food containing ³[any meat or any flesh] of poultry is served, supplied or sold or is believed to be served, supplied or sold in contravention of the provisions of this Order;
- (b) seize any animal or poultry found in such place in respect of which he has reason to believe that a contravention of this Order is being or is about to be committed;

¹Inserted by notification No. 1575 Agri., dated the 12th May, 1944.

²Added by notification No. 4936 Vety., dated the 11th June, 1945.

³Substituted by notification No. 1575 Agri., dated the 12th May, 1944.

- (c) require the owner, manager or person in charge or control of any slaughter house or a catering establishment to furnish such information as may be necessary for the purpose of securing compliance with this Order.

9. If any person contravenes any provisions of this Order—

- (a) he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules; and
- (b) without prejudice to the punishment referred to in clause (a) to which he may be liable, any Court trying the offence may order that any animal or poultry, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed, shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

Notification No. 1299 Agri., dated the 24th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 439).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 7 of the Bengal Meat Control Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to issue permits under the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table:—

Officers.	Areas.
1	2
The Director of Veterinary Services	The town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.
All District Magistrates and Additional District Magistrates.	The respective districts of which such District Magistrates and Additional District Magistrates are in charge excluding in the case of the district of the 24-Paraganas so much of the said district as is included in the suburbs of Calcutta.
All Subdivisional Magistrates and Additional Subdivisional Magistrates.	The respective subdivisions of which such Subdivisional Magistrates and Additional Subdivisional Magistrates are in charge.

Notification No. 1300 Agri., dated the 24th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 440).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 8 of the Bengal Meat Control Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers

specified in column 1 of the table below to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table:—

Officers.	Areas.
1	2
The Director of Veterinary Services	The whole of Bengal.
The Deputy Director of Civil Veterinary Department.	The town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.
Assistant Directors, Civil Veterinary Department, Veterinary Inspectors, Veterinary Assistant Surgeons, the Live Stock Expert, the Assistant Live Stock Expert, Live Stock Officers, Assistant Live Stock Officers.	The areas of the respective jurisdictions of the officers specified opposite in column 1.

Notification No. 1463 Agri., dated the 4th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th May, 1944, Pt. I, p. 617).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 8 of the Bengal Meat Control Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise all police officers of and above the rank of Sub-Inspector to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of the said paragraph within their respective jurisdictions.

Notification No. 1773 Agri., dated the 24th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th May, 1944, Pt. I, p. 708).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 8 of the Bengal Meat Control Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table:—

Officers.	Areas.
1	2
The Health Officer and the District Health Officers of the Corporation of Calcutta.	The areas of the respective jurisdictions of the officers specified opposite in column 1.
All District Health Officers and all Health Officers of municipalities constituted under the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932.	Ditto.

Notification No. 3459 Vety., dated the 6th September, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th September, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1147).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 8 of the Bengal Meat Control Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table:—

Officers.

Areas.

All Assistant Health Officers of municipalities constituted under the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932.	The areas of the respective jurisdictions of the officers specified opposite in column 1.
All Sanitary Inspectors of municipalities constituted under the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932.	Ditto.

Notification No. 4790 Vety., dated the 5th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th June, 1945, Pt. I, p. 971).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Sheep and Goats (Slaughter) Control Order, 1945.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(3) It shall come into force on the 16th June, 1945.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

"Slaughter house" means any slaughter house—

(a) belonging to or maintained by His Majesty's Forces;

(b) belonging to or maintained by the Corporation of Calcutta or licensed under section 396 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923; or

(c) belonging to or maintained by the Commissioners of any municipality constituted under the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932, or licensed under section 407 of that Act.

3. No person shall slaughter, or cause or permit to be slaughtered or offer for slaughter in a slaughter house,—

(a) any female sheep or female goat; or

(b) any male sheep or male goat if such sheep or goat is below the age of two years:

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to—

(i) any male sheep or male goat which is castrated, or

(ii) any sheep or goat which is either imported by His Majesty's Forces from outside Bengal or is reared in Bengal by or on behalf of His Majesty's Forces and is branded with such distinguishing mark as may be specified in this behalf by the Provincial Government.

4. If any question arises as to whether or not any animal falls within any of the categories specified in clauses (a) and (b) of paragraph 3, it shall be presumed that the animal falls within such category unless a certificate to the effect that such animal does not fall within such category is produced from an officer of the Bengal Veterinary Department not below the rank of a Veterinary Assistant Surgeon.

5. If any person contravenes any of the provisions of this Order, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. 5048Vety., dated the 15th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 21st June, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1068).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (ii) of the proviso to paragraph 3 of the Bengal Sheep and Goats (Slaughter) Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to specify the tattoo mark "M" in the ear of a goat or sheep to be the distinguishing mark for the purposes of the said clause.

Notification No. 11184Fish., dated the 19th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 20th November, 1945).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said rules that notice of the Order shall be given by the publication of the said Order in the *Official Gazette* and by the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining its provisions:—

Order.

1. No person shall catch, sell or otherwise transfer or have in his possession for the purpose of sale at any time during the period specified in column 2 of the Schedule below any of the species of fish specified in the corresponding entries in column 1 of that Schedule:

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to the catching, sale, transfer or possession of any fish for the purposes of or in connection with pisciculture.

2. Any person authorised by the Provincial Government or the Director of Fisheries, Bengal, in this behalf by a general or special order may enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that any fish are being caught, sold, transferred or possessed in contravention of the provisions of this Order.

The Schedule.

Species of fish.	Period.
1	2
1. Carps (i.e., Katla, Rohu, Mrigal and Kalbose) below 9 inches in length.	Between July and December in any year.
2. Hilsa (popularly known as Jatka in some parts of the Province) below 9 inches in length.	Between November and April in any year.

(iii) COKE DISTRIBUTION.

Notification No. 1250C., dated the 16th August, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 19th August, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1258).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Soft Coke Distribution Order, 1943.

(2) It applies to the whole of Bengal.

(3) It shall come into force in such areas on such dates as the Provincial Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, direct.

2. In this Order,—

(a) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;

¹(b) "Director-General" means the Director-General, Consumer Goods, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and includes any person authorised by the said Director-General to perform all or any of the functions of the Director-General under this Order;

(c) "District Magistrate" includes any person authorised by the District Magistrate to perform all or any of the functions of the District Magistrate under this Order;

(d) "Wholesale dealer" means a person who has been granted a license under the provisions of paragraph 4 authorising him to carry on trade in soft coke as a wholesale dealer;

(e) "Retail dealer" means a person who has been granted a license under the provisions of paragraph 5 authorising him to carry on trade in soft coke as a retail dealer;

(f) "Large consumer" means a person whose consumption of coal is on a reasonable basis not less than 30 maunds per month.

3. After fifteen days from the date on which this Order comes into force in any area no person in such area shall, save as otherwise provided in sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 6, sell soft coke or carry on trade in soft coke unless he is in possession of a valid license under paragraph 4 or paragraph 5 authorising him to carry on trade in soft coke as a wholesale dealer or retail dealer.

4. (1) The ¹[Director-General] in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere may grant a license to any person authorising him to carry on trade in soft coke as a wholesale dealer.

(2) A license granted under sub-paragraph (1) shall contain such conditions as the ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, may consider necessary, and licenses for different classes of wholesale dealers may contain different conditions.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3033 D.C.S., dated the 23rd March, 1945.

(3) A wholesale dealer shall not sell, supply or transfer soft coke to any person other than a retail dealer duly licensed under paragraph 5 or a large consumer duly licensed under paragraph 6.

5. (1) The ¹[Director-General] in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere may grant a license to any person authorising him to carry on trade in soft coke as a retail dealer.

(2) A license granted under sub-paragraph (1) shall contain such conditions as the ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, may consider necessary, and licenses for different classes of retail dealers may contain different conditions.

6. (1) The ¹[Director-General] in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere may grant a license to a large consumer authorising him to purchase soft coke from a wholesale dealer.

(2) A license granted under sub-paragraph (1) shall contain such conditions as the ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, may consider necessary, and licenses for different classes of large consumers may contain different conditions.

(3) A large consumer shall not without permission in writing obtained from the ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, resell the soft coke purchased by him.

7. The ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, may cancel or suspend a license granted by him under paragraphs 4, 5 or 6, if he is of the opinion that the licensee has contravened any of the provisions of this Order, or any of the conditions prescribed in the license granted to him or any direction given to him under the provisions of paragraph 8, or for any other sufficient reason.

8. (1) Every wholesale dealer, retail dealer and large consumer shall comply with such conditions as may be prescribed in the license granted to him and also with such directions as may from time to time be given to him by the ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Order.

(2) The directions referred to in sub-paragraph (1) may be given either by a general or a special Order.

(3) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (1) such directions may, subject to the provisions of this Order, provide for—

- (a) the manner in which applications for licenses under this Order shall be made;
- (b) the manner in which the wholesale dealer or the retail dealer shall dispose of his stocks of soft coke;
- (c) the quantity of soft coke which a retail dealer or a large consumer may purchase from a wholesale dealer during a specified period of time;
- (d) the maximum quantity of soft coke which may be sold by a retail dealer to a purchaser in one transaction or during a specified period of time;
- (e) the accounts and registers which shall be maintained by a wholesale dealer, retail dealer or a large consumer and the return or report which shall be submitted by him.

9. The ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate and such other person as may be authorised by the ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate in this behalf may—

- (a) enter and inspect the premises of any wholesale dealer, retail dealer or large consumer for the purpose of ascertaining if the conditions of the license and the directions of the ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, are being complied with;
- (b) require a wholesale dealer, retail dealer or large consumer to produce before him any accounts, registers, vouchers or other documents relating to the sale or purchase of soft coke by such wholesale dealer, retail dealer or large consumer.

²[10. Any court trying any contravention of this Order may without prejudice to any other sentence it may pass, direct that any soft coke together with the packages thereof in respect of which the court is satisfied that the contravention has occurred shall be forfeited to His Majesty.]

Notification No. 1260C., dated the 16th August, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 19th August, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1259).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Soft Coke Distribution Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force in the following areas with effect from the 19th August, 1943:—

1. Calcutta.
2. The Tollygunge, South Suburban, Garden Reach and Baranagore Municipalities of the district of 24-Parganas.

Explanation.—"Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 9981D.C.S., dated the 25th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd August 1945, Pt. I, p. 1285).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Soft Coke Distribution Order, 1943, I hereby authorise:—

- (a) all officers of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of a Preventive Officer or an Inspector having their jurisdiction in Calcutta, and
 - (b) all officers and above the rank of a Sub-Inspector of the Enforcement Branch, Criminal Investigation Department, under the administrative control of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta,
- to exercise the powers mentioned in sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) of the said paragraph within Calcutta.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3033 D.C.S., dated the 23rd March, 1945.

²Inserted by notification No. 379 D.C.S., dated the 9th January, 1946.

Notification No. 94380.C., dated the 27th October, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd November, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1312.)

In supersession of all previous notifications on the subject and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that the prices at which hard coke (from the by-product ovens with ash content not exceeding 22 per cent.), steam coal (Grade IIIB) and soft coke may be sold in the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, shall not exceed the following, namely:—

I—Hard Coke.

(From by-product ovens ash content not exceeding 22 per cent.).

			Rs.	a.	p.
			<i>Per Md.</i>		
<i>Ex-Railway Depot</i>	1 13	6
<i>Ex-City Depot</i>	2 3	6

II—Steam Coal (Grade IIIB).

			Rs.	a.	p.
			<i>Per Md.</i>		
<i>Ex-Railway Depot</i>	0 14	0
<i>Ex-City Depot</i>	1 4	0

III—Soft Coke.

			Rs.	a.	p.
			<i>Per Md.</i>		
<i>Ex-Railway Depot</i>	1 4	0
<i>Ex-City Depot</i>	1 10	0

The Governor is pleased to direct further that "thelawalas" if licensed by the Corporation of Calcutta may levy an extra charge of one anna per maund over the *ex-city* depot prices specified above for soft coke delivered at the premises of the consumers.

Notification No. 7788D.C.S., dated the 2nd June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th June, 1945, Pt. I, p. 966).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in partial modification of the Order No. 94380.C., dated the 27th October, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the price of Soft Coke that may be sold in the town of Calcutta

as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, shall not exceed the following, namely:—

Soft Coke.

				Per Maund.
				Rs. a. p.
<i>Ex-Railway Depot</i>	..	..	..	1 0 0
<i>Ex-City Depot</i>	..	..	..	1 6 0

II. This order shall have effect in respect of all soft coke despatched from the colliery on or after the 1st day of June, 1945.

Notification No. 7646D.C.S., dated the 31st May, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 1st June, 1945, p. 143.)

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule(2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (i) This Order shall come into force on the 16th day of June, 1945.

(ii) It extends to the whole of the Asansol subdivision of the district of Burdwan.

2. In this Order—

(a) "Owner of a coal mine" means any person who is the immediate proprietor or lessee or occupier of the coal mine or of any part thereof, but does not include a person who merely receives a royalty, rent or fine from the coal mine, or is merely the proprietor of the coal mine subject to any lease, grant or license for the working thereof or is merely the owner of the soil and not interested in the coal in the mine;

(b) "Subdivisional Magistrate" means the Subdivisional Magistrate of the Asansol subdivision in the district of Burdwan.

3. No person other than an owner of a coal mine shall sell coal or carry on trade in coal unless he is in possession of a valid license under paragraph 4 authorising him to carry on trade in coal either as a wholesale dealer or as a retail dealer.

4. (i) The Subdivisional Magistrate may grant a license to any person authorising him to carry on trade in coal as a wholesale dealer or as a retail dealer.

(ii) A license granted under sub-paragraph (i) shall contain such conditions as the Subdivisional Magistrate may consider necessary.

(iii) Every holder of a license under this Order shall comply with such conditions as may be specified in the license granted to him under sub-paragraph (i) and with such directions as may from time to time be given to him by a general or a special order by the Subdivisional Magistrate for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Order.

5. The Subdivisional Magistrate may cancel or suspend a license granted by him under sub-paragraph (i) of paragraph 4, if he is of opinion that the licensee has contravened any of the conditions specified in the license granted to such licensee or any direction given to such licensee under the provisions of sub-paragraph (iii) of that paragraph.

6. The Subdivisional Magistrate or such other person as may be authorised by the Subdivisional Magistrate in this behalf in writing may—

- (a) enter and inspect the premises of any person selling coal or carrying on trade in coal for the purpose of ascertaining if the provisions of this Order are being complied with;
- (b) require any such person to produce before him any accounts, register, vouchers, or other documents relating to the sale or purchase of coal by such person.

Notification No. 299 (a) D. C. S., dated the 3rd February, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th February, 1943, Pt. 1, p. 188).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that the prices of coke for domestic consumption in the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, shall, with effect from the date of this order, be as follows:—

- (i) Wholesale *ex*-railway depots—Re. 1-2 per maund.
- (ii) Retail *ex*-city depots—Re. 1-9 per maund.

Holders of railway depots are forbidden to sell coke retail at these depots to individual consumers; they are directed to confine their sales to only licensed retailers and to large consumers such as public bodies who normally buy their requirements wholesale.

(iv) COTTON, CLOTH AND TEXTILES.

Notification No. 11866 D. C. S., dated the 19th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 24th September, 1945.)

THE BENGAL CLOTH RATIONING ORDER, 1945.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said Rules that notice of the Order shall be given by the publication of the said Order in the *Official Gazette* and by the issue of a press-note summarising and explaining its provisions:—

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

(3) It shall come into force in such areas and on such dates as the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, direct.

Definitions.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (1) "appointed cloth retailer" means a person appointed to be cloth retailer under the provisions of paragraph 3;
- (2) "appointed retailer" has the same meaning as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943;
- (3) "cloth" has the same meaning as in the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, but does not include cloth manufactured by handloom;
- (4) "Director" means the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, appointed by the Provincial Government and includes the Additional Director of Rationing and also the Controller of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, appointed by the Provincial Government;
- (5) "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made under this Order;
- (6) "ration document" means a cloth folder, an identity card, a permit or any part of a cloth folder, or any coupon on a cloth folder, or any declaration, authority or other document issued or made under or in pursuance of the provisions of this Order;
- (7) "rationed area" means in relation to any rationed cloth the area in respect of which that cloth has been specified to be a rationed cloth under clause (8);
- (8) "rationed cloth" means any cloth which the Provincial Government may by notification in the *Official Gazette* in respect of any area specify to be a rationed cloth;
- (9) "rationing date" means in relation to any rationed cloth such date as may be fixed by the Provincial Government in respect of any area for the commencement of rationing of that cloth in that area.

Authority to cloth retailers to supply rationed cloth in rationed areas.

3. (1) With a view to controlling the distribution of rationed cloth, the Director may by order in writing appoint in respect of any rationed area any person to be a cloth retailer in respect of rationed cloth for the purposes of this Order and thereupon such person shall be entitled to supply rationed cloth within such rationed area in accordance with the provisions of this Order and any regulations made thereunder.

(2) The Director may, at any time, amend, vary or revoke any appointment made under this paragraph whether any application in this behalf has been made by the holder of the appointment or not and without assigning any reason and in every such case the holder of the appointment shall be bound to surrender on demand to the Director or to any officer authorised in writing in this behalf by the Director the order of appointment for endorsement or cancellation, as the case may be.

Prohibition of supply of rationed cloth by persons other than appointed cloth retailers.

4. Except as otherwise provided by or under this Order no person other than an appointed cloth retailer shall on or after the rationing date supply or offer or attempt to supply or offer any rationed cloth to any person in any rationed area in which such cloth is rationed.

Supply by appointed cloth retailers.

5. Except as otherwise provided in this Order, no appointed cloth retailer shall on or after the rationing date supply or offer or attempt to supply or offer or knowingly permit to be supplied by any agent or servant of such retailer any rationed cloth,—

- (a) except against a ration document,
- (b) in excess of the quantity available on the ration document or the coupons thereon, and
- (c) except under and in accordance with the provisions made by or under this Order.

Prohibition of obtaining rationed cloth in a rationed area otherwise than on ration documents.

6. Except as otherwise provided in this Order no person shall on or after the rationing date obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed cloth,—

- (a) except by means of a ration document, available for lawful use and lawfully used,
- (b) in excess of the quantity available on the ration document or the coupons thereon, and
- (c) except under and in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

Explanation.—A “ration document” shall not be deemed to be lawfully used unless—

- (a) it is used by or on behalf of the person in whose favour it is issued, and
- (b) the person by or on whose behalf it is used is at the time of its use a resident of the rationed area.

Exceptions.

7. The provisions of paragraphs 4 and 6 shall not apply to distribution by any person other than an appointed cloth retailer of any rationed cloth lawfully obtained by such person on a ration document—

- (a) to members of the same household, or
- (b) to any other person either without payment of price of such rationed cloth or in exchange for any other rationed cloth.

Power to issue ration documents.

8. (1) The Director may, with a view to controlling the distribution and supply of rationed cloth, issue or cause to be issued to a person or class of persons or to the public generally a ration document for the purpose of rationing of such cloth.

(2) Every ration document under this Order shall be issued in the prescribed manner and form to such persons and shall be subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed and a receipt for every such document shall be given in the prescribed manner by the person to whom it is issued.

(3) The Director or any officer authorised in writing in this behalf by the Director in respect of any rationed area may, at any time, add to, amend, vary or rescind any ration document whether any application in this behalf is made by the person to whom such document is issued or not and without assigning any reason and in every such case the holder of the ration document shall be bound to surrender the same on demand to the Director or such officer for endorsement or cancellation, as the case may be.

Prohibition of transfer of ration documents.

9. No person shall transfer to any other person any ration document issued in respect of himself under the provisions of this Order.

Ration documents to remain the property of Provincial Government.

10. Every ration document issued under this Order shall be the property of the Provincial Government but the person to whom it is issued or surrendered or with whom it is retained under the provisions of this Order or of any regulations made thereunder shall be entitled to its custody and shall be responsible for its safe custody.

Replacement of defaced, lost or destroyed ration documents.

11. (1) If any ration document is defaced, lost or destroyed, the Director or such officer as may be authorised in writing by the Director in this behalf may, after such inquiry as he may think fit, issue a new ration document in place thereof ¹[on payment of a fee of two annas where such ration document is an identity card and in other cases of a fee of eight annas].

(2) Where a new ration document is issued under sub-paragraph (1) in place of a lost ration document, the person to whom the new ration document has been issued, if he subsequently finds the lost ration documents, shall return the lost ration document forthwith to the officer by whom the new ration document has been issued.

Return of ration documents by person in unauthorised possession thereof.

12. Where any person is in possession of a ration document, and such possession is not authorised by or under this Order, he shall forthwith deliver the same to the officer in charge of the nearest rationing office.

Cancellation of ration documents.

13. Where any ration coupon or other ration document is required to be cancelled under or for the purposes of this Order it shall be cancelled by the competent authority in ink (whether by means of a die or stamp or

¹Substituted by Notification No. 215 D. C. S., dated the 5th January, 1946.

otherwise), or where the ration coupon is a detachable part of a ration document, either by any of the methods described above or by detaching that part from such ration document, and where it is not possible to cancel it in any of these methods, it shall be cancelled by the competent authority in such manner as the said authority considers suitable and every ration coupon or other ration document shall upon such cancellation cease to be available for lawful use.

Power to make regulations.

14. (1) The Provincial Government may by notification in the *Official Gazette* make regulations for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Order.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such regulations may provide for—

- (a) the manner in which and the conditions subject to which, any rationed cloth may be supplied or obtained, and in particular for—
 - (i) the kind of ration document which shall be issued in any particular case or class of cases;
 - (ii) the manner in which any ration document may be used for supplying or obtaining or keeping or otherwise dealing with any rationed cloth;
 - (iii) the period for which any ration document or part thereof shall be valid;
 - (iv) the number of yards of rationed cloth to be allotted to any person, class of persons or to the public generally during a particular period;
 - (v) the quantity which a ration coupon shall from time to time represent in relation to rationed cloth;
 - (vi) the conditions subject to which any appointed cloth retailer may obtain his supply of rationed cloth;
 - (vii) the conditions subject to which the supply or distribution of any rationed cloth may be authorised otherwise than by means of a ration document; and
 - (viii) any other matter connected with the distribution of any rationed cloth in any rationed area;
- (b) the manner and the forms in which, and the persons to whom, and the terms and conditions subject to which, ration documents shall be issued and the manner in which receipts in respect of ration documents are to be given.

Contravention of a regulation deemed to be a contravention of this Order.

15. For the purposes of sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules any contravention of any regulation made under paragraph 14 of this Order shall be deemed to be a contravention of this Order.

Power to authorise supply and distribution of rationed cloth otherwise than by means of ration documents.

16. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Order, the Director may, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, authorise the supply or distribution of any rationed cloth otherwise than on a ration document.

Power of Provincial Government to exempt.

17. The Provincial Government may by general or special order exempt any person or class of persons from the operation of all or any of the provisions of this Order and may at any time in like manner suspend or cancel any such exemption.

Power to enter and inspect premises and to require information, accounts, etc.

18. Any person authorised in writing by the Director in this behalf may for the purpose of securing compliance with the provisions of this Order or of any regulations made thereunder—

- (a) enter any premises used or believed to be used for the sale, distribution or storage for sale or distribution of any rationed cloth and inspect any such premises and any rationed cloth therein or thereon;
- (b) require any person to make any statement or furnish any information or to produce any document or article in his possession or under his control, relating to the purchase, sale, distribution, or storage of any rationed cloth and every person so required shall comply with such requisition;
- (c) require any person to render any account or to produce books, accounts or other documents relating to, or believed to be relating to, the purchase, sale, distribution or storage of any rationed cloth and every person so required shall comply with such requisition;
- (d) take or cause to be taken extracts from or copies of any document relating to the purchase, sale, distribution or storage of any rationed cloth which is produced under clause (b) or clause (c) or otherwise found in any such premises.

Notification No. 11868 D. C. S., dated the 19th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 24th September, 1945, p. 215.)

THE CALCUTTA AND INDUSTRIAL AREA CLOTH RATIONING REGULATIONS, 1945.

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 14 of the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to make the following regulations in respect of the Calcutta and Industrial Area:—

1. These Regulations may be called the Calcutta and Industrial Area Cloth Rationing Regulations, 1945.

2. In these Regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (1) all expressions used, but not defined, in these regulations which have also been used in the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, have the same meanings as in the said order;
- (2) all expressions used, but not defined, in these regulations or in the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, which have also been used in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, or in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, or the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, have the same meanings as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, or, the said regulations;
- (3) "Calcutta and Industrial Area" means the area specified in the Schedule appended to these regulations;
- (4) "godown" means a godown established under the Department of Civil Supplies for the purposes of storage of rationed cloth and their supply to appointed cloth retailers under these regulations;
- (5) "Order" means the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945;
- (6) "quarter ration period" means the period of 3 months commencing with the rationing date or any successive period of 3 months;
- (7) "ration period" means the period of 12 months commencing with the rationing date or any successive period of 12 months;
- (8) "Sanctioning Authority" means the Director or such officer as may be authorised by the Director to perform all or any of the functions of the Sanctioning Authority under these regulations;
- (9) "sub-area" means an area determined by the Director, which is in charge of a Rationing Officer.

3. For the purpose of obtaining rationed cloth a Cloth Folder issued under these regulations shall be the ration document.

4. The person in whose name a ration document is issued under the Order shall be termed "the holder" thereof.

5. (1) Except as otherwise expressly provided a Cloth Folder issued for the first time to a person of or above the age of 12 years shall consist of 30 coupons and a Cloth Folder issued for the first time to a person below the age of 12 years shall consist of 15 coupons.

(2) A Cloth Folder issued on a subsequent occasion shall consist of such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*.

(3) Each coupon on a Cloth Folder shall represent one running yard of cloth.

6. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a ration document by furnishing false information.

7. No person shall apply for or obtain or attempt to obtain a ration document if he has already obtained such ration document or if he is in receipt of any rationed cloth from the authorities of His Majesty's Forces or of the Forces of any State in alliance with His Majesty.

8. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed cloth by the use of more than one ration document issued in his name or by the use of a ration document issued in the name of any other person who is for the time being not resident within the Calcutta and Industrial Area or by furnishing false information. If more than one ration document of any one kind is issued in the name of any person such person shall forthwith report the fact and surrender the extra document or documents so issued to the Rationing Officer by whom his Ration Card or Identity Card has been issued. If any person whilst in possession of a ration document becomes entitled to draw rationed cloth from the authorities of His Majesty's Forces or the authorities of the Forces of any State in alliance with His Majesty he shall forthwith surrender his ration document to the authorities from whom he has become so entitled to draw rationed cloth.

9. A Cloth Folder shall, subject to the provisions of these regulations, be issued to a person who holds a Ration Card other than a temporary Ration Card in the Calcutta and Industrial Area or to a person in respect of whom an Identity Card has been issued under the provisions of clause 10 in such area.

10. (1) Any person who has resided in the Calcutta and Industrial Area for a period of not less than eight weeks in a residential establishment or in an institution may apply for an Identity Card in such form as may be specified by the Director through the Manager or person in charge of such establishment or institution to the Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which such establishment or institution is situated:

Provided that in the case of a family residing in a residential establishment or institution the head of the family may apply for Identity Cards for himself as well as for other members of his family.

(2) The Rationing Officer, after satisfying himself by such inquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant, shall issue to the applicant an Identity Card or Identity Cards in respect of such applicant or in respect of such applicant as well as the members of his family, as the case may be. Before issuing an Identity Card the Rationing Officer shall affix his seal on it. The Identity Card shall be valid for a period of [one year] from the date of issue and the validity of the Identity Card may be extended from time to time by the Rationing Officer by whom the Identity Card was issued. The Rationing Officer shall maintain a register of identity cards issued by him.

11. If any person to whom an Identity Card was issued under sub-clause (2) of clause 10 whilst he was residing in a residential establishment or institution within a sub-area removes from such establishment or institution to a residential establishment or institution situated in another sub-area without obtaining a Cloth Folder against such Identity Card, such person shall surrender such Identity Card to the Rationing Officer of the sub-area to which he has removed and may make a fresh application to such Rationing Officer in such form as may be specified by the Director through the Manager or person in charge of such establishment or institution to which he has removed and, thereupon, such Rationing Officer shall issue a Cloth Folder in the manner provided in clause 14.

12. For the purpose of the distribution of rationed cloth in the Calcutta and Industrial Area, one or more appointed retailers shall be allotted to each appointed cloth retailer.

¹Substituted by Notification No. 3213 D. C. S., dated the 6th March, 1946.

13. (1) Any person to whom a Ration Card other than a temporary Ration Card has been issued in the Calcutta and Industrial Area before the 3rd day of September, 1945, may obtain a Cloth Folder by producing his Ration Card either himself or through an agent to the appointed retailer with whom such Ration Card has been registered.

(2) Any person to whom a Ration Card has for the first time been issued in the Calcutta and Industrial Area on or after the 3rd day of September, 1945, and who has stayed in such area for a period of not less than eight weeks from the date of issue to him of such Ration Card may obtain a Cloth Folder by producing his Ration Card either himself or through an agent to the Rationing Officer by whom his Ration Card has been issued:

Provided that no Cloth Folder shall be issued to such person unless he has before the production of his Ration Card to such Rationing Officer registered his Ration Card with an appointed retailer.

(3) Any person in respect of whom an Identity Card has been issued may obtain a Cloth Folder by producing his Identity Card either himself or through an agent to the Rationing Officer by whom the Identity Card has been issued.

14. (1) On production of a Ration Card or an Identity Card in the manner specified in clause 13, the appointed retailer or the Rationing Officer, as the case may be, shall issue a Cloth Folder against the Ration Card or the Identity Card so produced.

(2) Before issuing the Cloth Folder the appointed retailer or the Rationing Officer, as the case may be, shall affix his seal on the Cloth Folder and stamp the words "Cloth Folder issued" on the Ration Card or Identity Card, as the case may be, with a rubber stamp and shall at the same time enter in ink the following particulars on the Cloth Folder, namely:—

- (a) the name of the holder of the Cloth Folder,
- (b) the address of the holder of the Cloth Folder,
- (c) the serial number, the folio number and the area-index of the Ration Card or the serial number of the Identity Card.
- (d) the number of the appointed cloth retailer to whom the appointed retailer has been allotted,
- (e) the address of the cloth shop or place of business of such appointed cloth retailer,
- (f) the signature of the appointed retailer.
- (g) the date of issue of the Cloth Folder.

(3) Where before the rationing date a person has obtained rationed cloth against a Ration Card, his ration of rationed cloth in the 1st quarter ration period shall be reduced by the quantity so obtained and the appointed retailer or the Rationing Officer, as the case may be, shall at the time of issuing a Cloth Folder cancel 5, 3 or 2 coupons on the Cloth Folder so issued according as the Ration Card against which the rationed cloth had been obtained was a Ration Card of 2 Units, 1 Unit or $\frac{1}{2}$ Unit respectively.

(4) If a Cloth Folder is issued to any person for the first time under sub-clause (2) of clause 13 at any time after the 1st quarter ration period, such person shall not be entitled to the supply of rationed cloth in respect

of any quarter ration period previous to the quarter ration period in which ¹[the Cloth Folder] has been issued to him and the Rationing Officer by whom such Cloth Folder is issued shall, at the time of issuing the Cloth Folder, cancel such number of coupons on the Cloth Folder as may be available for use for obtaining the quantity of rationed cloth to which such person is not so entitled.

(5) If the Cloth Folder is issued by an appointed retailer it shall be signed by the appointed retailer and also by such person as may be authorised in writing by the Director in this behalf. If the Cloth Folder is issued by a Rationing Officer, it shall be signed by the Rationing Officer, or such officers as may be authorised in writing by the Rationing Officer in this behalf.

(6) The appointed retailer or the Rationing Officer, as the case may be, shall return the Ration Card or Identity Card to the holder thereof or his agent after the Cloth Folder has been issued.

15. Subject to the provisions of sub-clauses (3) and (4) of clause 14 a holder of a Cloth Folder if he is of or above the age of 12 years shall be entitled to a supply of 10 yards of rationed cloth for the 1st quarter ration period, 5 yards of rationed cloth for the 2nd quarter ration period, 5 yards of rationed cloth for the 3rd quarter ration period and such quantity of rationed cloth for the 4th quarter ration period or any subsequent quarter ration period as may be determined by the Provincial Government and a holder of a Cloth Folder if he is below the age of 12 years shall be entitled to a supply of 5 yards of rationed cloth for the 1st quarter ration period, 2½ yards of rationed cloth for the 2nd quarter ration period, 2½ yards of rationed cloth for the 3rd quarter ration period and such quantity of rationed cloth for the 4th quarter ration period or any subsequent quarter ration period as may be determined by the Provincial Government:

Provided that the holder of a Cloth Folder may obtain his supply of rationed cloth for one quarter ration period in any subsequent quarter ration period, if before such subsequent quarter ration period such holder has not drawn the supply of rationed cloth to which he was entitled for such previous quarter ration period.

16. (1) A holder of a Cloth Folder may obtain rationed cloth by producing either himself or through his agent his Cloth Folder together with his Ration Card or Identity Card to the appointed cloth retailer specified in such Cloth Folder:

Provided that the holder of a Cloth Folder, the printed serial number in whose Ration Card ends with the digit 4 or 5 or 6 shall not obtain any rationed cloth before the month of November, 1945 and the holder of a Cloth Folder the printed serial number in whose Ration Card ends with the digit 7 or 8 or 9 or 0 shall not obtain any rationed cloth before the month of December, 1945.

(2) On the production of the Cloth Folder and the Ration Card or the Identity Card of the holder of such Cloth Folder by such holder or his agent, the appointed cloth retailer shall satisfy himself about the eligibility of the holder of such Cloth Folder to purchase rationed cloth at his shop and on receipt of the price and on surrender of the required number of coupons on the Cloth Folder shall against cancellation of such required number of coupons supply rationed cloth in quantities demanded by the holder not exceeding the quantities to which the holder is at the time of such supply entitled under these regulations:

Provided that an appointed cloth retailer shall supply to the holder of a Cloth Folder in a quarter ration period the rationed cloth which such

¹Substituted by Notification No. 216 D. C. S., dated the 5th January, 1946.

holder is entitled to obtain on his Cloth Folder in one or more succeeding quarter ration periods if such holder is specially authorised by the Director or such officer as may be empowered in this behalf by the Director to obtain such supply from such appointed cloth retailer.

17. On the death of any person, any member of the family of such person, or, where there is no such member, any person may on surrender of the deceased's Cloth Folder, if any, and the deceased's Ration Card or the Identity Card, or in the absence of such documents, on production of satisfactory evidence of the death of such person obtain, on payment of the price, from an appointed cloth retailer specially appointed by the Director for the purpose, rationed cloth for shrouding the dead body or for the use of the mourners or for both, up to a maximum of 20 yards.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause a certificate of death by the attending physician shall be deemed to be satisfactory evidence of death.

18. (1) An appointed retailer shall maintain a register of all Cloth Folders issued daily from his shop. One copy of the register duly filled up shall be submitted to such officer and at such intervals as may be specified by the Director.

(2) The Rationing Officer shall also maintain a register of all Cloth Folders issued daily by him. Copies of such register shall be submitted to such officer or person and at such intervals as may be specified by the Director.

19. An appointed cloth retailer shall maintain a Daily Sales Register in respect of all rationed cloth issued from his shop in such form as may be specified by the Director.

20. Every appointed cloth retailer shall submit to the Sanctioning Authority a fortnightly stock return and an Indent for rationed cloth in triplicate in such forms as may be specified by the Director together with the total number of coupons surrendered to him. The Indent shall be for the fortnight following that in which it is submitted.

21. The Sanctioning Authority shall scrutinise the Indent and the Stock Return Forms submitted to him by an appointed cloth retailer under clause 20 and issue a Ration Authority specifying therein the quantity of each variety of rationed cloth sanctioned and the godown from which such rationed cloth shall be obtained. One copy of the Ration Authority shall be made over to such appointed cloth retailer or his agent, one copy shall be sent to the godown specified in the Ration Authority and one copy shall be retained by the Sanctioning Authority.

22. The appointed cloth retailer or his agent shall submit the Ration Authority to the person in charge of the godown specified in the Ration Authority. On offer of price and against cancellation of the Ration Authority, the person in charge of the godown shall supply rationed cloth of such quantities and varieties as have been specified in the Ration Authority. The person in charge of the godown shall give a receipt to the appointed cloth retailer on the payment to him of the price of the rationed cloth supplied. The person in charge of the godown shall return the Ration Authority to the Sanctioning Authority after noting therein the quantities and varieties of ration cloth supplied.

23. An appointed cloth retailer shall in respect of his cloth shop maintain regular and accurate accounts of each variety of rationed cloth obtained by him in the Daily Stock Register in such form as may be specified by the Director.

24. (1) An appointed cloth retailer shall sell rationed cloth only at prices not exceeding the ceiling prices marked on the cloth.

(2) An appointed cloth retailer shall issue to every purchaser of rationed cloth a true Cash Memorandum or Credit Note, as the case may be, in respect of such purchase.

25. An appointed cloth retailer shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed cloth may be supplied or obtained.

The Schedule.

[See Regulation 2(3).]

The Calcutta and Industrial Area.

1. Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank.

2. The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

3. The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas.

4. The municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah.

5. The *mouza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by cadastral survey khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

6. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas.

7. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 11867 D. C. S., dated the 19th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 24th September, 1945).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 24th September 1945, in the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

1. Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank.

2. The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

3. The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas.

4. The municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah.

5. The *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by cadastral survey khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

6. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas.

7. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpura, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 11989 D. C. S., dated the 22nd September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 24th September, 1945).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 175 of the Government of India Act, 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct that all agreements for the taking of security deposit from cloth retailers appointed under the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, in the standard form approved by the Department of Civil Supplies may be executed on his behalf by the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal.

Notification No. 2833 D. C. S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 11th March, 1946, in the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

I. (1) The whole of police-stations (a) Kotwali, (b) Lalbagh and (c) Sutrapur in the district of Dacca and the *mauza* Bara Magbazar bearing J. L. No. 280 in the C. S. Khatians within the police-station Tejgaon in the said district.

(2) The part of *mauza* No. 286 Rajarbagh covered by C. S. plot Nos. 270 to 286 and 1129 within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

(3) That part of *mauza* No. 342 Brahman Chiran which falls within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

II. (1) The municipality of Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(2) The part of *mauza* Masdair bearing J. L. No. 191 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 192, 467 to 473, 475 to 481, 781 and 789 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(3) The part of *mauza* Isdair bearing J. L. No. 192 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 167, 174 to 186, 188 to 192, 196, 198 and 206 to 218 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(4) The part of *mauza* Chasara bearing J. L. No. 189 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 1 to 65 and 67 to 84 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(5) The part of *mauza* Khanpur bearing J. L. No. 193 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 302, 303 and 307 to 330 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(6) The premises of—

- (a) the Lakhsinarayan Cotton Mills, Limited,
- (b) the Narayangunj Company, Limited,
- (c) the Chittaranjan Cotton Mills, Limited,
- (d) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 2, Limited,
- (e) the Sonachara Dock of the India General and River Steam Navigation Company, Limited,
- (f) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 1, Limited, and
- (g) the Bose's Glass Factory,

covered by C. S. plot Nos. 538, 541 to 550, 552, 553, 590 to 593, 596, 597, 599 to 605, 607 to 652, 661 to 729, 1026, 1038, 1042 to 1069, 1079, 1080, 1467 to 1470, 1483 to 1491, 1513 to 1524 and 1882 to 1890 in mauza Godnail bearing J. L. No. 204 within the police-station Fatulla, C. S. plot Nos. 487 to 498, 500 to 503, 509 to 520, 659 to 678 and 719 to 749 in mauza Laksmankhola bearing J. L. No. 206 within the police-station Narayangunj and C. S. plot Nos. 694 to 697, 729, 730, 732 to 735, 737 to 844, 855 to 906, 2199 to 2205, 2134, 2135, 2137, 1056, 1057 and 2182 to 2198 in mauza Dhamghar bearing J. L. No. 207 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(7) The premises of the Landale and Clarke and Company covered by C. S. plot Nos. 494 and 502 in mauza Madangunj bearing J. L. No. 252 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(8) Village Saydabad within mauza Dayaganj bearing jurisdiction list No. 340 in police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 12200 D. C. S., dated the 27th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 29th September, 1945).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (8) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to specify each kind of cloth mentioned in Schedule I below to be a rationed cloth in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

Mill-made cloth of the following kinds manufactured in India ¹[other than fents thereof below 36 inches in length sold as such by mill authorities], namely:—

- (1) Dhotees, (2) Sarees, (3) Mulls, addis, voiles and nainsukhs (whether plain, printed, or processed), (4) Coatings, (5) Shirtings, (6) Prints, (7) Lungis.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Schedule—

- (a) "coatings" include drills and ducks, whether grey, bleached or dyed,
- (b) "shirtings" include longcloth, poplin, markin, grey shirting, twill (whether grey, bleached or dyed), crepe, *salidas* and *malidas*.

Schedule II.

1. Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank.

¹Inserted by notification No. 3315 D. C. S., dated the 7th March, 1946.

2. The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

3. The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas.

4. The municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah.

5. The *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by cadastral survey khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

6. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar, and (15) Kauchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas.

7. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 2834 D. C. S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (8) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to specify each kind of cloth mentioned in Schedule I below to be a rationed cloth in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below :—

Schedule I.

Mill-made cloth of the following kinds manufactured in India, namely :—

(1) *Dhotees*, (2) *Sarrees*, (3) *Mulls*, *addis*, *voiles* and *nainsukhs* (whether plain, printed, or processed), (4) *Coatings*, (5) *Shirtings*, (6) *Prints*, (7) *Langis*.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Schedule—

- (a) "coatings" include drills and ducks, whether grey, bleached or dyed,
- (b) "shirtings" include longcloth, poplin, markin, grey shirting, twill (whether grey, bleached or dyed) crepe, *salidas* and *malidas*.

Schedule II.

I. (1) The whole of police-stations (a) Kotwali, (b) Lalbagh and (c) Sutrapur in the district of Dacca and the *mauza* Bara Magbazar bearing J. L. No. 280 in the C. S. Khatians within the police-stations Tejgaon in the said district.

(2) The part of *mauza* No. 286 Rajarbagh covered by C. S. plot Nos. 270 to 286 and 1129 within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

(3) That part of *mauza* No. 342 Brahman Chiran which falls within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

II. (1) The municipality of Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(2) The part of *mauza* Masdair bearing J. L. No. 191 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 192, 467 to 473, 475 to 481, 781 and 789 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(3) The part of *mauza* Isdair bearing J. L. No. 192 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 167, 174 to 186, 188 to 192, 196, 198 and 206 to 218 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(4) The part of mauza Chasara bearing J. L. No. 189 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 1 to 65 and 67 to 84 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(5) The part of mauza Khanpur bearing J. L. No. 193 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 302, 303 and 307 to 330 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(6) The premises of—

(a) the ~~Lakhsinarayan~~ Cotton Mills, Limited.

(b) the Narayangunj Company, Limited.

(c) the Chittaranjan Cotton Mills, Limited.

(d) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 2, Limited.

(e) the Sonachara Dock of the India General and River Steam Navigation Company, Limited.

(f) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 1, Limited and

(g) the Bose's Glass Factory

covered by C. S. plot Nos. 538, 541 to 550, 552, 553, 590 to 593, 596, 597, 599 to 605, 607 to 652, 661 to 729, 1026, 1038, 1042 to 1069, 1079, 1080, 1467 to 1470, 1483 to 1491, 1513 to 1524 and 1882 to 1890 in mauza Godnail bearing J. L. No. 204 within the police-station Fatulla C. S. plot Nos. 487 to 498, 500 to 503, 509 to 520, 659 to 678 and 719 to 749 in mauza Laksmankhola bearing J. L. No. 206 within the police-station Narayangunj and C. S. plot Nos. 694 to 697, 729, 730, 732 to 735, 737 to 844, 855 to 906, 2199 to 2205, 2134, 2135, 2137, 1056, 1057 and 2182 to 2198 in mauza Dhamghar bearing J. L. No. 207 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(7) The premises of the Landale and Clarke and Company covered by C. S. plot Nos. 494 and 502 in mauza Madangunj bearing J. L. No. 252 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(8) Village Saydabad within mauza Dayaganj bearing jurisdiction list No. 340 in police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 12201 D. C. S., dated the 27th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 29th September, 1945).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to fix the 1st day of October, 1945, as the rationing date in relation to the rationed cloth specified in Schedule I below in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below for the commencement of rationing of such cloth in such areas:—

Schedule I.

Mill-made cloth of the following kinds manufactured in India, namely:—

- (1) *Dhotees*, (2) *Sarees*, (3) *Mulls*, *addis*, *voiles* and *nainsukhs* (whether plain, printed or processed), (4) *Coatings*, (5) *Shirtings*, (6) *Prints*, (7) *Lungis*.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Schedule—

- (a) "coatings" include drills and ducks, whether grey, bleached or dyed,
- (b) "shirtings" include longcloth, poplin, markin, grey shirting, twill (whether grey, bleached or dyed), crepe, *salidas* and *malidas*.

Schedule II.

1. Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank.

2. The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

3. The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas.

4. The municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah.

5. The *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by cadastral survey khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

(6) The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas.

7. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 2835 D. C. S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to fix the 11th day of March, 1946, as the rationing date in relation to the rationed cloth specified in Schedule I below in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below for the commencement of rationing of such cloth in such areas:—

Schedule I.

Mill-made cloth of the following kinds manufactured in India, namely:—

- (1) *Dhotees*, (2) *Sarees*, (3) *Mulls*, *addis*, *voiles* and *nainsukhs* (whether plain, printed, or processed), (4) *Coatings*, (5) *Shirtings*, (6) *Prints*, (7) *Lungis*.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Schedule—

- (a) "coatings" include drills and ducks, whether grey, bleached or dyed,
- (b) "shirtings" include longcloth, poplin, markin, grey shirting, twill (whether grey, bleached or dyed), crepe, *salidas* and *malidas*.

Schedule II.

I. (1) The whole of police-stations (a) Kotwali, (b) Lalbagh and (c) Sutrapur in the district of Dacca and the *mauza* Bara Maghazar bearing J. L. No. 280 in the C. S. Khatians within the police-station Tejgaon in the said district.

(2) The part of *mauza* No. 286 Rajarbagh covered by C. S. plot Nos. 270 to 286 and 1129 within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

(3) That part of *mauza* No. 342 Brahman Chiran which falls within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

II. (1) The municipality of Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(2) The part of mauza Masdair bearing J. L. No. 191 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 192, 467 to 473, 475 to 481, 781 and 789 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(3) The part of mauza Isdair bearing J. L. No. 192 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 167, 174 to 186, 188 to 192, 196, 198 and 206 to 218 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(4) The part of mauza Chasara bearing J. L. No. 189 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 1 to 65 and 67 to 84 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(5) The part of mauza Khanpur bearing J. L. No. 193 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 302, 303 and 307 to 330 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(6) The premises of—

(a) the Lakhsinarayan Cotton Mills, Limited,

(b) the Narayangunj Company, Limited,

(c) the Chittaranjan Cotton Mills, Limited,

(d) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 2, Limited,

(e) the Sonachara Dock of the India General and River Steam Navigation Company, Limited,

(f) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 1, Limited, and

(g) the Bose's Glass Factory

covered by C. S. plot Nos. 538, 541 to 550, 552, 553, 590 to 593, 596, 597 599 to 605, 607 to 652, 661 to 729, 1026, 1038, 1042 to 1069, 1079, 1080, 1467 to 1470, 1483 to 1491, 1513 to 1524 and 1882 to 1890 in mauza Godnail bearing J. L. No. 204 within the police-station Fatulla, C. S. plot Nos. 487 to 498, 500 to 503, 509 to 520, 659 to 678 and 719 to 749 in mauza Laksmankhola bearing J. L. No. 206 within the police-station Narayangunj and C. S. plot Nos. 694 to 697, 729, 730, 732 to 735, 737 to 844, 855 to 906, 2199 to 2205, 2134, 2135, 2137, 1056, 1057 and 2182 to 2198 in mauza Dhamghar bearing J. L. No. 207 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(7) The premises of the Landale and Clarke and Company covered by C. S. plot Nos. 494 and 502 in mauza Madangunj bearing J. L. No. 252 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(8) Village Saydabad within mauza Dayaganj bearing jurisdiction list No. 340 in police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 2836 D. C. S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946).

The Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area Cloth Rationing Regulations, 1946.

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 14 of the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to make the following regulations in respect of the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area:—

1. These Regulations may be called the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area Cloth Rationing Regulations, 1946.

2. In these Regulations, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) all expressions used, but not defined in these regulations which have also been used in the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, have the same meanings as in the said order;

- (2) all expressions used, but not defined, in these regulations or in the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945, which have also been used in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, or in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945, have the same meanings as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, or, the said regulations;
 - (3) "Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area" means the area specified in the Schedule appended to these regulations;
 - (4) "godown" means a godown established under the Department of Civil Supplies for the purposes of storage of rationed cloth and their supply to appointed cloth retailers under these regulations;
 - (5) "Order" means the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945;
 - ¹(6) "quarter ration period" means the period commencing with the rationing date and ending with the 31st May, 1946, or any successive period of three months after the said 31st May, 1946;
 - ¹(7) "ration period" means the period commencing with the rationing date and ending with the 28th February, 1947, or any successive period of twelve months after the said 28th February, 1947;
 - (8) "Sanctioning Authority" means the Director or such officer as may be authorised by the Director to perform all or any of the functions of the Sanctioning Authority under these regulations.
3. For the purpose of obtaining rationed cloth a Cloth Folder issued under these regulations shall be the ration document.
4. The person in whose name a ration document is issued under the Order shall be termed "the holder" thereof.
5. (1) Except as otherwise expressly provided a Cloth Folder issued for the first time to a person of or above the age of 12 years shall consist of 30 coupons and a Cloth Folder issued for the first time to a person below the age of 12 years shall consist of 15 coupons.
- (2) A Cloth Folder issued on a subsequent occasion shall consist of such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*.
- (3) Each coupon on a Cloth Folder shall represent one running yard of cloth.
6. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a ration document by furnishing false information.
7. No person shall apply for or obtain or attempt to obtain a ration document if he has already obtained such ration document or if he is in receipt of any rationed cloth from the authorities of His Majesty's Forces or of the Forces of any State in alliance with His Majesty.
8. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed cloth by the use of more than one ration document issued in his name or by the use of a ration document issued in the name of any other person who is for the time being not resident within the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area or by furnishing false information. If more than one ration document of any one kind is issued in the name of any person such person shall forthwith report the fact and surrender the extra document or documents so issued to the Assistant Rationing Officer by whom his Ration Card or Identity Card has been issued. If any person whilst in possession of a ration document

¹Substituted by notification No. 4536 D. C. S., dated the 1st April, 1946.

becomes entitled to draw rationed cloth from the authorities of His Majesty's Forces or the authorities of the Forces of any State in alliance with His Majesty he shall forthwith surrender his ration document to the authorities from whom he has become so entitled to draw rationed cloth.

9. A Cloth Folder shall, subject to the provisions of these regulations, be issued to a person who holds a Ration Card other than a temporary Ration Card in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area or to a person in respect of whom an Identity Card has been issued under the provisions of clause 10 in such area.

10. (1) Any person who has resided in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area for a period of not less than eight weeks in a residential establishment or in an institution may apply for an Identity Card in such form as may be specified by the Director through the Manager or person in charge of such establishment or institution to the Assistant Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which such establishment or institution is situated:

Provided that in the case of a family residing in a residential establishment or institution the head of the family may apply for Identity Cards for himself as well as for other members of his family.

(2) The Assistant Rationing Officer after satisfying himself by such inquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant, shall issue to the applicant an Identity Card or Identity Cards in respect of such applicant or in respect of such applicant as well as the members of his family, as the case may be. Before issuing an Identity Card the Assistant Rationing Officer shall affix his seal on it. The Identity Card shall be valid for a period of six months from the date of issue and the validity of the Identity Card may be extended from time to time by the Assistant Rationing Officer by whom the Identity Card was issued. The Assistant Rationing Officer shall maintain a register of Identity Cards issued by him.

11. If any person to whom an Identity Card was issued under sub-clause (2) of clause 10 whilst he was residing in a residential establishment or institution within a sub-area removes from such establishment or institution to residential establishment or institution situated in another sub-area without obtaining a Cloth Folder against such Identity Card, such person shall surrender such Identity Card to the Assistant Rationing Officer of the sub-area to which he has removed and may make a fresh application to such Assistant Rationing Officer in such form as may be specified by the Director through the Manager or person in charge of such establishment or institution to which he has removed and, thereupon, such Assistant Rationing Officer shall issue a Cloth Folder in the manner provided in clause 14.

12. For the purpose of the distribution of rationed cloth in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area, one or more appointed retailers shall be allotted to each appointed cloth retailer.

13. (1) Any person to whom a Ration Card other than a temporary Ration Card has been issued in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area before the 3rd day of February, 1946, may obtain a Cloth Folder by producing his Ration Card either himself or through an agent to the appointed retailer with whom such Ration Card has been registered.

(2) Any person to whom a Ration Card has for the first time been issued in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area on or after the 3rd day of

February, 1946, and who has stayed in such area for a period of not less than eight weeks from the date of issue to him of such Ration Card may obtain a Cloth Folder by producing his Ration Card either himself or through an agent to the Assistant Rationing Officer by whom his Ration Card has been issued :

Provided that no Cloth Folder shall be issued to such person unless he has before the production of his Ration Card to such Assistant Rationing Officer registered his Ration Card with an appointed retailer.

(3) Any person in respect of whom an Identity Card has been issued may obtain a Cloth Folder by producing his Identity Card either himself or through an agent to the Assistant Rationing Officer by whom the Identity Card has been issued.

14. (1) On production of a Ration Card or an Identity Card in the manner specified in clause 13, the appointed retailer or the Assistant Rationing Officer, as the case may be, shall issue a Cloth Folder against the Ration Card or the Identity Card so produced.

(2) Before issuing the Cloth Folder the appointed retailer or the Assistant Rationing Officer, as the case may be, shall affix his seal on the Cloth Folder and stamp the words "Cloth Folder issued" on the Ration Card or Identity Card, as the case may be, with a rubber stamp and shall at the same time enter in ink the following particulars on the Cloth Folder, namely :—

- (a) the name of the holder of the Cloth Folder,
- (b) the address of the holder of the Cloth Folder,
- (c) the serial number, the folio number and the area-index of the Ration Card or the serial number of the Identity Card,
- (d) the number of the appointed cloth retailer to whom the appointed retailer has been allotted,
- (e) the address of the cloth shop or place of business of such appointed cloth retailer,
- (f) the signature of the appointed retailer,
- (g) the date of issue of the Cloth Folder.

(3) If a Cloth Folder is issued to any person for the first time under sub-clause (2) of clause 13 at any time after the 1st quarter ration period, such person shall not be entitled to the supply of rationed cloth in respect of any quarter ration period previous to the quarter ration period in which the Cloth Folder has been issued to him and the Assistant Rationing Officer by whom such Cloth Folder is issued shall, at the time of issuing the Cloth Folder, cancel such number of coupons on the Cloth Folder as may be available for use for obtaining the quantity of rationed cloth to which such person is not so entitled.

(4) If the Cloth Folder is issued by an appointed retailer it shall be signed by the appointed retailer and also by such person as may be authorised in writing by the Director in this behalf. If the Cloth Folder is issued by an Assistant Rationing Officer, it shall be signed by the Assistant Rationing Officer or such officers as may be authorised in writing by the Assistant Rationing Officer in this behalf.

(5) The appointed retailer or the Assistant Rationing Officer, as the case may be, shall return the Ration Card or Identity Card to the holder thereof or his agent after the Cloth Folder has been issued.

15. Subject to the provisions of sub-clause (3) of clause 14, a holder of a Cloth Folder if he is or above the age of 12 years shall be entitled to a

supply of 10 yards of rationed cloth for the 1st quarter ration period, 5 yards of rationed cloth for the 2nd quarter ration period, 5 yards of rationed cloth for the 3rd quarter ration period and such quantity of rationed cloth for the 4th quarter ration period or any subsequent quarter ration period as may be determined by the Provincial Government and a holder of a Cloth Folder if he is below the age of 12 years shall be entitled to a supply of 5 yards of rationed cloth for the 1st quarter ration period, $2\frac{1}{2}$ yards of rationed cloth for the 2nd quarter ration period, $2\frac{1}{2}$ yards of rationed cloth for the 3rd quarter ration period and such quantity of rationed cloth for the 4th quarter ration period or any subsequent quarter ration period as may be determined by the Provincial Government:

Provided that the holder of a Cloth Folder may obtain his supply of rationed cloth for one quarter ration period in any subsequent quarter ration period, if before such subsequent quarter ration period such holder has not drawn the supply of rationed cloth to which he was entitled for such previous quarter ration period.

16. (1) A holder of a Cloth Folder may obtain rationed cloth by producing either himself or through his agent his Cloth Folder together with his Ration Card or Identity Card to the appointed cloth retailer specified in such Cloth Folder:

Provided that the holder of a Cloth Folder, the printed serial number in whose Ration Card ends with the digit 4 or 5 or 6 shall not obtain any rationed cloth before the month of April, 1946 and the holder of a Cloth Folder the printed serial number in whose Ration Card ends with the digit 7 or 8 or 9 or 0 shall not obtain any rationed cloth before the month of May, 1946.

(2) On the production of the Cloth Folder and the Ration Card or the Identity Card of the holder of such Cloth Folder by such holder or his agent, the appointed cloth retailer shall satisfy himself about the eligibility of the holder of such Cloth Folder to purchase rationed cloth at his shop and on receipt of the price and on surrender of the required number of coupons on the Cloth Folder shall against cancellation of such required number of coupons supply rationed cloth in quantities demanded by the holder not exceeding the quantities to which the holder is at the time of such supply entitled under these regulations:

Provided that an appointed cloth retailer shall supply to the holder of a Cloth Folder in a quarter ration period the rationed cloth which such holder is entitled to obtain on his Cloth Folder in one or more succeeding quarter ration periods if such holder is specially authorised by the Director or such officer as may be empowered in this behalf by the Director to obtain such supply from such appointed cloth retailer.

17. On the death of any person, any member of the family of such person, or, where there is no such member, any person may on surrender of the deceased's Cloth Folder, if any, and the deceased's Ration Card or the Identity Card, or in the absence of such documents, on production of satisfactory evidence of the death of such person obtain, on payment of the price, from an appointed cloth retailer specially appointed by the Director for the purpose, rationed cloth for shrouding the dead body or for the use of the mourners, or for both, up to a maximum of 20 yards.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause a certificate of death by the attending physician shall be deemed to be satisfactory evidence of death.

18. (1) An appointed retailer shall maintain a register of all Cloth Folders issued daily from his shop. One copy of the register duly filled up shall be submitted to such officer and at such intervals as may be specified by the Director.

(2) The Assistant Rationing Officer shall also maintain a register of all Cloth Folders issued daily by him. Copies of such register shall be submitted to such officer or person and at such intervals as may be specified by the Director.

19. An appointed cloth retailer shall maintain a Daily Sales Register in respect of all rationed cloth issued from his shop in such form as may be specified by the Director.

20. Every appointed cloth retailer shall submit to the Sanctioning Authority a fortnightly stock return and an Indent for rationed cloth in triplicate in such forms as may be specified by the Director together with the total number of coupons surrendered to him. The Indent shall be for the fortnight following that in which it is submitted.

21. The Sanctioning Authority shall scrutinise the Indent and the Stock Returns Forms submitted to him by an appointed cloth retailer under clause 20 and issue a Ration Authority specifying therein the quantity of each variety of rationed cloth sanctioned and the godown from which such rationed cloth shall be obtained. One copy of the Ration Authority shall be made over to such appointed cloth retailer or his agent, one copy shall be sent to the godown specified in the Ration Authority and one copy shall be retained by the Sanctioning Authority.

22. The appointed cloth retailer or his agent shall submit the Ration Authority to the person in charge of the godown specified in the Ration Authority. On offer of price and against cancellation of the Ration Authority, the person in charge of the godown shall supply rationed cloth of such quantities and varieties as have been specified in the Ration Authority. The person in charge of the godown shall give a receipt to the appointed cloth retailer on the payment to him of the price of the rationed cloth supplied. The person in charge of the godown shall return the Ration Authority to the Sanctioning Authority after noting therein the quantities and varieties of rationed cloth supplied.

23. An appointed cloth retailer shall in respect of his cloth shop maintain regular and accurate accounts of each variety of rationed cloth obtained by him in the Daily Stock Register in such form as may be specified by the Director.

24. (1) An appointed cloth retailer shall sell rationed cloth only at prices not exceeding the ceiling prices marked on the cloth.

(2) An appointed cloth retailer shall issue to every purchaser of rationed cloth a true Cash Memorandum or Credit Note, as the case may be, in respect of such purchase.

25. An appointed cloth retailer shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed cloth may be supplied or obtained.

The Schedule.

[See sub-clause (3) of clause 2.]

I. (1) The whole of police-stations (a) Kotwali, (b) Lalbagh and (c) Sutrapur in the district of Dacca and the mauza Bara Magbazar bearing J. L. No. 280 in the C. S. Khatians within the police-station Tejgaon in the said district.

(2) The part of mauza No. 286 Rajarbagh covered by C. S. plot Nos. 270 to 286 and 1129 within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

(3) That part of mauza No. 342 Brahman Chiran which falls within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

II. (1) The municipality of Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(2) The part of mauza Masdair bearing J. L. No. 191 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 192, 467 to 473, 475 to 481, 781 and 789 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(3) The part of mauza Isadair bearing J. L. No. 192 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 167, 174 to 186, 188 to 192, 196, 198 and 206 to 218 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(4) The part of mauza Chasara bearing J. L. No. 189 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 1 to 65 and 67 to 84 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(5) The part of mauza Khanpur bearing J. L. No. 193 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 302, 303 and 307 to 330 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(6) The premises of—

(a) the Lakhsinarayan Cotton Mills, Limited,

(b) the Narayangunj Company, Limited,

(c) the Chittaranjan Cotton Mills, Limited,

(d) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 2, Limited,

(e) the Sonachara Dock of the India General and River Steam Navigation Company, Limited,

(f) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 1, Limited, and

(g) the Bose's Glass Factory

covered by C. S. plot Nos. 538, 541 to 550, 552, 553, 590 to 593, 596, 597, 599 to 605, 607 to 652, 661 to 729, 1026, 1038, 1042 to 1069, 1079, 1080, 1467 to 1470, 1483 to 1491, 1513 to 1524 and 1882 to 1890 in mauza Godnail bearing J. L. No. 204 within the police-station Fatulla, C. S. plot Nos. 487 to 498, 500 to 503, 509 to 520, 659 to 678 and 719 to 749 in mauza Laksmankhola bearing J. L. No. 206 within the police-station Narayangunj and C. S. plot Nos. 694 to 697, 729, 730, 732 to 735, 737 to 844, 855 to 906, 2199 to 2205, 2134, 2135, 2137, 1056, 1057 and 2182 to 2198 in mauza Dhamghar bearing J. L. No. 207 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(7) The premises of the Landale and Clarke and Company covered by C. S. plot Nos. 494 and 502, in mauza Madangunj bearing J. L. No. 252 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(8) Village Saydabad within mauza Dayaganj bearing jurisdiction list No. 340 in police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 2281 D. C. S., dated the 18th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 27th February, 1946).

The Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1946.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said

rule that notice of the Order shall be given by the publication of the same in the *Official Gazette* and by the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining its provisions:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1946.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal, except the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(3) It shall come into force on the 1st of March, 1946.

2. The Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, is hereby repealed:

Provided that anything done under any provision of that Order before the 1st of March, 1946, shall be deemed to have been done under the corresponding provision of this Order:

Provided further that any reference in any order issued under the Defence of India Rules or in any notification issued thereunder to any provision of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, shall, unless a different intention appears, be construed as a reference to the corresponding provision of this Order.

3. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) “broker” means a person employed by a dealer to buy cloth or yarn or both from another dealer or to sell cloth or yarn or both to another dealer;

(b) “Calcutta” means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;

(c) “cloth” and “yarn” means respectively any type of cloth and yarn either manufactured wholly from cotton or manufactured partly from cotton and partly from any other material and containing not less than ten per centum cotton by weight, and “cloth” includes cloth made into garments and yarn made into hosiery goods, but does not include articles which are Indian woollen goods as defined in the Indian Woollen Goods (Control) Order, 1944;

(d) “commission agent” means a person authorised by a dealer to buy cloth or yarn or both on his behalf;

(e) “Controller” means in Calcutta the Director of Textiles and elsewhere, the Officer appointed by the Director-General to perform the functions of the Controller under this Order;

(f) “dealer” means a person other than a manufacturer, engaged in the business of buying and selling or storing for sale cloth or yarn or both, whether or not in conjunction with any other business, and includes a quota-holder, an importer, a wholesale dealer, a retail dealer, a hawker, a commission agent, a broker, a mill’s selling agent, a dealer in hosiery goods or yarn, a dealer in ready-made garments of cloth, the proprietor of a tailoring establishment;

(g) “dealer in ready-made garments” means a person who engages in the business of buying and selling or making and selling or storing for sale ready-made garments other than dhotis and saris;

- (h) "Director of Textiles" means the Director of Textiles appointed by the Provincial Government and includes any Additional Director of Textiles or any Officer authorised by the Director-General by order in writing to perform all or any of the functions of the Director of Textiles, under this Order;
- (i) "Director-General" means the Director-General of Civil Supplies, Consumer Goods, appointed by the Provincial Government;
- (j) "Director-General of Enforcement" means the Director-General of Civil Supplies, Enforcement, appointed by the Provincial Government;
- (k) "hawker" means a person who goes from place to place or from house to house carrying or exposing for sale for consumption by the purchasers, cloth or yarn or both, or samples of cloth or yarn or both to be afterwards delivered to such purchasers;
- (l) "importer" means a person other than a quota-holder who imports cloth or yarn or both into the province of Bengal for sale;
- (m) "manufacturer" means a person engaged in the manufacture of cloth or yarn or both and includes a person who uses cloth or yarn or both as an accessory in the course of his trade, business or profession, but does not include a processor, weaver or a person who makes garments from cloth;
- (n) "mill's selling agent" means a person appointed by a mill to receive cloth or yarn or both from the mill for distribution to dealers to whom the mill is permitted to sell its cloth or yarn;
- (o) "processor" means a person other than a manufacturer or weaver who is engaged in the work of carrying out any process on cloth or yarn, such as dyeing, bleaching, printing, embroidering or any similar process, which effects some permanent or semi-permanent change in the appearance of the cloth or yarn, but does not include a person who carries out any such process only on cloth and yarn supplied by his customers;
- (p) "quota-holder" means a person who obtains cloth or yarn or both directly from a mill situated in India at the *ex-mill* price by virtue of his having purchased cloth or yarn from that mill during the years 1940, 1941 and 1942;
- (q) "retail dealer" means a dealer who sells cloth for consumption by the purchasers only and sells yarn to weavers only and includes a tailoring establishment;
- (r) "Textile Licensing Officer" means,—
 - (i) in Calcutta, the officer appointed as such by the Provincial Government and includes any other officer appointed by the Director-General of Enforcement to perform the functions of the Textile Licensing Officer under this Order; and
 - (ii) elsewhere, the Subdivisional Magistrate and includes any other officer appointed by the District Magistrate to perform the functions of the Textile Licensing Officer under this Order;
- (s) "weaver" means a person who manufactures cloth from yarn solely by manual power and includes a master weaver;
- (t) "wholesale dealer" means a dealer who sells cloth or yarn or both to a manufacturer or to another dealer.

4. No person shall engage in any undertaking which involves the manufacture, purchase, sale or storage for sale of cloth or yarn or both unless he holds a licence in this behalf under this Order and except in accordance with the conditions specified in such licence:

Provided that all persons manufacturing hosiery goods by using hand-plant and charka spinners shall be exempt from the operation of the provisions of this paragraph.

5. All applicants for licences or renewal of licences under this Order shall, for the purposes of this Order, be classified under one of the groups specified in Schedule I to this Order and the licence fees payable by persons classified under any of the said groups shall be the amount specified against that group.

6. (1) All applications for the issue of licences under this Order shall be made to the Textile Licensing Officer in Form A as set forth in Schedule II to this Order.

(2) The licence fee referred to in paragraph 5 shall be paid in non-judicial stamps and shall be filed along with the application for licence or renewal of licence and no licence shall be issued unless the licence fees in respect thereof under the said paragraph have been paid.

7. Licences under this Order shall be issued by the Textile Licensing Officer in Form B as set forth in Schedule II to this Order.

8. The Textile Licensing Officer may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, refuse to grant a licence under this Order.

9. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order, the Director-General or the Director-General of Enforcement may, without assigning any reason, direct that any application for a licence or for the renewal of a licence be refused or that a licence already granted or renewed be suspended or cancelled.

10. (1) Every licence issued under this Order shall specify—

- (a) the class of business in respect of which the licence is granted;
- (b) the premises or the area in which the licensee shall carry on business; and
- (c) the premises or places where cloth or yarn may be stored by the licensee.

(2) A licence issued under this Order shall ordinarily authorise the licensee to carry on business in any of the manners specified in the different items of the particular group in Schedule I to this Order under which he has been classified under paragraph 5:

Provided that it shall be competent for the Textile Licensing Officer to restrict the licensee to the carrying on of business in the manner specified in any one or more of the items of the particular group under which he has been classified.

(3) A licensee who has been classified under any of the groups specified in Schedule I to this Order and has been granted a licence under this Order authorising him to carry on business in the manner specified in any or all of the items under that group, shall not carry on business in the manner specified in any of the items under any other group in that Schedule unless he holds a separate licence issued to him in that behalf under this Order.

(4) No licensee shall carry on his business or store any cloth or yarn to which the licence relates except in the premises, area or places, as the case may be, specified in his licence.

(5) If the licensee intends to store any cloth or yarn in any place, premises or godown other than one of those already mentioned in the licence, he shall intimate the address of such place premises or godown to the Controller and the Textile Licensing Officer and shall not store any cloth or yarn in such place, premises or godown until the Textile Licensing Officer has endorsed it on the licence.

(6) If the licensee is carrying on business in more than one place, a separate licence shall be taken for every such place of business:

Provided that where a licensee is a retail dealer and carrying on business in more than one place, he may take out a consolidated licence in respect of issue of such licence on payment of a licence fee in accordance with the scale specified in Schedule III:

Provided further that if a licensee who has taken out a consolidated licence under the first proviso opens one or more new places of business after the date of issue of such consolidated licence for carrying on business as a retail dealer, a separate licence for each such new place of business opened may be granted under this Order on payment by such licence fee at the rate of Rs. 8 for each such new shop, but the total amount of the licence fee paid in respect of such a consolidated licence and the amount of the licence fees payable in respect of all places of business opened after the issue of such consolidated licence shall in no case exceed five hundred rupees.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-paragraph, a godown or any other premises or place where cloth or yarn to which the licence relates is stored shall not be deemed to be a separate place of business.

(7) Every licensee who has been classified under Group F, specified in Schedule I to this Order and has been granted a licence under this Order in respect of one or more handlooms shall paint or cause to be painted clearly in English numerals not less than three inches in height, in the case where the licence has been granted in respect of one handloom, the number allotted to the licence in a prominent place on such handloom and, in the case where the licence has been granted in respect of more than one handloom, the number allotted to the licence followed respectively by the serial number of each such handloom in a prominent place on each such handloom.

Illustration.—If the licence has been granted in respect of, say, four handlooms, they shall be painted with the following figures, namely:—

569/1, 569/2, 569/3 and 569/4, respectively. If the licence has been granted in respect of only one handloom it shall be painted with the figures 569.

11. (1) Every licence issued under this Order shall be valid up to the 31st of March next following the date of its issue and may at the discretion of the Textile Licensing Officer be renewed for successive periods of one year on application made in that behalf to the Textile Licensing Officer before the expiry of the date of the validity of the licence and on payment in non-judicial stamps of the fees referred to in paragraph 5.

(2) The Textile Licensing Officer shall grant a receipt in such form as the Director-General of Enforcement may determine for the application and the licence fees paid and this receipt will be authority for the applicant for renewal to continue his business unless the licence is refused:

Provided that the Director-General or the Director-General of Enforcement may by notification extend the time for filing of applications for

renewal of licences and may require payment of an extra fee for any application to be filed after the due date :

Provided further that the Textile Licensing Officer may, for reasons to be recorded in writing refuse to renew a licence.

12. If a licence granted under this Order is defaced, lost or destroyed, the Textile Licensing Officer may after making such inquiry as he deems necessary, issue a fresh licence in place thereof on payment of a fee of one rupee, and thereupon the licence that has been defaced, lost or destroyed shall be deemed to be cancelled.

13. (1) Every dealer shall comply with any special or general directions issued to him in writing by the Controller for the purposes of this Order.

(2) Notwithstanding any order issued by any other authority, the Controller may from time to time issue directions to a dealer holding stocks of cloth or yarn to supply to such other dealers or persons, such quantities of cloth or yarn at such rates within such time as may be specified by the Controller and may from time to time issue such general or special directions to a dealer with regard to the storage, sale and transport of cloth or yarn as the Controller may deem fit.

(3) A dealer shall not sell in any one transaction to another dealer holding a licence under this Order or to a weaver or to any other purchaser, as the case may be, cloth or yarn exceeding such quantity as may be specified in this behalf by the Controller.

14. Every holder of a licence issued under this Order shall furnish such information as the Director-General or the Director-General of Enforcement or the Controller or any officer authorised in this behalf in writing by the Director-General or the Director-General of Enforcement or the Controller may by general or special order demand of him for the purposes of this Order.

15. Every dealer shall keep in such form as may be specified in this behalf by the Director of Textiles such books of accounts and other records relating to his undertaking as the Director of Textiles may, by general or special order, direct.

16. Every holder of a licence under this Order other than a hawker or a weaver shall, by the 10th day of February, 10th day of May, 10th day of August and 10th day of November, in each year, submit to the Controller a true statement of stocks of cloth and yarn held by him on the last date of the preceding month of January, April, July and October respectively in such form as may be specified by the Director of Textiles.

17. (1) Where the maximum prices of any cloth or yarn have not been fixed under clause 10 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order 1943, the maximum prices at which such cloth or yarn may be sold shall be such as may be fixed by the Director-General and the maximum prices so fixed may be different for different classes of cloth and yarn and for different classes of dealers.

(2) No person shall sell or offer to sell or purchase any cloth or yarn of which the maximum price has been fixed under the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1943, or under sub-paragraph (1) at a price higher than the maximum price so fixed.

18. Any officer authorised in this behalf by the Director-General of Enforcement or by the Controller by general or special order in writing may enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that the manufacture, purchase, sale or storage for sale of any cloth or yarn is taking place contrary to the provisions of this Order.

19. No manufacturer of yarn shall sell yarn to any person other than a dealer holding a licence in respect of purchase or sale or storage for sale of yarn under this Order, a manufacturer, a weaver or any person purchasing yarn on behalf of the Central Government or any Provincial Government.

20. (1) A dealer other than a hawker shall display in a conspicuous position at his place of business a list in the most commonly understood language of the locality showing the maximum legal price in respect of all such kinds of cloth in his shop or store as have prices stamped thereon and shall not withhold from sale any such cloth to any person on demand and offer of the maximum legal price.

(2) A hawker shall carry a list in the most commonly understood language of the locality showing the maximum retail prices of all such kinds of cloth carried or exposed for sale by him as have prices stamped thereon.

21. (1) Every dealer, other than a hawker, shall issue to every person who purchases any cloth or yarn from him a true cash memorandum or credit note, as the case may be, in respect of such purchase, of which such dealer shall keep a duplicate which shall be produced by such dealer for inspection on demand by the Textile Licensing Officer or any officer authorised in writing by such officer in this behalf and which shall contain the following details, namely:—

- (a) the name, licence number and address of the dealer;
- (b) the date of the transaction;
- (c) the name and address and licence number (if any), of the purchaser;
- (d) a detailed description of goods sold;
- (e) the quantity sold;
- (f) the rate at which such goods were sold;
- (g) the unit of sale;

Explanation.—In this item “unit” means the unit of quantity by reference to which the goods are sold.

- (h) the total price of each item of goods sold in the transaction; and
- (i) the salesman's signature.

(2) The duplicate of every cash memorandum and every credit note issued under sub-paragraph (1) shall be preserved for one year from the date of issue.

22. A licensee shall surrender his licence to the Textile Licensing Officer for cancellation within one month of the date on which he ceases to carry on his business and shall at the time of so surrendering the licence declare in writing before the said officer the stock held by him on the said date.

23. (1) No person being the holder of a licence under this Order, shall contravene any of the conditions subject to which he holds the licence.

(2) The Director-General or the Director-General of Enforcement or the Director of Textiles or the Controller, or any officer authorised in this behalf in writing by the Director-General or the Director-General of Enforcement or the Controller, may, if he is of opinion that any person holding a licence under this Order has contravened any of the provisions of this Order, or any of the conditions of his licence or any of the provisions of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1943, or of any rule made under that Order, cancel the licence of such person without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against such person.

24. The Director-General or the Director-General of Enforcement or the Controller, or the Director of Textiles or any officer authorised in writing by the Director-General or the Director-General of Enforcement or the Controller in this behalf by general or special order may, with a view to securing compliance with this Order—

- (a) require any person to give any information in his possession with respect to any business carried on by that person or any other person;
- (b) inspect or cause to be inspected any books or other documents as well as any stocks of cloth, belonging to or under the control of any person;
- (c) enter and search or authorise any person to enter and search any premises in which the purchase or sale of any cloth or yarn is taking place or any cloth or yarn is stored or in which he has reason to believe that the purchase or sale of any cloth or yarn is taking place or any cloth or yarn is stored.

25. Any person searching any premises under the provisions of clause (c) of paragraph 24, may seal or cause to be sealed, in such manner as he may see fit, the premises so searched, or any box, bale or package in such premises, which contains or which he has reason to believe contains cloth or yarn, and he may also pack and seal in such manner as he may see fit any cloth or yarn in such premises which may be found in an unpacked condition, or instead of so sealing any such box, bale or package, or so packing and sealing any cloth or yarn, he may, if he deems it expedient, seize any such box, bale, package, cloth or yarn, in respect of which he has reason to believe that any contravention of this Order has occurred.

26. During the search of any premises under the provisions of clause (c) of paragraph 24 or at any time after such a search has been made, any person authorised in writing in this behalf by the Director-General or the Director-General of Enforcement or the Controller or the Director of Textiles may enter or re-enter such premises and make an inventory of any cloth or yarn in such premises, and may for this purpose open any box, bale or package which contains, or which he has reason to believe contains, cloth or yarn and he may also for this purpose break any seal affixed to any box, bale, package, cloth or yarn and re-seal it in the same manner.

27. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 26 no person other than a person authorised in writing in this behalf by the Director-General or the Director-General of Enforcement or the Controller or the Director of Textiles shall break or tamper with in any way any seal affixed under paragraph 25 or paragraph 26 to any box, bale or package or to any cloth or yarn packed under either of the said paragraphs or remove from any premises any box, bale, package, cloth or yarn to which a seal has been affixed under either of the said paragraphs.

28. Any person searching any premises under clause (c) of paragraph 24 may, by order in writing, direct the owner, occupier or person in charge or control of such premises, or any employee of such owner occupier or person, to furnish him forthwith—

- (a) with any information in regard to any other premises owned, occupied or controlled in any way by such owner, occupier or person in charge or control of the premises so being searched, and the person so directed shall comply with such a direction to the best of his knowledge and belief;

- (b) with a true statement of the quantities of cloth and yarn of each different type or quality in the premises so being searched at the time of commencement of such search.

29. Every hawker, broker, commission agent, or weaver holding a licence under this Order shall carry with him his licence and produce it for inspection on demand by the Controller or by any officer authorised in writing in this behalf by general or special order by the Director-General or the Director-General of Enforcement or the Controller or the Director of Textiles and every other person holding a licence under this Order shall display his licence in a conspicuous position at his place of business.

30. If any person with the intent that any provision of this Order may be evaded refuses to give any information lawfully demanded of him under the provisions of this Order, or conceals, destroys, mutilates or defaces any book or other document, he shall be deemed to have contravened the provisions of this Order.

31. A court trying any contravention of this Order may, without prejudice to any other sentence which it may pass, direct that any cloth or yarn together with the package or container thereof in respect of which it is satisfied that such contravention has occurred shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

32. The Provincial Government may by general or special order—

- (a) exclude any class of cloth or yarn specified in such Order from the operation of this Order;
- (b) exempt any person or class of persons from the operation of all or any of the provisions of this Order.

SCHEDULE I.

(See paragraph 5.)

Group "A"—Rs. 300.

(Manufacturers by power-driven plant.)

1. Manufacturer of cloth by power-looms.
2. Manufacturer of yarn by power-driven spinning plant.
3. Manufacturer of hosiery yarn or hosiery goods by power.
4. Dyeing, bleaching and printing establishment run by power.

Group "B"—Rs. 120.

(Quota-holders, Permit-holders and other dealers importing directly or indirectly from mills or acting on behalf of mills.)

1. Quota-holders (cloth).
2. Quota-holders (yarn).
3. Importers (cloth).
4. Importers (yarn).
5. Mill selling agents (cloth).
6. Mill selling agents (yarn).

Group "C"—Rs. 60.*(Wholesale dealers.)*

1. Wholesale dealers (mill made cloth).
2. Wholesale dealers (yarn) including hosiery yarn.
3. Commission Agents.
4. Wholesale dealers in handloom cloth and handspun yarn.
5. Tailoring establishment (wholesale) and wholesale dealers in ready-made garments.
6. Wholesale dealers in hosiery goods.

Group "D"—Rs. 24.*(Retail dealers.)*

1. Retail dealers (mill made cloth).
2. Retail dealers (yarn).
3. Tailoring establishment (retail) and retail dealers in ready-made garments.
4. Retail dealers in hosiery goods.
5. Retail dealers in handloom cloth.
6. Retail dealers in bedding stores.

Group "E"—Rs. 2.*(Hawkers.)***Group "F"—Rs. 1 per loom.**

(Handloom cloth manufacturers including the right to hawk handloom cloth anywhere in the Province.)

Group "G"—Rs. 24.*(Brokers.)***SCHEDULE II.***(See paragraph 5.)***G.S.T. Form A.***Application No.....***GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.****Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1946.***Application for the grant of a licence to deal in cloth/yarn.*

Class of licence required: Group A/B/C/D/E/F/G.

1. Name of applicant with father's name to whom the licence is to be issued.....
2. In the case of a firm—Names and addresses of all partners, and whether any of them held any class of licence under this Order or any licence for dealing in cloth/yarn.....

3. In the case of a Joint Stock Company—Names and addresses of all Directors and Agents.....

4. In the case of a Co-operative Society—Names and addresses of the members of the managing body or officials appointed for the purpose.....

5. Exact address of the office, if it is different from the place of business, *i.e.*, shops, sales tax registration No. and municipal trade licence No.....

6. Exact address of the place where business is to be conducted, *i.e.*, shops and the ward No.....

7. Exact address of the place or places of storage of yarn/cloth.....

8. (a) In what class of yarn/cloth business has the applicant previously carried on business and since when (English calendar date).....

(b) Whether the applicant was in yarn/cloth business continuously from 1st January 1940 to 31st December 1942 (if only part of this period, give date) and in what class of business during the period.....

9. Whether the applicant had previously applied for a licence under the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943, and if so, with what result.....

10. Number and place of issue of licence if any granted under the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943.....

11. The class of licence applied for (*e.g.*, Group "D" 1 and 3) main business conducted.....

12. Whether the applicant is a minor.....

13. Whether the applicant has any licence to deal in yarn/cloth in any part of India other than Bengal.....

14. Whether the applicant is a member or partner of any other firm or company holding a licence to deal in yarn/cloth or whether has applied. If so, give the name and place of business of the firm or company.....

Signature.....

Dated.....194...

Note.—A licence granted under this Order is liable to cancellation if the information supplied in this form is found to be incorrect or incomplete.

Form B.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Department of Civil Supplies.

Textile Licensing Office.

License for the manufacture, sale or storage for sale of cloth or yarn.

1. Licence No.....of Group.....

3. Name with father's name of the licensee.

4. Address where the undertaking is carried on.....
5. Address of godown or other premises where yarn or cloth is stored.....
6. This licence will expire on the 31st March 19.....
7. The licensee shall hold the licence subject to the conditions specified below.

Signature of Textile Licensing Officer.

Date.....

SCHEDULE III.

[See paragraph 10(6).]

	Fee.
	Rs.
In respect of each place of business up to 5	... 24
and	
where the number of places of business exceeds 5, in respect of each place of business in excess of 5 up to 10	... 16
and	
where the number of places of business exceeds 10, in respect of each place of business in excess of 10 and up to 15	... 14
and	
where the number of places of business exceeds 15, in respect of each place of business in excess of 15 up to 20	... 12
and	
where the number of places of business exceeds 20, in respect of each place of business in excess of 20 up to 25	... 10
and	
where the number of places of business exceeds 25, in respect of each place of business in excess of 25	... 8

Provided that the total amount of fees payable in respect of all the places of business shall in no case exceed five hundred rupees.

Conditions of licence.

1. This licence is being issued subject to the provisions of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1946.

2. The licensee, if a broker, a commission agent, a hawker or a weaver shall carry with him his licence when carrying on business and produce it for inspection on demand by the Controller or by any officer authorised in writing by the Director-General of Civil Supplies, Consumer Goods, or the Director-General of Enforcement or the Controller and if not a hawker, a broker, a commission agent or a weaver shall display his licence in a conspicuous position at his place of business.

3. If the licensee intends to store any cloth or yarn in any place, premises or godown other than those already mentioned in the licence, he shall intimate the address of such place, premises or godown to the Controller and the Textile Licensing Officer and shall not store any cloth or yarn in such place, premises or godown until the Textile Licensing Officer has endorsed it on the licence.

4. The licensee shall give all facilities to the Director-General of Civil Supplies, Consumer Goods, or the Director-General of Enforcement or to the Controller or to any person authorised in writing by any of the said officers to inspect his stock and accounts at any shop, godown or other place used by him for the storage of cloth or yarn or both.

5. The licensee shall comply with all directions that may be given by the Controller in regard to the purchase, sale or storage of cloth or yarn or both.

6. The licensee, if he is not a hawker, shall issue to every customer a true cash memorandum or credit note, as the case may be, giving his name, licence number and address, the date of the transaction, the name and address, and licence number (if any) of the purchaser, a detailed description of goods sold, the quantity sold, the rate at which sold, the unit of sale, the total price of each item of goods sold and the salesman's signature, and shall keep a duplicate of the same to be available for inspection on demand by the Textile Licensing Officer or any officer authorised in writing by the Textile Licensing Officer in this behalf and shall preserve every such cash memorandum and credit note for one year from the date of issue.

7. If the licensee contravenes any of the provisions of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1946, or any of the conditions subject to which he holds this licence or any of the provisions of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1943, or of any rule made under that Order, then without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him, his licence may be cancelled by the Director-General of Civil Supplies, Consumer Goods, or the Director-General of Enforcement or any officer authorised by either of them, in writing in that behalf.

8. Notwithstanding anything contained in clause 7, the Director-General of Civil Supplies, Consumer Goods, or the Director-General of Enforcement may, without giving any previous notice or without assigning any reason, suspend or cancel this licence.

Notification No. 660(Cy.), dated the 21st January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th January, 1944, Pt. I, p. 84).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force in the whole of Bengal on the 1st February, 1944.

Notification No. Cy(O)-281, dated the 19th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 20th June, 1945).

Under powers conferred by clause 3(e) of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, I appoint the following to be "Controllers" within the meaning of that clause:—

A. In each subdivision of the province of Bengal.

(1) The Subdivisional Officer.

(2) The Subdivisional Controller of Civil Supplies.

B. In each district of the province of Bengal.

(1) The District Magistrate.

(2) The District Controller of Civil Supplies.

Notification No. 661(Cy.), dated the 21st January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th January, 1944, Pt. I, p. 84).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify the following licence fees which are to be paid at the time of making applications for licences under the said sub-paragraph, namely:—

- (a) In the case of an application by a wholesale dealer—Rs. 10.
- (b) In the case of an application by a retail dealer—Rs. 5.
- (c) In the case of an application by a hawker—Re. 1.

Notification No. 768(Cy.), dated the 29th January 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 3rd February, 1944, Pt. I, p. 121).

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943, I hereby direct that the licence fee to be paid at the time of making applications for licences under the said sub-paragraph by a wholesale dealer, a retail dealer or a hawker shall be paid in the following manner, namely:—

The licence fee shall, in Calcutta, be paid into the Reserve Bank of India and elsewhere in Bengal be paid either into the Government Treasury or into the local branch of the Imperial Bank of India under the head "Licence fees under the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943—L.I. Extraordinary Receipts—Other items", and on such payment the applicant shall enclose a receipted copy of the *challan* received by him from the Reserve Bank of India, Government Treasury or the branch of the Imperial Bank of India, as the case may be, with the application for licence under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943, to show that such payment has been made.

Notification No. 662(Cy.), dated the 21st January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th January, 1944, Pt. I, p. 84).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 5 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify the following licence fees to be paid for the renewal of licences under the said paragraph, namely:—

- (a) For every renewal of a licence by a wholesale dealer—Rs. 10.
- (b) For every renewal of a licence by a retail dealer—Rs. 5.
- (c) For every renewal of a licence by a hawker—Re. 1.

Notification No. Cy.(O)331, dated the 27th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 29th June, 1945).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 13 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, I hereby issue the following directions, namely:—

No dealer having his place of business within Calcutta and selling, delivering or offering to sell or deliver any Indian mill made cloth from any shop appointed in writing by the Director of Textiles to be a Cloth

Ration Shop or under specific orders of the Director of Textiles in pursuance of the directions issued by the Director-General, Consumer Goods, under notification No. 4166(Cy.), dated the 6th May 1945, shall make any cloth obtained by or supplied to such dealer after the date of this Order into garments or use any such cloth otherwise than for the purpose of such sale or delivery.

Explanation.—In this Order, “Indian mill made cloth” has the same meaning as in the directions issued by the Director-General, Consumer Goods, under notification No. 4166(Cy.), dated the 6th May 1945.

Notification No. 671(Cy.), dated the 26th August, 1944 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 31st August, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1081).

In exercise of the power conferred on me by paragraph 14 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943, I hereby direct that every holder of a licence under the said Order shall furnish to me on or before the 21st September, 1944, a statement showing the total quantity of cotton cloth in yardage and of yarn in pounds supplied by him during the period commencing on the 1st January, 1944, and ending on the 31st August, 1944, to the following parties, namely:—

- (1) Indian Red Cross Society.
- (2) St. John Ambulance.
- (3) Army, Navy and Air Forces of His Majesty.
- (4) A.R.P. and Civic Guard Organisations.
- (5) Manufacturers producing materials for members of the Army, Navy and Air Forces of His Majesty or for persons attached to, employed with or following those forces or for A. R. P. and Civic Guard Organisations.

Notification No. 230(O), dated the 21st February, 1946 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 28th February, 1946, Pt. I, p. 402).

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (1) of clause 14 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, I hereby direct that all dealers in Calcutta and Howrah holding any stocks of “frozen cloth” shall submit a statement in respect of such stocks, in the form specified in the attached schedule, to me by 10th March 1946, and further that with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, notice of this order shall be given by publication thereof in the *Official Gazette*. For the purposes of this order “cloth” shall have the same meaning as it has in the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order and “frozen cloth” shall include all cloth whose sale has been forbidden by any order issued by the Director of Textiles, by the Enforcement Division of the Civil Supplies Department, by the Enforcement Branch of the Calcutta Police or by any other competent authority.

Schedule.

Authority issuing freezing order.	Date of freezing order.	Variety.	Quantity.				Pairs or pieces.	Handloom or mill-made cloth.
			Bales.	Yards.	Thans.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	

Note.—Separate entries shall be made against separate freezing orders.

Notification No. (O) 83, dated the 22nd January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary", of the 25th January, 1946).

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by clause 15 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, and in supersession of notification No. (O)960, dated 28th November 1945, I hereby direct that every dealer, except as hereinafter stated, shall keep his books of accounts in the forms prescribed below:—

FORM C.
Daily Stock Register.

(To be kept in English, Bengali, Hindi or Urdu.)

(Under clause 15 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945.)

General description.	Date.	Opening balance.	Yds./Pcs./Lbs.	Receipt. Bales.	Yds./Pcs./Lbs.	Total of 3 and 5. Bales.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Total of 4 and 6. Yds./Pcs./Lbs.	Quantity disposed.	Yds./Pcs./Lbs.	Balance Bales.	Yds./Pcs./Lbs.	Remarks.
8	9	10	11	12	13

Mill-made cloth in yards and pieces to be shown separately and yarn in lbs.

FORM D.
Ledger.

(To be kept in English, Bengali, Hindi or Urdu.)

(Under clause 15 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945.)

Trade description of mill-made cloth or yarn.....(a page for each class of goods).

Date.	Opening balance. Bales.	Yds./Pcs./Lbs.	Receipt. Bales.	Yds./Pcs./Lbs.	Purchased from (name, address, license No.).	Ex-mill price.
1	2	4	4	5	6	7

Maximum retail price.	Price paid.	Quantity sold (Pcs./Yds./Lbs.).	Sold to (name, address, license No.).	Balance. Yds./Pcs./Lbs.	Remarks.
8	9	10	11	12	13

Column 11 shall not apply to retailers, and in column 10 retailers shall only show the total-daily sale.

This order shall not apply to rationed varieties in cloth ration shops, to dealers in hand-loom cloth, hosiery, sewing thread, ready-made garments, tailoring establishments making garments to order and hawkers.

Notification No. Cy(O)332, dated the 28th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1163.)

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 16 of the Bengal Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, I hereby prescribe the following form in which every holder of a license under the above Order shall submit to the Controller the quarterly statements of his stock of cloth or yarn or both on using separate sheets for Parts I and II thereof:—

Quarterly Return of Stock held on the 31st January/30th April/31st July/31st October (to be submitted so as to reach the Office of the Controller on or before the 10th February/10th May/10th August/10th November respectively every year).

(Under clause 16 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945.)

Name of the licensee.....
 Place of business with address.....
 Place of storage with address.....
 License No.....
 Class of License.....

Part I.

Materials.	Stocks in bales or cases.			
	No. of bales or cases.	Equivalent quantity.	Unpacked stocks in pieces/yds.	Total stocks (total of B and C).
	A	B	C	D
	Bales or cases.	Yds.	Yds.	Yds.
1. All cotton cloth normally sold on yardage basis (except those falling under item 2 below)—				
(a) Mill-made cloth made in India—				
(i) Other than Standard cloth ..				
(ii) Standard cloth ..				
(b) Handloom cloth made in India ..				
(c) Foreign cloth				
	Bales.	Yds.	Yds.	Yds.
2. Dyed, bleached and printed goods normally sold on yardage basis—				
(a) Mill-made made in India ..				
(b) Handloom products made in India				
(c) Foreign				

	Bales.	Prs.	Prs.	Pairs and their equivalent in terms of yards of cloth.
<hr/>				
3. Dhuties and sarrees (except those falling under item 4 below)—				
(a) Mill-made made in India—				
(i) Other than Standard cloth ..				
(ii) Standard cloth ..				
(b) Handloom cloth made in India ..				
(c) Foreign cloth				
<hr/>				
	Bales.	Nos.	Nos.	Nos. and their equivalent in terms of yards of cloth.
<hr/>				
4. Dyed, bleached and printed dhuties and saries and others sold by numbers—				
(a) Mill-made made in India ..				
(b) Handloom products made in India ..				
(c) Foreign				
<hr/>				
	Bales.	Nos.	Nos.	Nos. and their equivalent in terms of yards of cloth.
<hr/>				
5. All other materials normally sold by number, for example, sheets, chaddars, towels, pillow cases, etc. (excluding those falling under items 3 and 4)—				
(a) Made in India				
(b) Foreign				
<hr/>				
	Bales.	Nos.	Nos.	Nos. and their equivalent in terms of yards of cloth.
<hr/>				
*6. Ready-made garments—				
(a) Made in India				
(b) Foreign				

*Details of ready-made garments.

			Bales.	Nos.	Nos.	Nos. and their equivalent in terms of lbs.
7.	Hosiery goods—					
	(a) Made in India	..	..	
	(b) Foreign	..	..	
			Bales.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.

8. Anything not covered by the above, e.g., fents, etc.—

- (a) Mill-made made in India ..
- (b) Handloom products made in India ..
- (c) Foreign

	Number fit for persons above 12 years of age.	Cloth required in yards for 1.	Number fit for persons of 12 years of age and below.	Cloth required in yards for 3.	Total of columns 1 and 3.	Total of columns 2 and 4.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
1. Shirts					
2. Coats					
3. Trousers					
4. Frocks					
5. Blouses					
6. Chemises					
7. Underwears					
8. Others.					

Part II.

				Counts	Bales.	Lbs.
1.	Yarn mill-made in India—					
	Hanks/Single	..	..	..
	Ply ..	..	..	..
	Cone	..	..	..
	Foreign Yarn—					
	Hanks/Single	..	..	..
	Ply	..	..	..
	Cone	..	..	..

				Quantity.	Make-ups (in yards).	Total yardage;
2.	Sewing thread—					
	Made in India	..	..	..
	Foreign	..	..	..

I certify that the statements made above are true.

[Signature of the Proprietor/Proprietors or his/their authorised agent.]

Notification No. 9178 D.C.S., dated the 6th July 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th July 1945, Pt. I, p. 1162).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 18 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, I hereby authorise all officers of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of a Preventive Officer or an Inspector and all police officers under the administrative control of the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, of and above the rank of a Sub-Inspector to enter upon and inspect any premises referred to in the said paragraph.

Notification No. 4166 (Cy.), dated the 6th May, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 8th May, 1945, p. 123).

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by the Textile Commissioner in his notification No. T.C.(14)/44, dated 30th December, 1944, as amended by his further notification No. T.C.(14)7/45, dated 5th April, 1945, I, W. S. C. Tully, Director-General of Consumer Goods, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal, do hereby issue the following directions under clause 18B(1) of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1943:—

1. In this notification—

(a) "Director of Textiles" means any Director of Textiles, Additional Director of Textiles or Deputy Director of Textiles appointed by the Government of Bengal.

(b) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

2. No dealer having his place of business within Calcutta and holding only a Retail Licence under the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943, shall sell, deliver or offer to sell or deliver any Indian mill-made cloth as specified in the schedule below except:—

(i) from a shop appointed in writing by the Director of Textiles to be a Cloth Ration Shop [or from a shop of a cloth retailer appointed under the provisions of the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945] and then only in accordance with the conditions of such appointment, or

(ii) under specific orders in writing by the Director of Textiles.

Schedule.

Indian mill-made cloth specified in clause 2 includes only:—

Dhuti, Sari, Lungi, Shirting, Twill (Grey), Twill (Bleached), Twill (Dyed), Longcloth, Poplin, Markin or Grey Shirting, Mull Nainsuk or Addhi, Voils, Chaddar, Sheeting, Bed Ticken, Sujnis and Bed Covers, Drill (Grey), Drill (Bleached), Drill (Dyed), Coating, Prints and mill-made Khadi.

Notification No. 231(O), dated the 21st February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th February, 1946, Pt. I, p. 402.)

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by the Textile Commissioner by his notification No. T. C. (14)/44, dated the 30th December 1944, as amended

his notification No. T. C.(14)10/45, dated 9th June 1945, I hereby issue the following direction under clause 18B(1) of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1943, viz.—

Mills may sell, deliver or offer for sale all “fents” produced by them to any licensed dealer.

Explanation.—“Fents” in this notification means pieces of cloth below 36” in length.

Notification No. 12749 D.C.S., dated the 22nd October, 1945 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1763.)

In exercise of the power conferred by clause 23 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Director-General of Enforcement and the Deputy Director-General of Enforcement who are not below the rank of District Magistrate to sanction the institution of prosecutions for contravention of any of the provisions of the said Order in any area included within the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 9179 D.C.S., dated the 6th July, 1945 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 12th July, 1945, pt. I, p. 1162.)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 24 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, I hereby authorise all officers of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of a Preventive Officer or an Inspector and all police officers under the administrative control of the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, of and above the rank of a Sub-Inspector to exercise the powers mentioned in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of the said paragraph.

Notification No. 9177 D.C.S., dated the 6th July, 1945 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 12th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1162.)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 26 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, I do hereby authorise all officers of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of a Preventive Officer or an Inspector and all police officers under the administrative control of the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, of and above the rank of a Sub-Inspector to exercise all the powers mentioned in the said paragraph.

Notification No. 10482 D.C.S., dated the 8th August, 1945 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 16th August, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1351.)

In exercise of the power conferred upon me by paragraph 29 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, I hereby authorise all officers of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of a Preventive Officer or an Inspector and all Police Officers under the administrative control of the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, of and above the rank of a Sub-Inspector to demand production for inspection of the license held under the said Order by any hawker, broker, commission agent or weaver.

Notification No. 10620 D.C.S., dated the 13th August, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 23rd August, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1385).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of paragraph 31 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to exempt—

- (a) all persons engaged in the manufacture of cloth at the institutions or other places mentioned in Schedule A below and all persons at the said institutions or other places engaged in the purchase of yarn for such manufacture of cloth, and
- (b) the members of the demonstration parties mentioned in Schedule B below engaged in the manufacture of cloth for the purpose of demonstration or in the purchase of yarn for such manufacture of cloth,

from the operation of the provisions of paragraph 5 (in so far as they relate to the amount of license fees payable) and of the provisions of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 6 of the said Order.

Schedule A.

[See "Calcutta Gazette" of the 23rd August, 1945, of Pt. I, p. 1385.]

Schedule B.

[See "Calcutta Gazette" of the 23rd August, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1385.]

Notification No. 11586 D. C. S., dated the 11th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th September, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1522).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of paragraph 31 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to exempt all persons manufacturing hosiery goods by using hand-plant and *charka* spinners from the operation of the provisions of paragraph 4 of the said Order.

Notification No. 13614 D. C. S., dated the 12th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1922).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (b) of clause 31 of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to exempt the Bengal Textiles Association from the operation of clause 5 of the said order in respect of payment of licence fees.

Notification No. 5(C), dated the 12th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2140).

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by clause 5 of the Conditions of License issued to them in Form B in Schedule II to the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, and also by sub-clause (1) of clause 13 of the said Order, I hereby, for the purposes of the said Order, direct all licensees under the said Order not to dispose of or deliver without a permit in writing issued by me in that behalf and otherwise than in accordance with such a permit, any yarn (to which the said Order applies and which is detailed in the Schedule below) arriving in Calcutta and the Industrial Area (as defined in paragraph 4 below) by railway, steamer, road, boat or, any other method irrespective of whether the goods are brought from within or outside the Province of Bengal.

2. All licensees who, in Calcutta and the Industrial Area receive any such yarn for sale or storage for sale from any place in Bengal or from outside Bengal whether by means of rail, steamer, road, boat or any other method, shall submit a detailed statement of the goods received with the invoices to me immediately after their arrival.

3. In the case of arrivals of any such cotton yarn whether by rail, steamer, road, boat or by any other method in areas in the Province of Bengal other than Calcutta and the Industrial Area, the detailed statement of the goods with proper invoices must immediately be submitted by the consignees or the persons on whose behalf the goods are brought, to the '[Controller] concerned and such yarn as detailed in the Schedule below must not be disposed of or delivered without a permission in writing from such '[Controller] and except in accordance with such permission.

²[*Explanation.*—"Controller" in this paragraph shall mean "Controllers" appointed by the Director General of Consumer Goods, Bengal, by notification No. CY (O)281, dated the 19th June, 1945.]

4. Calcutta and Industrial Area means Calcutta as defined in clause 3(b) of the said Order, and in addition includes the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Sadar and Serampore subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

5. This cancels all other previous Orders on the subject by the Provincial Textile Controller or Director of Textiles, Bengal.

Schedule.

Any type of yarn either manufactured wholly from cotton or manufactured partly from cotton and partly from any other material and containing not less than 10 per cent. cotton by weight including all kinds of hosiery yarn but excluding (i) single of ply yarn of 6½ count and below, and (ii) sewing thread prepared for sale as such.

Notification No. C. Y. (O), 776, dated the 12th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th September, 1945, Pt. I, p. 212).

In exercise of the powers vested in me by clause (ii) of paragraph 2 of notification No. 4166 (CY), dated 6th May 1945, Department of Civil Supplies, Government of Bengal, I hereby direct that all shops in Calcutta holding a retail license under the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, shall sell, deliver, or offer to sell or deliver any Indian mill-made saris, which have been hand-printed and have not been either tex-marked or price-marked, at a price not exceeding Rs. 7-8 per piece. Such saris may be sold both by cloth ration shops and by other cloth shops outside the Interim Rationing Scheme.

Notification No. C. Y. (O) 846, dated the 9th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1774).

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by clause 2, sub-clause (ii) of notification No. 4166CY., dated 6th May 1945, I hereby direct that any person possessing a license under the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, may sell, deliver, or offer for sale all Indian mill-made hand-printed cloth other than sarees, whether tex-marked or not tex-marked which has not been price-marked and that such cloth shall not be deemed to be "rationed cloth" within the meaning of the Bengal Cloth Rationing Order, 1945.

¹Substituted by notification No. (O) 119, dated the 28th January, 1946.

²Inserted *ibid*.

Notification No. C. Y. (O) 847, dated the 9th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1774).

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 2(ii) of notification No. 4166CY., dated 6th May 1945, I hereby direct that all holders of a Retail License (D) under the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, may sell, deliver, or offer for sale, all Indian mill-made cloth of the varieties shown in the schedule hereto attached subject to the sale being at not more than the controlled price stamped on the cloth.

Schedule.

Sujnis. Sheeting. Bed Ticking. Mosquito Netting. Bandage Cloth. Gauze. Cotton Flannel. Canvas.

Notification No. C. Y. (O) 845, dated the 9th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November 1945, Pt. I, p. 1774).

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 2(ii) of notification No. 4166CY., dated 6th May 1945, and in partial modification of my notification No. CY(O)776, dated 12th September 1945, I hereby direct that Indian mill-made hand-printed sarees which have been tex-marked and not price-marked may be sold, delivered or offered for sale at the following rates:—

In the case of mercerised cloth at a price not exceeding Rs. 3-4 per yard and in the case of non-mercerised cloth at a price not exceeding Rs. 2-3 per yard.

Notification No. C. Y. (O) 944, dated the 23rd November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 29th November 1945, Pt. I, p. 1571).

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 2(ii) of notification No. 4166CY., dated 6th May 1945, I hereby direct that all holders of a Retail License (D) under the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945, may sell, deliver, or offer for sale, all Indian mill-made cloth of the varieties shown in the schedule hereto attached, subject to the sale being at not more than the controlled price stamped on the cloth.

Schedule.

Cotton blankets.

Notification No. 202 (O), dated the 19th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th February, 1946, Pt. I, p. 403).

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by Government of India notification No. T. C. (15)/44, dated 30th December 1945, I hereby direct that all cotton piece-goods of which details have been supplied to the Textile Commissioner by wholesale dealers in accordance with his order No. C.Y.C.-2-18B-(1C), dated the 27th December 1945, may be disposed of by sale by such wholesale dealers, at the controlled prices, to any person holding the appropriate license under the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945. Retail dealers who have supplied similar details may similarly sell their detailed piece-goods to the public at controlled prices. In respect of sales by wholesale dealers of mosquito netting only the names of the persons to whom such sales have been made during the preceding fortnight, together with the quantity sold, should be notified to this Directorate on the 1st and 16th day of every month.

With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, notice of this order shall be given by publication of the same in the *Official Gazette*.

Notification No. 5814 (C. Y.), dated the 21st August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th August, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1061).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. This Order may be called the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Movements Control-Order, 1944.

2. In this Order—

(a) "cotton cloth" means any kind of cloth manufactured wholly or partly from cotton and includes—

(i) cloth made up into garments,

(ii) hosiery goods, and

(iii) handloom products;

(b) ¹["Director of Textiles"] means the Provincial Textile Controller, appointed under the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, ²[1945], and includes any officer authorised by him to perform the functions of the Provincial Textile Controller under this Order; and

(c) "yarn" means yarn manufactured wholly or partly from cotton and includes sewing thread.

3. No person shall move or cause to be moved by rail, road or water any consignment of cotton cloth or yarn from any place in Bengal to any place outside Bengal except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued in that behalf by the ¹[Director of Textiles] in the form annexed to this Order:

Provided that no such permit shall be required for moving cotton cloth or yarn—

(a) not exceeding ²[40] lbs. in weight at any time by a *bona fide* traveller as part of his personal luggage;

(b) under a valid licence issued under any other law; or

(c) by a member of His Majesty's Forces or by an officer of the Defence Service.

4 Applications for permits under paragraph 3 shall be made in triplicate to the ¹[Director of Textiles] in the Form annexed to this Order.

¹Substituted by notification No. 2436D.C.S., dated the 9th March, 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 9356D.C.S., dated the 10th July, 1945.

Form.

(See paragraphs 3 and 4.)

Application for permit under the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Movements Control Order, 1944.**PART I.****To**

The ¹[Director of Textiles],
Cotton Cloth and Yarn Movement Section,
P34, Mission Row Extension,
Calcutta.

Sir,

Kindly issue a permit under the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Movements Control Order, 1944, for the Movement by rail/road/water of cotton cloth/yarn, details of which are given below:—

1. Name and full address of consignor.
2. Name and full address of consignee.
3. Total Weight.
4. Total number of bales and quantity in yards.
5. Name of the place of despatch.
6. Name of the place of destination.
7. Full description of the cotton cloth/yarn.
8. Reasons why permit is wanted.

All details given above are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Place**Date***Signature of applicant.***PART II.**

(Not to be filled in by the applicant.)

Permit under the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Movements Control Order, 1944, is hereby granted to the consignor named in the application on reverse to move by rail/road/water _____ bales of cotton cloth/yarn of the quantities specified in the said application from _____ to _____

¹[Director of Textiles.]

Notification No. 5815 (C. Y.), dated the 21st August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th August, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1062).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. No consignment or any part thereof of any cotton cloth or yarn arriving at any of the railway or steamer stations or at the docks in Calcutta and the Industrial Area shall be delivered to the consignee or to anybody else, unless such delivery is authorised by an endorsement in writing to this

¹Substituted by notification No. 2436D.C.S., dated the 9th March, 1945.

effect made by the ¹[Director of Textiles] or an officer empowered by him in this behalf on the railway or steamer receipt or the bill of lading or any other document under which such consignment or part thereof is deliverable:

Provided that nothing in this Order shall apply to the delivery of any consignment—

- (1) the total weight of which does not exceed twenty pounds; or
- (2) which is booked under a Military Credit Note; or
- (3) to an officer of the Defence Services by designation.

2. No railway or steamer receipt or bill of lading or any other document under which any consignment or part thereof of any cotton cloth or yarn arriving at any of the railway or steamer stations or docks in Calcutta or the Industrial Area is deliverable shall be transferred by sale or otherwise to any person other than the consignee unless the ¹[Director of Textiles] has specially permitted such transfer by an order in writing.

3. A person at the time of presenting the railway or steamer receipts or bill of lading or other document to the ¹[Director of Textiles or the Officer empowered by the Director of Textiles under paragraph 1 for endorsement under the said paragraph] shall furnish a statement giving full particulars of the consignment and produce invoice and other papers in support of the statement.

4. In this Order—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and the port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;
- (2) "Cotton Cloth and Yarn" have the same meanings as in the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Movements Control Order, 1944;
- (3) "Industrial Area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of the 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Sadar and Serampore subdivisions of the district of Hooghly; and
- ¹(4) "Director of Textiles" means the Officer appointed by the Provincial Government as the Director of Textiles and includes any Additional Director or Deputy Director of Textiles.

Notification No. 2848 D. C. S., dated the 19th March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary," of the 27th March, 1945, p. 61).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Foreign Cotton Cloth Control Order, 1945.²

(2) It shall come into force at once.

¹Substituted by notification No. 4098D.C.S., dated the 19th April, 1945.

²This Order has since been repealed by notification No. 11645D.C.S., dated the 12th August 1945 as follows:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to repeal the Bengal Foreign Cotton Cloth Control Order, 1945, published under notification No. 2848D.C.S., dated the 19th March 1945, at page 61 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary* of the 27th March 1945:

Provided that the said Order shall be deemed to continue in force for the purpose of any investigation or proceeding, whether commenced before or after the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to any contravention of the said Order which has taken place before the said date.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or the context,—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;
- (2) "Cloth" means any type of cloth manufactured either wholly from cotton, or partly from cotton and partly from any other material and containing not less than ten *per centum* of cotton by weight, but does not include,—
 - (i) ready-made clothing other than *dhuties* and *saries*;
 - (ii) hosiery;
 - (iii) any articles which are Indian woollen goods as defined in the Indian Woollen Goods (Control) Order, 1944;
 - (iv) leather cloth and inferior or imitation leather cloth ordinarily used in book-binding;
 - (v) tracing paper; and
 - (vi) cloth manufactured partly from cotton and partly from wool and containing forty *per centum* or less of cotton by weight;
- (3) "consumer" means a person who acquires cloth by purchase or otherwise for his own consumption and not for the purpose of re-sale;
- (4) "foreign cloth" means cloth imported into India from any country outside India;
- (5) "dealer" means a person carrying on the business of selling cloth, either as a wholesaler or a retailer and whether or not in conjunction with any other business, and includes any person storing, or keeping in stock, cloth for sale;
- (6) "retail price" is the maximum price fixed by the Controller at which any foreign cloth to which the price so fixed relates, shall be sold to a consumer and not for the purpose of re-sale;
- (7) "Controller means,—
 - (a) in Calcutta, the officer appointed by the Provincial Government as Director of Textiles and includes any officer appointed by the Provincial Government as Additional or Deputy Director of Textiles, and
 - (b) elsewhere, the Subdivisional Magistrate in respect of the subdivision of a district in his charge.

3. No dealer holding in stock any foreign cloth shall sell, expose for sale, or cause or permit it to be sold or exposed for sale, except with the permission in writing of the Controller and in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

4. Any person holding in stock any foreign cloth as security or on behalf of a dealer, shall report to the Controller the name and address of the person by whom such security has been given or on whose behalf the cloth

is held, and also the quantity of the cloth held, and shall not without the permission in writing of the Controller sell, transfer or dispose of such cloth, or cause or permit it to be sold, transferred or disposed of.

5. Any dealer holding foreign cloth in stock shall within one month of the commencement of this Order submit to the Controller a true declaration of all such cloth in his possession or under his control in the form specified in the Schedule annexed to this Order and such declaration shall be accompanied by evidence of payment of a stamping fee of two annas per yard in such manner as the Provincial Government may direct.

6. (1) The Provincial Government, or any officer authorised in this behalf by the said Government, may fix the retail price of any foreign cloth in respect of which a declaration has been submitted to the Controller in Calcutta under paragraph 5.

(2) The Provincial Government, or any officer authorised in this behalf by the said Government, may also fix the retail price of any foreign cloth in respect of which a declaration has been submitted under paragraph 5 by a dealer in any area outside Calcutta to the Controller in respect of such area after such declaration has been forwarded to the Provincial Government, or such officer, by the Controller to whom it was submitted for the fixation of such price.

7. The Controller may, for the purposes of this Order, require any person to furnish him with such information, documents or samples as he considers necessary and such person shall be bound to comply with such requisition.

8. The Controller, or any officer authorised by him, shall stamp at one end of each piece of cloth in respect of which a declaration has been made under paragraph 5,—

(1) the TCB mark illustrated in paragraph 2 of notification No. T.C.-
(6)2/44, dated the 27th January, 1944, by the Textile Commissioner with the Government of India,

(2) the month and year of stamping, and

(3) the retail price.

9. Notwithstanding any previous contract to the contrary, no person shall sell, dispose of or deliver any foreign cloth to a consumer at a price exceeding the retail price marked on the cloth or to another dealer at a price which if increased by ten *per centum* would exceed the retail price marked on the cloth.

10. The Controller may direct a dealer to keep such accounts in regard to foreign cloth and submit such returns in respect thereof as the Controller may think necessary and the dealer shall comply with such direction. Such accounts and returns shall be in the English language.

11. Any person in possession of or having control over any foreign cloth shall give all reasonable facilities to the Controller or any officer authorised by him in writing in this behalf, for entering any premises where such cloth is stored and for inspecting, stamping or marking such cloth.

12. The Controller, or any officer authorised by him in writing in that behalf, may enter and search any premises when the Controller or the officer so authorised by him has reason to believe that there is foreign cloth stored in such premises in respect of which no declaration has been made as

required under paragraph 5 of this Order or in respect of which such a declaration has been made but reasonable facilities are not being given for stamping and marking, and may seize any such cloth.

13. No dealer shall have in his possession or under his control, any foreign cloth after the expiry of three months from the first day of the month following the month in which the mark referred to in clause (1) of paragraph 8 was stamped on the cloth.

14. Nothing in this Order shall apply to any foreign cloth landed at a port in India on or after the 14th October, 1944.

15. A Court trying any contravention of paragraph 5 or of any other provisions of this Order may, without prejudice to any other punishment it may inflict under the Defence of India Rules, direct that any cloth in respect of which it is satisfied that such contravention has occurred be forfeited to His Majesty.

The Schedule.

FORM OF DECLARATION.

[See paragraph 5.]

I submit the following particulars in regard to foreign cloth in my possession/under my control, and request that price may be fixed and marked on the cloth.

I herewith tender prescribed evidence of payment of the stamping fee.

1. Name of the declarant.
2. Licence No.
3. Subdivision and district.
4. Place of business and particulars of the premises where foreign cloth is held.
5. Particulars about the foreign cloth—
 - (a) Type of cloth.
 - (b) Manufacturer's name and markings.
 - (c) From whom purchased and when.
 - (d) If imported, (i) the exporter's invoice price, (ii) freight, insurance and other charges paid, (iii) custom duty.
 - (e) If not imported, give (i) price paid to the person from whom bought and (ii) address of the person.
 - (f) Have you any documents in support of the statement under (d) or (e)? If so, give particulars and, if possible, attested copies of these documents.
 - (g) Samples of each type of cloth.

I hereby declare that the particulars stated above are correct and true to the best of my belief and information.

Signature of the Declarant.

Date.....

Notification No. 3057 D. C. S., dated the 23rd March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 24th March, 1945, p. 55).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Calcutta Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Movements Restriction) Order, 1945.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order the words "Calcutta", "cloth" and "yarn" have the same meanings as in the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943.

3. (1) During the continuance in force of this Order, no person shall move any cloth or yarn from any place inside Calcutta to any place outside Calcutta, and no railway authority or steamship company shall accept any cloth or yarn for transport by such authority or company from any place inside Calcutta to any place outside Calcutta:

Provided that the provisions of this sub-paragraph shall not apply,—

- (a) to the movement of any used apparel, clothes or underclothes; or
- (b) to the movement of any cloth or yarn by His Majesty's forces; or
- (c) to the movement of any cloth or yarn for the movement of which a permit has been granted by the Director-General of Consumer Goods appointed by the Provincial Government, or by any officer authorised in this behalf by the said Director-General.

(2) Every application for a permit referred to in clause (c) of the proviso to sub-paragraph (1) shall be made in writing and in duplicate to the said Director-General, and every such application shall contain the names of the consignor and consignee of the cloth or yarn to be moved, a full description of such cloth or yarn and a description of the marks of identification on the boxes, bales or packages in which such cloth or yarn is contained.

4. A court trying any contravention of paragraph 3 of this Order may, without prejudice to any other sentence it may pass, direct that any cloth or yarn, in respect of which it is satisfied that such a contravention has occurred, shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

Notification No. 3816 D. C. S., dated the 12th April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 99).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Calcutta Industrial Area Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Movements Restriction) Order, 1945.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order—

- (a) "the Calcutta Industrial Area" means the area specified in the Schedule to this Order;
- (b) the words "Cloth" and "Yarn" have the same meanings as in the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943.

3. (1) During the continuance in force of this Order, no person shall move any cloth or yarn from any place inside the Calcutta Industrial Area to any place outside such area and no Railway Authority or Steamship Company shall accept any cloth or yarn for transport by such authority or company from any place inside the Calcutta Industrial Area to any place outside such area:

Provided that the provisions of this sub-paragraph shall not apply—

- (a) to the movement of any used apparel, clothes or underclothes; or
- (b) to the movement of any cloth or yarn by His Majesty's forces; or
- (c) to the movement of any cloth or yarn for the movement of which a permit has been granted by the Director-General of Consumer Goods appointed by the Provincial Government or by any Officer authorised in writing in this behalf by the said Director-General.

(2) Every application for a permit referred to in clause (c) of the proviso to sub-paragraph (1) shall be made in writing and in duplicate to the said Director-General, and every such application shall contain the names of the consignor and the consignee of the cloth or yarn to be moved, a full description of such cloth or yarn and a description of the marks of identification on the boxes, bales or packages in which such cloth or yarn is contained.

4. A Court trying any contravention of paragraph 3 of this Order may, without prejudice to any other sentence it may pass, direct that any cloth or yarn, in respect of which it is satisfied that such contravention has occurred, shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

The Schedule.

(A) The whole of police-stations (1) Budge-Budge, (2) Maheshtala, (3) Behala, (4) Tollygunge, (5) Metiabruz, (6) Dum-Dum, (7) Baranagore, (8) Khardaha, (9) Titaghur, (10) Barrackpore, (11) Noapara, (12) Jagaddal, (13) Naihati and (14) Bijpur, in the district of 24-Parganas.

(B) The whole of police-stations (1) Sibpore, (2) Bantra, (3) Howrah, (4) Golabari, (5) Malipanchgara and (6) Bally, in the district of Howrah.

(C) The whole of police-stations (1) Uttarpara, (2) Serampore, (3) Bhadreswar, (4) Chinsura and (5) Magra, in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 6523 S., dated the 24th December 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 28th December 1945 p. 601).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said rules that notice of the Order shall be given by the publication of the said Order in the *Official Gazette* and by the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining its provisions:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1946.

(2) It extends to the whole of the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(3) It shall come into force on the 1st day of January 1946.

2. The Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1944, is hereby repealed:

Provided that the repeal shall not affect any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any contravention of the said Order and that all proceedings commenced under the provisions of that Order shall be continued and, so far as may be, shall be deemed to have been commenced under the corresponding provisions of this order.

3. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) “Cloth” and “Yarn” mean respectively any type of cloth and yarn either manufactured wholly from cotton or manufactured partly from cotton and partly from any other material and containing not less than ten per centum cotton by weight, and “cloth” includes cloth made into garments, and yarn made into hosiery goods, but does not include articles which are Indian woollen goods as defined in the Indian Woollen Goods (Control) Order, 1944; and “Yarn” includes also all kinds of sewing thread and hosiery yarn;
- (b) “Controller” means the Deputy Commissioner, Chittagong Hill-tracts, and includes an officer authorised by the said Deputy Commissioner in writing to perform, subject to the general control and supervision of the Deputy Commissioner, all or any of the functions of the Controller under this Order;
- (c) “dealer” means a person other than a manufacturer, engaged in the business of buying and selling or storing for sale cloth or yarn or both, whether or not in conjunction with any other business, and includes, a wholesale dealer, a retail dealer, a hawker, a dealer in hosiery goods or yarn, a dealer in ready-made garments of cloth and the proprietor of a tailoring establishment,
- (d) “dealer in ready-made garments” means a person who engages in the business of buying and selling or making and selling or storing for sale ready-made garments other than *dhotis* and *saris*;
- (e) “hawker” means a person who goes from place to place or from house to house carrying or exposing for sale for consumption by the purchasers, cloth or yarn or both, or samples of cloth or yarn or both to be afterwards delivered to such purchasers;
- (f) “manufacturer” means a person engaged in the manufacture of cloth or yarn or both and includes a person who uses cloth or yarn or both as an accessory in the course of his trade, business or profession, but does not include a processor, weaver or a person who makes garments from cloth;
- (g) “processor” means a person other than a manufacturer or a weaver who is engaged in the work of carrying out any process on cloth or yarn, such as dyeing, bleaching, printing, embroidering or any similar process, which effects some permanent or semi-permanent change in the appearance of the cloth or yarn;
- (h) “retail dealer” means a dealer who sells cloth for consumption by the purchasers only and sells yarn to weavers only, and includes a tailoring establishment;
- (i) “weaver” means a person who manufactures cloth from yarn solely by manual power and includes a master weaver;
- (j) “wholesale dealer” means a dealer who sells cloth or yarn or both to a manufacturer or to another dealer.

4. No person shall, after the commencement of this Order, engage in any undertaking which involves the manufacture, purchase, sale or storage

for sale of cloth or yarn or both, unless he holds a license in this behalf under this order and except in accordance with the conditions specified in such license:

Provided that persons who were licensed under the Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1944 or who were engaged before the commencement of this Order in any undertaking which involves the manufacture of cloth or yarn or both shall be allowed two months from such commencement to obtain a license under this Order and during the said period of two months a license issued under the said Order and in force at the commencement of this Order shall, until a license is issued under this Order, be deemed to be a license issued under this Order:

Provided further that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to the manufacture of any cloth by any indigenous hillman by the use of his own household handloom for consumption in his own household.

5. All applicants for licenses under this Order, shall, for the purposes of this Order, be classified under one of the groups specified in Schedule I to this Order and the license fees payable by persons classified under any of the said groups shall be the amount specified against that group.

6. (1) All applications for the issue of licenses under this Order shall be made to the Controller in Form A as set forth in Schedule II to this Order.

(2) The Provincial Government may specify the manner in which the license fee referred to in paragraph 5 shall be paid and no license shall be issued unless the license fee payable in respect thereof under the said paragraph has been paid.

7. Licenses under this Order shall be issued by the "Controller" in Form B as set forth in Schedule II to this Order.

8. The Controller may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, refuse to grant a license under this Order.

9. (1) Every license issued under this Order shall specify—

- (a) the class of business in respect of which the license is granted;
- (b) the premises or the area in which the licensee shall carry on business; and
- (c) the premises or places where cloth or yarn may be stored by the licensee.

(2) A license issued under this Order shall ordinarily authorise the licensee to carry on business in any of the manners specified in the different items of the particular group in Schedule I to this Order under which he has been classified under paragraph 5:

Provided that it shall be competent for the Controller to restrict the licensee to the carrying on of business in the manner specified in any one or more of the items of the particular group under which he has been classified.

(3) A licensee who has been classified under any of the groups specified in Schedule I to this Order and has been granted a license under this Order authorising him to carry on business in the manner specified in any or all of the items under that group shall not carry on business in the manner specified in any of the items under any other group in that Schedule unless he has been specially permitted to do so by the Controller and unless he holds a separate license issued to him in that behalf under this Order.

(4) No licensee shall carry on his business or store any cloth or yarn to which the license relates except in the premises, area or places, as the case may be specified in his license.

(5) If the licensee intends to store any cloth or yarn in any place, premises or godown other than one of those already mentioned in the license, he shall intimate the address of such place, premises or godown to the Controller and shall not store any cloth or yarn in such place, premises or godown until the Controller has endorsed it on the license.

(6) If any licensee except a hawker is carrying on business in more than one place a separate license shall be taken for every such place of business. But hawkers will be allowed to hawk in any place within the subdivision for which they hold licenses.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-paragraph, a godown or any other premises or place where cloth or yarn to which the license relates is stored shall not be deemed to be a separate place of business.

10. Every license issued under this Order shall be valid up to the 31st December next following the date of its issue and may, at the discretion of the Controller, be renewed for successive periods of one year on application made in that behalf to the Controller and on payment of such license fee, as may be specified in this behalf by the Provincial Government:

Provided that the Controller may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, refuse to renew a license.

11. If a license granted under this Order is defaced, lost or destroyed, the Controller may after making such inquiry as he deems necessary, issue a fresh license in place thereof on payment of a fee of one rupee, and thereupon the license that has been defaced, lost or destroyed shall be deemed to be cancelled.

12. (1) Every dealer shall comply with any special or general directions issued to him in writing by the Controller for the purposes of this Order.

(2) Notwithstanding any order issued by any other authority, the Controller may from time to time issue directions to a dealer holding stocks of cloth or yarn to supply to such other dealers or persons, such quantities of cloth or yarn at such rates within such time as may be specified by the Controller and may from time to time issue such general or special directions to a dealer with regard to the storage, sale and transport of cloth or yarn as the Controller may deem fit.

(3) A dealer shall not sell in any one transaction to another dealer holding a license under this Order or to a weaver or to any other purchaser, as the case may be, cloth or yarn exceeding such quantity as may be specified in this behalf by the Controller.

13. (1) Every holder of a license issued under this Order shall furnish such information as the Controller or any officer authorised in this behalf in writing by the Controller may by general or special order demand of him for the purposes of this Order.

(2) Every wholesale dealer shall submit to the Controller before the seventh day of each calendar month a return of all cloth and yarn in his possession or under his control at the end of the first day of the month in which the return is submitted and every such return shall be in such form as may be specified by the Controller.

14. Every dealer shall keep in such form as may be specified in this behalf by the Controller such books of accounts and other records relating to his undertaking as the Controller may, by general or special order, direct.

15. Every holder of a license under this Order other than a hawker shall, by the 10th day of February, 10th day of May, 10th day of August and 10th day of November, in each year, submit to the Controller a true

statement of stocks of cloth and yarn held by him on the last date of the preceding month of January, April, July and October respectively in such form as may be specified by the Controller.

16. (1) Where the maximum prices of any cloth or yarn have not been fixed under clause 10 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945 the maximum prices at which such cloth or yarn may be sold shall be such as may be fixed by the Controller and the maximum prices so fixed may be different for different classes of cloth and yarn and for different classes of dealers.

(2) No person shall sell or offer to sell or purchase any cloth or yarn of which the maximum price has been fixed under the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, or under sub-paragraph (1) at a price higher than the maximum price so fixed.

17. Any officer authorised in this behalf by the Controller by general or special order in writing may enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that the manufacture, purchase, sale or storage for sale of any cloth or yarn is taking place contrary to the provisions of this Order.

18. No manufacturer of yarn shall sell yarn to any person other than a dealer holding a license in respect of purchase or sale or storage for sale of yarn under this Order.

19. (1) A dealer other than a hawker shall display in a conspicuous position at his place of business a list in the most commonly understood language of the locality showing the maximum legal price in respect of all such kinds of cloth in his shop or store as have prices stamped thereon and shall not withhold from sale any such cloth to any person on demand and offer of the maximum legal price.

(2) A hawker shall carry a list in the most commonly understood language of the locality showing the maximum retail prices of all such kinds of cloth carried or exposed for sale by him as have prices stamped thereon.

20. (1) Every dealer, other than a hawker, shall issue to every person who purchases any cloth or yarn from him a true cash memorandum or credit note, as the case may be, in respect of such purchase, of which such dealer shall keep a duplicate which shall be produced by such dealer for inspection on demand by the Controller or any officer authorised in writing by the Controller in this behalf, and which contains the following details, namely :—

- (a) the name, license number and address of the dealer;
- (b) the date of the transaction;
- (c) the name and address and license number (if any) of the purchaser;
- (d) a detailed description of goods sold;
- (e) the quantity sold;
- (f) the rate at which such goods were sold;
- (g) the unit of sale,

Explanation.—In this item, “unit” means the unit of quantity by reference to which the goods are sold;

- (h) the total price of each item of goods sold in the transaction; and
- (i) the salesman’s signature.

(2) The duplicate of every cash memorandum and every credit note issued under sub-paragraph (1) shall be preserved for one year from the date of issue.

21. A licensee shall surrender his license to the Controller for cancellation within one month of the date on which he ceases to carry on his business and shall at the time of so surrendering the license declare in writing before the Controller the stock held by him on the said date.

22. (1) No person, being the holder of a license under this Order, shall contravene any of the conditions subject to which he holds the license.

(2) The Controller may, if he is of opinion that any person holding a license under this Order has contravened any of the provisions of this Order, or any of the conditions of his license or any of the provisions of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945 or of any rule made under that Order cancel the license of such person without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against such person.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-paragraph (2), the Controller may, without giving any previous notice or without assigning any reason, suspend or cancel a license issued or renewed under this Order.

23. The Controller or any Officer authorised in writing by the Controller in this behalf by general or special order may, with a view to securing compliance with this Order—

(a) require any person to give any information in his possession with respect to any business carried on by that person or any other person;

(b) inspect or cause to be inspected any books or other documents as well as any stocks of cloth, belonging to or under the control of any person;

(c) enter and search or authorise any person to enter and search any premises in which the purchase or sale of any cloth or yarn is taking place or any cloth or yarn is stored or in which he has reason to believe that the purchase or sale of any cloth or yarn is taking place or any cloth or yarn is stored.

24. Any person searching any premises under the provisions of clause (c) of paragraph 23, may seal or cause to be sealed, in such manner as he may see fit, the premises so searched, or any box, bale or package in such premises, which contains or which he has reason to believe contains cloth or yarn, and he may also pack and seal in such manner as he may see fit any cloth or yarn in such premises which may be found in an unpacked condition, or instead of so sealing any such box, bale or package, or so packing and sealing any cloth or yarn, he may, if he deems it expedient, seize any such box, bale, package, cloth or yarn, in respect of which he has reason to believe that any contravention of this Order has occurred.

25. During the search of any premises under the provisions of clause (c) of paragraph 23 or at any time after such a search has been made, any person authorised in writing in this behalf by the Controller may enter or re-enter such premises and make an inventory of any cloth or yarn in such premises, and may for this purpose open any box, bale or package which contains, or which he has reason to believe contains, cloth or yarn and he may also for this purpose break any seal affixed to any box, bale, package, cloth or yarn and re-seal it in the same manner.

26. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 25 no person other than a person authorised in writing in this behalf by the Controller shall break or tamper with in any way any seal affixed under paragraph 24 or paragraph 25 to any box, bale or package or to any cloth or yarn packed under either of the said paragraphs or remove from any premises any box, bale, package, cloth or yarn to which a seal has been affixed under either of the said paragraphs.

27. Any person searching any premises under clause (c) of paragraph 23 may, by order in writing, direct the owner, occupier or person in charge or control of such premises, or any employee of such owner, occupier or person, to furnish him forthwith—

- (a) with any information in regard to any other premises owned, occupied or controlled in any way by such owner, occupier or person in charge or control of the premises so being searched, and the person so directed shall comply with such a direction to the best of his knowledge and belief;
- (b) with a true statement of the quantities of cloth and yarn of each different type or quality in the premises so being searched at the time of commencement of such search.

28. Every hawker, or weaver holding a license under this Order shall carry with him his license and produce it for inspection on demand by the Controller or by any officer authorised in writing in this behalf by general or special order by the Controller and every other person holding a license under this Order shall display his license in a conspicuous position at his place of business.

29. A Court trying any contravention of this Order may, without prejudice to any other sentence which it may pass, direct that any cloth or yarn in respect of which it is satisfied that such contravention has occurred shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

30. The Provincial Government may by general or special Order—

- (a) exclude any class of cloth or yarn specified in such Order from the operation of this Order;
- (b) exempt any person or class of persons from the operation of all or any of the provisions of this Order.

Schedule I.

(See paragraph 5.)

GROUP A—Rs. 10.

(*Wholesale dealers.*)

1. Wholesale dealers (cloth).
2. Wholesale dealers (yarn).
3. Wholesale dealers in hosiery goods.
4. Wholesale dealers in handloom cloth and handspun yarn.
5. Tailoring establishment (wholesale).
6. Wholesale dealers in ready-made garments other than tailoring establishment.

GROUP B—Rs. 5.

(*Retail dealers.*)

1. Retail dealers (cloth).
2. Retail dealers (yarn).
3. Tailoring establishment (retail).
4. Retail dealers in ready-made garments other than tailoring establishment.
5. Handloom cloth dealers (retail).
6. Retail dealers in sewing thread.
7. Retail dealers in bedding stores.
8. Retail dealers in hosiery goods.
9. Standard cloth dealers only.

GROUP C—Rs. 2.*(Hawkers.)*

1. Hawkers (cloth only).
2. Hawkers (yarn only).
3. Hawkers (dealing in ready-made garments other than tailoring establishment).

GROUP D—Rs. 1 per loom.

(Manufacturers of handloom cloth and handspun yarn including the right to hawk them.

Schedule II.**Form. A.**

Application No.....

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.**The Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1946.***Application for the grant of a license to deal in cloth/yarn.*

Class of license required. Group A/B/C/D.

1. Name of applicant to whom the license is to be issued.....
2. In the case of a firm—Names and addresses of all partners and whether any of them held any class of license under this order or any license for dealing in cloth/yarn.....
3. In the case of a joint stock company—Names and addresses of all directors and agents.....
4. In the case of a co-operative society—Names and addresses of the members of the managing body or officials appointed for the purpose.....
5. Exact address of the office, if it is different from the place of business, i.e., shops.....
6. Exact address of the place where business is to be conducted, i.e., shops.....
7. Exact address of the place or places of storage of yarn/cloth.....
8. (a) In what class of yarn/cloth business has the applicant previously carried on business and since when (English calendar date).....
- (b) Whether the applicant was in yarn/cloth business continuously from 1st January 1940 to 31st December 1942 (if only part of this period, give date) and in what class of business during the period.....
9. Whether the applicant had previously applied for a license under the Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1944, and if so, with what result.....
10. Number and place of issue of license, if any, granted under the Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1944.....
11. The class of license applied for (e.g., Group "B", 1 and 3), main business conducted.

12. Whether the applicant is a minor.
13. Whether the applicant has any license to deal in yarn/cloth in any part of India other than Bengal.....
14. Whether the applicant is a member or partner of any other firm or company holding a license to deal in yarn/cloth. If so, give the name and place of business of the firm or company.....
-

Signature.....

Dated.....194.....

Note.—A license granted under this Order is liable to cancellation if the information supplied in this form is found to be incorrect, or incomplete.

Form B.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Office of the Controller of Textiles.

License for the manufacture, sale or storage for sale of cloth or yarn.

1. License No.....of Group.....
2. Area.....
3. Name under which the undertaking is carried on.....
4. Address where the undertaking is carried on.....
5. Address of godown or other premises where yarn or cloth is stored
6. This license will expire on the 31st December 19 ..
7. The licensee shall hold the license subject to the conditions specified below.

Signature of the Controller.

Date.....

Conditions of License.

1. This license is being issued subject to the provisions of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1946.

2. The licensee, if a hawker shall carry with him his license when carrying on business and produce it for inspection on demand by the Controller or by any officer authorised in writing in this behalf by the Controller and if not a hawker, shall display his license in a conspicuous position at his place of business.

3. If the licensee intends to store any cloth or yarn in any place, premises or godown other than those already mentioned in the license, he shall intimate the address of such place, premises or godown to the Controller and shall not store any cloth or yarn in such place, premises or godown until the Controller has endorsed it on the license.

4. The licensee shall give all facilities to the Controller or to any person authorised in writing in this behalf by the Controller to inspect his stock and accounts at any shop, godown or other place used by him for the storage of cloth or yarn or both.

5. The licensee shall comply with all directions that may be given by the Controller in regard to the purchase, sale or storage of cloth or yarn or both.

6. The licensee if he is not a hawker, shall issue to every customer a true cash memorandum or credit note, as the case may be, giving his name, license number and address, the date of the transaction, the name and address and license number (if any) of the purchaser, a detailed description of goods sold, the quantity sold, the rate at which sold, the unit of sale, the total price of each item of goods sold and the salesman's signature, and shall keep a duplicate of the same to be available for inspection on demand by the Controller or any officer authorised in writing by the Controller in this behalf and shall preserve every such cash memorandum and credit note for one year from the date of issue.

7. If the licensee contravenes any of the provisions of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1946, or any of the conditions subject to which he holds this license or any of the provisions of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, or of any rule made under that Order, then without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him his license may be cancelled by the Controller.

8. Notwithstanding anything contained in clause 7, the Controller may without giving any previous notice or without assigning any reason suspend or cancel this license.

Notification No. 12S., dated the 19th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 475).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to specify the following licence fees which are to be paid at the time of making applications for licences under the said sub-paragraph, namely:—

- (a) In the case of an application by a wholesale-dealer—Rs. 10.
- (b) In the case of an application by a retail dealer—Rs. 5.
- (c) In the case of an application by a hawker—Re. 1.

Notification No. 1657 (Cy.), dated the 20th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 475).

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1944, I hereby direct that the licence fee to be paid at the time of making application for licences under the said sub-paragraph by a wholesale dealer, a retail dealer or a hawker shall be paid in the following manner, namely:—

the fee shall be paid into the Government Treasury under the head "Licence fees under Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1944", under head "L. I. Extraordinary Receipts—Other items" and on such payment the applicant shall enclose a receipted copy of the challan received by him from the Government Treasury with the application for licence under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1944, to show that such payment has been made.

Notification No. 13S., dated the 19th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 475).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 5 of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to specify the following licence fees to be paid for the renewal of licences under the said paragraph, namely:—

- (a) For every renewal of a licence by a wholesale dealer—Rs. 10.
- (b) For every renewal of a licence by a retail dealer—Rs. 5.
- (c) For every renewal of a licence by a hawker—Re. 1.

Notification No. 2775 (C. Y.), dated the 26th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 727).

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 12 of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1944, I hereby specify the following form to be the form in which the monthly return under sub-paragraph (1) of that paragraph shall be submitted, namely:—

"Form of Return.

Name of the dealer.....

Address of the dealer.....

Cotton cloth and yarn in stock on.....

Materials.	Stock in bales/yds.		Stock in pieces or cut pieces.	Total stocks.
	Bales.	Yds.	Yds.	Yds.
1. All cotton cloth normally sold on the yardage basis—				
(a) Imported				
(b) Manufactured by Indian mills and power looms. ..				
(c) Handloom products ..				
2. Dhotis and sarees—	Bales.	Nos.	Nos.	Nos.
(a) Imported				
(b) Manufactured by Indian mills and power looms. ..				
(c) Handloom products ..				
3. All other materials normally sold by numbers such as sheets, chaddars, towels, etc.—	Bales.	Nos.	Nos.	Nos.
(a) Imported				
(b) Manufactured by Indian mills and power looms. ..				
(c) Handloom products ..				
4. Anything not covered by the above, such as tents, etc.—	Bales.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.
(a) Imported				
(b) Manufactured by Indian mills and power looms. ..				
5. Yarn of all types—	Bales.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.
(a) Imported				
(b) Manufactured by Indian mills and power looms. ..				

Declaration.

I/We hereby declare that the above return correctly sets out the stocks of cotton cloth and yarn held by me
 the said (name and address of the dealer where the dealer is a firm or company) at (address of the premises where such stocks are held) and that separate and true returns are being submitted to the appropriate authorities in regard to all other stocks of cotton cloth and yarn held by me
 the said (name of the dealer, where the dealer is a firm or company) in other premises in the Chittagong Hill Tracts.

Signature of the dealer.

(or where the dealer is firm or company, signature of the proprietor, manager, secretary or managing agent of the firm or company
)

Note.—(1) The above form of return of stocks of cotton cloth and yarn is to be submitted only by wholesale dealers as defined in the Chittagong Hill-tracts Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1944.

(2) The return of stocks must be submitted before the seventh day of each month in respect of the stocks in the dealer's possession or under his control at the end of the first day of the month.

(3) Imported cotton cloth and yarn are covered by the provisions of this order and the return must therefore include not only stocks of cotton cloth and yarn manufactured in India including handloom products but also stocks of imported cotton cloth and yarn.

(4) Dealers shall submit the return in duplicate to the Provincial Textile Controller through the Deputy Commissioner, Chittagong-Hill Tracts.

(5) Dealers may submit return in manuscript forms."

Notification No. 6028D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 23rd April, 1945, p. 105).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (i) This Order may be called the Howrah Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Movements Restriction) Order, 1945.

(ii) It shall come into force at once.

(iii) It extends to the whole of the district of Howrah.

2. In this Order the words "cloth" and "yarn" have the same meanings as in the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943.

3. (1) During the continuance in force of this Order no person shall move any cloth or yarn from any place inside the district of Howrah to any place outside the district of Howrah, and no railway authority or steamship

company shall accept any cloth or yarn for transport by such authority or company from any place inside the district of Howrah to any place outside the district of Howrah :

Provided that the provisions of this sub-paragraph shall not apply,—

- (a) to the movement of any used apparel, clothes or underclothes; or
- (b) to the movement of any cloth or yarn by His Majesty's forces; or
- (c) to the movement of cloth or yarn for the movement of which a permit has been granted by the Director-General of Consumer Goods appointed by the Provincial Government or by any officer authorised in writing in this behalf by the said Director-General.

(2) Every application for a permit referred to in clause (c) of the proviso to sub-paragraph (1) shall be made in writing and in duplicate to the said Director-General, and every such application shall contain the names of the consignor and the consignee of the cloth or yarn to be moved, a full description of such cloth or yarn and a description of the marks of identification on the boxes, bales or packages in which such cloth or yarn is contained.

4. A Court trying any contravention of paragraph 3 of this Order may, without prejudice to any other sentence it may pass, direct that any cloth or yarn, in respect of which it is satisfied that such contravention has occurred, shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

Notification No. 6030 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 23rd April, 1945, p. 105).

Whereas with a view to securing compliance with the provisions of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943, it is expedient to provide for the search of premises in the district of Howrah and for certain other supplementary matters;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order applies to the district of Howrah.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order the words "cloth" and "yarn" have the same meanings as in the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943.

3. During the continuance in force of this Order, any police officer not below the rank of Sub-Inspector, and any other person authorised in this behalf by order in writing of the District Magistrate of Howrah or of the Director-General of Enforcement appointed by the Provincial Government, may at any time enter and search any premises in which cloth or yarn is stored or in which he suspects or has reason to believe that cloth or yarn is stored.

4. Any police officer or person searching any premises under the provisions of paragraph 3 of this Order, may seal or cause to be sealed, in such manner as he may see fit, the premises so searched or any box, bale, or package in such premises, which contains or which he suspects or has reason to believe contains cloth or yarn, and he may also pack and seal in such

manner as he may see fit any cloth or yarn in such premises which may be found in an unpacked condition, or instead of so sealing any such box, bale or package or so packing and sealing any cloth or yarn, he may, if he deems it expedient, seize any such box, bale, package, cloth or yarn, in respect of which he has reason to believe any contravention of the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1943, has occurred.

5. During the search of any premises under this Order, or at any time after such a search has been made, any police officer not below the rank of Sub-Inspector or any person authorised in writing in this behalf by the District Magistrate of Howrah or by the Director-General of Enforcement appointed by the Provincial Government, may enter or re-enter such premises and make an inventory of any cloth or yarn in such premises, and may for this purpose open any box, bale or package which contains or which he suspects or has reason to believe contains, cloth or yarn and he may also for this purpose break any seal affixed to any such box, bale, package, cloth or yarn and re-seal it in the same manner.

6. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 5 of this Order, no person, other than a police officer authorised in writing in this behalf by the District Magistrate or the Superintendent of Police of Howrah, shall break or tamper with in any way any seal affixed under paragraph 4 or paragraph 5 to any box, bale or package, or to any cloth or yarn packed under the said paragraph, or remove from any premises any box, bale, package, cloth or yarn to which a seal has been affixed under either of the said paragraphs.

7. Any police officer or person searching any premises under paragraph 3 may, by order in writing, direct the owner, occupier or person in charge or control of such premises, or any employee of such owner, occupier or person to furnish him forthwith,—

(a) with any information in regard to any other premises owned, occupied or controlled in any way by such owner, occupier or person in charge or control of the premises so being searched, and the person so directed shall comply with such a direction to the best of his knowledge and belief;

(b) with a true statement of the quantities of cloth and yarn of each different type or quality in the premises so being searched at the time of commencement of such search.

8. Any Court trying any contravention of paragraph 6 or paragraph 7 of this Order, may, without prejudice to any other sentence it may pass, direct that any box, bale or package of cloth or yarn in respect of which it is satisfied that such contravention has occurred, shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

Notification No. 9645 D.C.S., dated the 17th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1246).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of notification No. 5815(C.Y.), dated the 21st August 1944, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. No carrier shall deliver any parcel or consignment of cloth or yarn from a railway or steamer station or any other place within the areas mentioned in column I of the Schedule appended to this Order unless the railway receipt, bill of lading or other document under which the consignee is

entitled to receive delivery of the parcel or consignment is countersigned by any of the officers specified in the corresponding entries in column II of the said Schedule:

Provided that no such countersignature will be necessary where the parcel or consignment of cloth or yarn,—

- (i) belongs to His Majesty;
- (ii) is booked under a Military Credit Note; or
- (iii) does not exceed twenty pounds in weight.
- (iv) belongs to the Bengal Textile Association formed under the provisions of the Bengal Textile Association Ordinance, 1945, and is in respect of bales received from outside Bengal.

2. In this order,—

- (a) “cloth” and “yarn” have the same meanings as in the Bengal Cotton Cloth and Yarn Control Order, 1945;
- (b) “carrier” means a Port Authority or a Railway Administration and includes a company whether incorporated or not, a firm whether registered or not or any other person engaged in the business of carrying goods;
- (c) “Calcutta and Industrial Area” means—
 - (i) the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908,
 - (ii) the Sadar subdivisions of the districts of Howrah, Hooghly and the 24-Parganas, and
 - (iii) the Serampore subdivision of the district of Hooghly.

The Schedule.

Column I.

Column II.

- | | |
|---|---|
| (i) Calcutta and Industrial Area | .. (i) The Director of Textiles or an Additional Director of Textiles appointed by the Provincial Government or an officer authorised in this behalf by either of them in writing. |
| (ii) Any subdivision of Bengal other than those included within Calcutta and Industrial Area. | (ii) (a) The Director of Textiles or an Additional Director of Textiles appointed by the Provincial Government or an officer authorised in this behalf by either of them in writing ; or
(b) The District Controller of Civil Supplies of the district within which the subdivision concerned is situated or in his absence the District Magistrate of such district ; or
(c) The Subdivisional Controller of Civil Supplies of the subdivision concerned or in his absence the Subdivisional Magistrate of such subdivision. |

Notification No. 1154D.C.S., dated the 23rd January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 31st January, 1946, Pt. I, p. 266).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of notification No. 2662-(S.C.), dated the 25th August 1944, published at page 1080 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 31st August, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that with effect from the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, the maximum prices of cloths described below which are distributed by Government and known as "Standard Cloths" and bear the Standard Marking specified below, shall for the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill Tracts, be as follows:—

Schedule of prices of Standard Cloth.

[Not printed here.]

Notification No. 2743D.C.S., dated the 26th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 28th February, 1946, Pt. I.)

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in partial supersession of notification No. 1154D.C.S., dated the 23rd January, 1946, published at page 266 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 31st January, 1946, the Governor is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 28th February, 1946, the maximum prices of cloths described below which are distributed by Government and known as "Standard Cloths", and bear the Standard Marking specification below, shall for the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-Tracts, be as follows and to direct further with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said rules that notice of the Order shall be given by the publication of the same in the *Calcutta Gazette*:—

Schedule of prices of Standard Cloth.

[Not printed here.]

(v) ELECTRICITY.

Notification No. 2305 Com., dated the 28th June, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st July, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1138).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

¹[1. On the application of a licensee to whom a license has been granted under section 3 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, or of a person engaged in the business of supplying electrical energy to the public with the previous sanction of the Provincial Government under sub-section (1) of section 28 of the said Act in the Province of Bengal, the Provincial Government shall, on being satisfied that a surcharge in terms of this Order is desirable, by order fix the rate of surcharge on the amount of each bill for the supply of electrical energy by such licensee or person at an amount not exceeding—

(a) in the case where diesel oil or steam is used by such licensee or person for the generation of electricity, twenty-five per cent., and

¹Substituted by notification No. 3939 Com., dated the 18th September, 1945.

(b) in the case where hydro-electric power is used by such licensee or person for the generation of electricity, fifteen per cent.

of the amount of each such bill calculated in accordance with the lowest rates charged by such licensee or person for the supply of electrical energy between the 1st September, 1939, and the 30th April, 1943, notwithstanding that the maximum rate or charge for the supply of electrical energy chargeable by such licensee or other person in accordance with the conditions of the license or sanction is thereby exceeded.]

2. No surcharge shall be levied under paragraph 1 if the profits of the licensee or other person ¹[concerned] exceed after the levy of such surcharge the amount of profits of such licensee or person in the year immediately preceding the 3rd September, 1939:

Provided that in calculating the profits after the levy of the surcharge due regard shall be had to any additional business secured and to any increase in the units of electrical energy generated and sold since the said date:

Provided further that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to licensees to whom license has been granted under section 3 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, or other persons who have obtained previous sanction under sub-section (1) of section 28 of the said Act after the said date.

3. In calculating the amount of a bill by a licensee or other person for the purposes of ¹[the levy of surcharge under paragraph 1], the electricity duty leviable under the Bengal Electricity Duty Act, 1935, or any rebate allowed by such licensee or other person on charges for the supply of electrical energy shall not be taken into consideration.

¹[4. (1) Upon the rate of a surcharge being fixed by the Provincial Government in accordance with this Order it shall not be lawful for the licensee or person concerned to supply energy at other than charges surcharged at the rate so fixed:

Provided that no surcharge shall be effective upon charges contained in any bill covering any energy supplied before the making of the relevant order by the Provincial Government:

Provided further that no surcharge shall be effective upon the charges for the supply of energy under any contract entered into after the 1st May, 1942, unless such contract provides for the same charges for energy as have been contained in similar previous contracts for similar supply by the event of dispute by any party interested the licensee or person concerned (as to which in final) or unless and to such extent as such application may be expressly ordered by the Provincial Government.

(2) The rate of charges of the licensee or other person for the supply of electrical energy in respect of which a surcharge is levied and the rebate allowed shall be shown in a footnote in the first decision of the Provincial Government shall be bill sent by the licensee or such person to the consumer in which such surcharge is levied.

5. The provisions of this Order shall apply notwithstanding anything contained in any other law or in any license or sanction granted under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, or in any contract or requisition for the supply of energy.]

¹Substituted by notification No. 3939 Com., dated the 18th September, 1945.

Notification No. 3374 Com., dated the 30th September, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th October, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1531).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

Notwithstanding any provision contained in the Calcutta Electric Licence, 1907, requiring the supply of direct current energy at low or medium pressure to consumers within specified areas of the licensee's area of supply, it shall be competent for the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, having its office at Victoria House, Calcutta, the licensee under the said licence, to supply alternating current energy to the United States Army Signals Department located on the third floor of the premises known as The Hindusthan Insurance Company's Building, Chittaranjan Avenue, Calcutta, subject to the following conditions, namely:—

- (i) that the service line to the said Hindusthan Insurance Company's Building shall consist of a 4-crore 0.0225 square inch underground cable laid by the shortest convenient route between Victoria House, Chowringhee Square, and the said Hindusthan Insurance Company's Building;
- (ii) that the service line shall be for the exclusive use of the said United States Army Signals Department and no tapping shall be taken therefrom; and
- (iii) that the supply of alternating current energy shall only be available to the said United States Army Signals Department.

Notification No. 1960 Com., dated the 13th June, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 792).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. Notwithstanding anything contained in any agreement between the licensees mentioned in Schedule I annexed to this Order and their consumers, the supply of electrical energy by such licensees and consumption thereof by their consumers ¹[in public cinemas shall be subject to the conditions specified in paragraph 2].

¹2. (1) The interval during the cinematograph exhibitions at any public cinema shall not exceed a period of five minutes and no person shall exhibit or permit to be exhibited by the use of electrical energy at any public cinema any film or slide of the nature of trailers and advertisements except during such interval:

Provided that nothing in this sub-paragraph shall apply to the exhibition of any film or slide of the nature of trailers and advertisements which have, for the purpose of propagation of information, been previously approved by the Provincial Government or any officer authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3354 Com., dated the 14th August 1945.

(2) The lighting arrangements in the auditoriums and halls of public cinemas shall be reduced to the minimum in the manner directed by the Provincial Government.]

Schedule I.

1. Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited.
2. Gouripur Electric Supply Company, Ltd.
3. Dishergarh Power Supply Co., Ltd.
4. Associated Power Supply Co., Ltd.
5. Dacca Electric Supply Co., Ltd.
6. Electric Supply Company of Burdwan, Ltd.
7. Mymensingh Electric Supply Co., Ltd.
8. Bankura Electric Supply.
9. Midnapore Electric Supply.

Notification No. 2112Com., dated the 26th June, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 29th June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 841).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

Notwithstanding any provision contained in the Calcutta Electric Licence, 1907, requiring the supply of direct current energy at low or medium pressure to consumers within specified areas of the licensee's area of supply, it shall be competent for the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Ltd., having its office at Victoria House, Calcutta, the licensee under the said licence, to supply alternating current energy to premises No. 2, Waterloo Street, Calcutta, so long as the said premises are occupied by the United States Army Department, subject to the following conditions, namely:—

- (1) that the supply shall be given from the alternating current supply at the Great Eastern Hotel, Ltd., Calcutta;
- (2) that the supply shall be at a pressure of 400 volts between phases or at a pressure of 230 volts between a phase and the neutral conductors;
- (3) that the supply shall be for the exclusive use of the United States Army Department; and
- (4) that the supply shall be discontinued when no longer required by the United States Army Department.

(vi) FOOD AND FOODGRAINS.

Notification No. 274 D.C.S., dated the 13th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 14th January, 1944, p. 7).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order:—

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*—(1) This Order may be called the Bengal Essential Foodgrains Possession and Storage Order, 1944.¹

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

(3) It shall come into force in such areas and on such dates as the Provincial Government may by notification in the *Official Gazette* direct.

2. *Definitions.*—In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "essential foodgrains" means any of the foodgrains specified in the Schedule to this Order; and

(b) "maund" means the weight equivalent to a standard maund of 40 seers of 80 tolas per seer.

*3. *Restrictions on possession and storage of essential foodgrains.*—No person other than a person licensed under the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, shall, after the date on which this Order comes into force, have in his possession or under his control any quantity of essential foodgrains in excess of 20 maunds except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit granted in this behalf by an officer authorised for this purpose by the Provincial Government:

Provided that nothing in this Order shall apply to the possession or storage [of any quantity not exceeding 500 maunds] by any person of essential foodgrains produced by himself or members of his family with or without the help of paid labourers or by the *adhiers*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars* of such person.

Explanation.—In the case of a household the stocks of essential foodgrains in the possession or under the control of the various members of the household shall be deemed for the purposes of this Order to be in the possession or under the control of the head of the household.

¹This Order has since been repealed by notification No. 14594 D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945, as follows:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to repeal the Bengal Essential Foodgrains Possession and Storage Order, 1944, with effect from the 13th December, 1945:

Provided that the said Order shall be deemed to continue in force for the purpose of any investigation or proceedings, whether commenced before or after the said 13th December, 1945, relating to any contravention of the said Order which has taken place before the said date.

II. With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is further pleased to direct that notice of this Order shall be given by the publication of this Order in the *Calcutta Gazette* and by the issue of a press-note explaining its provisions.

*With effect from the 25th September, 1945, the Agriculture Department is exempted from the operation of clause 3 of this Order for the purpose of storage of paddy seeds, *vide* notification No. 12159 D.C.S., dated the 27th September, 1945.

¹Inserted by notification No. 7290 D.C.S., dated the 23rd May, 1945.

4. Every permit granted under this Order shall specify the quantity of the essential foodgrains which may be kept or stored ¹[in excess of the quantity which may be kept or stored without permit under paragraph 3 of this Order] and every person to whom such a permit has been granted shall send to the officer who issued the permit, a true and correct return of such essential foodgrains held by him for himself or on behalf of other persons during each calendar month on the last day of such month so as to reach him not later than the 7th day of the next succeeding month.

5. Any officer authorised by the Provincial Government or a District Magistrate in this behalf by a general or special order may enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that any essential foodgrains is being possessed or stored contrary to the provisions of this Order.

6. If any person contravenes the provision of paragraph 3 or paragraph 4 of this Order, then without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, any Court trying the offence shall order that any stocks of foodgrains together with the packages and coverings thereof in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of opinion that the direction should not be made in respect of the whole, or as the case may be, a part of the property.

Schedule.

Rice husked. Rice in the husk.

Notification No. 275 D.C.S., dated the 13th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 14th January, 1944, p. 8).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Essential Foodgrains Possession and Storage Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 1st of February, 1944, throughout the Province of Bengal except in the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of the 24-Parganas; and

(4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

¹Substituted, *ibid*.

²Substituted by notification No. 6541 F.G.(Pro), dated the 30th December, 1944.

Notification No. 321 F.G., dated the 17th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th January, 1944, Pt. I, p. 70).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodgrains Possession and Storage Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise all the Deputy and Additional Deputy Directors of Civil Supplies to grant permits under the said paragraph within their respective jurisdictions.

Notification No. 1087 D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th February, 1944, Pt. I, p. 261).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodgrains Possession and Storage Order, 1944, and in supersession of notification No. 321 F.G., dated the 17th January, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers mentioned in column 1 of the table below in respect of areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table to grant permits under the said paragraph:—

Officers.	Areas.
All Regional Controllers of Procurement	Within their respective regions.
All Deputy Regional Controllers of Procurement.	Within their respective jurisdictions.
District Magistrates and District Controllers of Civil Supplies, Faridpur, Dacca, Tippera, Noakhali and Chittagong.	Within their respective districts.

Notification No. 1088 D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th February, 1945, Pt. I, p. 261).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 5 of the Bengal Essential Foodgrains Possession and Storage Order, 1944, and in supersession of notification No. 322 F.G., dated the 17th January, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers mentioned in column 1 of the table below in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table to enter upon and inspect any premises in which any such officer has reason to believe that any essential foodgrain is being possessed or stored contrary to the provisions of the said Order:—

Officers.	Areas.
1	2
All Regional Controllers of Procurement	Within their respective regions.
All Deputy and Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement.	Within their respective jurisdictions.
All Inspectors of Civil Supplies	Within their respective jurisdictions.

Notification No. 9298 D.C.S., dated the 9th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1202).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 5 of the Bengal Essential Foodgrains Possession and Storage Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased

to authorise each officer of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of a Preventive Officer or an Inspector, to enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that any essential foodgrain is being possessed or stored contrary to the provisions of the said Order.

Notification No. 1728 D. C. S., dated the 4th March, 1944.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of the order published under notification No. 269D.C.S., dated the 13th January, 1944, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

(3) It shall come into force in such areas and on such dates as the Provincial Government may, by notification in the official gazette, direct.

¹[2. In this Order—

²[(1) “essential foodstuff” means—

(a) in the Calcutta Industrial Area any foodstuff specified in Schedule I to this Order,

(b) in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area any foodstuff specified in Schedule IA to this Order, and

(c) in any other area any foodstuff specified in Schedule IB to this Order.]

(2) “normal quantity” of any essential foodstuff means—

(a) in the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area, the quantity specified in respect of such foodstuff in Schedule II to this Order, and

(b) in any other area, the quantity specified in respect of such foodstuff in Schedule III to this Order;

(3) the expressions “Calcutta Industrial Area” and “Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area” have the same meanings as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.]

3. No person shall bring any essential foodstuff by land or by water into any area in which this Order is in force, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit granted in this behalf by an officer authorised for this purpose by the Provincial Government.

4. No person shall have in his possession or under his control, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence granted in this behalf by an officer authorised for this purpose by the Provincial Government more than the normal quantity of any essential foodstuff.

Explanation.—In the case of a person who is a householder the normal quantity shall be deemed to be the aggregate of the normal quantities specified for each member of his household including any servants living in and forming part of the household.

¹Substituted by Notification No. 10200D.C.S., dated the 31st July, 1945.

²Substituted by Notification No. 214D.C.S., dated the 5th January, 1946.

5. (1) A permit under paragraph 3 or a licence under paragraph 4 shall be issued in such form as the Provincial Government may, by notification in the official gazette, direct.

(2) The Provincial Government may, by notification in the official gazette, specify—

(a) the scale of fees leviable in respect of any such permit or licence, and

(b) the manner in which such fees shall be payable.

6. Any officer authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf by a general or special order may enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that any essential foodstuffs is being possessed or held contrary to the provisions of this Order.

7. (1) If any person contravenes the provisions of paragraph 3 or paragraph 4 of this Order, then without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, '[the court trying the offence shall order] that any stock of any essential foodstuffs together with the packages and coverings thereof in respect of which the court is satisfied that the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty ²[unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the court is of opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole, or as the case may be, a part of the property].

(2) Any essential foodstuff moved or attempted to be moved in contravention of paragraph 3 of this Order shall be liable to seizure by such persons as the Provincial Government may determine.

8. The provisions of this Order shall not apply to the movement or possession of any essential foodstuff by or on behalf of the Crown or His Majesty's forces or the forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty.

9. The Provincial Government may by order exempt any person or class of persons from any or all of the provisions of this Order, subject to such conditions, if any, as may be specified in such Order.

Schedule I.

(1) Rice husked and in the husk.

(2) Wheat, *atta*, flour ³[and *suji*].

(3) Sugar.

⁴[(4) Mustard oil.

Explanation.—In this Schedule, "Mustard oil" has the same meaning as in the notification No. 12202D.C.S., dated the 27th September, 1945, as amended by notification No. 213D.C.S., dated the 5th January, 1946.]

[Schedule IA.

(1) Rice husked and in the husk.

(2) Wheat, *atta*, flour and *suji*.

(3) Sugar.]

¹Substituted by Notification No. 374D.C.S., dated the 9th January, 1946.

²Added by Notification No. 10200D.C.S., dated the 31st July, 1945.

³Inserted by Notification No. 6950D.C.S., dated the 10th July, 1944.

⁴Added by Notification No. 214D.C.S., dated the 5th January, 1946.

[Schedule I B.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat, *atta*, flour and *suji*.
- (3) Sugar.
- (4) Salt except rock salt (*Saindhab*.)

Schedule II.

Essential foodstuff.	Normal quantity.		
	Person of the age of 12 years and over.	Child of the age of 2 years and over and under 12 years.	Child under the age of 2 years.
1. Rice (husked or in the husk), wheat, <i>atta</i> , flour ² [and <i>suji</i> singly or] in any combination.	8 units ..	4 units ..	² [2 units.]
2. Sugar	8 units ..	8 units ..	8 units.
³ 3. Mustard oil	8 units ..	8 units ..	Nil.

Explanation.—A unit for the purposes of this Schedule shall have the same value as laid down in Schedule C to the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943.

[Schedule III.

Normal quantity.

Essential foodstuff.	Person above the age of 8 years.	Person of the age of 8 years and below.
1. Rice husked and in the husk, wheat, <i>atta</i> and flour singly or in any combination.	16 seers	8 seers.
2. Sugar	1 seer	1 seer.
3. Salt except rock salt (<i>Saindhab</i>).	8 chataks	8 chataks.]

Notification No. 8695 D.C.S., dated the 30th August, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th September, 1944, p. 215).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 4th September, 1944, in the area specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

The *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by C. S. khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

¹Inserted by Notification No. 10200 D.C.S., dated the 31st July, 1945.

²Substituted by Notification No. 88211 D.C.S., dated the 2nd September, 1944.

Notification No. 270D.C.S., dated the 13th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 14th January, 1944, p. 6).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 15th of January, 1944, in the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (II) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of the 24-Parganas; and

(4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 1730D.C.S., dated the 4th March, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 4th March, 1944).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 6th March, 1944, in the area specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (II) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) the port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; and

(4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 3721D.C.S., dated the 29th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 1st May, 1944, p. 141).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 1st day of May, 1944, in the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

1. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar, and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas.

2. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah, and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 10222 D.C.S., dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th August, 1945, p. 191).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 6th August, 1945, in the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

I. (1) The whole of police-stations (a) Kotwali, (b) Lalbagh and (c) Sutrapur in the district of Dacca and the mauza Bara Magbazar bearing J. L. No. 280 in the C. S. Khatians within the police-station Tejgaon in the said district.

(2) The part of mauza No. 286 Rajarbagh covered by C. S. plot Nos. 270 to 286 and 1129 within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

(3) That part of mauza No. 342 Brahman Chiran which falls within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

II. (1) The municipality of Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(2) The part of mauza Masdair bearing J. L. No. 191 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 192, 467 to 473, 475 to 481, 781 and 789 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(3) The part of mauza Isdair bearing J. L. No. 192 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 167, 174 to 186, 188 to 192, 196, 198 and 206 to 218 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(4) The part of mauza Chasara bearing J. L. No. 189 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 1 to 65 and 67 to 84 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(5) The part of mauza Khanpur bearing J. L. No. 193 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 302, 303 and 307 to 330 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(6) The premises of—

(a) the Lakshinarayan Cotton Mills, Limited,

(b) the Narayangunj Company, Limited,

(c) the Chittaranjan Cotton Mills, Limited,

(d) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 2, Limited,

(e) the Sonachara Dock of the India General and River Steam Navigation Company, Limited,

(f) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 1, Limited, and

(g) the Bose's Glass Factory,

covered by C. S. plot Nos. 538, 541 to 550, 552, 553, 590 to 593, 596, 597, 599 to 605, 607 to 652, 661 to 729, 1026, 1038, 1042 to 1069, 1079, 1080, 1467 to 1470, 1483 to 1491, 1513 to 1524 and 1882 to 1890 in mauza Godnail bearing J. L. No. 204 within the police-station Fatulla, C. S. plot Nos. 487 to 498, 500 to 503, 509 to 520, 659 to 678 and 719 to 749 in mauza Laksmankhola bearing J. L. No. 206 within the police-station Narayangunj and C. S. plot Nos. 694 to 697, 729, 730, 732 to 735, 737 to 844, 855 to 906,

2199 to 2205, 2134, 2135, 2137, 1056, 1057 and 2182 to 2198 in mauza Dhamghar bearing J. L. No. 207 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(7) The premises of the Landale and Clarke and Company covered by C. S. plot Nos. 494 and 502 in mauza Madangunj bearing J. L. No. 252 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 12890 D.C.S., dated the 25th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1764).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 5th November, 1945, in the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

(1) The municipality of Comilla in the district of Tippera.

(2) So much of mauza Sashangachha bearing jurisdiction list No. 447 as is covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 225 to 227, 238 to 240, 458, 459, 503 and 506 to 519 within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

(3) So much of mauza Dharampore, bearing jurisdiction list No. 227 as is covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 114 to 116, 135, 136, 175 and 395 within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

Notification No. 14247 D.C.S., dated the 1st December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 6th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2031).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 4th February, 1946, in the area specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

Village Saydabad within mauza Dayaganj bearing jurisdiction list No. 340 in police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 1583 D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 11th February, 1946, in the municipality of Chittagong.

Notification No. 2820 D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 11th day of March, 1946, in the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

(1) The municipality of Darjeeling including Lebong Cantonment and Jalapahar Cantonment in the district of Darjeeling.

(2) The area known as Fulbari Bustee bounded on the north, east and west by the Pandam Tea Gardens and on the south by the Municipality of Darjeeling.

(3) The area known as Rajbari Bustee bounded on the North by the Municipality of Darjeeling, on the East by Kotwali *Jhora*, on the West by *Kag Jhora* and on the South by the Arya Tea Gardens.

(4) The municipality of Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(5) The whole of the Bong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(6) The whole of the Bhalukhop Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(7) The whole of the Dongra Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(8) The whole of the Kalimpong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(9) The whole of the Sindipong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(10) The whole of the Pudung Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(11) The whole of the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes land within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(12) The municipality of Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(13) The area known as Kharee Bustee bounded on the north by the Dilaram Tea Estate, on the west by the Ringtong Tea Estate, on the south by uncultivated land and on the east by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(14) The area known as Goethal's Siding bounded on the north by forest land, on the west by the Hill Cart Road, on the south by *Jhora* No. 501, on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(15) The area known as St. Mary's Bustee bounded on the north by *Jhora* No. 501, on the west by the Hill Cart Road and eastern boundary of St. Alphonsus' School Compound, on the south by St. Helen's *Jhora*, Dow Hill Road and Northern Dow Hill School Compound and on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(16) The area known as Burbong Bustee bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and forest land, on the west and south by the strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from Upper Giddapahar and on the east by the Majhua Tea Estate and forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(17) The area known as Upper Giddapahar bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and a strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from the Upper Giddapahar, on the west and south by the Hill Cart Road and on the east by the Gumti Tea Estate and Majhu Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(18) The area known as Lower Giddapahar bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola Bustee and Hill Cart Road, on the west by the Castleton Tea Estate and the Robini Tea Estate and on the east by the Robini Tea Estate and Giddapahar Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(19) The area known as Dhobi Khola Bustee bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola *Jhora*, on the west by the Dhobi Khola *Jhora* and the Castleton

Tea Estate, on the south by the Castleton Tea Estate and the northern boundary of Lower Giddapahar and on the east by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

Notification No. 271 D. C. S., dated the 13th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 14th January, 1944, p. 6).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Special Officers under the Controller of Rationing to grant licences under the said sub-paragraph.

Notification 2627 D. C. S., dated the 31st March, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 6th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 372).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Controller of Rationing and the Special Officers under the Controller of Rationing to grant permits under the said paragraph.

Notification No. 2935 F. G. (Pro.), dated the 3rd May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th May, 1944, p. 147).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, and in partial modification of notification No. 2627 D.C.S., dated 31st March, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the following officer to grant permits under the said paragraph to managers, proprietors or representatives of rice mills for the purpose of bringing rice in the husk into any area in which the said order is in force:—

The Deputy Director of Civil Supplies (Region VII).

Notification No. 10084 D. C. S., dated the 19th October, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th October, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1284).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Additional Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal, to grant permits under the said paragraph.

Notification No. 1086 D. C. S., dated the 31st January, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th February, 1945, Pt. I, p. 260).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, and in supersession of notification No. 2935 F.G. (Pro.), dated the 3rd May, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the following officers to grant permits under the said paragraph to managers, proprietors or representatives of rice mills for the purpose of bringing rice in the husk into any area in which the said Order is in force, namely:—

- (1) Regional Controller of Procurement ¹ [, Region V, with headquarters at Calcutta].
- (2) Deputy Director of Rice Procurement (Rice Mills), Department of Civil Supplies.

¹Substituted by Notification No. 9207 D. C. S., dated the 7th July, 1945.

Notification No. 5087 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 662).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, to grant permits under the said paragraph.

Notification No. 9746 D.C.S., dated the 19th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1247).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the following officer to grant permits under the said paragraph to persons engaged in any undertaking which involves the purchase, sale or storage for sale of husked rice for the purpose of bringing rice into any area in which the said Order is in force, namely:—

Deputy Director of Rice Procurement (Rice Mills), Department of Civil Supplies.

Notification No. 10223 D.C.S., dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th August, 1945, p. 192).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Town Rationing Officer, Dacca,
- (2) the Town Rationing Officer, Narayangunj,
- (3) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Dacca, and
- (4) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Narayangunj,

to grant permits under the said paragraph within the areas of their respective jurisdictions in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 12696 D. C. S., dated the 19th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1772).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Legal Assistant in the office of the Controller of Rationing to grant permits under the said paragraph.

Notification No. 12891 D. C. S., dated the 25th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1765).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Town Rationing Officer of Comilla to grant permits under the said paragraph within the Comilla Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Comilla Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 1584 D. C. S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Town Rationing Officer of Chittagong to grant permits under the said paragraph within the Chittagong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Chittagong Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Chittagong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 2829 D. C. S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Subdivisional Magistrate, Kalimpong,
- (2) the Subdivisional Magistrate, Kurseong,
- (3) the Town Rationing Officer, Darjeeling,
- (4) the Town Rationing Officer, Kalimpong,
- (5) the Town Rationing Officer, Kurseong,

to grant permits under the said paragraph within the areas of their respective jurisdictions in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the "Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area" has the same meaning as in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 2628 D.C.S., dated the 31st March, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 6th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 372).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 4 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Controller of Rationing and the Special Officers under the Controller of Rationing to grant licences under the said paragraph.

Notification No. 10085 D. C. S., dated the 19th October, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th October, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1284).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 4 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Additional Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal, to grant licences under the said paragraph.

Notification No. 5088 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 662).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 4 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, to grant licences under the said paragraph.

Notification No. 10224 D. C. S., dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th August, 1945).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 4 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Town Rationing Officer, Dacca,
- (2) the Town Rationing Officer, Narayanganj,
- (3) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Dacca, and
- (4) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Narayanganj,

to grant licences under the said paragraph within the areas of their respective jurisdictions in the Dacca-Narayanganj Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Dacca-Narayanganj Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Dacca-Narayanganj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 12697 D. C. S., dated the 19th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1773).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 4 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Legal Assistant in the office of the Controller of Rationing to grant licences under the said paragraph.

Notification No. 12892 D. C. S., dated the 25th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1765).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 4 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Town Rationing Officer of Comilla to grant licenses under the said paragraph within the areas of his respective jurisdiction in the Comilla Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Comilla Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 1585 D. C. S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 4 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Town Rationing Officer of Chittagong to grant licenses under the said paragraph within the Chittagong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Chittagong Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Chittagong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 2830 D. C. S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 4 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Subdivisional Magistrate, Kalimpong,
- (2) the Subdivisional Magistrate, Kurseong,

- (3) the Town Rationing Officer, Darjeeling,
- (4) the Town Rationing Officer, Kalimpong,
- (5) the Town Rationing Officer, Kurseong,

to grant licences under the said paragraph within the areas of their respective jurisdictions in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the “Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area” has the same meaning as in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 272 D. C. S., dated the 13th January, 1944 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary” of the 14th January, 1944, p. 7).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 5 of the Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt—

- (a) every wholesale dealer selling, transferring or otherwise disposing of any essential foodstuff to another wholesale dealer or to a retail dealer from the provisions of the said Order,
- (b) every retail dealer in respect of any essential foodstuff from the provisions of paragraph 3 of the said Order, and
- (c) every establishment proprietor as defined in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, in respect of any essential foodstuff from the provisions of paragraph 3 of the said Order.

Notification No. 720 D. C. S., dated the 31st January, 1944 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary” of the 31st January, 1944, p. 41).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 5 of the Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, and in supersession of the Order No. 272D.C.S., dated the 13th January, 1944, as subsequently amended, the Governor is pleased to exempt all appointed wholesalers, all appointed retailers and all appointed establishment proprietors from the provisions of the said Order.

Explanation.—In this Order, the expressions “appointed wholesalers”, “appointed retailers” and “appointed establishment proprietors” have the same meanings as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

Notification No. 1729D.C.S., dated the 4th March, 1944.

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the permit issued under paragraph 3 and the licence issued under paragraph 4 of the said Order shall be in Form A and Form B respectively, specified below:—

Form A.

(Permit to import under paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944.)

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, and the conditions of this permit..... is hereby permitted to move the undermentioned quantities of essential foodstuffs from.....to.....

Description of commodity.	Mds.	Srs.
Rice		
Paddy		

1. This permit shall be valid only to.....and shall cover only rice/paddy produced by the permit-holder or members of his family with or without the help of paid labourers or by his *adhiars*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars*.

¹1A. This permit does not authorise the permit-holder to bring any rice/paddy which was not produced by the permit-holder or members of his family with or without the help of paid labourers or by his *adhiars*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars*.

2. On arrival of the consignment covered by this permit, the permit-holder shall, as soon as he obtains delivery of the consignment, surrender the permit to the authority issuing it ²[and produce to such authority his Ration Card (and the Ration Cards of the members of his household, if required) for necessary endorsements, and if the quantity of any essential foodstuffs in his possession exceeds the normal quantity specified in Schedule II to the said Order, shall at the same time also take out a licence under paragraph 4 of the said Order].

3. * * * * *

Signature of the Officer issuing the permit.

Date.....

Form B.

(Licence under paragraph 4 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, for the possession of essential foodstuff.)

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, and the conditions of this licence..... is authorised to have under his/her control or in his/her possession atthe undermentioned quantities of essential foodstuffs for the use of him/herself and.....members of his/her household.

Name of commodity.	Mds.	Srs.
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1. This licence is subject to the condition that the ration cards issued to the licensee and the aforesaid members of his/her household under the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, or any regulations made thereunder, shall not be used and shall not be available for lawful use ³* * to the extent of the amount of such foodstuffs so held in his/her possession.

2. The licensee shall, at the time of taking delivery of this licence, present his/her ration card and the ration cards of the aforesaid members of his/her household to the officer issuing the licence for necessary endorsements by the Rationing Authority.

Signature of the officer issuing the licence.

Date.....

¹Substituted by notification No. 3802D.C.S., dated the 1st May, 1944.

²Substituted by notification No. 8933D.C.S., dated the 5th September, 1944.

³Omitted by notification No. 8933D.C.S., dated the 5th September, 1944.

Notification No. 2936 F.G. (Pro.), dated the 3rd May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th May, 1944, p. 147).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, and in modification of notification No. 1729D.C.S., dated 4th March, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the permit issued to a rice mill under paragraph 3 of the said order for the purpose of bringing rice in the husk into any area in which this order is in force shall not be issued in Form A published under the said notification but shall be issued in Form C specified below:—

Form C.

(Permit to a rice mill to bring paddy under paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944.)

1. Name of person authorised to bring paddy.....
2. Quantity of paddy to be brought.....
3. District from which the bringing of paddy is permitted.....
4. If to be consigned by rail or steamer—
 - (a) name of station of despatch.....
 - (b) name of station of destination.....
 - (c) name of rice mill to which paddy is to be consigned.....

.....
Signature.....

¹[Regional Controller of Procurement, ²(Region V, with headquarters of Calcutta).]

Deputy Director of Rice Procurement, Rice Mills, Department of Civil Supplies], 7 Church Lane, Calcutta.

Certified that.....maunds of paddy have been despatched to the rice mill named in the permit.

.....
Signature.....

Station Master.

Dated.....

N.B.—(1) If the holder intends to bring by rail or steamer, he must obtain a separate permit for each station of despatch, and must return it to the issuing authority with the above certificate duly signed by the Station Master.

(2) If the holder intends to bring the quantity mentioned in the permit in more than one consignment by road or country boat, he should obtain a "challan" for each consignment from the nearest authorised representative of the Chief Agent of the Provincial Government, who will enter details of each such "challan" on the reverse of this permit. When challans have been obtained up to the full quantity mentioned in the permit, it must be returned by the holder to the issuing authority.

Details of challans issued.

Entry No.	Challan No.	Date of issue.	Quantity.	Inserted by—		
				Name.	Address.	Representative of (Chief Agent's name).

¹Substituted by notification No. 1128D.C.S., dated the 1st February, 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 9208D.C.S., dated the 7th July, 1945.

Notification No. 2639D.C.S., dated the 31st March, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 6th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 872).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to specify the fees mentioned in column 2 of the table below to be the fees leviable in respect of the permits and licences mentioned in the corresponding entries in column 1 of the said table:—

Permits and licences.	Fees.
1	2
(a) for a permit under paragraph 3 of the said Order—	
(i) in respect of rice husked or rice in the husk not exceeding five maunds in weight,	Rs. 2.
(ii) in respect of rice husked or rice in the husk exceeding five maunds in weight,	Rs. 2 for the first five maunds and Rs. 2 for every five maunds or part thereof in excess of the first five maunds.
(b) for a licence under paragraph 4 of the said Order.	Re. 1.

Notification No. 9747D.C.S., dated the 19th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1247).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, and in modification of notification No. 1729D.C.S., dated the 4th March, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the permit issued under paragraph 3 of the said Order to a person engaged in any undertaking which involves the purchase, sale or storage for sale of husked rice for the purpose of bringing rice into any area in which this Order is in force, shall be issued in Form D specified below:—

Form D.

(Permit to a person engaged in any undertaking which involves the purchase, sale or storage for sale of husked rice to bring rice under paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944.)

- (1) Name and address of the person authorised to bring husked rice
- (2) Quantity of husked rice to be brought.....
- (3) District from which the bringing of husked rice is permitted.....
- (4) Name of the place of despatch.....
- (5) Name of the place of destination.....
- (6) Purpose for which the husked rice is to be consigned.....

Signature.....

*Deputy Director of Rice Procurement (Rice Mills),
Department of Civil Supplies.*

Notification No. 2630 D.C.S., dated the 31st March, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 6th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 372).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to specify that the fees leviable in respect of permits and licences issued under the provisions of the said Order shall be paid in the following manner, namely:—

Such fees shall be paid either by affixing to the application for the said permit or licence, as the case may be, non-judicial stamps to the value of such fees or, in Calcutta, by paying into the Reserve Bank of India and elsewhere by paying either into the Government Treasury or into the local branch of the Imperial Bank of India under the head "L-I—Extraordinary Receipts—Other items—(ii) Non-poolable—Miscellaneous" the amount of such fees.

Notification No. 5482 D.C.S., dated the 25th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 725).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to specify that the fees leviable in respect of permits and licences issued under the provisions of the said Order shall be paid—

- (1) in Calcutta, if such fees do not exceed twenty rupees, to the authority issuing the permit or licence, as the case may be, in non-judicial stamps at the time of taking out the permit or licence, and, if such fees exceed twenty rupees, into the Reserve Bank of India;
- (2) elsewhere, into the Government Treasury or into the local branch of the Imperial Bank of India under the head "L-I—Extraordinary Receipts—Other items—(ii) Non-poolable—Miscellaneous".

II. Notification No. 2630 D.C.S., dated the 31st March, 1944, is hereby cancelled.

Notification No. 3723 D.C.S., dated the 29th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 1st May, 1944, p. 142).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) The Controller of Rationing, Calcutta,
- (2) Deputy Controller of Rationing in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, with headquarters at Khardah (24-Parganas),
- (3) Deputy Controller of Rationing in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, with headquarters at Bhadreswar (Hooghly),
- (4) Special Officer, Sub-area Organisation,
- (5) Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops),
- (6) Special Officer, Rationing, Khardah (24-Parganas),
- (7) Special Officer, Rationing, Bhadreswar (Hooghly),
- (8) Assistant Controllers of Rationing,
- (9) Chief Inspectors, Deputy Chief Inspectors, Inspectors, Sub-Inspectors under the Controller of Rationing, and
- (10) Rationing Officers,

to exercise the powers referred to in the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

1. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah,

(8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar, and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas.

2. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpura, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah, and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 3724D.C.S., dated the 29th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 1st May, 1944, p. 142).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) The Controller of Rationing, Calcutta,
- (2) Special Officer, Sub-area Organisation,
- (3) Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments),
- (4) Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops),
- (5) Special Officers under the Controller of Rationing,
- (6) Assistant Controllers of Rationing,
- (7) Chief Inspectors, Deputy Chief Inspectors, Inspectors, Sub-Inspectors under the Controller of Rationing, and
- (8) Rationing Officers,

to exercise the powers referred to in the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (II) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; and

(4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 5469D.C.S., dated the 25th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 725).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Deputy Controller of Rationing, Sub-area Organisation, to exercise the powers referred to in the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (II) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings

north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank; (2) the port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908; (3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; (4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah; and (5) the municipality of Budge Budge in the district of 24-Parganas.

Notification No. 8700 D.C.S., dated the 30th August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th September, 1944, p. 216).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal,
- (2) the Deputy Controller of Rationing, Sub-Area Organisation,
- (3) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments),
- (4) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops),
- (5) the Special Officer under the Controller of Rationing,
- (6) the Assistant Controllers of Rationing,
- (7) the Chief Inspectors, Deputy Chief Inspectors, Inspectors and Sub Inspectors under the Controller of Rationing, and
- (8) the Rationing Officers,

to exercise the powers referred to in the said paragraph in respect of the area specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

The *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by C. S. khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 10086 D.C.S., dated the 19th October, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th October, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1284).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Additional Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal, to exercise the power referred to in the said paragraph in respect of "the Calcutta Industrial Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 5089 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 662).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Director of Rationing in the Directorate-General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, to exercise the powers referred to in the said paragraph in respect of the "Calcutta Industrial Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 10225 D.C.S., dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th August, 1945, p. 192).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the District Magistrate of Dacca,
- (2) the Subdivisional Magistrate, Narayangunj,
- (3) the Town Rationing Officer, Dacca,
- (4) the Town Rationing Officer, Narayangunj,
- (5) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Dacca,
- (6) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Narayangunj,
- (7) the Assistant Rationing Officers, Dacca,
- (8) the Assistant Rationing Officers, Narayangunj,
- (9) the Inspectors of Rationing, Dacca,
- (10) the Inspectors of Rationing, Narayangunj,
- (11) the Sub-Inspectors of Rationing, Dacca, and
- (12) the Sub-Inspectors of Rationing, Narayangunj,

to exercise the powers referred to in the said paragraph within their respective jurisdictions in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this Order, the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 12893 D.C.S., dated the 25th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1763).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to exercise the powers referred to in the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers.	Areas.
1	2
The District Magistrate of Tippera and the Town Rationing Officer of Comilla.	The Comilla Urban Area.
The Assistant Rationing Officers, Comilla, the Inspectors of Rationing, Comilla, and the Sub-Inspectors of Rationing, Comilla.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Comilla Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Comilla Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 1586 D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased

to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to exercise the powers referred to in the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers.

Areas.

The District Magistrate of Chittagong and the Town Rationing Officer of Chittagong.

The Chittagong Urban Area.

The Assistant Rationing Officers, Chittagong, the Inspectors of Rationing, Chittagong, and the Sub-Inspectors of Rationing, Chittagong.

The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Chittagong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Chittagong Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Chittagong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 2831D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to exercise the powers referred to in the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers.

Areas.

1

The Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling.

The Darjeeling Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area.

The Subdivisional Magistrates of Kalimpong and Kurseong, the Town Rationing Officers of Darjeeling, Kalimpong and Kurseong, the Inspectors of Rationing, Darjeeling, Kalimpong and Kurseong, and Sub-Inspectors of Rationing, Darjeeling, Kalimpong and Kurseong.

The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification the "Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area" has the same meaning as in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong Kurseong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 1731D.C.S., dated the 4th March, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th March, 1944).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt from the provisions of paragraph 3 of the said Order *bona fide* visitors arriving in the Calcutta Industrial Area by rail or steamer who have

in their possession as part of their personal luggage, for personal consumption during their stay in such area, any quantity of any essential foodstuff not exceeding one-fourth of the normal quantity of such foodstuffs specified in Schedule II to the said Order.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Calcutta Industrial Area has the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943.

Notification No. 3722D.C.S., dated the 29th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 1st May, 1944, p. 141).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt from the provisions of paragraph 3 of the said Order *bona fide* visitors arriving in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area by rail or steamer who have in their possession as part of their personal luggage, for personal consumption during their stay in such area, any quantity of any essential foodstuff not exceeding one-fourth of the normal quantity of such foodstuffs in Schedule II of the said Order.

Explanation.—In this notification the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area has the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 5114D.C.S., dated the 16th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 18th May, 1944, Pt. I, p. 647).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt all appointed wholesalers, all appointed retailers and all appointed establishment proprietors from the provisions of paragraph 4 of the said Order.

Explanation.—In this Order, the expressions "appointed wholesalers", "appointed retailers" and "appointed establishment proprietors" have the same meanings as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

Notification No. 11962D.C.S., dated the 18th December, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 21st December, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1516).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt from the provisions of paragraph 4 of the said Order—

- (a) every person who has in his possession paddy produced by himself or by the members of his family with or without the help of paid labourers or by his *adhiars*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars* from lands held by such person in the Calcutta Industrial Area or the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area, and
- (b) every person who has in his possession any paddy produced by himself by cultivating the land of another person in the Calcutta Industrial Area or the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area as an *adhiar*, *bargadar* or *bhagdar*,

subject to the condition that the ration card of such person and the ration cards of the members of his household have been cancelled under paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, on application made in that behalf by such person to the Rationing Officer by whom such ration cards were issued and a certificate has been obtained by such person from such officers on such cancellation in the form annexed to this Order.

Explanation.—In this Order—

- (i) "the Calcutta Industrial Area" and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" have the same meanings as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively,
- (ii) "paddy" includes rice husked from the paddy referred to in clause (a) or clause (b), as the case may be.

Form of Certificate for cancellation of Ration Cards.

(Under Order No. 11962D.C.S., dated the 18th December, 1944.)

Certified that.....of village.
living within the Municipality of.....produced the
following ration cards for cancellation and that the coupons on the ration
cards have been duly cancelled under paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing
Order, 1943, in respect of the weeks.....to the extent of.....maunds
.....seers of rice.

He has been permitted to possess.....of paddy for seedling purposes.

The ration weeks.....remain to be cancelled. Ration Cards, after
renewal, shall be produced before me by the holder of this certificate for
necessary cancellation.

Ration Cards.

Serial No.	Name of Holder.	Area Index.	Folio.
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Rationing Officer.

Date.....

*Notification No. 6692D.C.S., dated the 7th May, 1945 (published in the
"Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th May, 1945, Pt. I, p. 788).*

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, and in supersession of this department notification No. 5114D.C.S., dated the 16th May, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt all appointed wholesalers, all appointed retailers and all appointed establishment proprietors, having in their possession more than the normal quantity of any essential foodstuff, from the provisions of paragraph 4 of the said Order if such essential foodstuff has been lawfully obtained by them on ration documents.

Explanation.—In this Order, the expressions "appointed wholesalers", "appointed retailers", "appointed establishment proprietors" and "ration documents" have the same meanings as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

*Notification No. 10229D.C.S., dated the 1st August, 1945 (published in the
"Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th August, 1945, p. 192).*

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt from the provisions of paragraph 3 of the said Order *bona fide* visitors visiting the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area and bringing into such area by land or by water as part of their personal luggage for personal

consumption any quantity of any essential foodstuffs not exceeding one-fourth of the normal quantity of such foodstuff specified in Schedule III to the said Order.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 12894 D.C.S., dated the 25th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1765).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt from the provisions of paragraph 3 of the said Order *bona fide* visitors visiting the Comilla Urban Area and bringing into such area by land or by water as part of their personal luggage for personal consumption any quantity of any essential foodstuffs not exceeding one-fourth of the normal quantity of such foodstuff specified in Schedule III to the said Order.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Comilla Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 15307 D.C.S., dated the 21st December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 29th December, 1945, p. 615).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt from the provisions of paragraph 4 of the said Order—

- (a) every person who has in his possession paddy produced by himself or by the members of his family with or without the help of paid labourers or by his *adhiars*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars* from lands held by such person in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area, and
- (b) every person who has in his possession any paddy produced by himself by cultivating the land of another person in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area as an *adhiar*, *bargadar* or *bhagdar*,

subject to the condition that the Ration Card of such person and the Ration Cards of the members of his household have been cancelled under paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, on application made in that behalf by such person to the Rationing Officer by whom such Ration Cards were issued and a certificate has been obtained by such person from such officer on such cancellation in the form annexed to this Order.

Explanation.—In this Order—

- (i) "the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area" has the same meaning as in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945,
- (ii) "paddy" includes rice husked from the paddy referred to in clause (a) or clause (b) as the case may be.

Form of Certificate for cancellation of Ration Cards.

(Under Order No. 15307 D.C.S., dated the 21st December 1945.)

Certified that.....of village.....living within the police-station of.....produced the following Ration Cards for cancellation and that the coupons on the Ration Cards have been duly

cancelled under paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, in respect of the weeks.....to the extent of.....maundsseers of rice.

He has been permitted to possess.....of paddy for seedling purposes.

The ration weeks.....remain to be cancelled. Ration Cards, after renewal, shall be produced before me by the holder of this certificate for necessary cancellation.

Ration Cards.

Serial No.	Name of holder.	Area Index.	Folio.
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Rationing Officer.

Notification No. 15309D.C.S., dated the 21st December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 29th December, 1945, p. 615).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt from the provisions of paragraph 4 of the said Order—

- (a) every person who has in his possession paddy produced by himself or by the members of his family with or without the help of paid labourers or by his *adhiars*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars* from lands held by such person in the Comilla Urban Area, and
- (b) every person who has in his possession any paddy produced by himself by cultivating the land of another person in the Comilla Urban Area as an *adhiar*, *bargadar* or *bhagdar*,

subject to the condition that the Ration Card of such person and the Ration Cards of the members of his household have been cancelled under paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, on application made in that behalf by such person to the Rationing Officer by whom such Ration Cards were issued and a certificate has been obtained by such person from such officer on such cancellation in the form annexed to this Order.

Explanation.—In this Order—

- (i) "the Comilla Urban Area" has the same meaning as in the Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945,
- (ii) "paddy" includes rice husked from the paddy referred to in clause (a) or clause (b) as the case may be.

Form of Certificate for cancellation of Ration Cards.

(Under Order No. 15309D.C.S., dated the 21st December, 1945.)

Certified that.....of village.....living within the police-station of.....produced the following Ration Cards for cancellation and that the coupons on the Ration Cards have been duly cancelled under paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, in respect of the weeks.....to the extent of.....maunds.....seers of rice.

He has been permitted to possess.....of paddy for seedling purposes.

The ration weeks.....remain to be cancelled. Ration Cards, after renewal, shall be produced before me by the holder of this certificate for necessary cancellation.

Ration Cards.

Serial No.	Name of holder.	Area Index.	Folio.
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Rationing Officer.

Notification No. 217D.C.S., dated the 5th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th January, 1946, Pt. I, p. 43).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt all appointed wholesalers, all appointed mustard oil retailers and all appointed establishment proprietors having in their possession more than the normal quantity of mustard oil from the provisions of paragraph 4 of the said Order if such mustard oil has been lawfully obtained by them on ration documents.

Explanation.—In this Order, the expressions "appointed wholesalers", "appointed establishment proprietors" and "ration documents" have the same meanings as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, and the expression "appointed mustard oil retailers" has the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943.

Notification No. 1243D.C.S., dated the 24th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th February, 1946, Pt. I, p. 297).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944 (No. 1728D.C.S., dated the 4th March, 1944), the Governor is pleased to exempt Lieut.-Col. Lalit Bikram Shah of Nepal, from the provision of paragraphs 3 and 4 of the said Order and to permit him to bring the following foodstuff for consumption by one of the daughters of His Highness Maharaja Joodha Shumshere of Nepal:—

- (1) Rice—4 maunds.
- (2) Sugar—10 seers.
- (3) Mustard oil—30 seers.
- (4) Dal— $\frac{1}{2}$ maund.
- (5) Flattened rice— $\frac{1}{2}$ maund:

Provided that the said daughter of His Highness Maharaja Joodha Shumshere of Nepal shall not draw any ration of rice, sugar and mustard oil until such time as the above quantity would have been exhausted had it been issued as rations under the terms of the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943.

Notification No. 1587D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt from the provisions of paragraph 3 of the said Order *bona fide* visitors visiting the Chittagong Urban Area and bringing into such area by land or by water as part of their personal luggage for personal consumption any quantity of any essential foodstuff not exceeding one-fourth of the normal quantity of such foodstuffs specified in Schedule III to the said Order.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Chittagong Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Chittagong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 2828 D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt—

- (a) from the provisions of paragraph 3 of the said Order all persons who have grown in the district of Darjeeling hill-rice of superior grade as determined by the Director of Rationing or any officer authorised by him in his behalf in respect of their bringing into the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area such rice for the purpose of selling to holders of Ration Cards in such area against permits issued by the Subdivisional Magistrate of Kalimpong or Kurseong or the Town Rationing Officer of Darjeeling; and
- (b) from the provisions of paragraph 4 of the said Order all such persons in respect of having in their possession such rice for the purpose referred to in clause (a).

Explanation.—In this notification, the "Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area" has the same meaning as in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946, and "Ration Card" has the same meaning as is referred to in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

Notification No. 2832 D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to exempt from the provisions of paragraph 3 of the said Order *bona fide* visitors visiting the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area and bringing into such area by land or by water as part of their personal luggage for personal consumption any quantity of any essential foodstuffs not exceeding one-fourth of the normal quantity of such foodstuffs specified in Schedule III to the said Order.

Explanation.—In this Order, the "Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area" has the same meaning as in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 8417 D.C.S., dated the 16th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th June, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1096).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

The Bengal Essential Foodstuffs (Movement Control) Order, 1945.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs (Movement Control) Order, 1945.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) "Director-General" means the Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and includes any person authorised by the said Director-General, Food, to perform all or any of the functions of the Director-General under this Order;
- (b) "essential foodstuff" means any of the foodstuffs specified in Schedule I to this Order;
- (c) "export" means to move or cause to be moved out of the Province of Bengal;
- (d) "form" means a form as set forth in Schedule II to this Order.
- ¹[(e) "import" means to bring or cause to be brought into the Province of Bengal.]

²[3. No person shall—

- (a) export any essential foodstuff except under and in accordance with an export permit issued by the Director-General under the provisions of paragraph 5 of the Order, or
- (b) import any essential foodstuff specified in this behalf by notification in the *Official Gazette* by the Director-General except under and in accordance with an import permit issued by the Director-General under the provisions of paragraph 5A of this Order:

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to the export or import of essential foodstuffs—

- (i) not exceeding half a maund in weight in the aggregate by a *bona fide* traveller as part of his personal luggage, and
- (ii) by or on behalf of the Crown or for His Majesty's forces:

Provided further that the Director-General may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, exempt from the provisions of this paragraph the export or import of such essential foodstuffs to such extent, from such areas in Bengal to such areas outside Bengal or from such areas outside Bengal to such areas inside Bengal, as the case may be, in such manner and for such period as may be specified in the notification.]

4. (1) Applications for export permits under this Order shall be made in writing to the Director-General in Form A and shall contain full and true information of the particulars mentioned in the said form.

¹[(1a) Applications for import permits under this Order shall be made in writing to the Director-General in Form AA and shall contain full and true information of the particulars mentioned in the said form.]

(2) A person who has made an application under sub-paragraph (1) for an export permit ¹[or under sub-paragraph (1a) for an import permit] shall furnish to the Director-General full and true information on such other matters as the Director-General may for the purposes of this Order require.

5. (1) The Director-General may, on application made to him under ¹[sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4] of this order, issue to any person an export permit in Form B authorising such person to export such essential foodstuff in such quantity, from such place in Bengal, to such person and to such place outside Bengal, in such manner and within such period as may be specified in the export permit.

¹Inserted by notification No. 46 D. C. S., dated the 2nd January, 1946.

²Substituted, *ibid*.

(2) The person to whom an export permit is issued under sub-paragraph (1) shall return the export permit to the authority by which it was issued within three days of the expiry of the period for which such export permit is valid.

(3) Where any essential foodstuff has been exported in accordance with an export permit issued under this Order, the person to whom such export permit has been issued shall, at the time of returning the permit under sub-paragraph (2) to the authority by which it was issued, submit to such authority a true statement of the quantity of such essential foodstuff despatched and the date of despatch, duly certified by the station master, in the case where such essential foodstuff has been despatched from any railway or steamer station, and by the Collector of Customs, in the case where such essential foodstuff has been exported by sea.

(4) The Director-General may at any time cancel an export permit issued by him under this paragraph, and on such cancellation the person to whom such export permit was issued shall forthwith return it to the Director-General.

15A. (1) The Director-General may, on application made to him under sub-paragraph (1A) of paragraph 4 of this Order, issue to any person an import permit in Form C authorising such person to import such essential foodstuff, in such quantity, from such person and from such place outside Bengal to such place inside Bengal, in such manner and within such period as may be specified in the import permit.

(2) The person to whom an import permit is issued under sub-paragraph (1) shall return the import permit to the authority by which it was issued within three days of the expiry of the period for which such permit is valid.

(3) Where any essential foodstuff has been imported in accordance with the import permit issued under this Order, the person to whom such import permit has been issued shall, at the time of returning the permit under sub-paragraph (2) to the authority by which it was issued, submit to such authority a true statement of the quantity of such essential foodstuff imported and the date of receipt duly certified by the Station Master, in the case where such essential foodstuff has been imported by railway or river steamer and by the Collector of Customs, in the case where such essential foodstuff has been imported by sea.

(4) The Director-General may at any time cancel an import licence issued by him under this paragraph, and on such cancellation the person to whom such import permit was issued shall forthwith return the permit to the Director-General.

6. If any person contravenes the provisions of paragraph 3 of this Order, then without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, the Court trying the offence shall order that any stocks of essential foodstuffs together with packages and coverings thereof in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the contravention has occurred shall be forfeited to His Majesty unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of opinion that the Order should not be made in respect of the whole, or as the case may be, a part of the property.

Schedule I.

[See paragraph 2 (b).]

1. Sugar.
2. Gur.
3. Salt.
4. Mustard seeds.
5. Mustard oil.
6. Groundnuts.
7. Groundnut oil.

Schedule II.**FORM A.**

[See paragraph 4 (I).]

Application for export permit under paragraph 4 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs (Movement Control) Order, 1945.

1. Name and address of consignor.....
2. Name of essential foodstuff in respect of which export permit is required.....
3. Quantity proposed to be exported.....
4. Name of the person in whose custody the essential foodstuff is now lying.....
5. Address of the place where the essential foodstuff is now lying.....
6. Place from where to be despatched.....
7. Method of transport.....
8. Name and address of the consignee.....
9. Station to which to be despatched (with name of railway or steamer service on which situated, district and province or State).....
10. Dates between which despatch is proposed to be made.....

Signature of the applicant.....

Date.

Form AA.

[See paragraph 4 (1a).]

Application for import permit under paragraph 4 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs (Movement Control) Order, 1945.

- (1) Name and address of the importer.
- (2) Name of essential foodstuff in respect of which import permit is required.....
- (3) Quantity proposed to be imported....
- (4) Place from where to be imported....
- (5) Method of transport.....
- (6) Name and address of the consignor.
- (7) Station to which to be imported (with names of railway or steamer service on which situated and district.....
- (8) Dates between which despatch is proposed to be made.....

Date.....

Signature of Applicant.

Form B.

[See paragraph 5 (1).]

Export permit under paragraph 5 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs (Movement Control) Order, 1945.

Under paragraph 5 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs (Movement Control) Order, 1945,—

I hereby authorise.....

(name) of.....
 (address) to export.....
 (quantity) of.....
 (name of essential foodstuff) from.....
 (station) to.....
 (name of consignee) of.....
 (address of consignee) at.....
 (station to which to be despatched) in.....
 (district and province or State) by.....
 (method of transport).

2. This export permit is valid till the.....
 (date).

3. It shall be returned to me within three days after the date of expiry of the period for which it is valid and shall at the time of being so returned be accompanied by a true statement of the quantity (if any) of the essential foodstuff in respect of which it has been issued, despatched and the date of despatch duly certified by.....

Signature of the Issuing Authority.

Date.....

Designation.....

Form C.

[See paragraph 5A(i).]

Import permit under paragraph 5A of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs (Movement Control) Order, 1945.

Under paragraph 5A of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs (Movement Control) Order, 1945, I hereby authorise.....(name) of.....(address) to import (quantity)of.....(name of essential foodstuff) from(place) to.....(station), within the district of(name of district).

2. This import permit is valid till the.....(date).

3. It shall be returned to me within three days after the date of expiry of the period for which it is valid and shall at the time of being so returned be accompanied by a true statement of the quantity (if any) of the essential foodstuff in respect of which it has been issued imported and the date of receipt duly certified by.....

Signature of the Issuing Authority.

Designation.....

Date.....

Notification No. IV-A-21/45—2457-O. C., dated the 19th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1925.)

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs (Movement Control) Order, 1945, I hereby authorise the officers mentioned in column 1 below to perform the functions of the Director-General under paragraph 5 of the said Order in respect of the essential foodstuffs mentioned against each such officer in column 2 below :—

Officer authorised.	Essential foodstuffs.
1	2
1. The Director of Supply, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal.	All essential foodstuffs.
2. Deputy Directors of Supply, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal.	Essential foodstuff of which they are respectively in charge.

Notification No. IV-A-2/45, dated the 18th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th January, 1946, Pt. I, p. 231).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs (Movement Control) Order, 1945, I hereby specify salt to be an essential foodstuff for the purpose of the said clause.

Notification No. 1696(b) D. C. S., dated the 16th April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 19th April, 1943, p. 65).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (aa) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Food and Fuel Distribution Inquiries Order, 1943.

(2) It shall apply in the first instance to the Calcutta Region as defined in Schedule I of this Order.

(3) The Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, direct that this Order shall come into operation in such other area or areas on such date or dates as may be specified in the notification.

2. In this Order,—

- (a) "messing group" means a group of persons sharing a common mess, but does not include a residential or a catering establishment as defined in clauses (c) and (d) respectively of this paragraph;
- (b) "head of the messing group" means where the messing group is a family, the head of the family, and otherwise the person managing the mess or responsible for providing the members of the mess with food;
- (c) "residential establishment" means an establishment which provides residential accommodation and cooked food to boarders and includes boarding schools, boarding houses, residential hotels, hostels, hospitals, nursing homes, orphanages and asylums;
- (d) "catering establishment" means an establishment which provides cooked food whether for a price or not to persons not resident therein and includes restaurants, eating houses, canteens and establishments for charitable distribution of cooked food;
- (e) "adult" means a person above the age of twelve years;
- (f) "child" means a person who is not under the age of two years and is not above the age of twelve years;
- (g) "infant" means a person under the age of two years;
- (h) "Inquiry Officer" means a paid member of the Wardens' branch of the Air Raid Precautions Service constituted under the Air Raid Precautions Services Ordinance, 1941; and includes any person authorised by the Provincial Government to collect the information referred to in paragraph 3.

3. Every person who is an adult shall on demand being made either orally or in writing by an Inquiry Officer furnish to such officer forthwith or within such period as may be fixed in this behalf by such officer full and true information on the following matters and on such other matters as may be incidental or explanatory thereto:—

- (a) the name, age, sex and occupation of the head of the messing group to which he belongs;
- (b) the number of men and women who are adults, the number of children and the number of infants in the messing group including servants living in the premises;

(c) the following details about such members of the messing group as may be employed:—

- (i) name,
 - (ii) whether an adult or not,
 - (iii) sex,
 - (iv) occupation,
 - (v) place of employment,
 - (vi) name of employer,
 - (vii) particulars of his dependants including servants living in the premises,
 - (viii) whether he wishes to receive supply of food or fuel for himself and his dependants from a shop managed by his employer and, if so, the name and location of such shop;
- (d) the article of food-grain which is predominantly used by the messing group;
- (e) the arrangements for the lighting of the premises or rooms occupied by the messing group and the number of occupied rooms without electric lights;
- (f) the article of fuel which is commonly used by the messing group.

4. (1) On receipt of the information referred to in paragraph 3, the Inquiry Officer shall verify the information by such inquiries as he may consider it necessary to make, and shall then compile a return in the form set out in Schedule II to this Order, sign it and hand over a true copy of the return to the head of the messing group or such other member of it as may be available.

(2) The Inquiry Officer shall thereafter forward the return to the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or to such other officer as may be specified in this behalf by the said Director.

(3) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1) an Inquiry Officer may at any time after sunrise and before sunset enter upon and inspect any premises:

Provided that in entering upon and inspecting any premises the Inquiry Officer shall have due regard to the social and religious customs of the persons occupying the premises.

Schedule I.

The Calcutta Region is the area comprised of the following:—

- (1) "Calcutta" as defined in clause (17) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923 (Bengal Act III of 1923), together with the Esplanade and that part of Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;
- (2) the municipalities of Naihati, Bhatpara, Garulia, North Barrackpore, South Barrackpore, Titagarh, Khardah, Panihati, Kamarhati, North Dum Dum, South Dum Dum, Dum Dum, Baranagore, Tollygunge, Garden Reach and Budge Budge in the district of the 24-Parganas, the municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah and the municipalities of Bhadreswar, Champdani, Raidyabati, Serampore, Rishra-Konnagar, Kotrung and Uttarpara in the district of Hooghly;

(3) that part of the South Suburban Municipality in the district of 24-Parganas which is included within the following boundaries—

North—The northern boundary of the South Suburban Municipality,

East—Tolly's Nulla,

West—Becharam Chatterji Road, Maharani Indira Devi Road and Banamali Naskar Road,

South—Biren Roy Road;

(4) the areas of the following unions constituted under the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), in the district of Howrah, namely:—

(a) Bally union within the police-station Bally,

(b) Lillooah union within the police-station Bally,

(c) Santragachi union within the police-station Jagacha,

(d) Jagacha union within the police-station Jagacha;

(5) the area of the following mauza in the district of Howrah—

Royal Botanical Gardens, jurisdiction list No. 4, within the police-station Shibpore;

(6) the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of the 24-Parganas.

Schedule II.

Form of Return.

No.

District.....Sub-Area.....Warden Post.....Sector.....

Street.....Premises No.....

Head of the Group.....

Name.....Occupation.....

Employer and place of employment.....

Number of persons in the Group—

1. Adults— A. Food-grains predominantly used—Rice/Atta.

Men—
Women—

2. Children— B. Coke—Whether regularly used as fuel—Yes/
No.

3. Infants— C. Lighting—Number of occupied rooms without
electricity.

Signature of Inquiry Officer.

Notification No. 1697(b) D. C. S., dated the 16th April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 19th April, 1943, p. 68).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (e) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Food and Fuel Retail Trade Returns Order, 1943.

(2) It shall apply in the first instance only to the Calcutta Region as defined in Schedule I to this Order.

(3) The Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, direct that this Order shall come into operation in such other area or areas on such date or dates as may be specified in the notification.

2. In this Order,—

- (a) an "article of food" means one of the commodities specified in column 1 of Schedule II to this Order;
- (b) an "article of fuel" means one of the commodities specified in column 2 of Schedule III to this Order;
- (c) "sale in retail quantities" in respect of each article of food or article of fuel means sale in any one transaction in quantities not exceeding those respectively specified against the article in question in column 2 of Schedule II or of Schedule III to this Order as the case may be;
- (d) "Authorised Officer" means any person authorised by the Provincial Government to collect information and submit returns in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4.

3. Every person carrying on, or employed in connection with, any undertaking involving the sale of any article of food or any article of fuel in retail quantities shall on demand being made by an Authorised Officer furnish to such officer forthwith, or within such period of time as may be fixed in this behalf by such officer, full and true information on the following matters relating to the undertaking—

- (a) the name by which the undertaking or shop is known,
- (b) the name of the proprietor or proprietors of the undertaking and the residential address of such proprietor or proprietors,
- (c) whether the shop or the undertaking is registered under the Bengal Finance (Sales Tax) Act, 1941, and, if so, its registration number,
- (d) the annual turnover of the undertaking or shop, if not so registered,
- (e) the articles of food and the articles of fuel which are sold in retail quantities by the shop or the undertaking,
- (f) the date from which business in each such commodity was started,
- (g) the name and address of the dealer or firm from whom each such commodity is usually purchased.

4. (1) On receipt of the information referred to in paragraph 3 the Authorised Officer shall compile a return in the form set out in Schedule IV to this Order and shall read it over and explain it to the person furnishing such information, who shall thereupon sign, or affix his thumb-impression to, the form in acknowledgment of the correctness of the statements contained therein.

(2) The Authorised Officer shall thereafter forward the return to the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or to such other officer as may be specified in this behalf by the said Director.

Schedule I.

The Calcutta Region is the area comprising of the following:—

- (1) "Calcutta" as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923 (Bengal Act III of 1923), together with the Esplanade and that part of Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

- (2) the municipalities of Naihati, Bhatpara, Garulia, North Barrackpore, South Barrackpore, Titagarh, Khardah, Panihati, Kamarhati, North Dum Dum, South Dum Dum, Dum Dum, Baranagore, Tollygunge, Garden Reach and Budge Budge in the district of the 24-Parganas, the municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah, and the municipalities of Bhadreswar, Champdani, Baidyabati, Serampore, Rishra-Konnagar, Kotrung and Uttarpara in the district of Hooghly;
- (3) that part of the South Suburban Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas which is included within the following boundaries:—
- North*—The northern boundary of the South Suburban Municipality,
East—Tolly's Nulla.
West—Becharam Chatterji Road, Maharani Indira Devi Road and Banamali Naskar Road,
South—Biren Roy Road;
- (4) the areas of the following unions constituted under the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), in the district of Howrah, namely—
- (a) Bally union within the police-station Bally,
 (b) Lillooah union within the police-station Bally,
 (c) Santragachi union within the police-station Jagacha,
 (d) Jagacha union within the police-station Jagacha;
- (5) the area of the following mauza in the district of Howrah:—
 Royal Botanical Gardens, jurisdiction list No. 4, within the police-station Shibpore;
- (6) the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of the 24-Parganas.

Schedule II.

Articles of food.

1	2
Commodity	.. Quantity referred to in clause (c) of paragraph 2.
Rice	.. 20 maunds.
Atta	.. 20 maunds.
Flour	.. 20 maunds.
Pulses	.. 20 maunds.
Sugar	.. One bag of 2 maunds 30 seers.
Salt	.. One maund.
Mustard oil	.. One tin of 17½ seers.

Schedule III.

Articles of fuel.

1	2
Commodity	.. Quantity referred to in clause (c) of paragraph 2
Coke	.. 16 maunds.
Kerosene oil	.. One tin of 4 gallons.

Schedule IV.*Form of Return.**Return by retail shop.*

1. District.....Sub-Area/Thana.....
Warden Post/Union.....Sector/Mauza.
2. Name of shop.....
3. Address of shop.....
4. Name of owner.....
5. Residential address of owner.....
6. Registration Number (if any) under the Bengal Finance (Sales Tax) Act, 1941.....
7. Annual Turnover (if not so registered) Rs.....

Commodities sold.	Date when business in the commodity was started.	Name and address of the dealer by whom supplied.
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*Signature of the Authorised Officer.**Designation.....**Date.....*

Signature of retail trader or other person furnishing information.

Notification No. 2076(a) D. C. S., dated the 28th April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 30th April, 1943, p. 75).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (d) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Food and Fuel Retail Trade Returns Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the following officers to exercise the functions of an Authorised Officer under paragraphs 3 and 4 of the said Order in the Calcutta Region as defined in Schedule I to the said Order, namely:—

- (a) All Inspectors of Civil Supplies;
- (b) All Superintendents of markets owned or managed by Government, a municipality, a Cantonment Board or the Calcutta Corporation;
- (c) All paid members of the Wardens, Branch of the Air Raids Precaution Service as constituted by the Air Raid Precautions Services Ordinance, 1941.

Notification No. 1384 Agri., dated the 29th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 4th May, 1944, Pt. I, p. 576).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (b) and (c) of sub-rule (1) of rule 80B of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

The Bengal Food Crops Production Control Order, 1944.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Food Crops Production Control Order, 1944.

(2) It shall come into force in such areas and on such dates as the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, appoint.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) “agricultural season” means the agricultural season in respect of the crop included in the Schedule to this Order which in the opinion of the Competent Authority may next be grown upon the waste or arable land, as the case may be;

(b) “Competent Authority” means an officer appointed as such by the Provincial Government for all or any of the purposes of this Order for any area in which this Order is in force.

3. (1) As soon as may be after the commencement of this Order every Competent Authority shall prepare a list showing therein a description of all waste lands in each village or local area within the area under its authority and shall cause such list to be published in some conspicuous part of such village or local area. A copy of such list shall be published also in the office of the union board or the panchayat, at the police-station and at the sub-registry office within the jurisdiction of which such village or local area is situated and also in the office of the Competent Authority.

(2) A Competent Authority may, either of his own motion or on application made in that behalf, by order in writing, include in or exclude from any list prepared under sub-paragraph (1) any land which it considers should be included therein or excluded therefrom and every such amendment of the list shall be published in the manner provided in sub-paragraph (1) for the publication of the list and thereupon the said list shall be deemed to be amended accordingly.

(3) Any person aggrieved by an order of the Competent Authority made under sub-paragraph (2) may within fifteen days from the date of the order appeal against such order to such appellate authority as may be specified in this behalf by the Provincial Government and on every such appeal the appellate authority may, after giving the appellant an opportunity of being heard, either reject the appeal or direct that the list prepared under sub-paragraph (1) be amended by inclusion therein or exclusion therefrom, as the case may be, any land which is the subject matter of such appeal and when the appellate authority so directs the said list shall be amended accordingly by the Competent Authority.

(4) Any order of the Competent Authority under this paragraph shall, subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (3), be final.

(5) Any land for the time being included in the list prepared under sub-paragraph (1) shall be deemed for the purposes of this Order to be waste land.

4. A Competent Authority may at any time after the commencement of this Order, also prepare a list showing therein the description of all arable lands not under cultivation in each village or local area within the area under its authority and the provisions of sub-paragraphs (1), (2), (3) and (4) of paragraph 3 shall apply to the preparation, publication and amendment of such list, to the orders made by the Competent Authority for inclusion in or exclusion from such list of any land and to appeals from such orders as they apply in respect of such matters in relation to waste lands:

Provided that the Competent Authority shall not include in such list any arable land which in his opinion is being left fallow in order to improve the soil thereof for agricultural purposes.

5. Every person in possession or effective control of any waste land in any village or local area shall bring such land under cultivation during

each agricultural season beginning with the agricultural season immediately following the publication of the list of waste lands under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 in such village or local area, and such person,—

(a) shall grow thereon one or more of the food and fodder crops specified in the Schedule to this Order (hereinafter referred to as the said crops), and

(b) shall not use the land for any purpose other than growing the said crops.

6. (1) If a list of arable lands not under cultivation in any village or local area has been prepared and published under paragraph 4, every person in possession or effective control of any arable land included in such list shall bring such land under cultivation during each agricultural season beginning with the agricultural season immediately following the publication of the said list and shall grow thereon one or more of the said crops.

(2) If a list of arable lands not under cultivation in any village or local area has not been prepared and published under paragraph 4, the Competent Authority may by order in writing direct any person in possession or effective control of any arable land not under cultivation to bring such land under cultivation during each agricultural season beginning with the agricultural season immediately following the date of the said order and to grow thereon one or more of the said crops and such person shall comply with such order of the Competent Authority.

(3) No person in possession or effective control of any arable land included in a list of arable lands not under cultivation prepared and published under paragraph 4, or who has been directed under sub-paragraph (2) of this paragraph to bring any arable land not under cultivation, under cultivation, shall use such land otherwise than for the purpose of growing any of the said crops.

7. If any person in possession or effective control of any waste land, or arable land not under cultivation, satisfies the Competent Authority that he is unable to bring such land under cultivation, the Competent Authority may by order in writing exempt such person from all or any of the provisions of paragraph 5 or paragraph 6, as the case may be, in respect of any agricultural season or seasons.

8. An appeal, if presented within fifteen days from the date of the Order appealed against, shall lie to the Appellate Authority specified in this behalf by the Provincial Government from every order made by a Competent Authority under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 6 and from every order by a Competent Authority refusing to grant exemption under paragraph 7.

9. A Competent Authority may at any time together with such persons as he may consider necessary enter upon and inspect any waste or arable land with a view to securing compliance with this Order.

10. Nothing in this Order shall apply to any land which is comprised within any homestead.

11. (1) If any person in possession or effective control of any waste or arable land not under cultivation fails to comply with any of the provisions of paragraph 5 or of paragraph 6, then, without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against such person in respect of such non-compliance, such waste or arable land shall be liable to be placed by an order issued under sub-rule (2) of rule 80B of the Defence of India Rules in the exclusive possession of such other person and for such period as may be specified in the said Order.

¹Original paragraph 11 has been renumbered as sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 11 and sub-paragraph (2) has been added by notification No. 3149 Agri., dated the 18th August, 1944.

¹(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885, no person who is placed in exclusive possession of any waste or arable land by an order made under sub-rule (2) of rule 80B of the Defence of India Rules shall acquire any right of occupancy in such land.

The Schedule.

[Paragraph 5.]

Food and Fodder Crops.

1. Paddy. 2. Wheat. 3. Pulses. 4. Maize. 5. Vegetables.
6. Millets.

Notification No. 1557 Agri., dated the 10th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 18th May, 1944, Pt. I, p. 651).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Food Crops Production Control Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to appoint the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* as the date on which the said Order shall come into force in the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

Notification No. 122 Agri., dated the 8th January, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 18th January, 1945, Pt. I, p. 90).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Food Crops Production Control Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to appoint all officers of the Jute Regulation-cum-Agricultural Development Department of and above the rank of Range Inspectors to be "Competent Authority" for all or any of the purposes of the said Order for the areas within their respective jurisdictions.

Notification No. 311 Agri., dated the 16th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th January, 1945, Pt. I, p. 131).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause 8 of the Bengal Food Crops Production Control Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to specify the Sub-divisional Magistrate of each subdivision to be the Appellate Authority to whom appeals—

- (a) against any order made by a Competent Authority under sub-clause (2) of clause 6 of the said Order in respect of any land within the subdivision, or
- (b) against any order made by a Competent Authority refusing to grant exemption under clause 7 of the said Order in relation to any land within the subdivision,

may be preferred under clause 8 of the said Order.

Notification No. 14048 D. C. S., dated the 26th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 29th November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1993).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said rules

¹Original paragraph 11 has been renumbered as sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 11 and sub-paragraph (2) has been added by notification No. 3149 Agri., dated the 18th August, 1944.

that notice of the Order shall be given by the publication of the said Order in the *Official Gazette* and by the issue of a press-note summarising and explaining its provisions:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(3) It shall come into force in such areas and on such dates as the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, direct:

Provided that the provisions of this Order applicable to carriers shall not come into force in any area unless and until they have been expressly brought into force in such area by a notification issued in that behalf by the Provincial Government.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) “carrier” means a person who undertakes the carriage, transport or movement of rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy) of not less than 10 maunds in weight from one place to another on behalf of another person by any form of wheeled or water transport, but does not include a railway administration as defined in the Indian Railways Act, 1890, or the owner of an inland steam-vessel as defined in the Inland Steam-Vessels Act, 1917;

(b) “dealer” means a person dealing in the purchase or sale of any foodgrain or storing any foodgrain for sale and includes any person so dealing or storing on behalf of another as a commission agent or *arhatia*, but does not include a producer except in so far as such producer deals in the purchase or sale of any foodgrain or stores any foodgrain other than the foodgrain which is produced by himself with or without the aid of members of his family or paid labourers or by *adhiars*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars*;

(c) “foodgrain” means any of the commodities specified in the First Schedule to this Order or any bye-product thereof, and includes any other commodity which the Provincial Government may from time to time declare, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, to be a commodity to which this Order applies;

(d) “Form” means a form as set forth in the Second Schedule to this Order;

(e) “large producer” means a person who cultivates land the area of which is not less than 25 acres at any one time and grows thereon paddy by himself with or without the aid of members of his family or paid labourers or by *adhiars*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars*;

(f) “producer” means a person who cultivates land and produces thereon any foodgrain by himself with or without the aid of members of his family or paid labourers or by *adhiars*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars*;

(g) “purchase in wholesale quantities”, “sale in wholesale quantities” and “storage for sale in wholesale quantities” mean—

(i) in the case of rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy) or both taken together, purchase or sale in quantities exceeding 20 maunds in any one transaction or storage in quantities exceeding 20 maunds for purposes of sale, as the case may be, and

- (ii) in the case of other foodgrains either singly or taken together, purchase or sale in quantities exceeding 10 maunds in any one transaction or storage in quantities exceeding 10 maunds for purposes of sale, as the case may be;
- (h) "godown" means any premises, shed or structure used or proposed to be used for the storage of any food-grain and includes a vessel;
- (i) "maund" means a weight of 40 seers, each consisting of 80 tolas.

3. (1) No dealer or large producer shall engage in any undertaking which involve the purchase, sale or storage for sale in wholesale quantities of any foodgrains and no carrier shall engage any undertaking which involves the carrying, transport or movement of rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy) by wheeled or water transport except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license issued under paragraph 4.

(2) For the purpose of this paragraph any person other than a producer who stores—

- (a) rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy) or both taken together in quantities exceeding 20 maunds, or
- (b) other foodgrains, either singly or taken together in quantities exceeding 10 maunds,

shall, unless the contrary is proved be deemed to store the foodgrains for purposes of sale:

Provided that dealers, large producers and carriers who were either licensed under the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, or were engaged before the commencement of this Order in any undertaking which involves the purchase, sale or storage for sale, in wholesale quantities of any foodgrain or which involves the carrying, transport or movement of rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy) by wheeled or water transport shall be allowed one month's time from such commencement to obtain a license under this Order:

Provided further that every license for the time being in force issued under paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, shall in so far as it authorises the purchase in wholesale quantities of rice husked and rice in the husk (paddy) shall be deemed for the purposes of this Order to be a license issued under this Order authorising such purchase:

¹[Provided also that every license issued under the Foodgrains Control order, 1942, and in force on the date of commencement of this Order shall be deemed for the purposes of this Order to be a license issued under this Order and to be valid until the date on which a license is issued under this Order to the person holding such license under the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, or until the 15th ²(April) 1946, whichever is earlier:]

Provided also that the Provincial Government may, by general or special order, exempt, subject to such conditions and in respect of such area or areas as may be specified in the order, any dealer, large producer or carrier from the operation of this paragraph.

4. (1) The Provincial Government may, on application made to it in this behalf, grant a license—

- (a) to any dealer, authorising him to purchase, sell or store for sale in wholesale quantities any one or more foodgrains,
- (b) to any large producer authorising him to sell or store for sale in wholesale quantities rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy),

¹Added by notification No. 14293D.C.S., dated the 3rd December 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 2593D.C.S., dated the 23rd February 1946.

- (c) to any carrier authorising him to carry, transport or move rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy), by any form of wheeled or water transport :

Provided that the Provincial Government may without assigning any reason refuse to grant a license to any person under this sub-paragraph.

(2) Every license granted to a dealer under sub-paragraph (1) shall, when it is granted in respect of rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy), be in Form A and shall, when it is granted in respect of other foodgrains, be in Form A(1).

(3) Every license granted to a large producer under sub-paragraph (1) shall be in Form A (2).

(4) Every license issued under sub-paragraph (1) to dealers or large producers shall specify—

- (a) the foodgrain or foodgrains in respect of which the license has been granted;
- (b) the place or places at which and the area in which, the licensee may carry on business;
- (c) the address or addresses of the godown or godowns in which the licensee may store the foodgrain or foodgrains covered by the license; and
- (d) the conditions subject to which the license is granted.

(5) Every license granted to a carrier under sub-paragraph (1) shall be in Form A(3) and shall specify the area within which the licensee is permitted to carry on business and the conditions subject to which the license is granted.

5. (1) Every person holding a license issued under clause (c) of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 shall—

- (a) if he accompanies any consignment of rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy) carry the license with him, and
- (b) if he does not accompany such consignment, provide the person accompanying such consignment with a journey ticket in Form E.

(2) Every journey ticket issued by a licensee under clause (b) of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 5 shall be collected by such licensee as soon as may be after the delivery of the consignment in respect of which it was issued and shall then be cancelled by him in such manner as may be specified by the Provincial Government.

(3) If any journey ticket is not collected by a licensee within three days of the delivery of the consignment in respect of which it was issued, the licensee shall at once notify the fact to the Provincial Government and shall forward at the same time to the Provincial Government a true copy of such ticket.

(4) Every licensee by whom any journey ticket is issued under clause (b) of sub-paragraph (1) shall maintain a register of such tickets in Form F and shall on cancellation of the journey tickets preserve all such journey tickets for a period of one year from such cancellation.

6. (1) Every application for a license under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 authorising a dealer or a large producer to purchase, sell or store for sale in wholesale quantities rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy) shall,—

- (a) when made by a dealer, be submitted to the Provincial Government in Form B, and

(b) when made by a large producer, be submitted to the Provincial Government in Form B(1).

(2) Every application made by a carrier for a license under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 authorising him to carry, transport or move rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy) shall be submitted to the Provincial Government in Form B(2).

(3) Every application by a dealer for a license under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 authorising him to purchase, sell or store for sale in wholesale quantities any foodgrains other than rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy) shall be submitted to the Provincial Government in Form B(3).

(4) Every applicant for a license shall state full and true particulars in his application.

7. (1) No license shall be granted under the provisions of this Order except on payment by the applicant for the license at the time of making application therefor of such fee as may be specified by the Provincial Government under sub-paragraph (2) and every such license shall be valid until the 30th of November following the date of issue, but shall be renewable each year for a further period of one year on payment by the licensee at the time of making the application for renewal of the fee specified in this behalf by the Provincial Government under the said sub-paragraph.

(2) The Provincial Government may, from time to time, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify the fee which may be charged for the grant or renewal of any license under this Order the manner in which such fee shall be paid, and the fee so specified may be different for different types of licenses.

8. If a license granted under this Order is defaced, lost or destroyed, the Provincial Government may after making such inquiry as it deems necessary issue a fresh license in place thereof on payment of double the fee specified by the Provincial Government for the renewal of such a license and thereupon the license that has been defaced, lost or destroyed shall be deemed to be cancelled.

9. (1) Every person licensed under this Order, other than a carrier, shall submit returns of his stocks of foodgrains in such form, at such intervals and containing such particulars as may be specified in the license.

(2) It shall not be necessary for a person holding a license under the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, which is deemed to be a license issued under this Order to submit any returns under this Order and such person shall submit only such returns as are required to be submitted under the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943.

10. (1) No person, other than a person holding a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order or a producer, shall have in his possession or under his control any quantity of rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy) or both, in excess of 20 maunds, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit granted in this behalf in Form C by the Provincial Government:

¹[Provided that every permit which has been issued under the Bengal Essential Foodgrains Possession and Storage Order, 1944, and is in force on the date of commencement of this Order shall be deemed for the purposes of this Order to be a permit issued under this Order and to be valid until the date on which a permit is issued under this Order to the person holding such permit under the Bengal Essential Foodgrains Possession and Storage Order, 1944, or until the ²(15th April, 1946), whichever is earlier.]

¹Inserted by notification No. 14293D.C.S., dated the 3rd December 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 2593D.C.S., dated the 23rd February 1946.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-paragraph, any stocks of rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy) in the possession or under the control of the members of a household shall be deemed to be in the possession or under the control of the head of the household.

(2) Every permit granted under sub-paragraph (1) shall specify the quantity of rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy) or both, which may be kept or stored in excess of 20 maunds and the place or places at which they may be stored.

11. Every person to whom a permit has been granted under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10 shall on the last day of each calendar month submit to the Provincial Government ¹[in Form D(3)] a true and correct return of the rice husked or rice in the husk (paddy) or both, in his possession or under his control on such day.

12. (1) No person being the holder of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order shall contravene any of the conditions of such license.

(2) No person to whom a permit has been granted under this Order shall contravene any of the conditions of such permit.

13. (1) If any person being the holder of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order or being the holder of a permit granted under this Order contravenes any of the provisions of this Order or any of the conditions of such license or permit, as the case may be, then, without prejudice to any other action that may lawfully be taken against him, his license or permit, may be suspended or cancelled by order of the Provincial Government.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-paragraph (1), the Provincial Government may, without giving any previous notice and without assigning any reason, suspend or cancel any license issued or deemed to be issued or any permit granted under this Order.

14. Any person authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf may seize any foodgrain in respect of which he has reason to believe that a contravention of any of the provisions of this Order or of any of the conditions of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order or of any of the conditions of a permit granted under the Order has been committed.

15. Any person authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf may enter upon and inspect any premises, vehicles or vessels in which such person has reason to believe that foodgrains are being stocked, purchased, sold or stored for sale in contravention of the provisions of this Order or in respect of which he has reason to believe that any of the conditions of any license issued or permit granted under this Order has been contravened.

16. If any person contravenes any of the provisions of this Order—

(a) he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules; and

(b) without prejudice to the punishment referred to in clause (a) to which he may be liable, any Court trying the contravention shall direct that any foodgrain together with the packages and containers thereof, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the contravention has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole, or as the case may be, a part of the property.

¹Inserted by notification No. 3709D.C.S., dated the 15th March 1946.

17. The Provincial Government may, by general or special order, authorise any officer to perform all or any of the functions of the Provincial Government under this Order.

The First Schedule.

[See paragraph 2(c).]

1. Rice in the husk (paddy).
2. Rice husked.
3. Wheat and Wheat Products (including Atta, Maida, Suji, Rawa and Bran).
4. Rahar.
5. Masur.
6. Gram, any variety.
7. Mung.

The Second Schedule.

FORM A.

[See paragraph 4(2).]

No. .

License to dealers for purchase, sale, or storage for sale in wholesale quantities of rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy).

1. Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, and to the terms and conditions of this license.....
trading as.....
 *(Manager/Secretary/Proprietor of.....
), son of.....
, of village/town.....
 *police-station....., district
, is/are hereby authorised to purchase,
 sell or store for sale rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy) in
 wholesale quantities.

*Portion within the bracket () to be filled in the case of corporate bodies only.

¹Added by notification No. 714D.C.S., dated the 15th January 1946.

2. The licensee shall carry on the aforesaid business only (a) at the following place(s) and/or store the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1 at only the following godown(s):—

.....

(b) within the following area(s):—

.....

3. The licensee shall maintain separately for each place or godown mentioned in clause 2 a register of daily accounts for each of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1 showing correctly—

- (a) the opening stock on each day ;
- (b) the quantities received on each day showing the place of origin and the license numbers (if any) of the persons from whom received ;
- (c) the quantities delivered or otherwise removed on each day showing the places of destination if consigned to places outside the district ; and the license numbers of the purchasers ; and
- (d) the closing stock on each day.

4. The licensee shall, in respect of each of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1, submit to the officer issuing the license so as to reach him not later than the fifteenth day of each month, a true return in Form D of the Second Schedule to the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, of stocks, receipts and deliveries of the foodgrain during the preceding month.

5. The licensee shall not in any one transaction, sell any of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1, in quantities exceeding 20 maunds, to any person who does not hold a license under the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, nor is otherwise authorised to purchase the foodgrain in wholesale quantities.

6. The licensee shall, except when specially exempted by the Provincial Government, issue to every customer a correct receipt or invoice, as the case may be, giving his own name, address and license number, the name, address and license number (if any) of the customer, the date of transaction, the quantity sold, the price per maund and the total amount charged, and shall keep a duplicate of the same to be available for inspection on demand by any officer authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government :

Provided that it shall not be necessary to give the name and address of the purchaser in the case of a cash sale of such foodgrains of any quantity less than 20 maunds to an unlicensed purchaser.

7. The licensee shall prominently display at each of the places mentioned in clause 2 a correct list written in the language of the locality, of the prices of the foodgrains in which he is licensed to deal.

8. The licensee shall give all facilities at all reasonable times to any officer authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government for the inspection of his stocks and accounts at any shop, godown or other place used by him for the storage or sale of any of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1 and for the weighing of his stocks and for the taking of samples of such foodgrains for examination.

9. The licensee shall comply with any directions that may be given to him by the Provincial Government, in regard to the purchase, sale, or storage for sale, of any of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1, and in regard to the language in which the registers, returns, receipts or invoices mentioned in clauses 3, 4 and 6 shall be written.

10. If this license is suspended or cancelled it shall be delivered to the officer by whom it was issued within three days of the service of the order of suspension or cancellation on the licensee.

11. This license must be attached to any application for renewal.

Seal of the Officer issuing the license.

*Signature and designation of the Officer
issuing the license.*

Dated.....194

Note.—The licensee's attention is specially drawn to paragraphs 12(1), 13, 14 and 16 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, which read:—

12. (1) No person being the holder of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order shall contravene any of the conditions of such license.

13. (1) If any person being the holder of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order or being the holder of a permit granted under this Order contravenes any of the provisions of this Order or any of the conditions of such license or permit, as the case may be, then, without prejudice to any other action that may lawfully be taken against him, his license or permit may be suspended or cancelled by order of the Provincial Government.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-paragraph (1) the Provincial Government may, without giving any previous notice and without assigning any reason, suspend or cancel any license issued or deemed to be issued or any permit granted under this Order.

14. Any person authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf may seize any foodgrain in respect of which he has reason to believe that a contravention of any of the provisions of this Order or of any of the conditions of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order or of any of the conditions of a permit granted under this Order has been committed.

16. If any person contravenes any of the provisions of this Order—

(a) he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules; and

(b) without prejudice to the punishment referred to in clause (a) to which he may be liable, any Court trying the contravention shall direct that any foodgrain together with the packages and containers thereof, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the contravention has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole, or as the case may be, a part of the property.

FORM A(1).

[See paragraph 4(2).]

No.....

License to dealers for purchase, sale or storage for sale of foodgrains other than rice husked and rice in the husk (paddy).

1. Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, and to the terms and conditions of this license..... trading as.....

*(Manager/Secretary/Proprietor of.....), son of.....

of village/town....., police-station....., district....., is/are

hereby authorised to purchase, sell or store for sale all or any of the under-mentioned foodgrains in wholesale quantities:—

*Portion within the bracket () to be filled in the case of corporate bodies only.

.....
.....
.....

2. The licensee shall carry on the aforesaid business only (a) at the following place(s) and/or store the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1 at only the following godown(s):—

.....
.....
.....
(b) within the following area(s):—
.....
.....
.....

3. The licensee shall maintain separately for each place or godown mentioned in clause 2 a register of daily accounts for each of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1 showing correctly—

(a) the opening stock on each day;

(b) the quantities received on each day showing the place of origin and the license numbers (if any) of the persons from whom received.

(c) the quantities delivered or otherwise removed on each day showing the places of destination if consigned to places outside the district and the license numbers of the purchasers, and

(d) the closing stock on each day.

4. The licensee shall, in respect of each of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1, submit to the officer issuing the license so as to reach him not later than the fifteenth day of each month, a true return in Form D(1) of the Second Schedule to the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, of stocks, receipts and deliveries of the foodgrain during the preceding month.

5. The licensee shall not in any one transaction, sell in quantities exceeding 10 maunds any one or more of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1 taken together, to any person who does not hold a license under the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, nor is otherwise authorised to purchase the foodgrains in wholesale quantities.

6. The licensee shall, except when specially exempted by the Provincial Government issue to every customer a correct receipt or invoice, as the case may be, giving his own name, address and license number, the name, address and license number (if any) of the customer, the date of transaction, the

quantity sold, the price per maund and the total amount charged, and shall keep a duplicate of the same to be available for inspection on demand by any officer authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government:

Provided that it shall not be necessary to give the name and address of the purchaser in the case of a cash sale of such foodgrains of any quantity less than 10 maunds to an unlicensed purchaser.

7. The licensee shall prominently display at each of the places mentioned in clause 2 a correct list written in the language of the locality, of the prices of the foodgrains in which he is licensed to deal.

8. The licensee shall give all facilities at all reasonable times to any officer authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government for the inspection of his stocks and accounts at any shop, godown or other place used by him for the storage or sale of any of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1, and for the weighing of his stocks and for the taking of samples of such foodgrains for examination.

9. The licensee shall comply with any directions that may be given to him by the Provincial Government in regard to the purchase, sale, or storage for sale, of any of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1, and in regard to the language in which the registers, returns, receipts or invoices mentioned in clauses 3, 4 and 6 shall be written.

10. If the license is suspended or cancelled it shall be delivered to the officer by whom it was issued within three days of the service of the order of suspension or cancellation on the licensee.

11. This license must be attached to any application for renewal.

Seal of the Officer issuing the license.

*Signature and designation of the Officer
issuing the license.*

Dated.....194

Note.—The licensee's attention is specially drawn to paragraphs 12(1), 13, 14 and 16 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, which read:—

12. (1) No person being the holder of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order shall contravene any of the conditions of such license.

13. (1) If any person being the holder of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order or being the holder of a permit granted under this Order contravenes any of the provisions of this Order or any of the conditions of such license or permit, as the case may be, then, without prejudice to any other action that may lawfully be taken against him, his license or permit may be suspended or cancelled by order of the Provincial Government.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-paragraph (1) the Provincial Government may, without giving any previous notice and without assigning any reason, suspend or cancel any license issued or deemed to be issued or any permit granted under this Order.

14. Any person authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf may seize any foodgrain in respect of which he has reason to believe that a contravention of any of the provisions of this Order or of any of the conditions of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order has been committed.

16. If any person contravenes any of the provisions of this Order—

(a) he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules; and

(b) without prejudice to the punishment referred to in clause (a) to which he may be liable, any Court trying the contravention shall direct that any foodgrain together with the packages and containers thereof, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the contravention has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole, or as the case may be, a part of the property.

FORM A(2).

[See paragraph 4(3).]

No.

License to large producers for sale, or storage for sale of rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy).

1. Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, and to the terms and conditions of this license.....

*(Manager/Proprietor/Secretary of.....
.....), son of.....
....., of village/town.....
police-station....., district.....
is/are hereby authorised to sell or store for sale rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy) in wholesale quantities.

*Portion within the bracket () to be filled in the case of corporate bodies only.

2. The licensee shall carry on the aforesaid undertaking only (a) at the following place(s) and/or store the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1 at only the following godown(s):—

.....
.....
.....

(b) within the following area(s):—

.....
.....
.....

3. The licensee shall, in respect of each of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1 submit to the officer issuing the license so as to reach him not later than the seventh day of each month a true return in Form D(2) of the Second Schedule to the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, of the stocks of foodgrains held by him during the preceding month.

4. The licensee shall not in any one transaction sell any of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1 in quantities exceeding 20 maunds, to any person who does not hold a license under the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, nor is otherwise authorised to purchase the foodgrains in wholesale quantities.

5. The licensee shall give all facilities at all reasonable times to any officer authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government for the inspection of his stocks and accounts, if any, of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1, and the taking of samples of such foodgrains for examination.

6. The licensee shall comply with any directions that may be given to him by the Provincial Government, in regard to the sale or storage for sale of any of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1.

7. If the license is suspended or cancelled it shall be delivered to the officer by whom it was issued within three days of the service of the order of suspension or cancellation on the licensee.

8. This license must be attached to any application for renewal.

Seal of the Officer issuing the license.

*Signature and designation of the Officer
issuing the license.*

Dated.....194 .

FORM A(3).

[See paragraph 4(5).]

No.....

*License to carriers to carry, transport and move rice husked and/or rice in
the husk (paddy).*

1. Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, and to the terms and conditions of this license.....

Note.—The licensee's attention is specially drawn to paragraphs 12(1), 13, 14 and 16 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, which read:—

12. (1) No person being the holder of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order shall contravene any of the conditions of such license.

13. (1) If any person being the holder of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order or being the holder of a permit granted under this Order contravenes any of the provisions of this Order or any of the conditions of such license or permit, as the case may be, then, without prejudice to any other action that may lawfully be taken against him, his license or permit may be suspended or cancelled by order of the Provincial Government.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-paragraph (1) the Provincial Government may, without giving any previous notice and without assigning any reason, suspend or cancel any license issued or deemed to be issued or any permit granted under this Order.

14. Any person authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf may seize any foodgrain in respect of which he has reason to believe that a contravention of any of the provisions of this Order or of any of the conditions of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order or of any of the conditions of a permit granted under this Order has been committed.

16. If any person contravenes any of the provisions of this Order—

(a) he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules; and

(b) without prejudice to the punishment referred to in clause (a) to which he may be liable, any Court trying the contravention shall direct that any foodgrain together with the packages and containers thereof, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the contravention has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole, or as the case may be, a part of the property.

trading as.....
 *(Manager/Proprietor/Secretary of.....), son of.....
 of village....., police-station.....,
 district....., is/are hereby authorised to carry transport
 and move rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy) not exceeding.....
maunds in any one transaction within the following area :—

*Portion within the bracket () to be filled in the case of corporate bodies only.

2. The licensee is authorised to carry transport and move the above-mentioned foodgrains by means of.....

†(Note here the type of wheeled or water transport as the case may be).

3. The licensee shall give all facilities at all reasonable times to any officer authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government for the inspection of the stocks in his possession, and for the weighment of his stocks.

4. The licensee shall comply with any directions that may be given to him by the Provincial Government, in regard to the carriage, transport and movement of the foodgrains mentioned in clause 1.

Seal of the Officer issuing the license.

*Signature and designation of the Officer
 issuing the license.*

Dated.....194 .

Note.—The licensee's attention is specially drawn to paragraphs 12(1), 13, 14 and 16 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, which read :—

12. (1) No person being the holder of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order shall contravene any of the conditions of such license.

13. (1) If any person being the holder of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order or being the holder of a permit granted under this Order contravenes any of the provisions of this Order or any of the conditions of such license or permit, as the case may be, then, without prejudice to any other action that may lawfully be taken against him, his license or permit may be suspended or cancelled by order of the Provincial Government.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-paragraph (1) the Provincial Government may, without giving any previous notice and without assigning any reason, suspend or cancel any license issued or deemed to be issued or any permit granted under this Order.

14. Any person authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf may seize any foodgrain in respect of which he has reason to believe that a contravention of any of the provisions of this Order or of any of the conditions of a license issued or deemed to be issued under this Order or of any of the conditions of a permit granted under this Order has been committed.

16. If any person contravenes any of the provisions of this Order—

(a) he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules; and

(b) without prejudice to the punishment referred to in clause (a) to which he may be liable, any Court trying the contravention shall direct that any foodgrain together with the packages and containers thereof, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the contravention has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole, or as the case may be, a part of the property.

FORM B.

[See paragraph 6(1).]

Form of application for a license to a dealer for purchase, sale and storage for sale in wholesale quantities of rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy).

1. Applicant's name*.....
 (*Note.—If the application is made on behalf of a corporate body, the applicant's position vis-a-vis that body should be specifically stated.)
2. Applicant's father's name.....
3. Applicant's profession.....
4. Applicant's residence.....
5. Situation of applicant's business premises with particulars as to village, police-station and district.....

6. Location of applicant's godown(s), if any.....

7. Area of business for which license is wanted.....

8. How long the applicant has been trading in rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy).....
9. Quantities and kinds of foodgrains handled annually during the past three years.....

10. Income-tax paid in—
 1941-42 ...
 1942-43 ...
 1943-44 ...
11. Whether the applicant had license under the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, for rice husked/rice in the husk (paddy).....

12. If so, full particulars of that license.....

I declare that the following quantities of rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy) are in my possession this day and are held at the following places:—

I have understood the provisions of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, and the conditions of license in Form A of the Second Schedule to the said Order, and I agree to abide by them.

*I have not previously applied for such license in this district for rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy).....

*I applied for such license in this district for rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy) on.....
and was/was not granted a license on.....

*I declare that I am the Proprietor/Manager/Secretary of the firm or organisation on behalf of which this application is made.

(*Note.—Strike out the words or paragraphs which are not applicable.)

*Signature or left thumb impression
of the applicant.*

Dated.....194 .

FORM B(1).

[See paragraph 6(1).]

Form of application for a license to a large producer, sale or storage for sale in wholesale quantities of rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy).

1. Applicant's name*.....

(*Note.—If the application is made on behalf of a corporate body, the applicant's position vis-a-vis that body should be specifically stated.)

2. Applicant's father's name.....

3. Applicant's address: village/town.....,
police-station....., district.....

4. Details of premises where it is proposed to store the foodgrain with particulars as to village, police-station and district.....

5. Total area of the applicant's land under cultivation of paddy.....

6. Approximate quantity of rice in the husk (paddy) that is produced by the applicant every year.....

I have understood the provisions of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, and the conditions of license in Form A(2) of the Second Schedule to the said Order, and I agree to abide by them.

†I declare that I am the Proprietor/Manager/Secretary of the firm or organisation on behalf of which this application is made.

(†Note.—Strike out if not applicable.)

*Signature or left thumb impression
of the applicant.*

Dated.....194 .

FORM B(2).

[See paragraph 6(2).]

Form of application for a license to a carrier for carriage, transport and movement of rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy).

1. Applicant's name*.....

(*Note.—If the application is on behalf of a corporate body, the applicant's position vis-a-vis that body should be specifically stated.)

2. Applicant's father's name.....

3. Applicant's address: village.....,
police-station....., district.....

4. Applicant's profession.....

5. Type of wheeled or water-transport for which license is wanted
.....
.....

6. Area for which license is wanted.....
.....

I declare that I have understood the provisions of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, and the conditions of license in Form A(3) of the Second Schedule to the said Order, and I agree to abide by them.

†I declare that I am the Proprietor/Manager/Secretary of the firm or organisation on behalf of which this application is made.

(†Note.—Strike out if not applicable.)

*Signature or left thumb impression
of the applicant.*

Dated.....194 .

FORM B(3).

[See paragraph 6(3).]

Form of application for a license to a dealer for purchase, sale and storage for sale in wholesale quantities of foodgrains other than rice husked and rice in the husk (paddy).

1. Applicant's name*.....

(*Note.—If the application is made on behalf of a corporate body, the applicant's position vis-a-vis that body should be specifically stated.)

2. Applicant's father's name.....

3. Applicant's profession.....

4. Applicant's residence.....

5. Situation of applicant's business premises with particulars as to
village, police-station and district.....
.....
.....

6. Location of applicant's godown(s), if any.....
.....

7. Names of foodgrains for which license is wanted.....
8. Area of business for which license is wanted.....
9. How long the applicant has been trading in foodgrains other than rice husked and rice in the husk (paddy).....
10. Quantities and kinds of foodgrains other than rice husked and rice in the husk (paddy) handled annually during the past three years.....
11. Income-tax paid in—
 1941-42 ...
 1942-43 ...
 1943-44 ...
12. Whether the applicant had license under the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942.....
13. If so, for what foodgrains.....
14. Full particulars of license under Foodgrains Control Order, 1942.....

I declare that the following quantities of foodgrains [other than rice husked and rice in the husk (paddy)] are in my possession this day, and are held at the places noted against each:—

I have understood the provisions of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, and the conditions of license in Form A(1) of the Second Schedule to the said Order, and I agree to abide by them.

*I have not previously applied for such license in this district for the foodgrains specified in paragraph 7 of this form.....

*I applied for such license in this district for the foodgrains specified in paragraph 7 of this form on.....and was/was not granted a licence on.....

*I declare that I am the Proprietor/Manager/Secretary of the firm or organisation on behalf of which this application is made.

(*Note—Strike out the words or paragraphs which are not applicable.)

*Signature or left thumb impression
of the applicant.*

Dated.....194 .

The Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945.**FORM C.**

[See paragraph 10.]

Permit.

No.....

Dated.....194....

Valid until.....

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945,
and to the terms and conditions of this permit.....

son of.....
of.....
police-station....., district.....
is permitted to possess*.....
maunds of rice husked/rice in the husk (paddy) to be stored in the premises
described below:—

This permit is issued subject to the following conditions:—

- (1) The permit shall be kept by the permit-holder at the place of storage.
- (2) The permit shall be produced on demand by any officer authorised for this purpose by the Provincial Government.
- (3) The permit shall be surrendered to the officer by whom it was issued on expiry of its period of validity.



Signature of the Officer issuing the permit.

Dated.....194 .

(*Both words and figures.)

FORM D.

*Return of stocks, receipts and deliveries of rice husked and/or rice in the
husk (paddy) for the month of.....
submitted by a licensed dealer.*

Name of licensee.....

Address of licensee.....

Licensee No.....

Particulars.

Quantity
in maunds. Remarks, if any.

1. Stock at the beginning of the month
2. Quantity received during the month—
 - (a) From other persons in the same district
 - (b) From persons in other districts of the province
 - (c) From persons outside the province

Total

Particulars.	Quantity in maunds.	Remarks, if any.
3. Quantity delivered or otherwise removed during the month—		
(a) to other persons in the same district ...		
(b) to persons in other districts of the province ...		
(c) to persons outside the province ...		
4. Stock at the end of the month ...		

I declare that the above is a true and correct return.

*Signature or left thumb impression
of the licensee.*

Dated.....194 .

FORM D(1).

Return of stocks, receipts and deliveries of foodgrains other than rice husked and rice in the husk (paddy), for the month of.....194..., submitted by a licensed dealer.

Name of licensee.....

Address of licensee.....

License No.....

Particulars.	Quantity in maunds.	Remarks, if any.
1. Stock at the beginning of the month ...		
2. Quantity received during the month—		
(a) From other persons in the same district ...		
(b) From persons in other districts of the province ...		
(c) From persons outside the province ...		
Total ...		
3. Quantity delivered or otherwise removed during the month—		
(a) to other persons in the same district ...		
(b) to persons in other districts of the province ...		
(c) to persons outside the province ...		
4. Stock at the end of the month ...		
Total ...		

I declare that the above is a true and correct return.

*Signature or left thumb impression
of the licensee.*

Dated.....194

FORM D(2).

Return of stocks of rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy) held by a licensed large producer for the month of.....194...

Name of licensee.....

Address of licensee.....

License No.....

Particulars.	Quantity in maunds.	Remarks, if any.
1. Stock at the beginning of the month—		
(a) Rice husked ...		
(b) Rice in the husk (paddy) ...		
2. Stock at the end of the month—		
(a) Rice husked ...		
(b) Rice in the husk (paddy) ...		

I declare that the above is a true and correct return.

*Signature or left thumb impression
of the licensee.*

Dated.....194 .

FORM D(3).

(See rule 11.)

Return of stocks of rice husked and/or rice in the husk (paddy) held by a permit-holder for the month of.....194... [vide paragraph 10(1)] of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945.

Name of permit-holder.....

Address of permit-holder.....

Permit No.....

Particulars.	Quantity in maunds.	Remarks, if any.
Stock at the end of the month—		
(a) Rice husked ...		
(b) Rice in the husk (paddy) ...		

I declare that the above is a true and correct return.

*Signature or left thumb impression of the
permit-holder.*

Dated.....194....

FORM E.

[See paragraph 5(1) (b).]

Journey Ticket.

No.....issued.....

The undernoted person is in charge of boat/cart/motor vehicle No.....
and is direct to carry.....maunds of rice husked/rice
in the husk (paddy) from.....

.....starting on.....

to.....(consignee).....

.....at.....

.....(place).....

Name.....

Father's name.....

Village.....

P. S.....

District.....

(Signed).....

Holder of carrier's licence No.....issued at
.....on.....

The Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945.

FORM F.

[See paragraph 5(4).]

Register of Journey Tickets.

No. of ticket.	Issued to.	Date of issue.	Journey begun on (date).	No. of vehicle/vessel.	Load.	Date of reaching destination.	Ticket received and cancelled on (date).	Signature of licensee (to be given only after completion of column 8).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Notification No. 14582 D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2098.)

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order (with the exception of the provisions thereof applicable to carriers) shall come into force in the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts on the 13th day of December 1945.

Notification No. 14583 D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2096.)

In exercise of the power conferred by the fourth proviso to paragraph 3 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, published under notification No. 14048 D.C.S., dated the 26th November 1945, as subsequently amended, the Governor is pleased to exempt from the operation of the said paragraph, in respect of each of the areas in which the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, is in force, all dealers and large producers engaged in any undertaking which involves the purchase, sale or storage for sale in whole-sale quantities of any foodgrain which has been specified in respect of such area to be a rationed article under the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

Notification No. 3706 D.C.S., dated the 15th March, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th March, 1946, Pt. I., p. 578.)

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct that journey tickets issued by licensee under clause (b) of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 5 of the said Order shall, on collection of such journey tickets by the said licensee after delivery of the consignment in respect of which such journey tickets were issued, be cancelled by the licensee by writing the word "cancelled" or its vernacular equivalent between two lines drawn across such journey tickets and to direct further with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules that notice of the notification shall be given by the publication of the same in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Notification No. 14592 D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2099.)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraphs 6 and 8 of Forms A and A(1) as set forth in the Second Schedule to the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, and by paragraph 5 of Form A (2) as set forth in the said Schedule, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below for the purposes of the said paragraphs in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said Schedule:—

1	2
Officers.	Areas.
All Regional Controllers of Procurement.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions.
All Deputy Regional Controllers of Procurement.	Ditto.
All Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement.	Ditto.

1 Officers.	2 Areas.
All Deputy Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement.	The areas of the jurisdictions.
All District Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All Additional District Con- trollers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All District Assistant Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All Deputy Subdivisional Con- trollers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All District Movement Officers ...	Ditto.
All Regional Movement Officers	Ditto.
All Chief Inspectors of Procure- ment.	Ditto.
All Chief Inspectors of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All Inspectors of Procurement ...	Ditto.
All Sub-Inspectors of Procure- ment.	Ditto.
All Inspectors of Civil Supplies	Ditto.
All Sub-Inspectors of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All Cordoning Officers ...	Ditto.
All Officers-in-charge of Patrol Parties under the Directorate of Procurement.	Ditto.
The Director of Supply, all Deputy Directors of Supply and all Assistant Directors of Supply.	The town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 14584D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2098.)

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 7 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to specify the following scales of fees which shall be charged for the grant or renewal of licences issued in Forms A, A(1) and A(2), namely:—

(a) for the grant or renewal of licences in Form A or Form A(2)—
Rs. 2.

(b) for the grant or renewal of licences in Form A (1)—Rs. 1.

Notification No. 3707D.C.S., dated the 15th March, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th March, 1946, Pt. I., p. 578.)

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 7 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to specify that a fee of rupee one only shall be charged for the grant or renewal of a license issued in Form A(3) and to direct that such fee shall be paid by depositing a non-judicial stamp at the time of making application for the grant or renewal of such license and to direct further with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules that notice of the notification shall be given by the publication of the same in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Notification No. 14593D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2098.)

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 9 of Forms A and A(1) as set forth in the Second Schedule to the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, and by paragraph 6 of Form A(2) as set forth in the said Schedule, the Governor is pleased to direct that every holder of a license issued in Form A, Form A(1) or Form A(2)—

- (a) shall whenever any change takes place in the list of godowns mentioned in the license, give intimation of such change to the officer issuing the license within seven days of such change taking place,
- (b) shall furnish along with the monthly return in Form D or Form D(1) or Form D(2), as the case may be, of the said Schedule, a statement showing how the total stock at the end of the month mentioned by the licensee in the said return is distributed between the various godowns mentioned in the license where stocks have been kept stored, and
- (c) shall write or cause his accounts, registers and returns to be written either in Bengali or in English.

Notification No. 14591D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2098.)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 15 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to exercise the powers mentioned in the said paragraph in the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

1	2
Officers.	Areas.
All Regional Controllers of Procurement.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions.
All Deputy Regional Controllers of Procurement.	Ditto.
All Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement.	Ditto.
All Deputy Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement.	Ditto.

1 Officers.	2 Areas.
All District Controllers of Civil Supplies.	The areas of t jurisdiction
All Additional District Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All District Assistant Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All Deputy Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All District Movement Officers ...	Ditto.
All Regional Movement Officers	Ditto.
All Chief Inspectors of Procurement.	Ditto.
All Chief Inspectors of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All Inspectors of Procurement ...	Ditto.
All Sub-Inspectors of Procurement.	Ditto.
All Inspectors of Civil Supplies	Ditto.
All Sub-Inspectors of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All Cordoning Officers ...	Ditto.
All Officers-in-charge of Patrol Parties under the Directorate of Procurement.	Ditto.
All Police Officers of and above the rank of Sub-Inspectors of Police belonging to the Enforcement Branch, C.I.D., Bengal.	Ditto.
The Director of Supply, all Deputy Directors of Supply and all Assistant Directors of Supply.	The town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 14585 D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th December, 1945, Pt. 1, p. 2096.)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 17 of the Bengal Food-grains Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 3 of the table below to perform the functions of the Provincial Government specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 1 of the said table:—

1 Areas.	2 Functions.	3 Officers.
Calcutta ..	Functions under paragraphs 4 and 6 of the said Order and power to renew licenses under paragraph 7 and to issue fresh licenses in place of licenses defaced, lost or destroyed under paragraph 8 of the said order in so far as such functions and powers relate to licenses in respect of non-rationed foodgrains.	The Director of Supply [the Deputy Director of Supply and the Licensing Officer of the Department of Civil Supplies].
The areas of the respective jurisdictions of the officers specified opposite in Column 3 in which the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, is in force excluding any area included within Calcutta.	Ditto ..	The District Controller of Civil Supplies, the Additional District Controller of Civil Supplies, the District Assistant Controller of Civil Supplies, the Subdivisional Controller of Civil Supplies, the Deputy Subdivisional Controller of Civil Supplies, the Subdivisional Licensing and Returns Officer and the Subdivisional Magistrate.
Each district of Bengal excluding any area in which the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, is in force.	Functions under paragraphs 4 and 6 of the said Order and power to renew licenses under paragraph 7 and to issue fresh licenses in place of licenses defaced, lost or destroyed under paragraph 8 of the said Order.	The District Controller of Civil Supplies, the Additional District Controller of Civil Supplies and the District Assistant Controller of Civil Supplies.
Each subdivision of Bengal excluding any area in which the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, is in force.	Functions under paragraphs 4 and 6 of the said Order and power to renew licenses under paragraph 7 and to issue fresh licenses in place of licenses defaced, lost or destroyed under paragraph 8 of the said Order.	The Subdivisional Controller of Civil Supplies, the Deputy Subdivisional Controller of Civil Supplies, the Subdivisional Licensing and Returns Officer and the Subdivisional Magistrate.

Explanation.—In this Order—

- (a) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;
- (b) "non-rationed foodgrains" means foodgrains which have not been specified to be rationed articles under the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

Notification No. 14586 D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th December, 1945, Pt. 1, p. 2097.)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 17 of the Bengal Food-grains Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise the following officers to perform the functions of the Provincial Government under paragraphs 10 and 11 of the said Order within their respective jurisdictions, namely:—

- (1) All District Controllers of Civil Supplies.
- (2) All Additional District Controllers of Civil Supplies.
- (3) All District Assistant Controllers of Civil Supplies.
- (4) All Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.
- (5) All Deputy Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.
- (6) All Subdivisional Licensing and Returns Officers.
- (7) All Subdivisional Magistrates.

Notification No. 14587 D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2096.)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 17 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 3 of the table below to perform the functions of the Provincial Government specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 1 of the said table:—

1 Areas.	2 Functions.	3 Officers.
Calcutta	Functions under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the said Order in so far as such functions relate to licences in respect of non-rationed foodgrains.	The Director of Supply and the Deputy Director of Supply.
The areas of the respective jurisdictions of the Officers specified opposite to column 3 in which the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, is in force excluding any area included within Calcutta.	Ditto	The District Controller of Civil Supplies and the Additional District Controller of Civil Supplies.
Each district of Bengal excluding any area in which the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, is in force.	Functions under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the said Order.	The District Controller of Civil Supplies and the Additional District Controller of Civil Supplies.
Each subdivision of Bengal excluding any area in which the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, is in force.	Ditto	The Subdivisional Controller of Civil Supplies and the Subdivisional Magistrate.

Explanation.—In this Order—

- (a) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;
- (b) "non-rationed foodgrains" means foodgrains which have not been specified to be rationed articles under the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

Notification No. 14588 D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2096.)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 17 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to perform the functions of the Provincial Government specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 3 of the said table:—

1 Officers.	2 Functions.	3 Areas.
The Director-General, Food and the Director-General of Enforcement.	Functions under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 13 of the said Order.	The whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts.
The Director of District Distribution.	Ditto	The districts of Dacca, Faridpur, Tippera, Noakhali and Chittagong.
Ditto	Functions under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 13 of the said Order in so far as such functions relate to licences in respect of foodgrains other than rice in the husk (paddy) and rice husked.	All districts in Bengal except the districts of Dacca, Faridpur, Tippera, Noakhali and Chittagong.
The Director of Rice Procurement.	Functions under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 13 of the said Order in so far as such functions relate to licences in respect of rice in the husk (paddy) and rice husked.	Ditto.
The Director of Supply	Functions under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 13 of the said Order in so far as such functions relate to licences in respect of foodgrains other than foodgrains which have been specified to be rationed articles under the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.	The town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 14589 D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2096.)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 17 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise the following officers to perform the functions of the Provincial Government under paragraph 14 of the said Order within their respective jurisdictions, namely :—

- (1) All Regional Controllers of Procurement.
- (2) All Deputy Regional Controllers of Procurement.
- (3) All Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement.
- (4) All Deputy Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement.
- (5) All Chief Inspectors of Procurement.
- (6) All District Magistrates.
- (7) All District Controllers of Civil Supplies.
- (8) All Additional District Controllers of Civil Supplies.
- (9) All Subdivisional Magistrates.
- (10) All District Assistant Controllers of Civil Supplies.
- (11) All Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.
- (12) All Deputy Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.
- (13) All Subdivisional Licensing and Returns Officers.
- (14) All Chief Inspectors of Civil Supplies.
- (15) All Inspectors of Procurement.
- (16) All Inspectors of Civil Supplies.
- (17) All Cordoning Officers.
- (18) All Officers-in-charge of Patrol Parties.
- (19) All Officers of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of Inspector.
- (20) All Police Officers of and above the rank of Sub-Inspectors of Police belonging to the Enforcement Branch, C. I. D., Bengal.

Notification No. 14590 D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2096.)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 17 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to perform the functions of the Provincial Government under paragraph 9 of Forms A and A(1) and paragraph 6 of Form A(2) as set forth in the Second Schedule to the said Order in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table :—

1 Officers.	2 Areas.
All Regional Controllers of Procurement.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions.
All Deputy Regional Controllers of Procurement.	Ditto.
All Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement.	Ditto.

¹Added by notification No. 1088 D.C.S., dated the 22nd January, 1946.

1 Officers.	2 Areas.
All District Controllers of Civil Supplies.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions.
All Additional District Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All District Assistant Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
The Director of Supply and all Deputy Directors of Supply.	The town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 3705 D.C.S., dated the 15th March, 1946 (published in the Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th March, 1946, Pt. I, p. 578.)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 17 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement within their respective jurisdictions to perform the functions of the Provincial Government under subparagraph (3) of paragraph 5 of the said order and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules that notice of the notification shall be given by the publication of the same in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Notification No. 3708 D.C.S., dated the 15th March, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th March, 1946, Pt. I, p. 579.)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 17 of the Bengal Foodgrains Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to perform the functions of the Provincial Government under paragraphs 3 and 4 of Form A(3) as set forth in the second schedule to the said Order in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the table and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules that notice of the notification shall be given by the publication of the same in the *Calcutta Gazette*:—

1 Officers.	2 Areas.
All Regional, Deputy Regional and Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions.
All Regional Movement Officers, all Regional and District Cordoning Officers.	Ditto.
All Cordoning Officers	Ditto.
All Chief Inspectors of Procurement	Ditto.

1 Officers.	2 Areas.
All officers in charge of patrol parties under the Directorate of Procurement.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions.
All Chief Inspectors, Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors of Civil Supplies Department.	Ditto.
All Police Officers of and above the rank of Sub-Inspectors of Police.	Ditto.
All officers of the Enforcement Division of the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of Preventive Officers.	Ditto.

Order published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 8th June, 1943,

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (5) and (5a) of rule 75A, clauses (a), (aa) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 and rule 116 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Food Grains Inquiries and Control Order, 1943.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

(3) It shall come into force on the date of its publication in the Official Gazette.

2. In this order—

(a) "adult" means a person above the age of twelve years;

(b) "Authorised Officer" means any person authorised ¹[in Calcutta by the Regional Controller of Civil Supplies for Calcutta and Industrial Area or elsewhere by the District Magistrate or the Subdivisional Magistrate] to exercise the functions of an Authorised Officer under paragraphs 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this Order in any area within their respective jurisdictions;

(c) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1886, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;

(d) "Committee" means a Committee consisting of ¹[a] President and not more than eleven other members, approved in writing for the purposes of this Order by an Authorised Officer in the manner specified by the Provincial Government;

(e) "foodgrain" means any of the foodgrains specified in the Schedule to this Order and includes seeds of paddy.

3. Every person who is an adult shall, on demand being made either orally or in writing by an Authorised Officer or a Committee, or such members of a Committee as may be empowered in this behalf by the President of the Committee, furnish forthwith to such Officer, Committee or member as the case may be, full and true information of the stocks of all foodgrains.

¹Substituted by notification No. nil, dated nil, published in the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*, dated the 8th June, 1943.

in the possession of such person together with such other information as may be required in that connection by the Authorised Officer or the Committee or such members.

4. On receipt of the information referred to in paragraph 3 and after such further inquiries as the Authorised Officer or the Committee may consider necessary, the Authorised Officer, or the Committee¹ shall compile a return in such form as may be specified in this behalf by the Provincial Government and shall forward a copy of the said return² [in Calcutta to the Regional Controller of Civil Supplies for Calcutta and Industrial Area and elsewhere to the Subdivisional Magistrate] or to such officer as the said Controller or Subdivisional Magistrate by general or special order may direct.

³[Provided that a Committee shall forward the copies of its returns to the said Controller, the Subdivisional Magistrate, or such officer, as the case may be, through the Authorised Officer.]

⁴4A. Any action taken by a Committee or by any member or members of a Committee, under paragraph 3 or paragraph 4, shall be in accordance with such general or special instructions as the Authorised Officer may give in this behalf.

5. (1) If the stock of any foodgrain other than seeds of paddy in the possession of any person exceeds the quantity of such foodgrain actually required for the use of the owner of such foodgrain and his dependants including servants up to the 31st day of December 1943, or if the stock of seeds of paddy in the possession of any person exceeds the quantity of such seeds actually required for the growing of paddy on the lands of the owner of those seeds by himself and by his *adhiars*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars* during the next agricultural season for the *Aman* paddy crop, an Authorised Officer may, by a notice in the form annexed to this Order, require the owner or the person in possession of such foodgrain or seeds not to dispose in any way of the amount of such excess (which shall be specified in the notice) without the permission in writing of the Regional Controller of Civil Supplies for Calcutta and the Industrial Area, if the stocks are in Calcutta or the Subdivisional Magistrate if the stocks are in a subdivision (excluding in the case of the Sadar subdivision of the district of the 24 Parganas, the suburbs of Calcutta) until any further order is issued by such Controller or Subdivisional Magistrate in respect of the amount of such excess and every such owner or person shall, on service of such notice, comply with the requirements of the said notice.

(2) For the purpose of sub-paragraph (1) the quantity of foodgrains other than seeds of paddy actually required for the use of the owner of such foodgrains and his dependants including servants and the quantity of seeds of paddy actually required for the growing of paddy on the lands of the owner of such seeds by himself and by his *adhiars*, *bargadars* and *bhagdars* shall be determined in accordance with such instructions as may be issued in this behalf by the Provincial Government.

(3) A notice issued under sub-paragraph (1) shall be deemed to be withdrawn if no further order is issued by the Regional Controller of Civil Supplies for Calcutta and the Industrial Area, or the Subdivisional Magistrate, as the case may be, under the Defence of India Rules in respect of the excess of stocks referred to in that sub-paragraph within one month from the date of service of such notice on the owner or person in possession of such stocks.

¹Omitted by the notification No. nil, dated nil, published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, Extraordinary, dated the 8th June, 1943.

²Substituted, *ibid*.

³Added, *ibid*.

6. For the purposes of paragraphs 4 and 5, an Authorised Officer may, together with such persons as he may consider necessary, enter upon any premises where he has reason to believe that foodgrains have been stocked, or purchase or sale of foodgrains in wholesale or in retail is carried on, and inspect such premises and any stocks of foodgrains thereon or therein and require any person to furnish to him such further information in connection therewith as the Authorised Officer may consider necessary:

Provided that in entering upon and inspecting any premises the Authorised Officer shall have due regard to the social and religious customs of the persons occupying the premises.

The Schedule.

[See paragraph 2 (e).]

Rice in the husk (paddy), rice husked, millets, cereals, pulses.

Form of Notice.

[See paragraph 5 (1).]

Under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Food Grains Inquiries and Control Order, 1943, I hereby require that you Maulvi/Babu

son of....., of....., who have been found in possession of stocks of foodgrains specified in column I of the table below of the total quantity mentioned in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table at the place described below, shall not remove from such place, or any way dispose of, such quantity of such foodgrains as are specified in the corresponding entries in column 3 of that table without the permission in writing of the Regional Controller of Civil Supplies for Calcutta and the Industrial Area/Subdivisional Magistrate,subdivision, until further orders are issued under the Defence of India Rules by such Controller...../Subdivisional Magistrate in respect of those foodgrains.

Foodgrains.	Total quantity found in stock in maunds and seers.	Quantity not to be removed or disposed of in maunds and seers.
1	2	3

Description of the place where stocks of foodgrains are found.....

2. You are hereby warned that if you fail to comply with the requirements of this notice you shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under ^{1*} * * * the Defence of India Rules.

Signature.

Authorised Officer in charge of.....

Date.....

¹See footnote 2 on page 1314, *ante*.

Notification No. 168 F.G., dated the 20th August, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 21st August, 1943, p. 137).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

The Bengal Foodgrains (Movement Control) Order, 1943.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Foodgrains (Movement Control) Order, 1943.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) "export" means to move or cause to be moved out of the Province of Bengal into any other Province in British India or into any Indian State;

(b) "Director" means the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and includes any person authorised by the said Director of Civil Supplies to perform all or any of the functions of the Director under this Order;

(c) "foodgrains" means any of the foodgrains specified in the schedule to this Order and includes any products of those foodgrains.

3. (1) No person shall export any foodgrains except under and in accordance with a permit issued in that behalf by the Director:

Provided that nothing in this sub-paragraph shall apply to the export of foodgrains—

(a) not exceeding two and one half maunds in weight in the aggregate by a *bona fide* traveller as a part of his luggage;

(b) under and in accordance with military credit notes;

(c) under and in accordance with a permit duly issued before by the Provincial Government or any officer authorised by the Provincial Government:

Provided further that the Director may, by general or special order, exempt from the provisions of this sub-paragraph the export of foodgrains to such extent, in such manner, and for such period as may be specified in the Order.

(2) If it appears to the Director that a permit issued by him under sub-paragraph (1) is not likely to be utilised or that there are sufficient reasons for requiring its cancellation, he may cancel the permit and on such cancellation the holder of the permit shall forthwith return it to the authority issuing it.

4. Applications for permits to export foodgrains during any calendar month shall be made in writing not later than the fifteenth day of the preceding month to the Director and shall contain full and true particulars of the following:—

(i) name of consignor;

(ii) name of consignee;

(iii) quantity and nature of consignment;

(iv) port or railway station of despatch (including district and Province in which situated);

(v) port or railway station of destination (including district and Province in which situated);

(vi) price at which the foodgrains included in the consignment have been sold:

Provided that applications for permits to export foodgrains during the months of August and September, 1943, may be made at any time during those months.

5. Where any foodgrains are exported by rail in accordance with a permit issued by the Director, the permit shall be returned by the consignor to the Director on completion of despatch of the quantity therein mentioned with the entries in respect of each consignment showing the quantity despatched and the date of despatch duly certified by the station master on the permit.

6. Where any foodgrains are exported by sea in accordance with a permit issued by the Director, the consignor shall deliver the permit to the Customs Collector, who shall return the permit to the Director after the consignment has been exported.

7. Where any foodgrains are exported otherwise than by rail or by sea in accordance with a permit issued by the Director, the permit shall be disposed of in accordance with such instructions as the Director may indicate on the permit.

18. If any person contravenes the provisions of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of this Order then without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, any Court trying the offence shall order that any stocks of foodgrains together with packages and coverings thereof, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed, shall be forfeited to His Majesty, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of opinion that the direction should not be made in respect of the whole, or as the case may be, a part of the property.

The Schedule.

[See paragraph 2 (c).]

- | | |
|------------------------------|------------|
| 1. Wheat. | 6. Gram. |
| 2. Rice in the husk (paddy). | 7. Barley. |
| 3. Rice husked. | 8. Maize. |
| 4. Jowar. | 9. Rahar. |
| 5. Bajra. | 10. Masur. |

Notification No. 10780 D.C.S., dated the 18th August, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 30th August, 1945, Pt. I., p. 1411.)

In exercise of the power conferred upon me by the second proviso to sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Foodgrains (Movement Control) Order, 1943, I hereby exempt the export of wheat by the Regional Food Commissioner of the Government of India from the stocks of that Government from the provisions of the said sub-paragraph.

¹Substituted by notification No. 6306 F.G. (Pro.), dated the 13th December, 1944.

Notification No. 225 F.G., dated the 24th August, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th August, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1382).

In exercise of the power conferred by rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Foodgrains' Prices Control Order, 1943.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) "agriculturist" means any person who cultivates land by himself or by members of his family or by paid labourers or by *adhiars*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars* and includes a person under whom a tenant holds land on condition of delivering a fixed quantity of produce of such land to that person but does not include any such person when he is acting as a *bepari*, *paikar* or agent for the purchase, sale or storage for sale of any foodgrain derived from crops other than those grown on such land;

(b) "foodgrain" means any of the commodities specified in the Schedule to this Order and includes any other commodity which the Provincial Government may from time to time declare by notification in the *Official Gazette* to be a commodity to which this Order applies;

(c) "trader" means any person engaged in the purchase, sale or storage for sale of any foodgrain;

(d) "retail trader" means a trader who sells any foodgrain in quantities not exceeding $2\frac{1}{2}$ maunds in any one transaction;

(e) "wholesale trader" means a trader other than a retail trader.

3. (1) The Provincial Government may from time to time by notification in the *Official Gazette* fix the maximum price at which any foodgrain may be sold by an agriculturist, a retail trader, a wholesale trader or other person and may in like manner vary, amend or rescind any notification issued under this paragraph.

(2) Every such notification shall specify the date with effect from which or the period for which such maximum price has been fixed and different maximum prices may be so fixed for different periods and for agriculturists, retail traders, wholesale traders or other persons.

4. When the maximum price at which any foodgrain may be sold by any person has been fixed under paragraph 3—

(a) no such person shall sell or agree to sell and no person shall purchase or agree to purchase any such foodgrain at a price exceeding the maximum price of such foodgrain so fixed;

(b) no such foodgrain shall be delivered or accepted in pursuance of an agreement entered into before such fixing of the maximum price which provides for the payment of a price exceeding the maximum price of such foodgrain so fixed, unless the agreement is by consent of the parties so revised as to substitute for the price originally agreed upon a price not exceeding the maximum price so fixed.

5. Any person authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf may—

- (a) enter upon and inspect any premises used or believed to be used for the purchase, sale or storage for sale of any foodgrain;
- (b) require the owner, occupier or other person in charge of such premises or any trader to produce any books, accounts, vouchers or other documents relating to the purchase, sale or storage for sale of any foodgrain or to furnish such information relating to the said transactions as the person so authorised may consider necessary;
- (c) require a wholesale trader or a retail trader to submit such returns, reports or statements relating to the purchase, sale or storage for sale of any foodgrain as the person so authorised may consider necessary.

6. If any person contravenes the provisions of paragraph 4 of this Order—

- (a) he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules; and
- (b) without prejudice to the punishment referred to in clause (a) to which he may be liable, '[any Court trying the offence shall order] that any stocks of foodgrains, together with the packages and coverings thereof, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed, shall be forfeited to His Majesty '[unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the court is of opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole, or as the case may be, a part of the property.]

The Schedule.

1. Rice in the husk (paddy).
2. Rice husked.

Notification No. 440 F.G., dated the 31st August, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 1st September, 1943, p. 145).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Foodgrains' Prices Control Order, 1943, and in partial modification of notification No. 226 F.G., dated the 24th August, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum prices at which rice husked may be sold by a retail trader in Calcutta and in the districts specified in column 1 of the table below, shall be such amounts per maund above the maximum prices at which rice husked may be sold by a wholesale trader specified in column 3 of the table appended to clause (a) of the said notification as are specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the table below during the respective periods the maximum prices at which husked rice may be sold by a wholesale trader referred to above are in force.

Districts	Amounts.	Districts.	Amounts.
	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Calcutta	... 2 0	Jessore	... 1 0
24-Parganas	... 2 0	Khulna	... 2 0
Nadia	... 1 0	Burdwan	... 2 0
Murshidabad	... 1 0	Birbhum	... 1 8

¹Substituted by notification No. 375D.C.S., dated the 9th January, 1946.

²Added, *ibid.*

Districts	Amounts.	Districts.	Amounts.
	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Bankura	1 8	Pabna	... 1 0
Midnapore	2 0	Malda	... 1 0
Hooghly	2 0	Dacca	... 2 0
Howrah	2 0	Mymensingh	... 1 0
Rajshahi	1 8	Faridpur	... 2 0
Dinajpur	1 0	Bakarganj	... 2 0
Jalpaiguri	1 0	Chittagong	... 2 0
Darjeeling	2 0	Tippera	... 2 0
Rangpur	1 0	Noakhali	... 2 0
Bogra	1 8	Chittagong Hill-tracts	... 1 0

Explanation.—In this notification “Calcutta” means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 607 F.G., dated the 7th September, 1943 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary” of the 8th September, 1943, p. 153).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Food-grains’ Prices Control Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum prices at which rice husked may be sold per seer by a retail trader during the periods and with effect from the dates specified in column 1 of the table below shall be such amounts as are specified in the corresponding entries in columns 2, 3 and 4 of that table, in respect of the areas specified respectively in the headings to columns 2, 3 and 4 of that table:—

Period.	For Calcutta and the districts of 24 Parganas, Khulna, Burdwan, Midnapore, Hooghly, Howrah, Darjeeling, Dacca, Faridpur, Bakarganj, Chittagong, Tippera and Noakhali.	For the districts of Rajshahi, Birbhum, Bankura and Bogra.	For the districts of Nadia, Murshidabad, Jessore, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Rangpur, Pabna, Malda and Mymensingh.
	Retail price per seer.	Retail price per seer.	Retail price per seer.
	As. p.	As. p.	As. p.
Until the 9th September 1943	13 0	12 9	12 6
With effect from the 10th September, 1943, until the 24th September, 1943 (both inclusive).	10 6	10 3	10 0
With effect from the 25th September, 1943.	9 0	8 9	8 6

Explanation.—In this notification—

(1) “Calcutta” means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866;

(2) “seer” means a standard seer of eighty tolas.

Notification No. 1785 F.G., dated the 4th March, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th March, 1944, Pt. I, p. 65).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Foodgrains' Prices Control Order, 1943, and in supersession of notification No. 3151 F.G., dated the 18th November, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix for the districts mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below the maximum prices per maund at which rice husked may be sold by wholesale traders other than rice mills and by agriculturists as those specified in columns 2(a) and 2(b), respectively, of the said Schedule and the maximum prices per maund at which rice in the husk (paddy) may be sold by wholesale traders and agriculturists as those specified in columns 3(a) and 3(b), respectively, of the said Schedule:—

Schedule.

Name of districts.	Maximum price per maund of rice husked for sale by—		Maximum price per maund of rice in the husk (paddy) for sale by—	
	Wholesale traders other than rice mills.		Wholesale traders.	
	Agriculturists.		Agriculturists.	
	2(a).	2(b)	3(a)	3(b)
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Burdwan, Birbhum, Bankura, Midnapore, Jessore, Khulna, Mymensingh, Bakarganj, Rajshahi, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Bogra and Malda.	13 12	13 0	8 0	7 12
Hooghly, Howrah (excluding the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur), 24 Parganas (excluding the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge), Nadia, Murshidabad, Dacca, Faridpur, Chittagong, Tippera, Noakhali, Rangpur, Pabna and Darjeeling.	15 0	14 4	8 8	8 4

Explanation.—In this notification—

- (a) All prices are *ex-godown* and the cost of bags is excluded therefrom in all cases.
- (b) A maund means the weight equivalent to a standard maund of 40 seers of 80 tolas per seer.

II. This Order shall come into force on the 15th March, 1944.

Notification No. 2562 F.G. (Pro.), dated the 11th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 12th April 1944, p. 113).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Foodgrains' Prices Control Order, 1943, and in supersession of notification No. 1785 F.G., dated the 4th March, 1944, the Governor is pleased to fix for the districts mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below the maximum prices per maund at which rice husked may be sold by wholesale traders other than rice mills and by agriculturists as those specified in columns 2(a) and 2(b), respectively, of the said Schedule and the maximum

prices per maund at which rice in the husk (paddy) may be sold by wholesale traders and agriculturists as those specified in columns 3(a) and 3(b), respectively, of the said Schedule:—

Schedule.

Names of districts.	Maximum price per maund of rice husked for sale by—		Maximum price per maund of rice in the husk (paddy) for sale by—	
	Wholesale traders other than rice mills.	Agricul- turists.	Wholesale traders.	Agricul- turists.
	2(a).	2(b)	3(a)	3(b)
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Burdwan, Birbhum, Bankura, Midnapore, Jessore, Khulna, Mymensingh, Bakarganj, Rajshahi, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Bogra and Malda.	3 12	13 0	7 12	7 8
Hooghly, Howrah (excluding the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur), 24 Parganas (excluding the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge), Nadia, Murshidabad, Dacca, Faridpur, Chittagong, Tippera, Noakhali, Rangpur, Pabna and Darjeeling.	14 12	14 0	8 4	8 0

Explanation.—In this notification—

- (a) All prices are *ex-godown* and the cost of bags is excluded therefrom in all cases.
- (b) A maund means the weight equivalent to a standard maund of 40 seers of 80 tolas per seer.

II. This Order shall come into force on the 15th April, 1944.

Notification No. 2077 D.S.C., dated the 27th February, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta. Gazette" of the 1st March, 1945, Pt. I, p. 370).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Foodgrains' Prices Control Order, 1943, and in supersession of notification No. 3396 F.G. (Pro.), dated the 5th June, 1944, the Governor is pleased to fix for the districts mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below the maximum prices per maund at which rice husked may be sold by wholesale traders other than rice mills and by agriculturists as those specified in columns 2(a) and 2(b), respectively, of the said Schedule and the maximum

prices per maund at which rice in the husk (paddy) may be sold by wholesale traders and agriculturists as those specified in columns 3(a) and 3(b), respectively, of the said Schedule:—

Schedule.

Names of districts.	Maximum price per maund of rice husked for sale by—		Maximum price per maund of rice in the husk (paddy) for sale by—	
	Wholesale traders other than rice mills.	Agricul- turists.	Wholesale traders.	Agricul- turists.
	2(a). Rs. a.	2(b) Rs. a.	3(a) Rs. a.	3(b) Rs. a.
Dacca, Faridpur, Chittagong, Noakhali and Tippera	13 8	12 12	7 4	7 0
Howrah (excluding the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur), Hooghly (excluding the municipalities of Uttarpara, Kotrung, Rishra, Konnagore, Serampore, Baidyabati, Champdani, Bhadrabar, Hooghly-Chinsurah and Bansberia), and 24 Parganas (excluding the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach, Tollygunge, Budge Budge, South Dum Dum, Dum Dum, Baranagore, Kamarhati, Panihati, Khardah, Titagar, South Barrackpore, North Barrackpore, Garulia, Bhatpara, Naihati, Halishar, Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment).	12 12	12 0	7 2	6 14
Burdwan, Birbhum, Bankura, Midnapore, Jessore, Khulna, Mymensingh, Bakarganj, Rajshahi, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Hogra, Malda, Nadia, Murshidabad, Rangpur, Pabna and Darjeeling.	12 12	12 0	6 12	6 8

Explanation.—In this notification—

- (a) All prices are *ex-godown* and the cost of bags is excluded therefrom in all cases.
- (b) A maund means the weight equivalent to a standard maund of 40 seers of 80 tolas per seer.

¹Provided that the maximum prices fixed under this paragraph shall not apply to purchases made by persons holding permits in writing issued for the purpose by or under the authority of the Regional, Deputy Regional or Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement within their respective jurisdictions.

II. This notification shall come into force on the 11th March, 1945.

Notification No. 1084 D.C.S., dated the 31st January 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th February 1945, Pt. I, p. 260).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 5 of the Bengal Foodgrains' Prices Control Order, 1943, and in supersession of notification No. 1825 F.G., dated the 6th March, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers mentioned in column 1 of the table below in respect

¹Added by notification No. 2614 D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1945.

of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of the said paragraph :—

Officers.	Areas.
1	
All Regional Controllers of Procurement.	Within their respective regions.
All District Magistrates, Additional District Magistrates and District Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Within their respective districts.
All Deputy and Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement.	Within their respective jurisdictions.
All Subdivisional Officers, District Assistant Controllers of Civil Supplies and Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Within their respective jurisdictions.
All Inspectors of Civil Supplies ...	Within their respective jurisdictions.

Provided that no such powers shall be exercised in any area if in respect of that area any foodgrain, in relation to which such power is exercised, has been specified to be a rationed article under the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

Notification No. 8819D.C.S., dated the 26th/27th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 5th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1136).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 5 of the Bengal Foodgrains' Prices Control Order, 1943, and in supersession of notification No. 3698F.G. (Pro.), dated the 26th June 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers mentioned in column 1 of the table below in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a) and (b) of the said paragraph :—

Officers.	Areas.
1	2
Circle Officers	The areas of their respective jurisdictions.
All Police Officers not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector.	Ditto.
District Controllers of Civil Supplies, Additional District Controllers of Civil Supplies, District Assistant Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
District Enforcement Officers ...	Ditto.
Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies, Deputy Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All Officers of the Directorate-General of Enforcement in the Department of Civil Supplies, of and above the rank of a Sub-Inspector.	Ditto.

Provided that no such powers shall be exercised in any area in relation to any foodgrain if such foodgrain has, in respect of that area, been specified to be a rationed article under the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

Notification No. F.D.-E.R./6., dated the 14th July, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 15th July, 1943, p. 112).

The Foodgrains Restriction of Movement (Calcutta) Order, 1943. ..

In exercise of the powers conferred on the Central Government by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and by virtue of the delegation by the Central Government to the Regional Commissioner, Eastern Region, of all such powers as aforesaid within the Provinces of Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa in relation to foodgrains and their products, the Regional Commissioner, Eastern Region, hereby orders:—

(1) That no foodgrain or product thereof specified in the Schedule annexed hereto shall as from the date of this Order until further order be moved in any manner or for any purpose by any person from Calcutta and the Industrial Area to any place outside the said areas, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or by any person duly authorised by him in writing in this behalf;

(2) That any such foodgrain or product thereof moved or attempted to be moved in contravention of the above Order shall be liable to detention by such persons and in such manner as the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, may determine and, without prejudice to any other penalty or consequence by law applicable thereto, shall be liable to forfeiture in accordance with rule 81 (4) of the Defence of India Rules.

Explanation.—In this Order—

(1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866; and

¹(2) "Industrial Area" means the municipalities of Howrah and Bally.

The Schedule.

- (1) Rice husked.
- (2) Rice in the husk (paddy).
- (3) Dals.
- (4) Wheat and Wheat products (including atta, maida, suji, rawa and bran).

Notification No. 6098 D.C.S., dated the 24th July, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 26th July, 1943, p. 117).

In pursuance of notification No. F.D.-E.R./6, dated the 14th July 1943, as amended by notification No. F.D.-E.R./6, dated the 19th July 1943, issued by the Regional Commissioner, Eastern Region, the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, hereby authorises the following officers to exercise powers referred to in clauses (1) and (2) of the said Order in respect of the commodities and the areas shown below:—

Commodity.—Wheat and wheat products.

Area.—Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and Industrial Area, namely, the municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah.

¹Substituted by notification No. F.D.-E.R./6, dated the 19th July, 1943.

Officers who will exercise the powers.—The Controller and Assistant Controller of Wheat and Wheat Products, Bengal, P34, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta.

Commodity.—Other foodgrains.

Area.—Calcutta as defined above.

Officers who will exercise the powers.—Regional, Joint and Deputy Regional Controllers of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, and Industrial Area, 1st Floor, 7, Church Lane, Calcutta, and the Foodgrains Purchasing Officer, Bengal, Top Floor, 7, Church Lane, Calcutta.

Commodity.—All foodgrains.

Area.—Industrial area as defined above.

Officers who will exercise the powers.—District Magistrate, Howrah, and Subdivisional Officer, Sadar, Howrah.

This order comes into force immediately.

This cancels notification No. 6023D.C.S., dated the 19th July, 1943, issued by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal.

Order No. 179 Com. (C.D.), dated the 18th April, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 20th April, 1942).

Whereas it appears to the Provincial Government that it is necessary for maintaining supplies and services essential to the life of the community to regulate the distribution and disposal of certain essential commodities in Calcutta and the industrial area during the period of emergency and specially after an air raid;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that all shops, retail or wholesale, in the said areas dealing in or storing any of the commodities specified in the Schedule below and all godowns and stores in the said areas in which any such commodity is stored which may remain closed during an air raid shall be opened within a period of 24 hours after the "all clear" signal is given, and that if any such shops, godowns or stores remain closed after the said period, the Chief Controller of Prices, Bengal, or any officer authorised by him in writing, in this behalf, in Calcutta, and elsewhere the District Magistrate, may, in their discretion, have such shops, godowns or stores forcibly opened, take possession of the goods or stores lying therein and dispose of them in such manner as they consider expedient, the compensation for goods or stores so taken possession of, being determined by the officer taking such possession in his own discretion.

Explanation.—In this order—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866; and
- (2) "Industrial area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Sadar and Serampore subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

The Schedule.

Rice, wheat, *atta*, flour, *dals*, mustard oil, salt, coke and matches.

Order No. 180 Com. (C. D.), dated the 18th April, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 20th April, 1942).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, read with clause (f) of that sub-rule, the Governor is pleased to direct—

- (1) that no essential commodity specified in the annexed Schedule shall be moved by any form of conveyance by any person in Calcutta and the industrial area to any place outside the said areas, except under and in accordance with, the conditions of a permit in writing issued by the Chief Controller of Prices, Bengal, or by any person authorised in writing by him in this behalf;
- (2) that any goods carried in contravention of the above order shall be liable to seizure by such persons and in such manner as the Chief Controller of Prices, Bengal, may determine and the goods so seized shall be disposed of in such manner as the said Chief Controller of Prices considers expedient, and that the amount of compensation payable for goods so seized and disposed of, shall be determined by the said Chief Controller of Prices entirely in his discretion.

Explanation.—In this order—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866; and
- (2) "industrial area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Serampore and Sadar subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

The Schedule.

Rice, wheat, *atta*, flour, *dals*, mustard oil, salt, coke and matches.

Notification No. 1673 Com. (C.D.), dated the 4th/9th July, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 16th July, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1791).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that every retail or wholesale dealer in Calcutta and the neighbouring industrial area dealing in any of the commodities specified in the Schedule below shall display and keep displayed in a prominent position in his shop or place of business to the satisfaction of the Chief Controller of Prices, Bengal, a copy in the language or languages most likely to be understood by the persons generally using such shops (being one or more of the following languages, namely, English, Bengali, Hindi, Urdu) of the list of the maximum prices fixed by the Chief Controller of Prices, Bengal, of the commodities referred to above in which such retail or wholesale dealer deals.

Explanation.—In this order—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866; and

- (2) "neighbouring industrial area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Serampore and Sadar subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

The Schedule referred to above.

Rice, atta, flour, salt, sugar, pulses, mustard oil, cocoanut oil, coal, kerosene and matches.

Notification No. 1791 (om. (C.D.), dated the 16th July, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 23rd July, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1829).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that no person shall export or carry or cause to be exported or carried any quantity of any of the foodstuffs specified in the schedule hereto annexed from any district in Bengal to any place outside the Province of Bengal except upon and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued by the Chief Controller of Prices, Bengal, or by any officer authorised by him in this behalf.

The Schedule referred to above.

- (1) Rice in the husk (paddy).
- (2) Rice not in the husk.

Notification No. 8007 C.S., dated the 10th November, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 19th November, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2563).

Whereas it appears to the Provincial Government that it is necessary for maintaining supplies and services essential to the life of the community to obtain regular reports of stocks of commodities mentioned in the schedule below :

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by clause (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that owners, managers or persons in charge of shops, firms and mills situated in Calcutta as well as in Ramkrishnapore and Uluberia in the Howrah district and Tollygunge in the 24-Parganas district and dealing in the commodities specified in the schedule below shall submit without fail on the 16th and on the 1st of every month a statement of actual stocks lying in their shops, firms or mills on the preceding date.

Explanation.—In this order "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

The Schedule.

Rice, paddy, pulses, mustard seed, mustard oil and soft coke.

Notification No. 1748 D.C.S., dated the 21st December, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette," Extraordinary, of the 22nd December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 184).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, read with clause (f) of that sub-rule, the Governor is pleased to direct that no essential commodity specified in the

annexed schedule shall be moved by any form of conveyance by any person from any place within Calcutta and the Industrial area to any place outside the said areas except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the officers named below:—

1. Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta—when the specified commodities are situated in Calcutta Police jurisdiction.

2. District Magistrate, 24-Parganas—when the specified commodities are situated in the district of 24-Parganas.

3. District Magistrate, Howrah—when the specified commodities are situated in the district of Howrah.

4. District Magistrate, Hooghly—when the specified commodities are situated in the district of Hooghly.

Explanation.—In this order—

(1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and

(2) "Industrial area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Serampore and Sadar subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

This order will come into effect from the 22nd December 1942.

The Schedule.

Rice in the husk (paddy).

Rice husked.

Notification No. 9023C.S., dated the 27th December, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 31st December, 1942, Pt. 1, p. 2875).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct—

(a) that no consignment of any of the commodities specified in the annexed schedule lying undelivered on the 28th December, 1942, or arriving on any subsequent date at any of the railway or steamer stations in Calcutta and in the municipality of Howrah shall be delivered to the consignee or to any other person except under a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta;

(b) that no such consignee or any other person on his behalf shall dispose of any such commodity except under and in accordance with the conditions of another delivery order issued by or under the authority of the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta;

(c) that the permit issued under clause (a) and delivery orders issued under clause (b) shall not be transferable;

(d) that nothing in this order shall apply to commodities consigned to the Military or to any department or office of the Central or Provincial Government.

Explanation.—In this order “Calcutta” means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

The Schedule.

Rice, dal, mustard oil, atta and flour.

Notification No. 9055 C.S., dated the 29th December, 1942 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 31st December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2890).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that no owner, manager or person in charge of godown, mill, shop, office, or any other place of storage of rice, dal and sugar sealed under the orders of the Government of Bengal, since the 26th December, 1942, shall sell or otherwise dispose of any quantity of rice, dal or sugar stocked therein except under specified or general orders in writing passed, or terms and conditions prescribed, by or under the authority of the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal.

Order No. 9061 C.S., dated the 29th December, 1942 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 31st December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2890).

In pursuance of the notification No. 179 Com.(C.D.), dated the 18th April, 1942, the following officers are hereby empowered to have shops, godowns and stores dealing in any of the commodities specified below, which may remain closed after the period of 24 hours after the “all clear” signal is given, forcibly opened and to take possession of the goods or stores lying therein and dispose of them in such manner as they consider expedient:—

All Inspectors of Civil Supplies, Calcutta Area.

All police officers in Calcutta not below the rank of Sub-Inspectors of Police.

All Superintendents of Calcutta Corporation Markets.

These officers are empowered to exercise this power within the limits of their own jurisdiction under the direction and control of the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta.

Commodities.—Rice, wheat, atta, flour, dals, mustard oil, salt, coke and matches.

Notification No. 23 C.S., dated the 4th January, 1943 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 7th January, 1943, Pt. I, p. 5).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to cancel so much of Order No. 9023 C.S., dated 27th December, 1942, as relates to the delivery at railway and steamer stations in Calcutta and in the municipality of Howrah of rice, dal and mustard oil and their subsequent disposal.

Explanation.—Calcutta means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 3210 D.C.S., dated the 18th February, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th February, 1943, Pt. I, p. 357).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, read with clause (f) of that sub-rule and in supersession of order No. 666 D.C.S., dated the 20th January, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that no essential commodity specified in Schedule I shall be loaded for movement by railways, steamers or boats of more than 300 maunds capacity, by any person from any place within the districts specified in Schedule II to any place outside the said districts, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the District Magistrate of the district in which the commodity is situated, or of the Food Grains Purchasing Officer, Bengal.

Schedule I.

Rice in the husk (paddy).

Rice husked.

Schedule II.

- (1) Bankura.
 - (2) Howrah and Hooghly districts considered as one area.
 - (3) Murshidabad district.
 - (4) Nadia district.
 - (5) Jessore District.
 - (6) Mymensingh }
 - (7) Dacca }
 - (8) Faridpur }
 - (9) Tippera }
- } districts considered as one area.

Notification No. 3211 D.C.S., dated the 18th February, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th February, 1943, Pt. I, p. 357).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, read with clause (f) of that sub-rule and in supersession of Orders Nos. 1747 D.C.S. of 21st December, 1942, 665 D.C.S., dated 20th January, 1943, and 2183 D.C.S., dated 2nd February, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the commodities specified in Schedule I shall not be moved by any person from any place within the areas specified in Schedule II, to any place outside the said areas, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the Food Grains Purchasing Officer, Bengal.

Schedule I.

Rice in the husk (paddy).

• Rice husked.

Schedule II.

- (1) District of Burdwan.
- (2) District of Birbhum.
- (3) The Basirhat and Diamond Harbour subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas considered as one area.

- (4) District of Midnapore.
- (5) District of Khulna.
- (6) District of Bakarganj.
- (7) District of Noakhali.
- (8) Districts of Rajshahi Division considered as one area.

Notification No. 4156 D.C.S., dated the 6th April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th April, 1943, Pt. I, p. 727).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules read with clause (f) of that sub-rule and in supersession of all previous orders restricting the movement of rice or paddy in Bengal [excepting Order No. 180 Com.(C.D.), dated the 18th April, 1941, by which the movement of foodstuffs and other specified commodities out of Calcutta and the industrial area as defined in that order was restricted], the Governor is pleased to direct that the commodities specified in Schedule I below shall not be moved by any person from any place within any area specified in Schedule II below, to any place outside that area, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the Foodgrains Purchasing Officer, Bengal:

Provided that—

- (a) no such permit shall be required for the movement of any consignment of the said commodities not exceeding twenty maunds in weight at any one time;
- (b) nothing in this order shall affect any orders passed by the Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling and District Magistrate, Chittagong, in respect of export of rice and paddy from their respective districts.

Schedule I.

Rice in the husk (paddy).

Rice husked.

Schedule II.

Rajshahi Division.

Presidency and Burdwan Divisions considered as one area.

Dacca and Chittagong Divisions considered as one area.

Notification No. 4860 D.C.S., dated the 1st May, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd May, 1943, p. 77).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, read with clause (f) of that sub-rule and in supersession of all previous orders so far as they relate to the movement of rice and paddy in Bengal, the Governor is pleased to direct that the commodities specified in Schedule I below shall not be moved by any person from any place within any area specified in column 1 of Schedule II below to any place outside that area, except under and in accordance with

the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the officers specified respectively opposite each such area in column 2 of the said Schedule II:—

Schedule I.

Rice in the husk (paddy).
Rice husked.

Schedule II.

1	2
Calcutta and Industrial Area	... Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta and Industrial Area.
The District of Darjeeling	... Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling.
The District of Chittagong	... District Magistrate, Chittagong.

Explanation.—In this Order—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866; and
- (2) "Industrial Area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of the 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Serampore and Sadar subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 351 F.G., dated the 28th August, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 28th August, 1943, p. 144).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules read with clause (f) of that sub-rule, the Governor is pleased to direct that with effect from the date of the Order, the commodities specified in Schedule I below shall not be moved by any person from any place within any area specified in column 1 of Schedule II below to any place outside that area, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the officers specified respectively opposite each such area in column 2 of the said Schedule II:

Provided that no such permit shall be required for the movement of any consignment of the said commodities, not exceeding 2½ maunds in weight at any one time.

Schedule I.

Rice in the husk (paddy). Rice husked.

Schedule II.

1	2
Mymensingh district	... District Magistrate, Mymensingh.
Rangpur district	... District Magistrate, Rangpur.
Dinajpur district	... District Magistrate, Dinajpur.
Malda district	... District Magistrate, Malda.
Nadia district	... District Magistrate, Nadia.
Jessore district	... District Magistrate, Jessore.

Notification No. 2157 F.G., dated the 28th October, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 4th November, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1605).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules read with clause (f) of that sub-rule, the Governor is pleased to direct that with effect from the date of the Order the commodities specified in the Schedule below shall not be moved by any person from any place within the district of Faridpur to any place outside that district, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the District Magistrate, Faridpur:

Provided that no such permit shall be required for the movement of any consignment of the said commodities, not exceeding $2\frac{1}{2}$ maunds in weight at any one time.

Schedule.

Rice in the husk (paddy).

Rice husked.

Notification No. 2995 F.G., dated the 15th November, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 19th November, 1943, p. 203).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. No consignment or any part thereof of any of the commodities specified in the Schedule below arriving at any of the railway or steamer stations in Calcutta and the Industrial Area shall be delivered to the consignee or to anybody else, unless such delivery is authorised by an endorsement in writing to this effect made by the Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or an officer empowered by him in this behalf on the railway or steamer receipt under which such consignment or part thereof is deliverable:

Provided that nothing in this Order shall apply to the delivery of any consignment, which is booked under a military credit note or to an officer of the Defence services by designation.

Explanation.—In this Order—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;
- (2) "Consignee" includes the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or any officer of Government to whom any of the commodities specified in the Schedule has been consigned; and
- (3) "Industrial Area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of the 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Sadar and Serampore subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

2. No railway or steamer receipt in respect of any consignment or part thereof of any of the commodities specified in the Schedule below arriving at any of the railway or steamer stations in Calcutta or the Industrial Area shall be transferred by sale or otherwise to any person

other than the consignee unless the Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, has specially permitted such transfer by an order in writing.

The Schedule.

1. Rice in the husk (paddy).
2. Rice husked.

Notification No. 331 F.G., dated the 17th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 28th January, 1944, p. 11).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. No employer of labour who supplies foodstuffs to his employees shall for that purpose have in his possession more than '[six months]' requirements for such employees of rice or paddy or of rice and paddy combined without a written permit in this behalf from the Food and Civil Supplies Commissioner, Bengal, or an officer authorised by him in this behalf.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this Order—

- (a) the requirements of each employee shall be taken to be 20 seers of rice or paddy or of rice and paddy combined per month, and
- (b) "employer of labour" includes an association of employers who supply foodstuffs to their employees.

2. This Order shall not apply to any area in which the Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, is in force.

Notification No. 3339 D.C.S., dated the 31st March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 4th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 522).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 1 of the Order published with notification No. 331 F.G., dated the 17th January, 1944, and in supersession of notification No. 665 F.G., dated the 26th January, 1944, I hereby authorise the officers mentioned in column 1 of the table below to issue permits for the purposes of the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers.	Areas.
1	2
All District Controllors of Civil Supplies.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions.

Notification No. 294 S., dated the 8th February, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 17th February, 1944, Pt. I, p. 165).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that, with effect from the date of publication of this Order in the *Calcutta Gazette*, the commodities specified in the Schedule below shall not be moved by any person from any place within the Chittagong Hill-tracts to any place

¹Substituted by notification No. 3338 D.C.S., dated the 31st March, 1945.

outside the said tracts except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the Deputy Commissioner, Chittagong Hill-tracts:

Provided that no such permit shall be required for—

- (a) the movement by steamer or motor transport as personal luggage of any consignment of the said commodities not exceeding two maunds in weight at any one time;
- (b) the movement by country boat or in the case of movement by road by conveyances other than motor transport of any consignment of the said commodities not exceeding twenty maunds in weight at any one time.

The Schedule.

Rice in the husk (paddy). Rice husked.

Notification No. 1220 F.G., dated the 18th February, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 19th February, 1944, p. 57).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of notification No. 4707 F.G., dated the 13th December, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the commodities specified in Schedule I below shall not be moved by any person from any place within any area specified in column 1 of Schedule II below to any place outside that area except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the officers specified respectively opposite each such area in column 2 of the said Schedule II:

[Provided that no such permit shall be required for the movement by rail, steamer or motor transport as personal luggage of any consignment of the said commodities not exceeding 2 maunds in weight at any one time.]

Schedule I.

Rice in the husk (paddy). Rice husked.

Schedule II.

Areas.	Officers.
1	2
1. District Midnapore	Deputy Director or Additional Deputy Director of Civil Supplies, Calcutta.
2. District Bankura	
3. District Birbhum	
4. District Burdwan	
5. District Malda	Deputy Director of Civil Supplies, Dinajpur.
6. District Dinajpur	
7. District Jalpaiguri	
8. District Rajshahi	Additional Deputy Director of Civil Supplies, Rajshahi.
9. District Bogra	
10. District Mymensingh	Deputy Director of Civil Supplies, Dacca.
11. District Bakarganj	
12. District Khulna	Additional Deputy Director of Civil Supplies, Khulna.

Schedule III.

[Omitted by notification No. 2422 F.G.(Pro.), dated the 1st April, 1944.]

Notification No. 330S., dated the 8th March, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 16th March, 1944, Pt. I, p. 265).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that, with effect from the date of publication of this order in the *Calcutta Gazette*, the commodities specified in the Schedule below shall not be moved by any person from any place within the Chittagong Hill-tracts to any place outside the said tracts except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the Deputy Commissioner, Chittagong Hill-tracts—

The Schedule.

Rice in husk (paddy). Rice husked.

2. This cancels Order No. 294S., dated the 8th February, 1944, published at page 165, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th February, 1944.

Notification No. 3324F.G. (Pro.), dated the 29th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 747).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (e) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of Order No. 2099F.G., dated the 27th October, 1943, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) Every banking company shall forward to the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, in the manner provided in sub-paragraph (2), a true return in the form annexed hereto of all stocks, receipts and deliveries of—

(a) any of the foodgrains specified in the Schedule annexed hereto held by the said company by way of security for the repayment of any loan in money or in kind advanced to any person by the said company, and

(b) any of such foodgrains purchased by any person by money advanced by way of loan to such person by the said company, the particulars regarding the stocks received on the purchase of which are maintained by the said company.

(2) Every such return shall be submitted fortnightly of all stocks, receipts and deliveries of such foodgrains during the periods from the 1st to the 15th (both inclusive) and from the 16th to the end (both inclusive) of every month on the 20th of that month and on the 5th of the immediately succeeding month respectively.

(3) When a banking company neither holds any such foodgrains by way of security for the repayment of any loan advanced by the said company as referred to in clause (a) of sub-paragraph (1) nor has advanced any money by way of loan for the purchase of any such foodgrains as referred to in clause (b) of that sub-paragraph, the said company shall submit a blank return under the said sub-paragraph.

2. (1) Where a banking company has its place of business both in Calcutta and elsewhere in Bengal, such company shall submit a consolidated return under paragraph 1 in respect of the business of the company in Calcutta and all other places in Bengal.

(2) Where the only place of business in Bengal of a banking company is outside Calcutta, such company shall, at the time of submitting a return to the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, under paragraph 1, forward a true copy of the said return to the District Magistrate of the district where such place of business is situated.

(3) Where a banking company having more than one place of business has one or more such places of business outside Calcutta, such company shall at the time of submitting a return to the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, under paragraph 1 forward to the District Magistrate of each such district where any such place of business is situated such extracts of the said return as relate to such place of business.

3. In this Order, "banking company" has the same meaning as in section 277F. of the Indian Companies Act, 1913.

The Schedule.

Rice in the husk (paddy).

Rice husked.

Wheat and Wheat Products.

Form of Return.

Return of stocks, receipts and deliveries of the period from 1st to 15th/
16th to end of the month of.....19.....

Name of the banking company.....

Address.....

1. Names of persons of whose account or by whom stocks are held and the numbers of their licences issued under the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942.....

2. Stocks to the credit of or held by each such person at the beginning of the period.....

3. Quantities received on account of or by each person during the period.....

4. Quantities delivered to or disposed of by each such person or otherwise disposed of during the period.....

5. Total stocks held on account of or by each such person at the end of the period.....

6. Address of godowns or other premises in which stocks have been stored and the quantity of stocks stored in each such godown or premises.....

7. Total stocks held at the end of the period on account of all persons whose stocks of such foodgrains are held by the banking company by way of security for repayment of any loan or held at the end of the period by the persons to whom money has been advanced by way of loan by the banking company for the purchase of such foodgrains.....

Notification No. 7268(200)F.G. (Dist.)M., dated the 22nd November, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th December, 1944, Pt. 1, p. 1419).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, which has been directed to be exercised by me by notification No. 4432Def., dated the 11th May, 1944, I hereby direct that every owner, manager, or other person in charge of a mustard oil mill situated within the areas specified in the schedule below shall submit to the Deputy Controller, Distribution, Foodgrains (Distribution) Branch of the Department of Civil Supplies, 7, Church Lane, Calcutta, by 12 noon on every

Monday commencing from Monday, the 27th November, 1944, a return in the form annexed herewith showing the production and disposal of mustard oil in his mill during the period of seven days ending on the previous Sunday—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hasting north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank.

(2) The port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

(3) The South Suburban Municipality and municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas.

(4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

(5) The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar, and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas.

(6) The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsura, and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Return showing production and disposal of mustard oil.

Name of the Mill.....

1		2	3	4	5	
Opening balance on the morning of the previous Monday.		Quantity of mustard seed milled during the period.	Quantity of mustard oil produced during the period.	Quantity of mustard oil sold or otherwise disposed of during the period.	Closing balance on the evening of Sunday.	
Mustard seed.	Mustard oil.				Mustard seed.	Mustard oil.

Date.....Signature.

Notification No. 2565 D.C.S., dated the 13th March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd March, 1945, Pt. I, p. 455).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that the commodities specified in Schedule I overleaf shall not be moved by any person from any place within the area specified in column 1 of Schedule II below to any place outside that area, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the officers specified respectively opposite each such area in column 2 of the said Schedule II:

Provided that no such permit shall be required for the movement by rail, steamer or motor transport as personal luggage of any consignment of the said commodities, not exceeding two maunds in weight, at any one time.

*4. A separate statement should be attached giving particulars of each sale, namely, (a) name and address of party to whom sold, (b) quantity sold, (c) price.

Schedule I.

Rice in the husk (paddy).

Rice husked.

Schedule II.**Areas.****Officers.**

1

The districts of Murshidabad, Nadia and Jessore considered as one area.

Regional Controller of Procurement, Rajshahi, for the districts of Murshidabad and Nadia, and Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement, Khulna, for the district of Jessore.

Such part of the district of Pabna, as is bounded by the districts of Rajshahi and Bogra, river Jamuna, and the Bengal and Assam railway line between Serajganj and Ishurdi, considered as one area.

Regional Controller of Procurement, Rajshahi.

Notification No. 9206 D.C.S., dated the 7th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 19th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1203).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of notification No. 1085 D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1945, as amended by notification No. 2564 D.C.S., dated the 13th March, 1945, and of notification No. 2565 D.C.S., dated the 13th March, 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct that the commodities specified in Schedule I below shall not be moved by any person from any place within any area specified in column 1 of Schedule II below to any place outside that area, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the officers specified respectively opposite each such area in column 2 of the said Schedule II [and that if any person contravenes the provisions of this order, then without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, any Court trying the offence shall order that any stock of foodgrains together with packages and coverings thereof in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole, or, as the case may be, a part of the property]:

Provided that no such permit shall be required for the movement by rail, steamer or motor transport as personal luggage of any consignment of the said commodities, not exceeding ¹[three seers] in weight at any one time.

Schedule I.

Rice in the husk (paddy).

Rice husked.

Rice products (being *muri*, *chira* or rice flour).

¹Substituted by notification No. 3518 D.C.S., dated the 12th March, 1946.

Schedule II.

Areas.	Officers.
1	2
[Sadar North, Sadar South, Jamalpur and Netrokona subdivisions of the Mymensingh district considered as one area.]	The Regional or the Additional Regional Controller of Procurement, Mymensingh, or the Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement within their respective jurisdictions.
The district of Bakarganj	... The Regional Controller of Procurement, Bakarganj, or the Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement within their respective jurisdictions.
The district of Khulna	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Bakarganj, or the Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement, Khulna, or the Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement within their respective jurisdictions.
The district of Birbhum	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Calcutta, or the Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement, Asansol, or the Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement, Birbhum.
The district of Bankura	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Calcutta, or the Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement, Asansol, or the Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement, Bankura.
The district of Burdwan	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Calcutta, or the Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement, Asansol, or the Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement, Burdwan.
The district of Midnapore	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Calcutta, or the Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement, Midnapore.
The district of Dinajpur	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Dinajpur, or the Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement, Dinajpur.
The districts of Darjeeling, Jalpaiguri and Rangpur considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Dinajpur, or the Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement within their respective jurisdictions.

Areas.	Officers.
1	2
The district of Malda	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Rajshahi, or the Assistant Regional Controller of Procurement, Malda.
The districts of Rajshahi and Bogra considered as one area.	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Rajshahi, or the Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement within their respective jurisdictions.
[The districts of Murshidabad and Nadia considered as one area.]	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Rajshahi.
The district of Jessore	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Bakarganj.
The district of Pabna	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Pabna.
[The districts of 24-Parganas (excluding Basirhat subdivision), Howrah and Hooghly considered as one area.]	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Calcutta.
[Basirhat subdivision of the district of 24-Parganas.	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Bakarganj.]

Notification No. 9643D.C.S., dated the 13th/17th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1245).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. No consignment or any part thereof of any of the commodities specified in Schedule I below arriving at any of the railway or steamer stations in any area within Bengal excepting Calcutta and the Industrial Area, shall be delivered to the consignee, or to anybody else, unless such delivery is authorised by an endorsement in writing to this effect made by the officers mentioned in column 1 of Schedule II below, in respect of delivery at railway or steamer stations situated in the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said Schedule, on the railway or steamer receipt under which such consignment or part thereof is deliverable:

Provided that nothing in this Order shall apply to the delivery of any consignment (1) the total weight of which does not exceed two and a half maunds or (2) which is booked under a military credit note or to an officer of the Defence services by designation.

2. No railway or steamer receipt in respect of any consignment or part thereof of any of the commodities specified in Schedule I below arriving at any of the railway or steamer stations in any area in Bengal excepting Calcutta and the Industrial Area shall be transferred by sale or otherwise to any person other than the consignee unless the District Controller of Civil Supplies of the district within which such railway or steamer station is situated, has specially permitted such transfer by an Order in writing.

3. In this Order—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;
- (2) "Industrial Area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Sadar and Serampore subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

Schedule I.

1. Gram, any variety.
2. Arhar (Tur).
3. Masur.
4. Moong.
5. Kalai (Urd).
6. Khesari.
7. Motor.

Schedule II.

Column 1. Officers.	Column 2. Areas.
All District Magistrates ...	Within their respective districts.
All District Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All District Assistant Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.
All Subdivisional Magistrates ...	Within their respective subdivisions.
All Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Within their respective jurisdictions.
All Deputy Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.	Ditto.

Notification No. 10306 D.C.S., dated the 2nd August, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th August, 1945).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the Dacca-Narayanganj Urban Area as specified in Schedule A to the Dacca-Narayanganj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945, the maximum retail prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below shall, with effect from the 6th August 1945, be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule.

The Schedule.

1 Commodities.	2 Maximum retail prices per seer.
Rice ...	6 as. (six annas).
Paddy ...	3 as. 3 ps. (three annas and three pies).
Wheat ...	5 as. (five annas).
Flour ...	6 as. (six annas).
Sugar ...	8 as. 6 ps. (eight annas and six pies).
Salt ...	[3 as. (three annas)].

Notification No. 12889 D.C.S., dated the 25th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1762).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the Comilla Urban Area as specified in Schedule A to the Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945, the maximum retail prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below shall, with effect from the 5th November, 1945, be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule:—

The Schedule.

1 Commodities.	2 Maximum retail price per <i>seer</i> .
Rice	... 6 as. (six annas).
Paddy	... 3 as. 3 ps. (three annas and three pies).
Wheat	... 5 as. (five annas).
Flour	... 6 as. (six annas).
Sugar	... 8 as. 6 ps. (eight annas and six pies).
Salt	... [3 as. (three annas)].

Notification No. 993S., dated the 30th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 1st December, 1945, p. 285).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said rules that notice of the Order shall be given by the publication of the said Order in the *Official Gazette* and by the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining its provisions:—

Order.

1. No consignment of potatoes lying undelivered on the 3rd December, 1945, or arriving on any subsequent date at any of the railway or steamer stations in Calcutta or in the Municipality of Howrah shall be delivered to the consignee or to any other person except under a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the Director of Agricultural Marketing.

2. No such consignee or any other person on his behalf shall dispose of any such potatoes except under and in accordance with the conditions of another delivery order issued by or under the authority of the Director of Agricultural Marketing.

3. If any such consignment of potatoes which is lying undelivered or unclaimed is sold or otherwise disposed of by the Railway Administration or the Steamer Company as the case may be such consignment shall not be purchased or otherwise obtained from such Railway Administration or Steamer Company by any person except under a permit issued in this behalf in writing by or under the authority of the Director of Agricultural Marketing.

4. No consignment of potatoes which has been originally booked to any railway or steamer station in Calcutta or in the district of Howrah shall be rebooked without being taken delivery of or diverted to any other station except under and in accordance with a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the Director of Agricultural Marketing.

5. Any permit issued under paragraphs 1, 3 or 4 or any delivery order issued under paragraph 2 shall not be transferable.

6. If any person contravenes the provisions of paragraphs 1, 2, 3 or 4 of this Order then any potatoes in respect of which such contravention has occurred shall be liable to seizure.

7. Nothing in this Order shall apply to any consignment of potatoes booked under a military credit note or to an officer of the Defence Services by designation.

8. In this Order "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 1582 D. C. S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the Chittagong Urban Area as specified in Schedule A to the Chittagong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946, the maximum retail prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below shall, with effect from the 11th February 1946, be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule:—

The Schedule.

Commodities.	Maximum retail prices per seer.
Rice of standard quality as determined by the Provincial Government.	6 as. (six annas).
Rice of inferior quality as determined by the Provincial Government.	4 as. (four annas).
Paddy	3 as. 3 ps. (three annas and three pies).
Wheat	5 as. (five annas).
Flour	6 as. (six annas).
Sugar	8 as. 6 ps. (eight annas and six pies).

Notification No. 2826 D. C. S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area as specified in Schedule A to the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946,

the maximum retail prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below shall, with effect from the 11th March, 1946, be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule:—

The Schedule.

1			2
Commodities.			Maximum retail prices per seer.
Rice	...	...	5 as. 6 ps. (five annas and six pies).
Paddy	...	...	3 as. 3 ps. (three annas and three pies).
Atta	...	...	5 as. (five annas).
Wheat	...	...	5 as. (five annas).
Flour	...	...	6 as. (six annas).
Sugar	...	...	8 as. 6 ps. (eight annas and six pies).
Salt	...	...	3 as. (three annas).

(vii) FOOD RATIONING.

Notification No. 1252 D. C. S., dated the 9th October, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th October, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1533).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (aa) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943.

(2) It shall apply to the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order and may be extended by the Provincial Government by notification in the Official Gazette to such other areas as may be specified in the notification.

2. In this Order,—

(1) the "Controller" means the Officer appointed by the Provincial Government to be Controller of Rationing;

¹(1a) "Director" means the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal.

(2) "appointed date" means in relation to any specified article such date as may be fixed by the Provincial Government in respect of any area;

(3) (i) "Catering Establishments" mean hotels, restaurants, eating houses, cafes, tea-shops, coffee stalls, free feeding centres, clubs, canteens and include all other places open to the public or to any limited class of the public of a like nature where ²[food or refreshment] is consumed or procurable;

(ii) "Institutions" mean hospitals, sanatoria, convalescent homes, nursing homes, orphanages, work-houses, infirmaries, asylums, schools providing meals and include all other establishments of a like nature;

(iii) "Residential establishments" mean boarding houses, apartment houses, residential hotels, residential clubs, hostels, nurses' homes, schools and include all other establishments of a like nature but do not include private households;

(iv) "Manufacturing establishments" mean bakeries, confectioneries, and include all other establishments of a like nature;

¹Inserted by notification No. 5078 D. C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 1996 D. C. S., dated the 19th November, 1943.

- (v) "Mills" mean flour mills, rice mills and include all other establishments of a like nature;
- (vi) "Animal establishments" mean stables for horses or cattle, poultry farms, zoos, menageries, veterinary hospitals, pinjrapoles and include all other establishments where animals are maintained;
- (4) "Establishment" means all the establishments referred to in sub-clauses (i) to (vi) of clause (3) and includes all establishments other than private households providing food for consumption, but does not include establishments which are controlled or managed by any person belonging or attached to or employed with His Majesty's Forces or by any person belonging or attached to or employed with the Forces of the nations in alliance with His Majesty and which provide food to the members of any of the said Forces for consumption;
- (5) "Consumption" used with reference to an establishment means an consumption of food supplied by an establishment for consumption in the premises of the establishment or elsewhere;
- (6) "Schedule" means a schedule appended to this Order;
- (7) "Specified article" means any of the articles specified in Schedule II.

3. Every person owning or in charge of any establishment in any area specified in Schedule I or in any area to which this Order may be subsequently extended, desiring to obtain any specified article on or after the appointed date, for use or consumption at such establishment shall, not later than a date fixed by the Provincial Government in this behalf for such area, furnish to the '[Director or such officer as may be specified by the Director in this behalf] true and correct information in respect of such establishment as required in any one of the forms specified in Schedule III which is appropriate to it.

4. The provisions contained in paragraph 3 shall not apply in relation to any establishment referred to in sub-clause (v) of clause (3) of paragraph 2 unless and until they have been expressly applied in relation thereto by a notification in the *Official Gazette* by the Provincial Government.

Schedule I.

1. Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of Hastings north of the south edge of ²[Row Road] and Strand Road to the river bank.

2. The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; and

3. The municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Schedule II.

Rice husked and rice in the husk (paddy).

Wheat, atta, flour, bran ³[suji] and bread (white, brown and wholemeal).

Dal.

Sugar.

⁴[Salt.]

¹Substituted by notification No. 5078 D.C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 1996 D. C. S., dated the 19th November, 1943.

³Inserted by notification No. 699 D. C. S., dated the 11th July, 1944.

Schedule III,***Form for Catering Establishments, Institutions and Residential Establishments.***

(To be submitted in duplicate.)

1. Name of owner or person in charge.
2. Residence.
3. Name of establishment.
4. Kind of establishment.
5. Address of establishment with name of thana.
6. Period for which the establishment has been running.
7. Average number of residents or inmates taking meals in the premises per day during ¹[the period from the 1st January, 1944, to the 31st December, 1944].
8. Average number of persons (other than residents or inmates) taking meals in the premises per day during ¹[the period from the 1st January, 1944, to the 31st December, 1944].
9. Average number of persons (other than residents or inmates) to whom meals were sent out from the establishment per day during ¹[the period from the 1st January, 1944, to the 31st December, 1944].
- ¹10. Average quantity of the specified article or articles required for the establishment per week during the period from the 1st January, 1944, to the 31st December, 1944.
- ¹11. Quantity of the specified article or articles in stock on the 1st May, 1945.
12. Names and address of wholesale or retail dealer from whom or manufacturing establishment or mill from which supplies of specified articles are usually obtained.
13. Amount of any monthly allotment of ¹[the specified article or articles] at present being received from the ²[Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal].

Signature of owner.Person in charge of establishment.

Date.....

Form for Manufacturing Establishment and Mills.

(To be submitted in duplicate.)

1. Name of owner or person in charge.
2. Residence.
3. Name of establishment.
4. Kind of establishment.

¹Substituted by notification No. 6990 D. C. S., dated the 11th July, 1944.²Substituted by notification No. 6219 D. C. S., dated the 26th April, 1945.

5. Address of establishment with name of thana.
6. Period for which the establishment has been running.
7. Name of each kind of product manufactured from any specified article and the specified article from which it is manufactured.
8. Average sales per week of each kind of product or of any specified article during ¹[the period from the 1st January, 1944, to the 31st December, 1944].
- ¹9. Average requirements per week of the specified article or articles during the period from the 1st January, 1944, to the 31st December, 1944.
- ¹10. Quantity of the specified article or articles or a product thereof in stock on the 1st May, 1945.
11. Name and address of wholesale or retail dealer from whom or mill from which supplies of specified articles or products are usually obtained.
12. Amount of any monthly allotment of ¹[the specified article or articles] at present being received from the ²[Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal].

Signature of owner.

Person in charge of establishment

Date.....

Form for Animal Establishment.

(To be submitted in duplicate.)

1. Name of owner or person in charge.
2. Residence.
3. Name of establishment.
4. Kind of establishment.
5. Address of establishment with name of thana.
6. Period for which the establishment has been running.
7. Average number of each kind of animal (requiring any specified article) in the establishment per day during ¹[the period from the 1st January, 1944, to the 31st December, 1944].
- ¹8. Average quantity of the specified article or articles required for the establishment per week during the period from the 1st January, 1944, to the 31st December, 1944.
- ¹9. Quantity of the specified article or articles in stock on the 1st May, 1945.
10. Name and address of wholesale or retail dealer from whom or mill from which supplies of specified articles are usually obtained.
11. Amounts of any monthly allotment of ¹[the specified article or articles] at present being received from the ²[Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal].

Signature of owner.

Person in charge of establishment.

Date.....

¹Substituted by notification No. 6990 D. C. S., dated the 11th July, 1944.

²Substituted by notification No. 6219 D. C. S., dated the 26th April, 1945.

Notification No. 2119 D. C. S., dated the 20th November, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 22nd November, 1943, p. 206).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall apply to the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

Notification No. 2336 D. C. S., dated the 30th December, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 30th December, 1943.)

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said order shall extend to the following municipalities in the district of 24-Parganas:—

(1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisabar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment within the district of 24-Parganas and the following municipalities in the district of Hooghly:—

(1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra-Konnagore, (4) Serampore, (5) Baidyabati, (6) Champdani, (7) Bhadreswar, (8) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (9) Bansberia.

Notification No. 6418 D.C.S., dated the 30th April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 3rd May, 1945, Pt. I, p. 718).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall extend to the areas specified in the Schedule below.

The Schedule.

(1) The whole of police-stations (a) Kotwali, (b) Lalbagh and (c) Sutrapur in the district of Dacca and the mauza Bara Magbazar bearing jurisdiction list No. 280 in the C.S. khatians within the police-station Tejgaon in the said district.

(2) The municipality of Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 9904 D. C. S., dated the 23rd July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 25th July, 1945, p. 180).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to extend the said Order to the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

(1) The part of mauza No. 286 Rajarbag covered by C. S. plot Nos. 270 to 286 and 1129 within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

(2) That part of mauza No. 342 Brahman Chiran which falls within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

(3) The part of mauza Masdair bearing J. L. No. 191 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 1 to 65 and 67 to 84 within the police-station Fatulla in the district Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(4) The part of mauza Isdair bearing J. L. No. 192 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 167, 174 to 186, 188 to 192, 196, 198 and 206 to 218 with the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(5) The part of mauza Chasara bearing J. L. No. 189 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 1 to 65 and 67 to 84 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(6) The part of mauza Khanpur bearing J. L. No. 193 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 302, 303 and 307 to 330 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(7) The premises of—

- (a) the Lakhsinarayan Cotton Mills, Limited,
- (b) the Narayangunj Company, Limited,
- (c) the Chittaranjan Cotton Mills, Limited,
- (d) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills No. 2, Limited,
- (e) the Sonachara Dock of the India General and River Steam Navigation Company, Limited,
- (f) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills No. 1, Limited, and
- (g) the Bose's Glass Factory

covered by C. S. plot Nos. 538, 541 to 550, 552, 553, 590 to 593, 596, 597, 599 to 605, 607 to 652, 661 to 729, 1026, 1038, 1042 to 1069, 1079, 1080, 1467 to 1470, 1483 to 1491, 1513 to 1524 and 1882 to 1890 in mauza Godnail bearing J. L. No. 204 within the police-station Fatulla, C. S. plot Nos. 487 to 498, 500 to 503, 509 to 520, 659 to 678 and 719 to 749 in mauza Lakshmankhola bearing J. L. No. 206 within the police-station Narayangunj and C. S. plot Nos. 694 to 697, 729, 730, 732 to 735, 737 to 844, 855 to 906, 2199 to 2205, 2134, 2135, 2137, 1056, 1057 and 2182 to 2198 in mauza Dhamghar bearing J. L. No. 207 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(8) The premises of the Landale and Clarke and Company covered by C. S. plot Nos. 494 and 502 in mauza Madangunj bearing J. L. No. 252 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 12079 D. C. S., dated the 25th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 29th September, 1945, p. 221).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to extend the said Order to the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

(1) The municipality of Comilla in the district of Tippera.

(2) The part of mauza Sashangachha bearing jurisdiction list No. 447 covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 225 to 227, 238 to 240, 458, 459, 503 and 506 to 519, within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

(3) The part of mauza Dharampore bearing jurisdiction list No. 227 covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 114 to 116, 135, 136, 175 and 395 within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

Notification No. 14138 D. C. S., dated the 28th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd December, 1945, p. 287).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to extend the said Order to the areas specified in the Schedule below :—

The Schedule.

(1) The municipality of Darjeeling including Lebong Cantonment and Jalapahar Contonment in the district of Darjeeling.

(2) The area known as Fulbari Bustee bounded on the north, east and west by the Pandam Tea Gardens and on the south by the municipality of Darjeeling.

(3) The area known as Rajbari Bustee bounded on the north by the municipality of Darjeeling, on the east by Kotwali Jhora, on the west by Kag Jhora and on the south by the Arya Tea Gardens.

Notification No. 14140 D. C. S., dated the 28th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd December, 1945, p. 287).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to extend the said Order to the areas specified in the Schedule below :—

The Schedule.

(1) The municipality of Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(2) The whole of the Bong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(3) The whole of the Bhalukhop Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(4) The whole of the Mongra Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(5) The whole of the Kalimpong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(6) The whole of the Sindipong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(7) The whole of the Pudung Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(8) The whole of the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes land within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

Notification No. 14142 D. C. S., dated the 28th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd December, 1945, p. 287).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to extend the said Order to the areas specified in the Schedule below :—

The Schedule.

(1) The municipality of Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(2) The area known as Kharee Bustee bounded on the north by the Dilaram Tea Estate, on the west by the Ringtong Tea Estate, on the south by uncultivated land and on the east by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(3) The area known as Goethal's Siding bounded on the north by forest land, on the west by the Hill Cart Road, on the south by *Jhora* No. 501, on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(4) The area known as St. Mary's Bustee bounded on the north by *Jhora* No. 501, on the west by the Hill Cart Road and eastern boundary of St. Alphonsus' School compound, on the south by St. Helen's *Jhora*, Dow Hill Road and Northern Dow Hill School compound and on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(5) The area known as Burbong Bustee bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and forest land, on the west and south by the strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from Upper Giddapahar and on the east by the Majhua Tea Estate and forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(6) The area known as Upper Giddapahar bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and a strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from the Upper Giddapahar, on the west and south by the Hill Cart Road and on the east by the Gumti Tea Estate and Majhua Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(7) The area known as Lower Giddapahar bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola Bustee and Hill Cart Road, on the west by the Castleton Tea Estate and the Rohini Tea Estate and on the east by the Rohini Tea Estate and Giddapahar Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(8) The area known as Dhobi Khola Bustee bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola *Jhora*, on the west by Dhobi Khola *Jhora* and the Castleton Tea Estate, on the south by the Castleton Tea Estate and the northern boundary of Lower Giddapahar and on the east by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

Notification No. 14144 D. C. S., dated the 28th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 288).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to extend the said Order to the municipality of Chittagong.

Notification No. 583(LL), dated the 1st May, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 3rd May, 1945, Pt. I, p. 720).

In pursuance of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, I hereby specify the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in any area specified in the Schedule to the notification No. 6419D.C.S., dated the 30th April, 1945, to be the Officer to whom true and correct information required under the said notification shall be furnished by persons owning or in charge of establishments in such area.

Notification No. 12080 D. C. S., dated the 25th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 29th September, 1945, p. 221).

In pursuance of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 10th day of October 1945 as the date not later than which a person owning or in charge of an establishment in the areas specified in the Schedule below shall furnish under the said paragraph in duplicate true and correct information in respect of such establishment in any of the forms specified in Schedule III to the said Order which is appropriate to it:—

The Schedule.

(1) The municipality of Comilla in the district of Tippera.

(2) The part of mauza Sashangachha bearing jurisdiction list No. 447 covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 225 to 227, 238 to 240, 458, 459, 503 and 506 to 519 within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

(3) The part of mauza Dharampore bearing jurisdiction list No. 227 covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 114 to 116, 135, 136, 175 and 395 within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

Notification No. 1169 (LL), dated the 26th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 29th September, 1945, p. 224).

In pursuance of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, I hereby specify the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area specified in the Schedule to the notification No. 12080 D.C.S., dated the 25th September, 1945, to be the officer to whom true and correct information required under the said notification shall be furnished by persons owning or in charge of establishments in such area.

Notification No. 14139 D. C. S., dated the 28th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd December, 1945, p. 287).

In pursuance of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 15th day of December, 1945, as the date not later than which a person owning or in charge of an establishment in the areas specified in the Schedule below shall furnish under the said paragraph in duplicate true and correct information in respect of such establishment in any of the forms specified in Schedule III to the said Order which is appropriate to it:—

The Schedule.

(1) The municipality of Darjeeling including Lebong Cantonment and Jalapahar Cantonment in the district of Chittagong.

(2) The area known as Fulbari Bustee bounded on the north, east and west by the Pandam Tea Gardens and on the south by the municipality of Darjeeling.

(3) The area known as Rajbari Bustee bounded on the north by the municipality of Darjeeling, on the east by Kotwali Jhora, on the west by Kag Jhora and on the south by the Arya Tea Gardens.

Notification No. 14141 D. C. S., dated the 28th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd December, 1945, p. 287).

In pursuance of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 15th day of December, 1945, as the date not later than which a person owning or in charge of an establishment in the areas specified in the Schedule below shall furnish under the said paragraph in duplicate true and correct information in respect of such establishment in any of the forms specified in Schedule III to the said Order which is appropriate to it:—

The Schedule.

- (1) The municipality of Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (2) The whole of the Bong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (3) The whole of the Bhalukhop Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (4) The whole of the Dongra Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (5) The whole of the Kalimpong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (6) The whole of the Sindipong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (7) The whole of the Pudung Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (8) The whole of the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes land within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

Notification No. 14145 D. C. S., dated the 28th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd December, 1945, p. 288).

In pursuance of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 15th day of December, 1945, as the date not later than which a person owning or in charge of an establishment in the municipality of Chittagong shall furnish under the said paragraph in duplicate true and correct information in respect of such establishment in any of the forms specified in Schedule III to the said Order which is appropriate to it.

Notification No. 1292(L.L.), dated the 29th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd December, 1945, p. 288).

In pursuance of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, I hereby specify the Town Rationing Officer of Darjeeling to be the officer to whom true and correct information required under the said paragraph shall be furnished by persons owning or in charge of establishments in any area specified in the Schedule to the notification No. 14139D.C.S., dated the 28th November, 1945.

Notification No. 1293(L.L.), dated the 29th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd December, 1945, p. 288).

In pursuance of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, I hereby specify the Town Rationing Officer of Kalimpong to be the officer to whom true and correct information required under the said paragraph shall be furnished by persons owning or in charge of establishments in any area specified in the Schedule to the notification No. 14141D.C.S., dated the 28th November, 1945.

Notification No. 1294(L.L.), dated the 29th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd December, 1945, p. 288).

In pursuance of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, I hereby specify the Town Rationing Officer of Kurseong to be the officer to whom true and correct information required under the said paragraph shall be furnished by persons owning or in charge of establishments in any area specified in the Schedule to the notification No. 14143D.C.S., dated the 28th November, 1945.

Notification No. 1295 (L.L.), dated the 29th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd December, 1945, p. 288).

In pursuance of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943, I hereby specify the Town Rationing Officer of Chittagong in respect of the municipality of Chittagong to be the officer to whom true and correct information required under the said paragraph shall be furnished by persons owning or in charge of establishments in the municipality of Chittagong.

Notification No. 1616(D.C.), dated the 2nd November, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 4th November, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1559).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

The Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

PART I.

Preliminary.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Rationing Order, 1944. Short title, extent and commencement.
- (2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.
- (3) It shall come into force in such areas and on such dates as the Provincial Government may by notification in the *Official Gazette* direct.
2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,— Definitions.
 - (1) "appointed wholesaler" means a wholesale dealer appointed under the provisions of paragraph 3 in respect of any rationed article and includes a person in charge of a godown in which any such rationed article is stored for sale or distribution;

- (2) "appointed retailer" means a retail dealer appointed under the provisions of paragraph 3 in respect of any rationed article and includes a person in charge of a godown in which any such rationed article is stored for sale or distribution;
- (3) "appointed establishment proprietor" means the proprietor of an establishment appointed under the provisions of paragraph 3 and includes any other person owning, managing or having control of an establishment so appointed;
- (4) (i) "catering establishments" mean hotels, restaurants, eating houses, cafes, tea shops, coffee stalls, free feeding centres, clubs, canteens and include all other places open to the public or to any limited class of the public of a like nature where food or refreshment is consumed or procurable;
- (ii) "institutions" mean hospitals, sanatoria, convalescent homes, nursing homes, orphanages, workhouses, infirmaries, asylums, schools providing meals and include all other establishments of a like nature;
- (iii) "residential establishments" mean boarding houses, apartment houses, residential hotels, residential clubs, hostels, nurses' homes, schools and include all other establishments of a like nature but do not include private households;
- (iv) "manufacturing establishments" mean bakeries, confectioneries and include all other establishments of a like nature;
- (v) "mills" ¹[in respect of a rationed article not being kerosene mean flour mills], rice mills and include all other establishments of a like nature;
- (vi) "animal establishments" mean stables for horses or cattle, poultry farms, zoos, menageries, veterinary hospitals, *pinjrapoles* and include all other establishments where animals are maintained;
- (5) ²[(a) "establishment" means in respect of a rationed article being kerosene all the establishments referred to in clause (4) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Kerosene Rationing (Establishments) Preparatory Inquiry Order, 1945;]
- (b) "establishment" ¹[in respect of a rationed article not being kerosene means all the establishments,] referred to in sub-clauses (i) to (vi) of clause (4) and includes all establishments other than private households providing food for consumption but does not include establishments which are controlled or managed by any person belonging or

¹Substituted by notification No. 1323D.C.S., dated the 26th January, 1945.

²Inserted, *ibid.*

attached to, or employed with, His Majesty's Forces or by any person belonging or attached to, or employed with, the Forces of the nations in alliance with His Majesty and which provide food to the members of the said Forces for consumption;

¹(6) "establishment consumption"—

(a) in respect of a rationed article not being kerosene means all consumption of such article supplied by an establishment referred to in sub-clause (b) of clause (5) for consumption in the premises or elsewhere,

(b) in respect of a rationed article being kerosene means consumption of kerosene in establishments referred to in sub-clause (a) of clause (5) for operational purposes;

¹(7) "household consumption"—

(a) in respect of a rationed article not being kerosene means all consumption of such article other than establishment consumption referred to in sub-clause (a) of clause (6), and

(b) in respect of a rationed article being kerosene means consumption of kerosene in premises used for residence or both for residence and business or in vehicles, boats, oil-burning stoves or refrigerators;

(8) "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made under this Order;

(9) "rationed article" means any article which the Provincial Government may by notification in the *Official Gazette* in respect of any area specify to be a rationed article;

(10) "rationed area" means in relation to any rationed article the area in respect of which that article has been specified to be a rationed article under clause (9);

(11) "rationing date" means in relation to any rationed article such date as may be fixed by the Provincial Government in respect of any area for the commencement of rationing of that article in that area;

(12) "ration document" includes a ration book, a ration card or any part of any ration book or ration card or any ration coupon or any declaration, authority, permit, or other document issued or made under or in pursuance of the provisions of this Order.

¹Substituted by notification No. 1323D.C.S., dated the 26th January, 1945.

PART II.

Distribution and supply of rationed articles.

Authority to
wholesale dealers,
retail dealers and
persons owning,
managing or
having control of
establishments
to supply
rationed articles
in rationed areas.

3. (1) With a view to controlling the distribution of any rationed article, the Provincial Government, in respect of any rationed area or any part thereof, may by order appoint any department of or authority under the Central or Provincial Government or any person being a wholesale dealer, a retail dealer or owning or managing or having control of an establishment to be, as the case may require, a wholesale dealer, retail dealer or establishment proprietor in respect of such rationed article for the purposes of this Order, and thereupon such department, authority, wholesale dealer, retail dealer or establishment proprietor shall be entitled to supply in accordance with the provisions of this Order and any regulations made thereunder such rationed article within such rationed area or part thereof.

(2) The Provincial Government may by order appoint any employer of labour in any trade or industry or any association of employers of labour in any trade or industry or any other committee or body, whether incorporated under any law for the time being in force or not, or any local authority, which undertakes in writing to the satisfaction of the Provincial Government the management of any scheme or organisation for the feeding of labour or employees or any class of labour or employees, with or without the families of such labour or employees, to be in respect of any rationed article a wholesale dealer or a retail dealer for the purposes of this Order, and also may appoint the manager or other person in charge of any shop, canteen, store or other distributing agency established under such scheme or organisation to be in respect of any rationed article a retail dealer for the purposes of this Order, and thereupon such employer of labour, association of employers of labour, committee, body, local authority, manager or person in charge of such shop, canteen, store or other distributing agency shall be entitled to supply, in accordance with the provisions of this Order and any regulations made thereunder, such rationed article to such labour or employees.

(3) Any appointment made under sub-paragraph (1) shall specify the rationed article and the limits of the rationed area or part thereof in respect of which it is made, and any appointment made under sub-paragraph (2) shall specify the rationed article in respect of which it is made and the labour, class of labour or employees to whom the rationed article is to be supplied.

¹(3a) The Provincial Government may by order appoint any company or other body, whether incorporated under any law for the time being in force or not, owning, managing or having control of any vessels to be in respect of any rationed article a wholesale dealer for the purposes of this Order and also appoint the Master or other person in charge of a vessel

to be in respect of such rationed article the proprietor of an establishment for the purposes of this Order and thereupon any such company shall be entitled to supply such rationed article to such Master or other person and any such Master or other person in charge of a vessel shall be entitled to supply such rationed article to the crews of such vessel in accordance with the provisions of this Order and any Regulations made thereunder and any appointment made under this paragraph shall specify the rationed article and the vessel or vessels in respect of which it is made.

Explanation.—In this sub-paragraph "vessel" means any vessel to which any of the provisions of the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917, applies and includes a flat or barge.

(4) The Provincial Government may, at any time, amend, vary or revoke any appointment made under this paragraph whether any application in this behalf has been made by the holder of the appointment or not and without assigning any reason, and in every such case the holder of the appointment shall be bound to surrender, on demand, to the Provincial Government the order of appointment for endorsement or cancellation, as the case may be.

4. No person other than an appointed wholesaler, an appointed retailer, or an appointed establishment proprietor shall, on and after the rationing date, supply or offer or attempt to supply, or knowingly permit to be supplied by any agent or servant of such person any rationed article to any person in any rationed area in which such article is rationed.

Prohibition of supply of rationed article by persons other than an appointed wholesaler, an appointed retailer or an appointed establishment proprietor.

5. No appointed wholesaler shall, on and after the rationing date, supply or offer or attempt to supply, or knowingly permit to be supplied by any agent or servant of such wholesaler any rationed article in any rationed area in which such article is rationed to any person other than a person who is an appointed retailer or an appointed establishment proprietor¹ [or the proprietor, manager or person in charge of an establishment referred to in sub-clause (a) of clause (5) of paragraph 2, as the case may be] and except under and in accordance with the provisions of this Order and of the regulations made thereunder.

Supply by appointed wholesalers

6. No appointed retailer or appointed establishment proprietor shall, on and after the rationing date, supply or offer or attempt to supply, or knowingly permit to be supplied by any agent or servant of such retailer or proprietor, any rationed article in any rationed area in which such article is rationed except for household consumption or establishment consumption¹ [referred to in sub-clause (a) of clause (6) of paragraph 2] and except under and in accordance with the provisions of this Order and of the regulations made thereunder.

Supply by appointed retailers

¹Inserted by notification No. 1323D.C.S., dated the 26th January, 1946.

Prohibition of obtaining rationed article in a rationed area otherwise than for household or establishment consumption.

7. No person shall, on and after the rationing date, in a rationed area in which an article is rationed obtain or attempt to obtain such rationed article except for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and except under and in accordance with the provisions of this Order and of the regulations made thereunder.

Exceptions.

8. The provisions contained in this Part shall not apply in distribution by any person of any rationed article lawfully obtained by him—

(a) to members of the same household to which he belongs or to guests sharing meals in such household; or

(b) to any other person either without payment of price of such rationed article or in exchange for any other rationed article.

PART III.

Ration Documents.

Supply of rationed article to be only by means of a ration document.

9. Except as otherwise provided by this Order, a rationed article shall be obtained, on and after the rationing date, only by means of a ration document available for lawful use and lawfully used, and only up to the quantity in relation to that article as specified, or as represented by the units specified on the ration document.

Power to Provincial Government to issue ration documents.

10. (1) The Provincial Government may, with a view to controlling the distribution or supply of or any other dealing with, any rationed article, issue or cause to be issued to any person or class of persons or to the public generally in any area ration documents for the purpose of rationing of such article.

(2) Every ration document under this Order shall be issued in the prescribed manner and form to such persons and shall be subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed and a receipt for every such document shall be given in the prescribed manner by the person to whom it is issued.

(3) The Provincial Government in respect of any rationed area may, at any time, add to, amend, vary or rescind any ration document whether any application in this behalf is made by the person to whom such document is issued or not and without assigning any reason and in every such case the holder of the ration document shall be bound to surrender the same on demand to the Provincial Government for endorsement or cancellation, as the case may be.

10A. (1)(a) When a person brings under paragraph 3 of the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944, any essential foodstuff into any area in which the said Order is in force, the Provincial Government or any Officer

¹Substituted by notification No 8932D.C.S., dated the 5th September 1944.

authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf shall cancel to the extent of the quantity so brought any ration document issued to such person in respect of such foodstuff, and every person shall be bound to surrender on demand such ration document to the Provincial Government or to the Officer so authorised by the Provincial Government for such cancellation.

(b) When a person has in his possession or under his control any essential foodstuff in excess of the normal quantity of such foodstuff allowable under the provisions of the said Order otherwise than by bringing such foodstuff under paragraph 3 of the said Order—

(i) under a licence issued under paragraph 4 of the said Order, or

(ii) in contravention of the provisions of the said Order,

the Provincial Government or any Officer authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf shall cancel to the extent of such excess any ration document issued to such person in respect of such foodstuff and every person shall be bound to surrender on demand such ration document to the Provincial Government or to the Officer so authorised by the Provincial Government for such cancellation.

(2) The expressions "essential foodstuff" and "normal quantity" have the same meanings in this paragraph as in the Bengal Essential Foodstuffs Anti-Hoarding Order, 1944.

10B. When a person has in his possession or under his control any salt in excess of the normal quantity allowable under the provisions of the Calcutta Industrial Area Salt Control Order, 1944, under a consumer's licence issued under paragraph 4 of the said Order, or in contravention of the provisions of the said Order, the Provincial Government or any officer authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf shall cancel to the extent of such excess any ration document issued to such person in respect of salt, and every such person shall be bound to surrender on demand such ration document to the Provincial Government or to the officer so authorised by the Provincial Government, for such cancellation.

11. (1) A ration document shall not be available for lawful use except when it is used by or on behalf of the person in respect of whom it is issued.

Availability and prohibition of transfer of ration documents.

(2) No person shall transfer to any other person any ration document issued in respect of himself under the provisions of this Order.

12. Every ration document issued under this Order shall be the property of the Provincial Government but the person to whom it is issued or surrendered or with whom it is retained under the provisions of this Order or the regulations made thereunder shall be entitled to its custody and shall be responsible for its safe custody.

Ration documents to remain the property of Provincial Government.

Replacement of defaced, lost or destroyed ration documents.

13. (1) If any ration document be defaced, lost or destroyed, the officer authorised by the Provincial Government in respect of any area in this behalf may after making such inquiry as he may think fit issue a new ration document in place thereof ¹[on payment of a fee of two annas].

(2) Where a new ration document is issued under subparagraph (1) in place of a lost ration document it shall be the duty of the person to whom the new ration document has been issued if he subsequently finds the lost ration document to return the lost ration document forthwith to the officer by whom it was issued.

Return of ration documents by person in unauthorised possession thereof.

14. When any person is in possession of a ration document and such possession is not authorised by or under this Order, he shall forthwith deliver the same to the officer in charge of the nearest rationing office.

Cancellation of ration documents.

15. Where any ration coupon or other ration document is required to be cancelled under or for the purposes of this Order, it shall be cancelled by the competent authority in ink (whether by means of a die or stamp or otherwise) or by names of indelible pencil and where it is not possible to cancel it in any of these methods it shall be cancelled by the competent authority in such manner as the said authority considers suitable and every ration coupon or other ration document shall upon such cancellation cease to be available for lawful use.

PART IV.

Regulations.

Power to make regulations.

16. (1) The Provincial Government may by notification in the *Official Gazette* make regulations for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Order.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such regulations may provide for—

(a) the manner in which, and the conditions subject to which, any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith, and in particular for,—

(i) the kind of ration document which shall be issued in any particular case or class of cases;

(ii) the manner in which any ration document may be used for supplying or obtaining or keeping or otherwise dealing with any rationed article including the manner in which, and the conditions subject to which, such document may be registered with any appointed wholesaler, appointed retailer or appointed establishment proprietor;

(iii) the period for which any ration document or part thereof shall be valid;

¹Added by notification No. 2229D.C.S., dated the 20th March, 1944.

²Substituted by notification No. 11753D.C.S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

(iv) the number of units to be allotted to any person, class of persons or to the public generally;

(v) the quantity which a unit shall from time to time represent in relation to any rationed article, whether separately for that article or in combination with other articles;

(vi) the conditions subject to which the appointed wholesaler, appointed retailer, or appointed establishment proprietor may obtain any supply of any rationed article;

(vii) the conditions subject to which the supply or distribution of any rationed article, whether or not for household consumption or establishment consumption may be authorised otherwise than by means of a ration document; and

(viii) any other matter connected with the distribution of any rationed article in any rationed area;

¹(aa) controlling the prices of rationed articles within any rationed area;

(b) the manner and the forms in which, and the persons to whom and the terms and conditions subject to which, ration documents shall be issued and the manner in which receipts in respect of ration documents are to be given.

17. For the purposes of sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules any contravention of any regulation made under paragraph 16 of this Order shall be deemed to be a contravention of this Order.

Contravention of a regulation deemed to be a contravention of this Order.

PART V.

Miscellaneous.

18. Every appointed wholesaler, appointed retailer, or appointed establishment proprietor, as the case may be, when so required by any officer authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf, shall—

(1) surrender to the said officer all coupons and other authorities and documents delivered to such appointed wholesaler, appointed retailer, or appointed establishment proprietor under or for the purposes of this Order; and

(2) furnish such particulars, accounts and information relating to his dealings in and stocks of any rationed article as may be required.

Surrender of ration documents and rendering of accounts and information by appointed wholesalers, appointed retailers and appointed establishment proprietors.

19. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Order, the Provincial Government may subject to such conditions as may be prescribed authorise the supply or distribution of any rationed article otherwise than on a ration document and whether or not for household consumption, or establishment consumption.

Power to authorise supply and distribution of rationed articles otherwise than by means of ration documents.

20. The Provincial Government may by general or special order exempt any person or class of persons from the operation of all or any of the provisions of this Order and may at any time in like manner suspend or cancel any such exemption.

Exemptions.

Power to enter and inspect premises and to require information, accounts, etc.

21. (1) Any person authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf may,—

(a) enter any premises used or believed to be used for the sale, distribution or storage for sale or distribution of any rationed article or the premises of any establishment and inspect any such premises and any rationed article therein or thereon;

(b) require any person to make any statement or furnish any information or to produce any document or article in his possession or under his control relating to the purchase, sale, distribution or storage of any rationed article and every person so required shall comply with such requisition;

(c) require any person to render any account or to produce books, accounts or other documents relating to, or believed to be relating to, the purchase, sale, distribution or storage of any rationed article and every person so required shall comply with such requisition;

(d) take or cause to be taken extracts from or copies of any document relating to the purchase, sale, distribution or storage of any rationed article which is produced under clause (b) or clause (c) or otherwise found in any such premises;

(e) test or cause to be tested the correctness of any weight or measure used or believed to be used in any transaction relating to the sale or distribution of any rationed article;

(f) take or cause to be taken the weight of all or any of the rationed articles found in any such premises:

Provided that in entering upon and inspecting any premises the person so authorised shall have due regard to the social and religious customs of the persons occupying the premises.

(2) The powers exercisable under this paragraph shall not be exercised except for the purpose of securing compliance with the provisions of this Order or of any regulations made thereunder.

Delegation of powers by the Provincial Government.

22. The Provincial Government may, by general or special order, delegate any of the powers conferred on it by paragraph 3, sub-paragraphs (1) and (3) of paragraph 10 and paragraph 19 to any officer subordinate to it or to any other person.

Notification No. 2216D.C.S., dated the 1st December, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd December, 1943, Pt. 1, p. 1755).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 2nd December, 1943, in the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (ii) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank:

(2) The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of the 24-Parganas; and

(4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 160D.C.S., dated the 10th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th January, 1944, Pt. I, p. 40).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 15th January, 1944, in the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

1. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas; and

2. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansheria in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 8693D.C.S., dated the 30th August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th September, 1944, p. 215).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 4th September, 1944, in the area specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

The *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by C. S. khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 9903D.C.S., dated the 23rd July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 25th July, 1945, p. 179).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the date of the publication of this notification in the *Official Gazette* in the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

I. (1) The whole of police-stations (a) Kotwali, (b) Lalbagh and (c) Sutrapur in the district of Dacca and the mauza Bara Magbazar bearing J. L. No. 280 in the C. S. khatians within the police-station Tejgaon in the said district.

(2) The part of mauza No. 286 Rajarbagh covered by C. S. plot Nos. 270 to 286 and 1129 within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

(3) That part of mauza No. 342 Brahman Chiran which falls within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

II. (1) The municipality of Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(2) The part of mauza Masdair bearing J. L. No. 191 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 192, 467 to 473, 475 to 481, 781 and 789 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(3) The part of mauza Isdair bearing J. L. No. 192 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 167, 174 to 186, 188 to 192, 196, 198 and 206 to 218 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(4) The part of mauza Chasara bearing J. L. No. 189 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 1 to 65 and 67 to 84 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(5) The part of mauza Khanpur bearing J. L. No. 193 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 302, 303 and 307 to 330 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(6) The premises of—

(a) the Lakhsinarayan Cotton Mills, Limited,

(b) the Narayangunj Company, Limited,

(c) the Chittaranjan Cotton Mills, Limited,

(d) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 2, Limited,

(e) the Sonachara Dock of the India General and River Steam Navigation Company, Limited,

(f) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 1, Limited, and

(g) the Bose's Glass Factory

covered by C. S. plot Nos. 538, 541 to 550, 552, 553, 590 to 593, 596, 597, 599 to 605, 607 to 652, 661 to 729, 1026, 1038, 1042 to 1069, 1079, 1080, 1467 to 1470, 1483 to 1491, 1513 to 1524 and 1882 to 1890 in mauza Godnail bearing J. L. No. 204 within the police-station Fatulla, C. S. plot Nos. 487 to 498, 500 to 503, 509 to 520, 659 to 678 and 719 to 749 in mauza Laksmankhola bearing J. L. No. 206 within the police-station Narayangunj and C. S. plot Nos. 694 to 697, 729, 730, 732 to 735, 737 to 844, 855 to 906, 2199 to 2205, 2134, 2135, 2137, 1056, 1057 and 2182 to 2198 in mauza Dhamghar bearing J. L. No. 207 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(7) The premises of the Landale and Clarke and Company covered by C. S. plot Nos. 494 and 502, in mauza Madangunj bearing J. L. No. 252 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 12836D.C.S., dated the 24th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1773).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 5th day of November, 1945, in the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

(1) The municipality of Comilla in the district of Tippera.

(2) So much of mauza Sashangachha bearing jurisdiction list No. 447 as is covered by C. S. plot Nos. 225 to 227, 238 to 240, 458, 459, 503 and 506 to 519 within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

(3) So much of mauza Dharampore, bearing jurisdiction list No. 227 as is covered by C. S. plot Nos. 114 to 116, 135, 136, 175 and 395 within the police-station Kotwali, in the district of Tippera.

Notification No. 14244D.C.S., dated the 1st December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 6th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2031).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 1st January, 1946, in the area specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

Village Saydabad within mauza Dayaganj bearing jurisdiction list No. 340, in police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 1573D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1946 [published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946, p. (i)].

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 11th day of February, 1946, in the municipality of Chittagong.

Notification No. 2816D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary," of the 9th March, 1946, p. I).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force on the 11th March, 1946, in the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

(1) The municipality of Darjeeling including Lebong Cantonment and Jalapahar Cantonment in the district of Darjeeling.

(2) The area known as Fulbari Bustee bounded on the north, east and west by the Pandam Tea Gardens and on the south by the municipality of Darjeeling.

(3) The area known as Rajbari Bustee bounded on the north by the municipality of Darjeeling, on the east by Kotwali Jhora, on the west by Kag Jhora, and on the south by the Arya Tea Gardens.

(4) The municipality of Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(5) The whole of the Bong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(6) The whole of the Bhabubhop Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(7) The whole of the Dongra Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(8) The whole of the Kalimpong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(9) The whole of the Sindipong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(10) The whole of the Pudung Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(11) The whole of the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes land within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(12) The municipality of Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(13) The area known as Kharee Bustee bounded on the north by the Dilaram Tea Estate, on the west by the Ringtong Tea Estate, on the south by uncultivated land and on the east by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(14) The area known as Goethal's Siding bounded on the north by forest land, on the west by the Hill Cart Road, on the south by *Jhora* No. 501, on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(15) The area known as St. Mary's Bustee bounded on the north by *Jhora* No. 501, on the west by the Hill Cart Road and eastern boundary of St. Alphonsus' School compound, on the south by St. Helen's *Jhora*, Dow Hill Road and northern Dow Hill School compound and on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(16) The area known as Burbong Bustee bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and forest land, on the west and south by the strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from Upper Giddapahar and on the east by the Majhua Tea Estate and forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(17) The area known as Upper Giddapahar bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and a strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from the Upper Giddapahar, on the west and south by the Hill Cart Road and on the east by the Gumti Tea Estate and Majhu Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(18) The area known as Lower Giddapahar bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola Bustee and Hill Cart Road, on the west by the Castleton Tea Estate and the Rohini Tea Estate and on the east by the Rohini Tea Estate and Giddapahar Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(19) The area known as Dhobi Khola Bustee bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola *Jhora*, on the west by the Dhobi Khola *Jhora* and the Castleton Tea Estate, on the south by the Castleton Tea Estate and the northern boundary of Lower Giddapahar and on the east by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

Notification No. 387D.C.S., dated the 18th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th January, 1944, Pt. I, p. 70).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify the articles mentioned in Schedule I below to be the rationed articles in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

Rationed articles.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (including *atta*, flour and bread).
- (3) Sugar.

Schedule II.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank.

(2) The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

(3) The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas.

(4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 3509D.C.S., dated the 26th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, of the 27th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 465).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify the articles mentioned in Schedule I below to be the rationed articles in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

Rationed articles.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (including *atta*, flour and bread).
- (3) Sugar.

Schedule II.

1. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas; and

2. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 8701D.C.S., dated the 30th August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th September, 1944, p. 216).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify the articles mentioned in Schedule I below to be the rationed articles in respect of the area specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (including *atta*, flour, bread and *suji*).
- (3) Sugar.

Schedule II.

The *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by C. S. khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 8803D.C.S., dated the 1st September, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th September, 1944, p. 216).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify "Salt" except the varieties of salt specified in Schedule I below to be a rationed article in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

(1) Rice husked and in the husk.

¹(2) Parrot Brand of Table Salt manufactured by Sencose Products at premises No. 10, Crooked Lane or at premises No. 32, Dixon Lane, Calcutta.

²(3) Ship Brand Table Salt manufactured by Messrs. Confederation Trading Co. of 17/1, Sankaritola Street, Calcutta, and sold in cardboard cartons of 1 lb. size.

Schedule II.

(1) The Calcutta Industrial Areas as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943.

(2) The Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 10214D.C.S., dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th August, 1945, p. 190).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify the articles mentioned in Schedule I below to be the rationed articles in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

Rationed articles.

(1) Rice husked and in the husk.

(2) Wheat and wheat products (*atta* and flour).

(3) Sugar.

(4) Salt except Rock Salt (*Saindhab*).

Schedule II.

I. (1) The whole of police-stations (a) Kotwali, (b) Lalbagh and (c) Sutrapur in the district of Dacca and the mauza Bara Magbazar bearing J. L. No. 280 in the C. S. khatians within the police-station Tejgaon in the said district.

(2) The part of mauza No. 286 Rajarbagh covered by C. S. plot Nos. 270 to 286 and 1129 within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

(3) That part of mauza No. 342 Brahman Chiran which falls within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

II. (1) The municipality of Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

¹Added by notification No. 11116D.C.S., dated the 21st November, 1944.

²Added by notification No. 6694D.C.S., dated the 7th May, 1945.

(2) The part of mauza Masdair bearing J. L. No. 191 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 192, 467 to 473, 475 to 481, 781 and 789 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(3) The part of mauza Isdair bearing J. L. No. 192 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 167, 174 to 186, 188 to 192, 196, 198 and 206 to 218 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(4) The part of mauza Chasara bearing J. L. No. 189 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 1 to 65 and 67 to 84 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(5) The part of mauza Khanpur bearing J. L. No. 193 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 302, 303 and 307 to 330 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(6) The premises of—

- (a) the Lakhsinarayan Cotton Mills, Limited,
- (b) the Narayangunj Company, Limited,
- (c) the Chittaranjan Cotton Mills, Limited,
- (d) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 2, Limited,
- (e) the Sonachara Dock of the India General and River Steam Navigation Company, Limited,
- (f) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 1, Limited, and
- (g) the Bose's Glass Factory

covered by C. S. plot Nos. 538, 541 to 550, 552, 553, 590 to 593, 596, 597, 599 to 605, 607 to 652, 661 to 729, 1026, 1038, 1042 to 1069, 1079, 1080, 1467 to 1470, 1483 to 1491, 1513 to 1524 and 1882 to 1890 in mauza Godnail bearing J. L. No. 204 within the police-station Fatulla, C. S. plot Nos. 487 to 498, 500 to 503, 509 to 520, 659 to 678 and 719 to 749 in mauza Laksmankhola bearing J. L. No. 206 within the police-station Narayangunj and C. S. plot Nos. 694 to 697, 729, 730, 732 to 735, 737 to 844, 855 to 906, 2199 to 2205, 2134, 2135, 2137, 1056, 1057 and 2182 to 2198 in mauza Dhamghar bearing J. L. No. 207 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(7) The premises of the Landale and Clarke and Company covered by C. S. plot Nos. 494 and 502, in mauza Madangunj bearing J. L. No. 252 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 12202D.C.S., dated the 27th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 29th September, 1945, p. 222).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify "Mustard Oil" to be a rationed article in respect of the areas specified in Schedule I below:—

[*Explanation.*—In this notification "Mustard Oil" means oil manufactured by any process of crushing any of the varieties of mustard or rape seeds specified in Schedule II below.]

Schedule I.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank.

(2) The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

(3) The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas.

(4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah.

(5) The *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by C. S. khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

Schedule II.

Varieties of mustard or rape seed.

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| (i) Sarson. | (ix) Rai. |
| (ii) Pili Sarson. | (x) Rawa. |
| (iii) Lal Sarson. | (xi) Tora. |
| (iv) Lotni. | (xii) Gajar Sarson. |
| (v) Lahi. | (xiii) Galbalia. |
| (vi) Maghi lahia or lahi. | (xiv) Toria. |
| (vii) Laha. | (xv) Kajli. |
| (viii) Lahta. | |

Explanation.—In botanical nomenclature, the above seeds are included within the following groups:—

Brassica Campestris, Brassica Napur, Brassica Juncea and Eruca sativa.

Notification No. 12882D.C.S., dated the 25th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1763).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify the articles mentioned in Schedule I below to be the rationed articles in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

Rationed articles.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (flour).
- (3) Sugar.
- (4) Salt except Rock Salt (*Saindhab*).

Schedule II.

- (1) The municipality of Comilla in the district of Tippera.

(2) So much of *mauza* Sashangachha bearing jurisdiction list No. 447 as is covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 225 to 227, 238 to 240, 458, 459, 503 and 506 to 519 within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

(3) So much of *mauza* Dharampore, bearing jurisdiction list No. 227 as is covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 114 to 116, 135, 136, 175 and 395 within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

Notification No. 14245 D.C.S., dated the 1st December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 6th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2031).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify the articles mentioned in Schedule I below to be the rationed articles in respect of the area specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

Rationed articles.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (*atta* and flour).
- (3) Sugar.
- (4) Salt except Rock Salt (*Saindhab*).

Schedule II.

Village Saydabad within mauza Dayaganj bearing jurisdiction list No. 34 in police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 1326 D.C.S., dated the 26th January, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 28th January, 1946, p. vi).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify "Kerosene" to be a rationed article in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

1. Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

2. the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

3. the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas,

4. the municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah; and

5. the mauza of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by cadastral survey khatian No. 5, within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah;

6. the municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar, and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas;

7. the municipalities of (1) Uttara para, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 1574D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946, p. i).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify the articles mentioned in the Schedule below to be the rationed articles in respect of the municipality of Chittagong:—

The Schedule.

Rationed articles.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (flour).
- (3) Sugar.

Notification No. 2817D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946, p. i).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify the articles mentioned in Schedule I below to be the rationed articles in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

Rationed articles.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (*atta* and flour).
- (3) Sugar.
- (4) Salt except Rock Salt (*Saindhab*).

Schedule II.

(1) The Municipality of Darjeeling including Lebong Cantonment and Jalapahar Cantonment in the district of Darjeeling.

(2) The area known as Fulbari Bustee bounded on the North, East and West by the Pandam Tea Gardens and on the South by the Municipality of Darjeeling.

(3) The area known as Rajbari Bustee bounded on the North by the Municipality of Darjeeling, on the East by Kotwali *Jhora*, on the West by Kag *Jhora* and on the South by the Arya Tea Gardens.

(4) The Municipality of Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(5) The whole of the Bong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(6) The whole of the Bhalukhop Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(7) The whole of the Dongra Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(8) The whole of the Kalimpong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(9) The whole of the Sindipong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(10) The whole of the Pudung Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(11) The whole of the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes land within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(12) The Municipality of Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(13) The area known as Kharee Bustee bounded on the North by the Dilaram Tea Estate, on the West by the Ringtong Tea Estate, on the South by uncultivated land and on the East by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(14) The area known as Goethal's Siding bounded on the north by forest land, on the west by the Hill Cart Road, on the south by *Jhora* No. 501, on the East by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(15) The area known as St. Mary's Bustee bounded on the North by *Jhora* No. 501, on the West by the Hill Cart Road and eastern boundary of St. Alphonsus' School Compound, on the South by St. Helen's *Jhora*, Dow Hill Road and Northern Dow Hill School Compound and on the East by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(16) The area known as Burbong Bustee bounded on the North by the Castleton Tea Estate and forest land, on the West and South by the strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from Upper Giddapahar and on the East by the Majhua Tea Estate and forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(17) The area known as Upper Giddapahar bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and a strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from the Upper Giddapahar, on the west and south by the Hill Cart Road and on the east by the Gumti Tea Estate and Majhu Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(18) The area known as Lower Giddapahar bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola Bustee and Hill Cart Road, on the west by the Castleton Tea Estate and the Rohini Tea Estate and on the east by the Rohini Tea Estate and Giddapahar Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(19) The area known as Dhobi Khola Bustee bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola *Jhora*, on the West by the Dhobi Khola *Jhora* and the Castleton Tea Estate, on the South by the Castleton Tea Estate and the northern boundary of Lower Giddapahar and on the East by the Hill Cart Road, within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

Notification No. 388D.C.S., dated the 18th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th January, 1944, Pt. I, p. 61).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (11) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the

31st day of January, 1944, as the rationing date in relation to the rationed articles specified in Schedule I below for the commencement of rationing of such articles in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (including *atta*, flour and bread).
- (3) Sugar.

Schedule II.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (II) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank.

(2) The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

(3) The South Suburban Municipality and the Municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunj in the district of 24-Parganas.

(4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 3510D.C.S., dated the 26th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 465).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (II) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 1st day of May, 1944, as the rationing date in relation to the rationed articles specified in Schedule I below for the commencement of rationing of such articles in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (including *atta*, flour and bread).
- (3) Sugar.

Schedule II.

1. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagarh, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas; and

2. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 8702D.C.S., dated the 30th August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th November, 1944, p. 216).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (II) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 4th day of September, 1944, as the rationing date in relation to the rationed articles specified in Schedule I below for the commencement of rationing of such articles in respect of the area specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (including *atta*, flour, bread and *suji*).
- (3) Sugar.

Schedule II.

The mauza of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by C. S. khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 8804D.C.S., dated the 1st September, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th September, 1944, p. 216).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (II) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 4th day of September, 1944, as the rationing date in relation to the rationed articles specified in Schedule I below for the commencement of rationing of such articles in respect of the area specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

Salt except Rock Salt (*Saindhab*).

Schedule II.

(1) The Calcutta Industrial Area as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943.

(2) The Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 10215D.C.S., dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th August, 1945, p. 190).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (II) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 6th day of August 1945, as the rationing date in relation to the rationed articles specified in Schedule I below in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below for the commencement of rationing of such articles in the said areas:—

Schedule I.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (*atta* and flour).
- (3) Sugar.
- (4) Salt except Rock Salt (*Saindhab*).

Schedule II.

I. (1) The whole of police-stations (a) Kotwali, (b) Lalbagh and (c) Sutrapur in the district of Dacca and the mauza Bara Magbazar bearing J. L. No. 280 in the C. S. Khatians within the police-station Tejgaon in the said district.

(2) The part of mauza No. 286 Rajarbagh covered by C. S. plot Nos. 270 to 286 and 1129 within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

(3) That part of mauza No. 342 Brahman Chiran which falls within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

II. (1) The municipality of Narayanguj in the district of Dacca.

(2) The part of mauza Masdair bearing J. L. No. 191 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 192, 467 to 473, 475 to 481, 781 and 789 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(3) The part of mauza Isdair bearing J. L. No. 192 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 167, 174 to 186, 189 to 192, 196, 198 and 206 to 218 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(4) The part of mauza Chasara bearing J. L. No. 189 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 1 to 65 and 67 to 84 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(5) The part of mauza Khanpur bearing J. L. No. 193 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 302, 303 and 307 to 330 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(6) The premises of—

(a) the Lakhsinarayan Cotton Mills, Limited,

(b) the Narayangunj Company, Limited,

(c) the Chittaranjan Cotton Mills, Limited,

(d) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 2, Limited,

(e) the Sonachara Dock of the India General and River Steam Navigation Company, Limited,

(f) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, No. 1, Limited, and

(g) the Bose's Glass Factory

covered by C. S. plot Nos. 538, 541 to 550, 552, 553, 590 to 593, 596, 597, 599 to 605, 607 to 652, 661 to 729, 1026, 1038, 1042 to 1069, 1079, 1080, 1467 to 1470, 1483 to 1491, 1513 to 1524 and 1882 to 1890 in mauza Godnail bearing J. L. No. 204 within the police-station Fatulla, C. S. plot Nos. 487 to 498, 500 to 503, 509 to 520, 659 to 678 and 719 to 749 in mauza Lakshmankhola bearing J. L. No. 206 within the police-station Narayangunj and C. S. plot Nos. 694 to 697, 729, 730, 732 to 735, 737 to 844, 855 to 906, 2199 to 2205, 2134, 2135, 2137, 1056, 1057 and 2182 to 2198 in mauza Dhamghar bearing J. L. No. 207 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(7) The premises of the Landale and Clarke and Company covered by C. S. plot Nos. 494 and 502, in mauza Madangunj bearing J. L. No. 252 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 12203D.C.S., dated the 27th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 29th September, 1945, p. 222).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (11) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 1st day of October 1945, as the rationing date in relation to the rationed article specified in Schedule I below for the commencement of rationing of such article in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below:—

Schedule I.

Mustard oil.

Schedule II.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas;

(4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah; and

(5) the *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by cadastral survey khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 12883D.C.S., dated the 25th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1763).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (11) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 5th day of November, 1945, as the rationing date in relation to the rationed articles specified in Schedule I below in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below for the commencement of rationing of such articles in the said areas—

Schedule I.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (flour).
- (3) Sugar.
- (4) Salt except Rock Salt (*Saindhab*).

Schedule II.

(1) The municipality of Comilla in the district of Tippera.

(2) So much of *mauza* Sashangachha bearing jurisdiction list No. 447 as is covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 225 to 227, 238 to 240, 458, 459, 503 and 506 to 519 within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

(3) So much of *mauza* Dharampore bearing jurisdiction list No. 227 as is covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 114 to 116, 135, 136, 175 and 395 within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

Notification No. 14246D.C.S., dated the 1st December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 6th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2031).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (11) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 4th day of February, 1946, as the rationing date in relation to the rationed articles specified in Schedule I below in respect of the area specified in the Schedule II below for the commencement of rationing of such articles in the said area:—

Schedule I.

Rationed articles.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (*atta* and flour).
- (3) Sugar.
- (4) Salt except Rock Salt (*Saindhab*).

Schedule II.

Village Saydabad within *mauza* Dayaganj bearing jurisdiction list No. 340 in police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

Notification No. 1327 D.C.S., dated the 26th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 28th January, 1946, p. vi).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (11) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 28th day of January 1946 as the rationing date in relation to the rationed article specified in Schedule I below for the commencement of rationing of such article in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below :—

Schedule I.

Kerosene.

Schedule II.

1. Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

2. the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

3. the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas;

4. the municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah; and

5. the *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by cadastral survey khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah;

6. the municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halishahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas;

7. the municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 1575 D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946, p. i).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (11) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 11th day of February 1946 as the rationing date in relation to the rationed articles specified in the Schedule below in respect of the municipality of Chittagong for the commencement of rationing of such articles in the said area :—

The Schedule.

- (1) Rice husked and the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (flour).
- (3) Sugar.

Notification No. 2818 D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1945, p. ii).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (11) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to fix the 11th day of March 1946 as the rationing date in relation to the rationed articles specified in Schedule I below in respect of the areas specified in Schedule II below for the commencement of rationing of such articles in the said areas:—

Schedule I.

- (1) Rice husked and in the husk.
- (2) Wheat and wheat products (*atta* and flour).
- (3) Sugar.
- (4) Salt except Rock Salt (*Saindhab*).

Schedule II.

(1) The Municipality of Darjeeling including Lebong Cantonment and Jalapahar Cantonment in the district of Darjeeling.

(2) The area known as Fulbari Bustee bounded on the North, East and West by the Pandam Tea Gardens and on the South by the Municipality of Darjeeling.

(3) The area known as Rajbari Bustee bounded on the North by the Municipality of Darjeeling, on the East by Kotwali *Jhora*, on the West by *Kag Jhora* and on the South by the Arya Tea Gardens.

(4) The Municipality of Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(5) The whole of the Bong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(6) The whole of the Bhalukhop Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(7) The whole of the Dongra Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(8) The whole of the Kalimpong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(9) The whole of the Sindipong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(10) The whole of the Pudung Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(11) The whole of the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes land within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(12) The Municipality of Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(13) The area known as Kharee Bustee bounded on the north by the Dilaram Tea Estate, on the west by the Ringtong Tea Estate, on the south by uncultivated land and on the east by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(14) The area known as Goethal's Siding bounded on the north by forest land, on the west by the Hill Cart Road, on the south by *Jhora* No. 501, on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(15) The area known as St. Mary's Bustee bounded on the north by *Jhora* No. 501, on the west by the Hill Cart Road and eastern boundary of

St. Alphonsus' School Compound, on the south by St. Helen's *Jhora*, Dow Hill Road and Northern Dow Hill School Compound and on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(16) The area known as Burbong Bustee bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and forest land, on the west and south by the strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from Upper Giddapahar and on the east by the Majhua Tea Estate and forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(17) The area known as Upper Giddapahar bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and a strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from the Upper Giddapahar, on the west and south by the Hill Cart Road and on the east by the Gumti Tea Estate and Majhua Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(18) The area known as Lower Giddapahar bounded on the north by Dohbi Khola Bustee and Hill Cart Road, on the west by the Castleton Tea Estate and the Rohini Tea Estate and on the east by the Rohini Tea Estate and Giddapahar Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(19) The area known as Dhobi Khola Bustee bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola *Jhora*, on the west by the Dhobi Khola *Jhora* and the Castleton Tea Estate, on the south by the Castleton Tea Estate, and the northern boundary of Lower Giddapahar and on the east by the Hill Cart Road, within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

Notification No. 3C.R., dated the 24th June, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 29th June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 842).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 10 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, and delegated to me under paragraph 22nd of the said Order by notification No. 2217D.C.S., dated the 1st December, 1943, I hereby direct that notwithstanding anything contained in clause 30 of the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, the Ration Permits issued for the first time under clause 28 of the said Regulations shall be valid for 18 Ration Weeks commencing from 1st May, 1944.

Notification No. 726 D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 31st January, 1944, p. 43).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) of paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Controller of Rationing, Calcutta,
- (2) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments),
- (3) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops),
- (4) the Additional Deputy Controller of Rationing,
- (5) the Special Officers in the office of the Controller of Rationing,
- and
- (6) the Rationing Officers,

for the purposes of the said sub-paragraphs in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; and

(4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 3953D.C.S., dated the 4th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th May, 1944, Pt. I, p. 613).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, as amended by notification No. 1732D.C.S., dated the 4th March, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal,
- (2) the Deputy Controller of Rationing in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, with headquarters at Khardah (24-Parganas),
- (3) the Deputy Controller of Rationing in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, with headquarters at Bhadreswar (Hooghly),
- (4) the Special Officer, Rationing, Khardah (24-Parganas),
- (5) the Special Officer, Rationing, Bhadreswar (Hooghly),
- (6) the Assistant Controllers of Rationing, and
- (7) the Rationing Officers,

for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

1. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagarh, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas.

2. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 3954D.C.S., dated the 4th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th May, 1944, Pt. I, p. 613).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, as amended by notification No. 1732D.C.S., dated the 4th March, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal,
- (2) the Special Officer, Sub-area Organisation,
- (3) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishment),
- (4) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops),
- (5) the Additional Deputy Controller of Rationing,

- (6) the Special Officers under the Controller of Rationing, and
- (7) the Rationing Officers,

for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; and

(4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 5465 D.C.S., dated the 25th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 724).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Deputy Controller of Rationing, Sub-Area Organisation, for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank; (2) the port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908; (3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; (4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah; and (5) the municipality of Budge Budge in the district of 24-Parganas.

Notification No. 8696 D.C.S., dated the 30th August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th September, 1944, p. 215).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1), of paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal,
- (2) the Deputy Controller of Rationing, Sub-area Organisation,
- (3) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments),
- (4) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops),
- (5) the Additional Deputy Controller of Rationing,

- (6) the Special Officers under the Controller of Rationing, and
 (7) the Rationing Officers,

for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the area specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

The *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by C. S. khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 100801D.C.S., dated the 19th October, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th October, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1283).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Additional Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal, for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of "the Calcutta Industrial Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 5081D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 662).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Director of Rationing in the Directorate-General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the "Calcutta Industrial Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 10217D.C.S., dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th August, 1945, p. 191).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Town Rationing Officer, Dacca,
- (2) the Town Rationing Officer, Narayangunj,
- (3) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Dacca,
- (4) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Narayangunj,
- (5) the Assistant Rationing Officers, Dacca, and
- (6) the Assistant Rationing Officers, Narayangunj,

for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 12884D.C.S., dated the 25th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I., p. 1764).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers.	Areas.
1	2
The Town Rationing Officer of Comilla ..	The Comilla Urban Area.
The Assistant Rationing Officers, Comilla ..	The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Comilla Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Comilla Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 912D.C.S., dated the 18th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th January, 1946, Pt. I, p. 231).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Joint Controllers of Rationing, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas of their respective jurisdictions within the "Calcutta Industrial Area" and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area".

Explanation.—In this notification, the "Calcutta Industrial Area" and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" have the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

Notification No. 1328D.C.S., dated the 26th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 28th January, 1946, p. vi).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene) for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area.

Explanation.—In this notification "the Calcutta Industrial Area" and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" have the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

Notification No. 1577D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946, p. vii).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to

authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers. 1	Areas. 2
The Town Rationing Officer of Chittagong ..	The Chittagong Urban Area.
The Assistant Rationing Officers, Chittagong ..	The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Chittagong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Chittagong Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Chittagong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 2821D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946, p. x).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10A of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Town Rationing Officer, Darjeeling,
- (2) the Town Rationing Officer, Kalimpong,
- (3) the Town Rationing Officer, Kurseong,

for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the "Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area" has the same meaning as in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 8849D.C.S., dated the 2nd September, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th September, 1944, p. 220).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 10B of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal,
- (2) the Deputy Controller of Rationing, Sub-Area Organisation,
- (3) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments),
- (4) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops),
- (5) the Deputy Controller of Rationing in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, with headquarters at Khardah (24-Parganas),
- (6) the Deputy Controller of Rationing in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, with headquarters at Bhadreswar (Hooghly),
- (7) the Special Officers under the Controller of Rationing, and
- (8) the Rationing Officers,

for the purpose of the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the schedule below:—

Schedule.

1. The Calcutta Industrial Area as defined in Schedule A to the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943.
2. The Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area as defined in Schedule A to the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 10088D.C.S., dated the 19th October, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th October, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1284).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 10B of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Additional Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal, for the purpose of the said paragraph in respect of "the Calcutta Industrial Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 5082D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 662).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 10B of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, for the purposes of the said paragraph in respect of "the Calcutta Industrial Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 913D.C.S., dated the 18th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th January, 1946, Pt. I, p. 231).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 10B of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Joint Controllers of Rationing, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, for the purpose of the said paragraph in respect of the areas of their respective jurisdictions within the "Calcutta Industrial Area" and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area".

Explanation.—In this notification, the "Calcutta Industrial Area" and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" have the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

Notification No. 284D.C.S., dated the 14th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th January, 1944, Pt. I, p. 60).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Controller of Rationing, Calcutta,
- (2) the Special Officer, Sub-Area Organisation,
- (3) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments), and
- (4) the Rationing Officers,

for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; and

(4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 3780 D.C.S., dated the 1st May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 1st May, 1944, p. 143).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers. 1	Areas. 2
The Controller of Rationing, Calcutta . .	The area specified in the Schedule below.
The Deputy Controller of Rationing in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, with Headquarters at Khardah in the district of 24-Parganas, the Deputy Controller of Rationing in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, with Headquarters at Bhadreswar in the district of Hooghly, the Special Officer, Sub-area Organisation and the Rationing Officers.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the areas specified in the said Schedule.

Schedule.

1. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Kharduh, (8) Titaghar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisuhar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas.

2. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 5466 D.C.S., dated the 25th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 725).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Deputy Controller of Rationing, Sub-area Organisation, for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank; (2) the port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the

Indian Ports Act, 1908; (3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; (4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah; and (5) the municipality of Budge Budge in the district of 24-Parganas.

Notification No. 8697 D.C.S., dated the 30th August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th September, 1944, p. 215).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal,
- (2) the Deputy Controller of Rationing, Sub-area Organisation,
- (3) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments), and
- (4) the Rationing Officers,

for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the area specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

The *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by C. S. khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 10081 D.C.S., dated the 19th October, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th October, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1283).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Additional Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal, for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of "the Calcutta Industrial Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 5083 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 652).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the "Calcutta Industrial Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 10218D.C.S., dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th August, 1945, p. 191).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Town Rationing Officer, Dacca,
- (2) the Town Rationing Officer, Narayanganj,
- (3) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Dacca,
- (4) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Narayanganj,
- (5) the Assistant Rationing Officers, Dacca, and
- (6) the Assistant Rationing Officers, Narayanganj.

for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Dacca-Narayanganj Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Dacca-Narayanganj Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Dacca-Narayanganj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 12885D.C.S., dated the 25th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1764).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers.	Areas.
1	2
The Town Rationing Officer, Comilla	The Comilla Urban Area.
The Assistant Rationing Officers, Comilla	The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Comilla Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Comilla Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 9111D.C.S., dated the 18th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th January, 1946, Pt. I, p. 231).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Joint Controllers of Rationing, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas of their respective jurisdictions within the "Calcutta Industrial Area" and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area".

Explanation.—In this notification, the "Calcutta Industrial Area" and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" have the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

Notification No. 1329 D.C.S., dated the 26th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 28th January, 1946, p. vi).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene) for the purposes of the said paragraph in respect of the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area.

Explanation.—In this notification "the Calcutta Industrial Area" and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" have the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

Notification No. 1578 D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946, p. vii).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers. 1	Areas. 2
The Town Rationing Officer of Chittagong.	The Chittagong Urban Area.
The Assistant Rationing Officers, Chittagong.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Chittagong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Chittagong Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Chittagong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 2822 D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946, p. x).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 13 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Town Rationing Officer, Darjeeling,
- (2) the Town Rationing Officer, Kalimpong,
- (3) the Town Rationing Officer, Kurseong,

for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the "Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area" has the same meaning as in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 567, dated the 24th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 24th January, 1944, p. 21).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 16 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to make the following Regulations in respect of the Calcutta Industrial Area:—

Chapter I—General.

1. These Regulations may be called the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943.

2. In these Regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

- (1) (a) all expressions used but not defined in these regulations which have also been used in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, have the same meanings as in the said Order; and
- (b) the expression "distributor" where used in any ration document means an appointed retailer referred to in these Regulations;
- ¹[(1a) "appointed mustard oil retailer" means a retail dealer appointed under the provisions of paragraph 3 of the Order in respect of mustard oil, but does not include a retailer in charge of an employer's shop;
- (1b) "appointed retailer" does not include an appointed mustard oil retailer.]
- (2) "Baker's bread" means Baker's bread or loaf (white, brown or wholemeal) of the following sizes:—
- ²[2 oz., 4 oz., 8 oz., 1 lb., 1½ lb., 2 lb., 3 lb. and other multiples of 1 lb.]
- (3) "Calcutta Industrial Area" means the area specified in Schedule A to these Regulations;
- (4) "Controller" means the Controller of Rationing;
- ³(4a) "Director" means the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal;
- (5) "Employer's shop" means any retail shop established in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, and includes any shop established and operated by any department of or authority under the Central or Provincial Government for the benefit of its employees;
- (6) "Flour mill" includes a *chakki*;
- (7) "Government godown" means a depot established under the [Directorate General of Food in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal] for the purpose of the storage of rationed articles and their supply to appointed wholesalers, appointed retailers and appointed establishment proprietors under these Regulations;
- (8) "Order" means the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943;

¹Inserted by notification No. 12231 D. C. S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 8471 D. C. S., dated the 24th August, 1944.

³Inserted by notification No. 5079 D. C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

⁴Substituted by notification No. 7086 D. C. S., dated the 19th May, 1945.

- (9) "Permit Officer" means the officer appointed as such by the Controller with the approval of the Provincial Government;
- (10) "Rationing Officer" means an officer appointed as such by the Provincial Government and includes any officer specially authorised in this behalf by the ¹[Controller];
- (11) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to these Regulations;
- (12) "Week" means the period commencing from the rationing date and ending at midnight of Sunday next following and each successive period of seven days thereafter.

3. For the purposes of these Regulations anything required to be done by any person may, if such person is a minor ²[or a lunatic or a person of unsound mind], be done on his behalf by a person who is for the time being his guardian or has for the time being actual charge of or control over him.

4. An appointed wholesaler or retailer or person in charge of an establishment shall, where it is necessary to do so, obtain a licence or authorisation under the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, and observe the conditions thereof.

Chapter II—Household Consumption.

³4A. In clauses 5, 15A, 15B and 24 of this Chapter, "animal" means a horse, cow, bullock, bull or buffalo.

5. For the purposes of household consumption in the Calcutta Industrial Area, ⁴["Ration Cards" and "Salt Ration Cards" for "animals" issued under this Chapter], shall be the ration documents.

6. Save as otherwise expressly provided a Ration Card ⁵[issued for the first time shall consist of 13 coupons and a ration card issued on a subsequent occasion shall consist of such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*]. Each coupon shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week, reckoned from the first week for which the coupon shall be valid:

Provided that the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, declare that coupons bearing specified serial numbers shall be valid also during other specified weeks in respect of any person or class of persons or the public generally.

7. Any person residing or intending to reside in the Calcutta Industrial Area ⁶[otherwise than in a residential establishment] to whom a Ration Card has not been issued and who desires to have a Ration Card issued shall apply to the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which he resides or intends to reside or to the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area to which he is attached by order of the ⁷[Director or the] Controller as the case may be, furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Rationing Officer may require. The Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such enquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant.

¹Substituted by notification No. 7086D.C.S., dated the 19th May, 1945.

²Inserted by notification No. 11743 D. C. S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

³Inserted by notification No. 8805 D. C. S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

⁴Substituted, *ibid*.

⁵Substituted by notification No. 3515 D. C. S., dated the 25th April, 1944.

⁶Inserted by notification No. 3026 D. C. S., dated the 12th April, 1944.

⁷Inserted by notification No. 5079 D. C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

8. No person shall apply for a Ration Card if he has already obtained a Ration Card or if he is in receipt of any rationed article from the authorities of His Majesty's Forces or of the Forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty ¹[or if he resides in a residential establishment].

9. No person shall obtain ²[or attempt to obtain] a Ration Card by furnishing false information.

10. (1) No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by use of more than one Ration Card issued in his name or by use of a Ration Card issued in the name of any other person who is for the time being not resident within the rationed area ²[or by use of a Ration Card the possession of which is not authorised by or under the Order] ²[or by furnishing false information]. If more than one Ration Card is issued in the name of any person such person shall forthwith report the fact ³[and surrender the extra card or cards so issued] to the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which he resides or to the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area to which he is attached by order of the Controller ⁴[Director or the], as the case may be. If any person whilst in possession of a Ration Card draws or becomes entitled to draw rationed articles from the authorities of His Majesty's Forces or the authorities of the Forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty he shall forthwith surrender his Ration Card to the authorities from whom he has thus become entitled to draw rations.

⁴(2) No person residing in a residential establishment shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by the use of any ration card issued in his name and every such person shall forthwith surrender the ration card to the Rationing Officer by whom it was issued.

11. A Ration Card issued to a homeless person shall be stamped with the word "Homeless" and shall have all the weeks cancelled excepting the current week and the three weeks following immediately thereafter.

12. Where a person has been made an application under clause 7 before the rationing date, a provisional Ration Card may be issued by the Rationing Officer to such person pending issue of a Ration Card to him under paragraph 10 of the Order. The provisional Ration Card shall be clearly marked with the word "provisional" and shall consist of 4 coupons numbered serially to denote weeks. Each coupon shall be valid for the week specified on it:

Provided that the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, declare that any specified cancelled coupon shall also be valid for the week specified in the notification.

13. A temporary Ration Card shall be issued by the Rationing Officer to any person who has made an application under clause 7 after the rationing date, if the period of his stay in the Calcutta Industrial Area is likely to be more than one week but less than eight weeks. A temporary Ration Card shall be over-printed in red with the word "Temporary" and shall consist of eight coupons. The Rationing Officer shall specify on one or more coupons the weeks for which they are valid and the temporary Ration Card shall be valid accordingly. The Rationing Officer may at the request of the holder of the card and after making such enquiry as he deems fit specify on any of the other coupons the weeks for which they shall be valid

¹Inserted by notification No. 11743 D. C. S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

²Inserted by notification No. 4032 D. C. S., dated the 6th May, 1944.

³Inserted by notification No. 5079 D. C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

⁴Inserted by notification No. 3026 D. C. S., dated the 12th April, 1944.

and the validity of the Card shall be extended accordingly. On such extension the Rationing Officer shall issue an intimation thereof to the appointed retailer '[and the appointed mustard oil retailer] with whom the Card is registered. This intimation shall be retained by '[such retailers]':

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14. A Ration Card consisting of 13 coupons shall be issued to any person who has made an application under clause 7 after the rationing date and who intends to stay in the Calcutta Industrial Area for a period exceeding eight weeks. Each coupon on such Ration Card shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week reckoned from the first week for which the coupon shall be valid. Before a Ration Card is so issued the coupon denoting the week or weeks which have elapsed on the date of its issue or from which the applicant does not intend to stay in the Calcutta Industrial Area shall be cancelled:

Provided that pending the issue of a Ration Card under this clause the Rationing Officer may in his discretion issue to the applicant a temporary Ration Card as provided in clause 13.

'15. The person to whom a Ration Card has been issued shall be termed the 'holder' in respect of that card. Each Ration Card shall show the number of units allotted to the holder at the rate of two units for each holder above the age of 8 years and one unit for each holder of the age of 8 years and below:

Provided that in relation to sugar, salt and mustard oil rations each Ration Card shall have the value of two units irrespective of the units noted in the card or the age of the holder.

'15A. (1) Any holder of a Ration Card, who has any animal or animals belonging to him in the Calcutta Industrial Area and desires to have issued to him a Salt Ration Card or Cards for such animal or animals, shall apply to the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which he resides furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Rationing Officer may require. The Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such inquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant.

(2) After the verification referred to in sub-paragraph (1), one Salt Ration Card for each animal so belonging to the applicant shall be issued to him and each such card shall consist of such number of coupons as may be fixed by the Controller '[or the Director]':

Provided that no such Salt Ration Cards shall be issued if the number of animals belonging to the applicant exceeds five.

(3) A Salt Ration Card for an animal shall have the value of two units and the quantity of salt obtainable on each units on such a Card shall be one *chatak*.

(4) The provisions of clauses 8, 9 and 10 shall apply to Salt Ration Cards for animals as they apply in relation to Ration Cards.

(5) Every holder of a Salt Ration Card for an animal shall register himself with the appointed retailer with whom he is registered in respect of his

¹Inserted by notification No. 12231 D. C. S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

²Substituted, *ibid*.

³Omitted by notification No. 8808 D. C. S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

⁴Substituted by notification No. 3597 D. C. S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

⁵Inserted by notification No. 8805 D. C. S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

⁶Inserted by notification No. 5079 D. C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

Ration Card and the provisions of clause 23 shall, in so far as may be, apply to the registration of Salt Ration Cards for animals as they apply to the registration of Ration Cards.

¹15B. Any holder of a Ration Card who has obtained a Salt Ration Card or Cards for an animal or animals shall notify in writing to the Rationing Officer by whom the Salt Ration Card or Cards was or were issued the death or any transfer from his possession of any such animal or any reduction in the number of any such animals owing to any other cause within ten days from the date on which such death, transfer or reduction takes place.

16. Every person recorded as the head of a family shall, and any member of the family may, notify to the Rationing Officer in writing any reduction in the number of members of the family due to death or to absence from the Calcutta Industrial Area for more than seven days or to any other cause. Such notice shall be given within 10 days from the date on which such reduction in the number of members of the household takes place.

17. Each coupon on a Ration Card shall be valid for the number of units specified in respect of the particular type of such card in Schedule B.

18. The value of each unit in terms of the rationed articles or in terms of two or more rationed articles in combination shall be as laid down in Schedule C:

Provided that the maximum proportion of any rationed article in combination with another rationed article shall be as specified in Schedule E.

19. No person shall obtain any rationed article on a Ration Card unless he—

(a) signs or puts his thumb impression in the space provided for the purpose on the Ration Card;

Provided that if ²[the person is a minor or a *pardanashin* woman or a lunatic or a person of unsound mind] the signature or thumb impression of the head of the family may be given instead;

(b) registers himself with an appointed retailer for the purpose of obtaining his supply of rationed articles;

(c) complies with any other directions which may be issued on this account by the ³[Director or the] Controller.

20. Save as provided in clauses 21 and 22 a holder of a Ration Card shall register himself with an appointed retailer according to the directions contained in Schedule I:

Provided that the ⁴[Director or the] Controller may by order attach any person or class of persons to any particular shop.

⁴20A. Where the holder of a Ration Card gets himself registered with an appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop he shall also for the purpose of obtaining his supply of mustard oil get himself registered with an appointed mustard oil retailer to whom such holder may be attached by order of the Controller.

¹Inserted by notification No. 8805 D. C. S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

²Substituted by notification No. 11743 D. C. S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

³Inserted by notification No. 5079 D. C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

⁴Inserted by notification No. 12231 D. C. S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

21. A holder of a Ration Card who is the employee of any employer referred to in Schedules F and G shall, and his dependants who hold Ration Cards bearing the name of such employee as the head of the family unless debarred by the proviso to sub-clause (a) of clause 22 may, register with the employer.

22. No appointed retailer shall, when requested so to do, refuse to register the holder of a Ration Card, if—

- (a) the retailer is an employer referred to in Schedule F or Schedule G and the holder is his employee or a dependant of his employee whose Card contains the name of the employee as the head of the family:

Provided that an employer may refuse to register the dependants of his employee where such dependants exceed three in number:

Provided further that where such employer is any department of the Central or Provincial Government or any authority thereunder it shall not be necessary for such employer to register the dependants of the employee;

- (b) the retailer is one specified in Schedule H or is a person in charge of a Government Store under the Control of the Crown and selling rationed articles:

Provided that in the case of the retailer specified in Schedule H, he shall refuse to register such holder, if the registration is not being made according to the directions contained in Schedule I, unless the holder has been attached to such shop by order of the ¹[Director or the] Controller:

Provided further that he shall refuse to register such holder if the number of holders already registered with him will thereby exceed ²[3,300] permanent cards and 200 temporary cards in the case of a Government Store and ²[3,000] permanent cards and 200 temporary cards in the case of an appointed retailer not being an employer specified in Schedules F and G, * * *

*22A. Notwithstanding anything contained in the second proviso to sub-clause (b) of clause 22 every retailer, who is specified in Schedule H or is a person in charge of a Government Store under the control of the Crown and selling rationed articles, shall register * * * Salt Ration Cards for animals belonging to, those families any member of which has registered his permanent or temporary Ration Card with him.”;

23. (1) The holder of a Ration Card shall get himself registered in the following manner, namely:—

- (a) he shall himself or through an agent present the Ration Card to an appointed retailer according to the directions specified in clause 20 or to which he may be attached by order of the ¹[Director or the] Controller, or to his appropriate employer's shop in order to enable the retailer to enter his name, address, signature and shop No. in the Ration Card; and

¹Inserted by notification No. 5079 D. C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 461 D. C. S., dated the 10th January, 1946.

*Omitted by notification No. 8808 D. C. S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

¹Inserted by notification No. 11743 D. C. S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

*Omitted by notification No. 3597 D. C. S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

(b) he shall himself or through an agent permit the retailer to detach and retain the counterfoil of the Ration Card.

(2) Every appointed retailer with whom the holder of a Ration Card seeks registration shall enter in the Ration Card presented to him ¹[and in the counterfoil thereof] his name, address, signature and shop No. He shall detach and retain with him the counterfoil of such Ration Card. He shall preserve all such counterfoils and dispose of them as instructed by the ²[Director or the Controller]. He shall enter in a register the number of the Ration Cards and the units specified therein and any other particulars required by general or special order by the ³[Director or the Controller.]

⁴(3) The holder of a Ration Card who has got himself registered with an appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop shall for the purpose of obtaining his supply of mustard oil get himself registered by presenting the Ration Card either himself or through an agent to the appointed mustard oil retailer to whom such holder has been attached by order of the Controller and such appointed mustard oil retailer shall enter in the Ration Card so presented to him his name, address, signature and shop No. and shall return the Ration Card to the person by whom it was presented after such entries have been made. Every appointed mustard oil retailer shall enter in a register the number of the Ration Cards presented to him for registration and the number of units in relation to mustard oil ration represented by such cards and any other particulars required by general or special order by the Controller.

24. ⁵(1) The holder of a Ration Card registered with an appointed retailer or of a Civil Ration Ticket shall purchase his weekly requirements of rationed articles at one time during the week and on demand and offer of price by him or on his behalf and against cancellation of the appropriate coupon the retailer shall supply to the holder rationed articles not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the coupon:

Provided that the holder of a Ration Card other than the holder of a temporary Ration Card shall purchase his requirement of salt for four weeks at a time.

⁶(1a) The provisions of sub-clause (1) shall apply to the supply of salt under a Salt Ration Card for an animal as they apply to the supply of salt under a Ration Card.

⁷(1b) The holder of a Ration Card registered with an appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop shall, if he is registered with an appointed mustard oil retailer, purchase his requirements of mustard oil for four weeks at one time and on demand and offer of price by him or on his behalf and against cancellation of the appropriate coupon such appointed mustard oil retailer shall supply to the holder mustard oil not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the coupon.

(2) The retailer shall comply with such other directions as may be issued by the ⁸[Director or the] Controller or any officer authorised by the ⁹[Director or the] Controller in this behalf.

¹Inserted by notification No. 11743 D. C. S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

²Substituted by notification No. 5079 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

³Inserted by notification No. 12231 D. C. S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

⁴Substituted by notification No. 8805 D. C. S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

⁵Inserted by notification No. 8805 D. C. S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

⁶Inserted by notification No. 12231 D. C. S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

⁷Inserted by notification No. 5079 D. C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

25. Notwithstanding anything contained in clauses 19, 20, ¹[20A,], 21 and 22, ²[Director or the Controller or such Officer as the Director or the Controller may authorise] in this behalf may issue instructions transferring the name of a person registered with any appointed retailer from such retailer to another appointed retailer ³[or of a person registered with any appointed mustard oil retailer from such retailer to another appointed mustard oil retailer].

25A. (1) The Controller may authorise any Rationing Officer to issue a civil ration ticket to a person belonging, or attached to, or employed with, His Majesty's Forces or belonging, or attached to, or employed with the Forces of any Nation in alliance with His Majesty who is within any rationed area on leave and is not in receipt of any rationed article from the authorities of such Forces on application made by such person in that behalf to the Controller furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Controller may require. Before authorising the issue of such ration ticket the Controller may make or cause to be made such inquiry as he deems fit for the verification of the information furnished by the applicant. A Rationing Officer when so authorised by the Controller shall issue such ration ticket to the applicant which shall be valid for one week only and the provisions of clauses 15, 17 and 18 shall apply to such ration ticket as they apply to a Ration Card issued under clause 13.

(2) On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of a holder of a civil ration ticket issued under sub-clause (1) any appointed retailer ³[or any appointed mustard oil retailer shall supply to the holder rationed articles in respect of which he has been appointed as such retailer] not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the ticket on surrender of such ticket to such retailer.

Chapter III—Establishments.

26. For the purposes of an establishment, Ration Permits and Ration Authorities shall be the ration documents.

27. A Ration Permit for obtaining rationed articles for the purposes of the establishment shall be issued in the name of the owner or manager or person in charge or control of an establishment.

28. Such permits issued for the first time shall have six coupons; and any permit issued on a subsequent occasion shall have such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*; each coupon shall be valid for the week specified on it and shall show the number of units of each rationed article ⁴[and the number of units of bread tickets] allotted.

⁵28A. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a Ration Permit by furnishing false information.

⁶28B. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by use of a Ration Permit the possession of which is not authorised by or under the Order.

¹Inserted by notification No. 12231 D. C. S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 5079 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

³Substituted by notification No. 12231 D. C. S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

⁴Inserted by notification No. 8471 D. C. S., dated the 24th August, 1944.

⁵Inserted by notification No. 4032 D.C.S., dated the 6th May, 1944.

⁶Inserted by notification No. 11743 D. C. S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

29. The unit of each rationed article shall for the purpose of the Ration Permits have the value allotted to it in Schedule D.

30. No holder of a Ration Permit shall obtain any rationed article on the permit until he registers himself with the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) ¹[or with the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which the establishment is situated] or with an appointed retailer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which the establishment is situated or to which he may be attached by order of the ²[Director or the] Controller or the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments).

31. All Ration Permits over-printed with a diagonal red line shall be registered with an appointed retailer. All ration permits not so over-printed shall ³[in the case where such permits have been issued in respect of and establishment situated within the South Suburban Municipality or the Tollygunge Municipality in the district of 24-Parganas or in the Bally-Belur Municipality in the district of Howrah, be registered with the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which the establishment is situated and in other cases] be registered with the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments):

Provided that any Ration Permit issued in respect of any establishment run for the benefit of employees may be registered with the appropriate employer's shop.

32. Where a Ration Permit is to be registered with an appointed retailer, the provisions of clauses 19, 20, ⁴[20A], 22, 23 and 24 shall apply as if the permit were a ration card:

Provided that the limit specified under the second proviso to sub-clause (b) of clause 22 shall not apply in respect of Ration Permits:

Provided further that the holder of such a Ration Permit shall register with such appointed retailer ⁵[and for obtaining the supply of mustard oil with such appointed mustard oil retailer] as may be directed by the ²[Director or the] Controller or by such officer as the ²[Director or the] Controller may authorise in this behalf.

33. Where a permit is to be registered with the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) or a Rationing Officer it shall be done in the following manner:—

- (a) the permit holder shall himself or through an agent present the Ration Permit to the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishment-) or the Rationing Officer, as the case may be; and
- (b) the permit holder shall himself or through an agent permit the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) or the Rationing Officer, as the case may be, to detach or retain the counterfoil of the Ration Permit.

34. The Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) ⁶[or the Rationing Officer] shall enter in the Ration Permit presented to him the name and address of the holder thereof and the latter shall sign the Ration Permit. The Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) ¹[or the Rationing Officer] shall then detach and retain with him the counterfoil

¹Inserted by notification No. 6165 D. C. S., dated the 24th/25th April, 1945.

²Inserted by notification No. 5079 D. C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

³Inserted by notification No. 12231 D. C. S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

⁴Substituted by notification No. 6165 D.C.S., dated the 24th/25th April, 1945.

of such Ration Permit and shall preserve such counterfoils. He shall enter the serial number of the Ration Permit and the units specified therein in a register to be maintained by him.

'35. The holder of a Ration Permit registered with the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) ²[or the Rationing Officer] shall submit to him once every week an indent for the rationed articles and bread tickets. On the basis of such indent and against cancellation of the appropriate coupon, the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) ²[or the Rationing Officer] shall issue such number of units of bread tickets as may be demanded by the holder of the Ration Permit not exceeding the number specified in the Ration Permit and shall issue a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity obtainable thereon and the period during which it shall be valid ³[and also specifying in the case where the Ration Authority is in respect of mustard oil the appointed wholesaler, being a person in charge of a mustard oil depot, from whom such mustard oil shall be obtainable.]:

Provided that in specifying the number of maunds and seers the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

36. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) ²[or the Rationing Officer, as the case may be], and the other copy shall be given to the Permit holder.

The Ration Authority shall be valid for the period specified on it.

37. (1) The holder of the Ration Authority shall submit it to the Permit Officer who shall on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the holder of the Ration Authority and against cancellation of such authority ⁴[to the extent of the rationed articles other than mustard oil specified in such authority issue a delivery permit for the rationed articles other than mustard oil] in quantities specified on the authority and addressed to the Officer-in-charge of the Government godown.

(2) On receipt of the delivery permit the Officer-in-Charge of the Government godown shall supply to the holder rationed articles ³[other than mustard oil] in quantities specified on the permit.

(3) Notwithstanding anything in sub-clauses (1) and (2), the holder of the Ration Authority or his agent may in respect of any rationed articles which are wheat products present the Ration Authority at a flour mill to the person appointed by the flour mill for this purpose and the said person shall supply on demand and offer of price to the holder or his agent the rationed articles being wheat products for which the authority is valid and shall cancel the authority to the extent of the rationed articles so supplied.

³(4) When the Ration Authority is in respect of mustard oil, the holder of the Ration Authority or his agent shall present the Ration Authority to the appointed wholesaler being a person in charge of a mustard oil depot specified in such Ration Authority, and the said appointed wholesaler shall supply on demand and offer of price to the holder or his agent the mustard oil for which the authority is valid and shall cancel the authority to the extent of the mustard oil so supplied.

¹Substituted by notification No. 8471 D. C. S., dated the 24th May, 1944.

²Inserted by notification No. 6165 D. C. S., dated the 24th/25th April, 1945.

³Inserted by notification No. 12231 D. C. S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

⁴Substituted, *ibid*.

38. On demand and offer of price by a resident or a customer in a residential establishment or a customer in a catering establishment the person in charge of the establishment shall supply food prepared from the rationed articles.

39. (1) Every appointed establishment proprietor shall, in respect of his establishment, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him in Form Establishments No. 7 appended to these Regulations.

(2) An appointed establishment proprietor shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the ¹[Director or the Controller] concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained for establishment consumption or in connection therewith ²[and the price at which any rationed article shall be sold].

Chapter IV—Appointed Retailers other than Employers' Shops and Bakeries.

40. An appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an Employer's Shop or a person owning or managing a bakery shall maintain a register in Form A.R.-I. (parts A and B) appended to these Regulations, in respect of the ration documents registered with him. At least once a week he shall submit the register together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards and Permits registered with him to the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which his shop is situated. He shall specify in the register the total number of units registered with him in respect of each rationed article³ * *. The Rationing Officer shall after checking and initialling the entries in the register return it to the appointed retailer. The Rationing Officer shall then issue a Ration Authority to the retailer specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of the rationed article obtainable thereon and the period for which the authority shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers the Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

41. (1) For the first fortnight after the rationing date the quantity of the rationed article covered by the authority shall not be less than the maximum of each rationed article obtainable according to the total number of registered units.

(2) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in stock with the appointed retailer is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (1) on account of sales lawfully made.

42. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Rationing Officer and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed retailer. The Ration Authority shall be valid for the period specified on it.

43. (1) The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed retailer to the Permit Officer who shall, on demand and offer of price by

¹Substituted by notification No. 5079 D. C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

²Inserted by notification No. 3927 D. C. S., dated the 4th May, 1944.

³Omitted by notification No. 3547 D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

or on behalf of the appointed retailer and against the cancellation of such authority, issue a delivery permit for the rationed articles in quantities specified on the authority and addressed to the Officer-in-Charge of the Government godown.

(2) On receipt of the delivery permit the Officer-in-Charge of the Government godown shall supply to the holder rationed articles in quantities specified on the permit.

44. An appointed retailer ¹[not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop or a person owning or managing a bakery] ²[shall, in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article ³[other than mustard oil] obtained by him on ration documents, and] shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the ⁴[Director or the Controller] concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any ⁵[such article] may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith ¹[and the price at which any rationed article shall be sold].

Chapter V—Employers' Shops.

45. An appointed retailer, being a person in charge of an Employer's Shop, shall maintain a register in Form E.S.-I appended to these Regulations in connection with the ration documents registered with him and in connection with persons registered with him in Form F-II. ⁶[He shall submit the register, together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards registered with him to the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops), when so required by the said Deputy Controller.] He shall specify in the register the total number of units registered with him in respect of each rationed article⁷ * * *. The Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) shall after checking and initialling the entries in the register return it to the appointed retailer. The Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) shall then issue a Ration Authority to the retailer specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of the rationed articles obtainable thereon and the period for which the authority shall be valid ³[and also specifying in the case where the Ration Authority is in respect of mustard oil the appointed wholesaler being a person in charge of a mustard oil depot from whom such mustard oil shall be obtainable]:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

46. (1) For the first fortnight subsequent to the rationing date the quantity of the rationed article covered by the authority shall not be less than the maximum of each rationed article obtainable according to the total number of registered units.

¹Inserted by notification No. 3927 D. C. S., dated the 4th May, 1944.

²Inserted by notification No. 8757 D.C.S., dated the 25th June, 1945.

³Inserted by notification No. 12231 D. C. S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

⁴Substituted by notification No. 5079 D. C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

⁵Substituted by notification No. 12231 D.C.S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

⁶Substituted by notification No. 11743 D.C.S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

⁷Omitted by notification No. 3597 D.C.S., dated the 16th March, 1946.

(2) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in the stock of the appointed retailer is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (1) on account of sales lawfully made.

47. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed retailer.

48. (1) The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed retailer to the Permit Officer who shall, on demand and offer of rice by or on behalf of the appointed retailer and against the cancellation of such authority ¹[to the extent of the articles other than mustard oil specified in such authority issue a delivery permit for the rationed articles other than mustard oil] in quantities specified on the authority and addressed to the Officer-in-Charge of the Government godown.

²[Provided that an appointed retailer specially empowered in this behalf by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) may obtain his supply of any rationed article direct from the ³[Director-General of Food in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal] on an authority issued by the said Deputy Controller.]

(2) On receipt of the delivery permit the Officer-in-Charge of the Government godown shall supply to the holder rationed articles ⁴[other than mustard oil] in quantities specified on the permit.

⁵[(3) When the Ration Authority is in respect of mustard oil, the holder of the Ration Authority either himself or through his agent present the Ration Authority to the appointed wholesaler being a person in charge of a mustard oil depot specified in such authority and the said appointed wholesaler shall on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the holder and against the cancellation of such authority supply the quantity of mustard oil specified in the authority.]

49. An appointed retailer ⁶[being a person in charge of an employer's shop] ⁷[shall in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents, and] shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the ⁸[Director or the] Controller concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith ⁹[and the price at which any rationed article shall be sold or the maximum price which may be charged for the sale of such article].

50. An appointed retailer, being a person in charge of an Employers' Shop, who has been authorised by an order of the Provincial Government to issue rationed articles otherwise than by means of ration documents, shall maintain a register of all such issues in Form F-II appended to these regulations:

Provided that the rations issued to such person shall be on the scale laid down for the holder of a Ration Card.

¹Substituted by notification No. 12231 D.C.S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 11743 D.C.S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

³Substituted by notification No. 7086 D.C.S., dated the 19th May, 1945.

⁴Inserted by notification No. 12231 D.C.S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

⁵Inserted by notification No. 3927 D.C.S., dated the 4th May, 1944.

⁶Inserted by notification No. 8757 D. C. S., dated the 26th June, 1945.

⁷Inserted by notification No. 5079 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

51. Clauses 45 to 48 shall not apply to the appointed retailer in charge of any Employer's Shop set up in accordance with a scheme referred to in sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 3 of the Order, or to a retail dealer in charge of an Employer's Shop set up by any department or authority of the Central or Provincial Government when that department or authority has been appointed a wholesaler under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Order:

Provided that such appointed retailer shall maintain, and submit the register in Form E.S.-I. together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards registered with him, to the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) and shall specify therein the total number of units registered with him.

¹Chapter VA—Appointed Mustard Oil Retailers.

51A. An appointed mustard oil retailer shall maintain a register in such form as may be specified by the Director or the Controller in respect of the ration documents registered with him. He shall submit the register to the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which his shop is situated at such intervals as may be specified by the said Rationing Officer. The appointed mustard oil retailer shall enter in the register the total number of units in relation to the mustard oil ration registered with him. For the purpose of obtaining his supply of mustard oil the appointed mustard oil retailer shall submit to such Rationing Officer the register and an indent in duplicate for such mustard oil. The indent shall be for the week following that in which it is submitted. The Rationing Officer shall, after checking and initialling the entries in the register return it to the appointed mustard oil retailer. On the basis of units entered in the register and such indent the Rationing Officer shall issue a Ration Authority to the retailer specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of mustard oil obtainable thereon, and the period for which the authority shall be valid, the appointed wholesaler being a person in charge of a mustard oil depot to whom such appointed mustard oil retailer has been allotted by order of the Controller:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers the Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

51B. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate. One copy shall be retained by the Rationing Officer and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed mustard oil retailer. The Ration Authority shall be valid for the period specified in it. The Rationing Officer shall send to every appointed wholesaler being a person in charge of a mustard oil depot a daily advice list of all Ration Authorities issued by him to the appointed mustard oil retailers who have been allotted to such wholesaler.

51C. The appointed mustard oil retailer shall submit the Ration Authority to the appointed wholesaler being a person in charge of a mustard oil depot specified in such authority and such appointed wholesaler shall, after checking the authority with the daily advice list sent to him under clause 51B and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the appointed mustard oil retailer and against the cancellation of such Ration Authority supply the quantity of mustard oil specified in the authority.

51D. An appointed mustard oil retailer shall, in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of mustard oil obtained by him

¹Inserted by notification No. 12231 D.C.S., dated the 26th September, 1945.

on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or the Controller concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which mustard oil may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and the price at which any mustard oil shall be sold.

Chapter VI—Baker's Bread and Bakeries.

52. For the purpose of obtaining baker's bread in connection with household or establishment consumption, bread tickets issued under this Chapter shall be the ration documents.

53. The bread ticket shall be valid for the week during which it is issued and also for the succeeding week.

54. The quantity represented by each unit on a bread ticket shall be 16 ounces of bread. Bread tickets shall be issued only for a whole number of units.

55. (1) Any holder of a Ration Card may demand in exchange for any quantity of the wheat or wheat products admissible to him in respect of the number of units for which his Ration Card is valid, a bread ticket or bread tickets and on such demand he shall receive not more than three units of bread tickets for one unit of his Ration Card:

Provided that the ¹[Director or the] Controller may by general or special order vary from time to time the number of units of bread tickets which may be so received in exchange for one unit of the Ration Card.

(2) A holder of a Ration Card shall be entitled to receive one unit of a bread ticket in exchange for one-half of a seer of wheat or wheat products.

(3) The appointed retailer with whom the holder of a Ration Card is registered shall on such demand being made cancel the appropriate coupon of the Ration Card and issue a bread ticket or bread tickets subject to the maximum specified in sub-clause (1) together with the rationed articles for which the Ration Card is valid.

56. (1) Any holder of a Ration Permit which is registered with an appointed retailer may demand a bread ticket or bread tickets of such number of units as does not exceed the number of units specified in the Ration Permit and on such demand the appointed retailer shall cancel the appropriate coupon of the Ration Permit and issue together with the rationed articles for which the Ration Permit is valid a bread ticket or bread tickets of such number of units as does not exceed the number of units specified in the Ration Permit.

(2) Any holder of a Ration Permit which is registered with the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) ¹[or with Rationing Officer] may in the manner specified in clause 35 demand a bread ticket or bread tickets of such number of units as does not exceed the number of units specified in the Ration Permit and on such demand the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) ²[or the Rationing Officer as the case may be] shall issue a bread ticket or bread tickets as provided in that clause.

57. The appointed retailer or the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) ²[or the Rationing Officer], as the case may be, shall enter in ink on the bread ticket the number of the Ration Card or the Ration

¹Inserted by notification No. 5079 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

²Inserted by notification No. 6165 D.C.S., dated the 24th/25th April, 1945.

Permit against which it is issued and stamp the ticket with his seal. He shall also indicate on the bread ticket the week during which it is issued by cancelling in ink the appropriate number of the week printed on the ticket. No bread ticket shall be valid unless the requirements of this clause have been complied with.

58. On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the holder of a bread ticket or bread tickets every appointed establishment proprietor being a person owning or managing a bakery shall, and any other appointed establishment proprietor or any appointed retailer or appointed wholesaler may supply bread to him against the surrender of such ticket or tickets during the period for which such ticket or tickets is or are valid and such bread shall be supplied only up to the quantity represented by the unit or units specified in the bread ticket or bread tickets:

Provided that when a bread ticket has been surrendered during the period of its validity to an appointed establishment proprietor being a person owning or managing a bakery, such establishment proprietor shall supply bread against it until the quantity of bread represented by the unit or units specified in such bread ticket is exhausted.

59. An appointed establishment proprietor being a person owning or managing a bakery shall maintain a register in Form Establishments No. 5 appended to these Regulations in connection with bread tickets surrendered to him. He shall submit the register each week to the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) together with the bread tickets and shall specify the total number of bread units collected by him. The Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) shall check and return the register. He shall issue to the said establishment proprietor a Ration Authority specifying therein the quantity of wheat products which shall bear such proportion to the collected valid bread units as may be fixed by the ¹[Director or the] Controller and the period for which such Authority shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of maunds and seers the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

60. On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the holder of such Ration Authority and against the surrender of such Authority an appointed wholesaler being a flour mill shall supply wheat products to the holder during the period for which the Authority is valid and up to the quantity specified therein.

Chapter VII—Appointed wholesalers.

61. ²[Save as otherwise provided in clauses 37 and 48] an appointed wholesaler shall supply rationed articles only to such appointed retailers and appointed establishment proprietors as may be allotted to him in this behalf by order in writing of the ¹[Director or the] Controller:

Provided that an appointed wholesaler, being a flour mill, shall on demand and offer of price supply wheat products to such other appointed wholesalers, being a department of or authority under the Central or Provincial Government or being employers, associations of employers, committees, bodies or local authorities managing any scheme or organisation

¹Inserted by notification No. 5079 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

²Inserted by notification No. 12231 D.C.S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

referred to in sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) of paragraph 3 of the Order as may be allotted to such appointed wholesaler by order in writing of the ¹[Director or the] Controller:

Provided further that an appointed wholesaler being a flour mill shall supply on demand and offer of price wheat products to the ²[Controller] for re-sale through Government godowns.

³61A. An appointed wholesaler, being a person in charge of a mustard oil depot, shall supply mustard oil in accordance with these Regulations only to such appointed mustard oil retailers as may be allotted to him by order in writing of the Controller.

62. An appointed wholesaler not being a flour mill ⁴[or an approved wholesaler in charge of a mustard oil depot] shall submit to the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) a ⁵[' * *'] return and indent in Form ES/AR-VII on behalf of all ⁶[' * *'], appointed retailers and appointed establishment proprietors allotted to him for supply purposes, and shall obtain from such ⁷[' * *'], appointed retailers or appointed establishment proprietors a weekly return and indent in the same form in the case of appointed retailers and in Form Establishments No. 4 in case of appointed establishment proprietors.

63. Every appointed retailer or appointed establishment proprietor who is allotted in accordance with clause 61 to an appointed wholesaler not being a flour mill ⁸[or an approved wholesaler in charge of a mustard oil depot] for supply purposes shall submit to ⁹[the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) and] such appointed wholesaler a weekly return and indent in Form ES/AR-VII in case of appointed retailers and in Form Establishments No. 4 in case of appointed establishment proprietors.

64. (1) For the first fortnight after the rationing date the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) shall issue a Ration Authority to every appointed wholesaler not being a flour mill ¹⁰[or an approved wholesaler in charge of a mustard oil depot] specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of each rationed article which shall be obtainable according to the total number of units registered with the appointed retailers or appointed establishment proprietors allotted to the said wholesaler.

(2) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the Ration Authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in the stock of the appointed wholesaler and of the appointed retailer and appointed establishment proprietor allotted to him is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (1) on account of sales lawfully made.

65. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) and the other copy shall be delivered to the holder of the authority.

66. (1) An appointed wholesaler not being a flour mill ¹¹[or an approved wholesaler in charge of a mustard oil depot] shall submit the Ration Authority to the Permit Officer who on demand and offer of price and against

¹Inserted by notification No. 5079 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

²Substituted, *ibid.*

³Inserted by notification No. 12231 D.C.S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

⁴Omitted by notification No. 11743D.C.S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

⁵Inserted, *ibid.*

cancellation of the authority shall issue a delivery permit or permits on the Officer-in-Charge of the Government godown for the supply of rationed articles in quantities specified on the authority.

¹[Provided that an appointed wholesaler specially empowered in this behalf by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) may obtain his supply of any rationed article direct from the ²[Director-General of Food in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal] on an authority issued by the said Deputy Controller.]

(2) On receipt of the delivery permit the Officer-in-Charge of the Government godown shall supply to the holder rationed articles in quantities specified on the permit.

(3) Notwithstanding anything in sub-clauses (1) and (2) the permit-holder or his agent may in respect of any rationed articles which are wheat products present the ration authority at the flour mill to which such appointed wholesaler has been allotted under the first proviso to clause 61, to the person appointed by the flour mill for this purpose and the said person shall on demand and offer of price supply to the holder or his agent the rationed articles being wheat products for which the authority is valid and shall cancel the authority to the extent of the rationed articles so supplied.

(4) An appointed flour mill shall submit to the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) a return in Form Establishments No. 6 appended to these regulations for the supply of wheat products on presentation of Ration Authority.

67. An appointed wholesaler being a flour mill shall obtain the supply of rationed articles necessary for the manufacture of wheat products in such mill from the ²[Director-General of Food in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal] on offer of price and in accordance with such directions as the ²[Director-General of Food in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal] may issue in this behalf from time to time in writing.

68. An appointed wholesaler shall maintain a stock register of all rationed commodities and bread tickets issued to him in forms approved by the Controller.

69. A company which is appointed a wholesale dealer under sub-paragraph (3a) of paragraph 3 of the Order shall submit to the Controller a return for each month in Form Establishments No. 17 by the seventh day of the following month and shall maintain a Daily Stock Register in Form Establishments No. 18 and a register in Form Establishments No. 19, appended to these regulations, of distribution of the rationed articles received by it and distributed each month to vessels in respect of which it has been so appointed a wholesale dealer.

70. When an appointed wholesaler is authorised under paragraph 19 of the Order to distribute any rationed article otherwise than on a ration document to the crews of a vessel to which any of the provisions of the Inland Steam Vessels Act, 1917, does not apply, no such distribution shall be made except under, and in accordance with the conditions of, a permit issued in this behalf in respect of each such vessel to such wholesaler, by the Controller or any person authorised by the ³[Director or the] Controller in writing.

¹Inserted by notification No. 2657 D.C.S., dated the 15th March, 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 7086 D.C.S., dated the 19th May, 1945.

³Inserted by notification No. 5079 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

71. An appointed wholesaler ¹[shall maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article ²[in respect of which he has been appointed as such wholesaler] obtained by him on ration documents, and] shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the ³[Director or the] Controller concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any ⁴[such rationed article] may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith ⁵[and the price at which any rationed article shall be sold].

Chapter VIII—Kerosene.

A—General.

72. Except as otherwise expressly provided, the provisions of these Regulations other than Chapter I and this chapter shall not apply in respect of Kerosene.

73. In this Chapter—

- (a) “appointed kerosene retailer” means a retail dealer appointed as a retailer under the provisions of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, in respect of Kerosene.
- (b) “Agent” means a person who has been appointed an Agent of an oil company by such company and has also been appointed a wholesaler under the provisions of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.
- (c) “holder” means a person to whom a Kerosene Ration Card or a Kerosene Ration Permit has been issued under this chapter.
- (d) “kerosene distribution centre” means a Kerosene shop maintained by an Agent for supply of Kerosene to appointed Kerosene retailers, Employers’ Shops and Establishments.
- (e) “Oil Company” means a firm specified in Schedule J to these Regulations.
- (f) “sub-area” means an area as determined by the Director which is in charge of a Rationing Officer.
- (g) “vehicle” means a cycle, rickshaw, hand cart, bullock cart, hackney carriage or a motor vehicle.

B—Kerosene Ration Card.

74. For the purpose of obtaining on a ration document kerosene for lighting rooms which are not lit by electricity or gas in premises used for residence or both for residence and business, Kerosene Ration Cards issued under this chapter shall be the ration documents.

75. Except as otherwise, expressly provided, a Kerosene Ration Card issued for the first time shall consist of 40 coupons and a Kerosene Ration Card issued on a subsequent occasion shall consist of such number of coupons

¹Inserted by notification No. 8757 D.C.S., dated the 25th June, 1945.

²Inserted by notification No. 12231 D.C.S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

³Inserted by notification No. 5079 D. C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

⁴Substituted by notification No. 12231 D.C.S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

⁵Inserted by notification No. 3927 D.C.S., dated the 4th May, 1944.

⁶Inserted by notification No. 1324 D.C.S., dated the 26th January, 1946.

as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*. Each coupon shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week, reckoned from the 105th week, for which the coupon shall be valid:

Provided that the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, declare that coupons bearing specified serial numbers shall be valid also during other specified weeks in respect of any person or class of persons or the public generally.

76. Any holder of a Ration Card being the head of a family and occupying any room used for the purpose of residence or for the purpose of both residence and business, which is not lit by electricity or gas in any house, flat or holding in the Calcutta Industrial Area to whom a Kerosene Ration Card has not been issued and who desires to have a Kerosene Ration Card issued to him shall apply to the Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which he resides or to which he is attached by order of the Director or the Controller, as the case may be, furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Rationing Officer may require. The Rationing Officer after making such inquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant, shall issue a Kerosene Ration Card to the applicant.

77. The provisions of clauses 8, 9 and 10 shall, so far as may be, apply to a Kerosene Ration Card.

78. Each Kerosene Ration Card shall show the number of units allotted to the holder. The value of each unit on a Kerosene Ration Card shall be 33 oz. per four weeks:

Provided that the Director or the Controller may, by general or special order, vary from time to time the value of a unit on a Kerosene Ration Card.

79. No person shall obtain Kerosene on a Kerosene Ration Card unless he—

- (a) signs or puts his thumb impression in the space provided for the purpose on the Kerosene Ration Card,
- (b) registers himself with an appointed kerosene retailer or a retailer in charge of an employers' shop for the purpose of obtaining his supply of kerosene,
- (c) complies with any other directions which may be issued on this account by the Director or the Controller.

80. A holder of a Kerosene Ration Card shall himself or through an Agent present the card to the appointed kerosene retailer or the retailer in charge of an Employers' shop specified on the card for the purpose of registration with such retailer and the retailer shall, after putting his signature and seal on the Card, detach and retain the counterfoil thereof. The retailer shall preserve all such counterfoils and dispose of them as instructed by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene) and shall enter in a register the number of the Kerosene Ration Cards and the units specified therein and any other particulars required by general or special order by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene).

81. The holder of a Kerosene Ration Card registered with an appointed kerosene retailer or a retailer in charge of an Employer's shop shall purchase from such retailer his requirement of Kerosene for four weeks at a time.

82. On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of a holder of a Kerosene Ration Card the appointed kerosene retailer or the retailer in charge of an Employer's shop with whom such holder is registered shall supply to the holder Kerosene not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the card against cancellation of the appropriate coupons.

83. If any holder of a Kerosene Ration Card changes his residence to premises in the Calcutta Industrial Area which is lit by electricity or gas or to any place outside such area he shall, within ten days from the date on which such change of residence takes place, surrender the Kerosene Ration Card to the Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which he last resided and thereupon the Kerosene Ration Card shall be cancelled.

C—Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats and for Refrigeration or Cooking.

84. For the purpose of obtaining Kerosene on a ration document for use in vehicles or boats a Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats shall be the ration document and for use in cooking or refrigeration a Kerosene Ration Permit for Refrigeration or Cooking shall be the ration document.

85. (1) Any person who is the owner of a vehicle or a boat in the Calcutta Industrial Area and requires Kerosene for illumination of such vehicle or boat at night and to whom a Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats has not been issued and who desires to have such a Permit issued to him, shall apply to the Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which he resides or to which he is attached by order of the Director or the Controller, as the case may be, and produce to the said officer such evidence of his ownership of the vehicle or the boat, as may be required by the Rationing Officer in this behalf. The Rationing Officer, after making such enquiry in this behalf as he deems fit shall issue a Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats to the applicant.

(2) Any person who is the owner of an oil-burning stove or a refrigerator in the Calcutta Industrial Area and requires Kerosene for cooking or refrigeration and to whom a Kerosene Ration Permit for Refrigeration or Cooking has not been issued and who desires to have such a permit issued to him shall apply to the Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which he resides or to which he is attached by order of the Director or the Controller, as the case may be, and produce to the said officer such evidence of his ownership of the stove or the refrigerator as may be required by the Rationing Officer in this behalf. The Rationing Officer after making such enquiry in this behalf as he deems fit shall issue a Kerosene Ration Permit for Refrigeration or Cooking to the applicant.

(3) Such permit shall be valid for the period specified in it and the period of validity may be extended from time to time by the Director or the Controller.

86. The provisions of clauses 28A and 28B shall apply to Kerosene Ration Permits for Vehicles and Boats or for Refrigeration or Cooking.

87. Each Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats or for Refrigeration or Cooking shall show the number of units allotted to the holder. The value of each unit on a Kerosene Ration Permit shall be 22 oz. per calendar month:

Provided that the Director or the Controller may, by general or special order, vary from time to time the value of a unit on such Kerosene Ration Permit.

88. The provisions of clause 79 shall apply to any Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats or for Refrigeration or Cooking as if such Kerosene Ration Permit were a Kerosene Ration Card.

89. The holder of a Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats or for Refrigeration or Cooking shall purchase his monthly requirement of Kerosene at one time during the month and on demand and offer of price by him or on his behalf the retailer shall supply to the holder Kerosene not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the permit in a month.

90. If any holder of a Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats or for Refrigeration or Cooking transfers, or ceases to have, ownership in the Calcutta Industrial Area, of the vehicle or boat or refrigerator or oil-burning stove in respect of which such permit was issued, he shall surrender the permit to the Rationing Officer by whom it was issued and thereupon the permit shall be cancelled.

D—Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments.

91. For the purpose of obtaining Kerosene on a ration document for use in an establishment for operational purposes a Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments issued under this Chapter shall be the ration document.

92. A Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments may be issued to an establishment in the Calcutta Industrial Area by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene) on application made to him by the proprietor, manager or person in charge of such establishment, if the said officer is satisfied after verification of the information supplied in the application that Kerosene is required in the establishment for operational purposes.

93. The provisions of clauses 28A and 28B shall apply to a Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments.

94. A Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments shall be valid for the period specified on it:

Provided that the period of validity may be extended from time to time by the Director or the Controller.

95. Each Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments shall show the number of units allotted to the establishment. The value of each unit on such Ration Permit shall be one imperial gallon per calendar month:

Provided that the Director or the Controller may, by general or special order, vary from time to time the value of a unit on such Kerosene Ration Permit.

96. No Kerosene shall be available on a Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments unless the establishment in respect of which it has been issued has been registered with an Agent for the purpose of obtaining its supply of Kerosene.

97. A Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments shall be presented to the Agent specified in the Permit for the purpose of registration with such Agent who shall thereupon put his signature and seal on the Permit and detach and retain the counterfoil thereof. The Agent shall preserve all such counterfoils and shall dispose of them as instructed by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene) and shall enter in a register the number of the Permits and units specified therein and any other particulars required by general or special order by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene).

98. The holder of a Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments shall purchase his monthly requirement of Kerosene at one time during the month.

99. On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of a holder of a Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments the Agent with whom such holder is registered shall supply to the holder Kerosene not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the Permit in a month.

E—Appointed Kerosene Retailers and Retailers in charge of Employers' shops.

100. An appointed Kerosene retailer and a retailer in charge of an Employer's shop shall maintain registers separately in respect of Kerosene Ration Cards and Kerosene Ration Permits registered with them in such forms as may be prescribed in this behalf by the Deputy Controller of Rationing and shall maintain a Daily Stock Register in respect of the total quantity of Kerosene obtained by them and a Daily Sales Register in respect of Kerosene issued from their shops in such forms as may be prescribed by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene).

101. Every appointed Kerosene retailer and every retailer in charge of an Employer's shop shall submit to the Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which their shops are situated on such day of each week as may be determined by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene) a Weekly Stock Return, Indent and Ration Authority Form duly filled in by them in triplicate. The Indent shall be for the week in which it is submitted. The Rationing Officer shall sign in the space provided for signature of the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene) and shall return two copies to the retailer and retain the third copy for his record. Thereafter the retailer shall submit one signed copy to the Agent to whom he has been attached for purposes of obtaining his supply of Kerosene. On demand and offer of price the Agent shall supply Kerosene to the retailer in quantities specified in such copy.

102. An appointed Kerosene retailer and a retailer in charge of an Employer's shop shall, in respect of their shops, maintain regular and accurate accounts of Kerosene obtained by them on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or the Controller concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which Kerosene may be supplied or obtained or kept.

F—Agent.

103. Every Agent shall maintain a Kerosene Permit Register for each of his Kerosene distribution centres in respect of Kerosene Ration Permits registered with him in such form as may be prescribed by the Director or the Controller and a Daily Stock Register for each of his Kerosene distribution centres in respect of Kerosene received from his Oil Company in such form as may be prescribed by the Director or the Controller and shall also maintain two separate Daily Sales Registers, one in respect of Kerosene issued to appointed Kerosene retailers and Employers' shops and the other in respect of Kerosene issued to establishments.

104. Every Agent shall submit to the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene) on such day of each week as may be determined by the said officer a Weekly Stock Return, Indent and Ration Authority Form duly filled in by him in triplicate. The Indent shall be for the week in which it is submitted. The Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene) after

checking the Form shall sign and return two copies to the Agent. Thereafter the Agent shall submit one of the signed copies to his Oil Company who shall supply Kerosene to the Agent in quantities specified in such copy.

105. An Agent shall, in respect of his Kerosene distribution centres, maintain regular and accurate accounts of Kerosene obtained from his Oil Company and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or the Controller concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which Kerosene may be supplied or obtained or kept.

SCHEDULE A.

[See Regulation 2(3).]

The Calcutta Industrial Area.....

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (II) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; and

(4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

¹(5) The *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by C. S. khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

SCHEDULE B.

(See Regulation 17.)

A coupon on a Ration Card on the type specified in column 1 below shall be valid in respect of each rationed article for the number of units specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 below:—

1 Type of Ration Card.	2 Number of units.
Ration Cards in respect of persons above the age of 8 years.	Two.
Ration Cards in respect of persons of the age of 8 years and below.	Two in respect of sugar, mustard oil and salt and one in respect of other rationed articles.

SCHEDULE C.

(See Regulation 18.)

The unit of a Ration Card shall be valued as follows:—

Rice husked or in the husk	...	} in combination ² [1 seer and 5 <i>chataks</i> in the case of a person who is not a heavy manual worker and 1 seer and 12 <i>chataks</i> in the case of a person who is a heavy manual worker].
Wheat and wheat products	...	
Sugar	...	
⁴ [Salt	...	
⁶ [Mustard Oil.	...	³ [2] <i>chataks</i> . ⁵ [1½] <i>chatak</i>]. 1 <i>chatak</i>].

¹Added by notification No. 8694 D.C.S., dated the 30th August, 1944.

²Substituted by notification No. 3597 D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

³Substituted by notification No. 756 D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1944.

⁴Substituted by notification No. 2657 D.C.S., dated the 15th March, 1945.

⁵Substituted by notification No. 13540 D.C.S., dated the 10th November, 1945.

⁶Inserted by notification No. 12231 D.C.S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

¹[*Explanation.*—“Heavy manual worker” means a person regularly engaged in heavy manual work, and if any question arises as to whether a person is a heavy manual worker or not the decision of the Director or Controller or any other officer authorised in writing by the Director or Controller in this behalf shall be final.]

SCHEDULE D.

[See Regulation 29.]

The unit of a Ration Card shall be valued as follows:—

	Seers.
Rice husked or in the husk	² [8]
³ [Atta]	8
Flour	8]
Sugar	⁴ [8]
⁴ [Salt]	1]
⁵ [Mustard oil]	2½]

SCHEDULE E.

(See Regulation 18, proviso.)

The maximum amount up to which a rationed article may be taken is,—

(1) in respect of Ration Cards of two units—

(a) in the case of rice husked and in the husk—2 seers and 10 *chataks* if the holder is not a heavy manual worker and 3 seers and 8 *chataks* if the holder is a heavy manual worker,

(b) in the case of wheat and wheat products—1 seer and 8 *chataks*;

(2) in respect of Ration Cards of one unit—

(a) in the case of rice husked and in the husk—1 seer and 5 *chataks*;

(b) in the case of wheat and wheat products—1 seer.

Explanation.—“Heavy manual worker” has the same meaning as in Schedule C.

SCHEDULE F.

[See Regulations 21 and 22.]

List of Employers' Shop attached to an appointed wholesaler.

SCHEDULE G.

[See Regulations 21 and 22.]

List of Employers' Shops other than those in Schedule F.

¹Inserted by notification No. 3597 D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

²Substituted by notification No. 756 D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1944.

³Substituted by notification No. 1677 D.C.S., dated the 3rd March, 1944.

⁴Added by notification No. 8805 D.C.S., dated the 1st September, 1945.

⁵Inserted by notification No. 12231 D.C.S., dated the 28th September, 1945.

⁶Substituted by notification No. 3597 D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

SCHEDULE H.

[See Regulation 22.]

List of appointed retailers (excluding Schedules F and

SCHEDULE I.

[See Regulation 20.]

Consumers not attached to Employers' Shops shall register at the following appointed retailers including Government Stores:—

1. Consumers resident within the districts of Hooghly, Howrah and 24-Parganas at any appointed retailer's shop including a Government Store within the A.R.P. Sub-Area where they reside or to which they have been attached by order of the '[Director of the] Controller.

2. Consumers resident within the Port of Calcutta or Calcutta as defined in Schedule A attached to these regulations, at any appointed retailer including a Government Store within Calcutta as defined above.

SCHEDULE J.

1. Burmah Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Co. of India, Ltd.
2. Standard Vacuum Oil Co.
3. Indo-Burma Petroleum Co., Ltd.
4. Caltex (India), Ltd.

FORMS.**Form A.R.-1 (Parts A and B).**

[See Regulation 40.]

Register of Registered Ration Card/Permit Holders.

Serial No.	Number of Ration Card (A) Ration Permit (B).	Name.	Address.	Units.	Initials of R. O. after check with counterfoil.	Cancellation.		Remarks.
						Date.	Reason.	

FORM E.S.-I.

[See Regulations 45 and 51.]

1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8
Serial No.	Number of Ration Card or Serial No. in F.-II Register.*	Name.	Address.	Units.	Initials of D. C. R., Employers' Shops, after check.	Cancellation.		Remarks.
						Date.	Reason.	

*Only for cases where the maintenance of Register F-II has been specifically authorised.

¹Inserted by notification No. 5079 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

²Inserted by notification No. 1324 D.C.S., dated the 26th January, 1946.

FORM ESTABLISHMENTS No. 5.

[See Regulation 59.]

Register of Bread Tickets (to be maintained by manufacturing establishments).

Serial No.	Total No. of Bread Tickets.	Bread Units.	Initials of D. C. R.
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FORM ESTABLISHMENTS No. 6.

[See Regulation 66(4).]

Register of Ration Authorities (to be maintained by appointed Flour Mills).

Serial No.	Ration Authority No.	Units.	Quantity.	Initials of Permit Officer.
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FORM ESTABLISHMENTS No. 7.

[See Regulation 39.]

Daily Consumption Register.*Name of Rationed article.....*

Month and date.	Opening balance.	Quantities received.	Source of supply.	Total to be accounted for.	Consumption/Use in manufacture.	Balance.	Remarks.
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FORM F-II.

[See Regulations 45 and 50.]

Factory/Mill.....

Serial No.	Names of workers (block letters).	Address with thana and village.	Date of joining factories.	Date of leaving factories.	Rationed commodity.	Rations drawn for weeks.												
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					Rice Wheat Products Sugar													

FORM ESTABLISHMENTS No. 17.

[See Regulation 69.]

Monthly Return of Consumption.*Month.....*

Name and address of the company.	Number of craft leaving Calcutta in the month.			Average number of crews.			Consumption in the month.				
	Steamers.	Flats.	Barges.	Steamers.	Flats.	Barges.	Rice.	Atta.	Floor.	Sugar.	

FORM ESTABLISHMENTS No. 18.

[See Regulation 69.]

Daily Stock Register.

Month.....

Name of Company.....

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Date.	Opening balance.	Quantity received.	Total of columns 2 and 3.	Quantity issued.	Balance.	Remarks.

FORM ESTABLISHMENTS No. 19.

[See Regulation 69.]

Distribution Register.

Month.....

Name of Company.....

Name of vessel.	Issues in the month.																															Remarks.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	

Notification No. 3516D.C.S., dated the 25th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 466).

In pursuance of the provisions of clause 6 of the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, published under notification No. 567, dated the 24th January, 1944, as amended by notification No. 3515D.C.S., dated the 25th April, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that a ration card issued for the second time shall consist of 39 coupons.

Notification No. 2938 D.C.S., dated the 10th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 414).

In pursuance of the provisions of clause 28 of the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the Ration Permits issued for the 2nd time shall have 23 coupons.

Notification No. 8537D.C.S., dated the 26th August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 31st August, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1081).

In pursuance of the provisions of clause 28 of the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the Ration Permits issued for the third time shall have 30 coupons.

Notification No. 1030(LL), dated the 10th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th July, 1945, Pt. 1, p.1186).

Under clauses 44 and 49 of the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and in supersession of notification No. 1 C.R., dated the 4th May, 1944, published in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 11th May, 1944, I hereby direct that in the Calcutta Industrial Area as specified in Schedule "A" to the said Regulations, each appointed retailer shall sell, with effect from the 16th July, 1945, the different grades of rice as determined by the Provincial Government and mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below at prices not exceeding those specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule:—

Schedule.

1	2
Grades of rice.	Price per seer.
Grade "A" ...	10 as. (ten annas).
Grade "B" ...	6 as. 6 ps. (six annas and six pies).
Grade "C" ...	4 as. (four annas).

Notification No. 104(L.L.), dated the 26th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th February, 1946, Pt. 1, p. vi).

Under clauses 49 and 51D of the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and in supersession of notification No. 1311(L.L.), dated the 4th December, 1945, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 6th December, 1945, I hereby direct that in the Calcutta Industrial Area as specified in Schedule A to the said Regulations each appointed mustard oil retailer shall sell, with effect from the 4th March, 1946, mustard oil at a price not exceeding Re. 1-2-6 pies (one rupee two annas and six pies) only per seer.

Notification No. 3720D.C.S., dated the 29th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 1st May, 1944, p. 127).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 16 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to make the following Regulations in respect of the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area:—

Chapter I—General.

1. These Regulations may be called the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

2. In these Regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(1) (a) all expressions used but not defined in these regulations which have also been used in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, have the same meanings as in the said Order; and

(b) the expression "distributor" where used in any ration document means an appointed retailer referred to in these Regulations;

- (2) "Baker's bread" means Baker's bread or loaf (white, brown or wholemeal) of the following sizes:—
¹[2 oz., 4 oz., 8 oz., 1 lb., 1½ lb., 2 lb., 3 lb. and other multiples of 1 lb.].
- (3) "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" means the area specified in Schedule A to these Regulations;
- (4) "Controller" means the Controller of Rationing;
- (5) "Employer's shop" means any retail shop established in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph³ 3 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, and includes any shop established and operated by any department of or authority under the Central or Provincial Government for the benefit of its employees;
- (6) "Flour mill" includes a *chakki*;
- (7) "Government godown" means a depot established under the²[Directorate General of Food in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal] for the purpose of the storage of rationed articles and their supply to appointed wholesalers, under these Regulations;
- (8) "Order" means the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943;
- (9) "Permit Officer" means the officer appointed as such by the Controller with the approval of the Provincial Government;
- (10) "Rationing Officer" means an officer appointed as such by the Provincial Government and includes any officer specially authorised in this behalf by the Controller of Rationing;
- (11) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to these Regulations;
- (12) "Week" means the period commencing from the rationing date and ending at midnight of Sunday next following and each successive period of seven days thereafter.

3. For the purposes of these Regulations anything required to be done by any person may, if such person is a minor³[or a lunatic or a person of unsound mind], be done on his behalf by a person who is for the time being his guardian or has for the time being actual charge of or control over him.

4. An appointed wholesaler or retailer or person in charge of an establishment shall, where it is necessary to do so, obtain a licence or authorisation under the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, and observe the conditions thereof.

⁴4A. In clauses 5, 15A, 15B and 24 of this Chapter "animal" means a horse, cow, bullock, bull or buffalo.

¹Substituted by notification No. 8472D.C.S., dated the 24th August, 1944.

²Inserted by notification No. 11744D.C.S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

³Inserted by notification No. 8806D.C.S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

⁴Substituted, *ibid*.

Chapter II—Household Consumption.

5. For the purposes of household consumption in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area, "["Ration Cards" and "Salt Ration Cards" for "animals" issued under this Chapter], shall be the ration documents.

6. Save as otherwise expressly provided a Ration Card issued for the first time shall consist of 39 coupons, and a Ration Card issued on a subsequent occasion shall consist of such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*. Each coupon shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week, reckoned from the first week for which the coupon shall be valid:

Provided that the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, declare that coupons bearing specified serial numbers shall be valid also during other specified weeks in respect of any person or class of persons or the public generally.

7. Any person residing or intending to reside in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area otherwise than in a residential establishment to whom a Ration Card has not been issued and who desires to have a Ration Card issued shall apply to the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which he resides or intends to reside or to the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area to which he is attached by order of the "[Director or the] Controller, as the case may be, furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Rationing Officer may require. The Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such enquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant.

8. No person shall apply for a Ration Card if he has already obtained a Ration Card or if he is in receipt of any rationed article from the authorities of His Majesty's Forces or of the Forces of any Nation in alliance with His Majesty ²[or if he resides in a residential establishment].

9. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a Ration Card by furnishing false information.

10. (1) No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by use of more than one Ration Card issued in his name or by use of a Ration Card issued in the name of any other person who is for the time being not resident within the rationed area ³[or by use of a Ration Card the possession of which is not authorised by or under the Order] or by furnishing false information. If more than one Ration Card is issued in the name of any person such person shall forthwith report the fact and surrender the extra card or cards so issued, to the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which he resides or to the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area to which he is attached by order of the "[Director or the] Controller, as the case may be. If any person whilst in possession of a Ration Card draws or becomes entitled to draw rationed articles from the authorities of His Majesty's Forces or the authorities of the Forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty he shall forthwith surrender his Ration Card to the authorities from whom he has thus become entitled to draw rations.

(2) No person residing in a residential establishment shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by the use of any Ration Card issued in his name and every such person shall forthwith surrender the Ration Card to the Rationing Officer by whom it was issued.

¹In clauses, 7, 10, 15A, 19, 20, 22, in sub-clause (1) of clause 23 and in clauses 24, 32, 34, 39, 41, 45, 46, 50, 51, 57, 61, 63, 70, 73 and 78 and Schedule I the words, "[Director or the]" have been inserted by notification No. 508(D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1946.

²Inserted by notification No. 8806 D.C.S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

³Inserted by notification No. 11744 D.C.S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

11. A Ration Card issued to a homeless person shall be stamped with the word "Homeless" and shall have all the weeks cancelled excepting the current week and the three weeks following immediately thereafter.

12. Where a person has made an application under clause 7 either before the rationing date or within 14 days after the rationing date, a provisional Ration Card may be issued by the Rationing Officer to such person pending issue of a Ration Card to him under paragraph 10 of the Order. The provisional Ration Card shall be clearly marked with the word "provisional" and shall consist of 4 coupons numbered serially to denote weeks. Each coupon shall be valid for the week specified on it:

Provided that the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, declare that any specified cancelled coupon shall also be valid for the week specified in the notification.

13. A temporary Ration Card shall be issued by the Rationing Officer to any person who has made an application under clause 7 after the rationing date, if the period of his stay in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area is likely to be more than one week but less than eight weeks. A temporary Ration Card shall be over-printed in red with the word "Temporary" and shall consist of eight coupons. The Rationing Officer shall specify on one or more coupons the weeks for which they are valid and the temporary Ration Card shall be valid accordingly. The Rationing Officer may at the request of the holder of the card and after making such enquiry as he deems fit specify on any of the other coupons the weeks for which they shall be valid and the validity of the Card shall be extended accordingly. On such extension the Rationing Officer shall issue an intimation thereof to the appointed retailer with whom the Card is registered. This intimation shall be retained by the appointed retailer:

14. A Ration Card consisting of 39 coupons shall be issued to any person who has made an application under clause 7 after the rationing date and who intends to stay in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area for a period exceeding eight weeks. Each coupon on such Ration Card shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week reckoned from the first week for which the coupon shall be valid. Before a Ration Card is so issued the coupon denoting the week or weeks which have elapsed on the date of its issue or from which the applicant does not intend to stay in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area shall be cancelled:

Provided that pending the issue of Ration Card under this clause the Rationing Officer may in his discretion issue to the applicant a temporary Ration Card as provided in clause 13.

²15. The person to whom a Ration Card has been issued shall be termed the "holder" in respect of that card. Each Ration Card shall show the number of units allotted to the holder at the rate of two units for each holder above the age of 8 years and one unit for each holder of the age of 8 years and below:

Provided that in relation to sugar, salt and mustard oil rations each Ration Card shall have the value of two units irrespective of the units noted in the card or the age of the holder.

³15A. (1) Any holder of a Ration Card, who has any animal or animals belonging to him in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area and desires to have issued to him a Salt Ration Card or Cards for such animal or

¹Omitted by notification No. 8809D.C.S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

²Substituted by notification No. 3598D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

³Inserted by notification No. 8806D.C.S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

animals, shall apply to the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which he resides furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Rationing Officer may require. The Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such inquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant.

(2) After the verification referred to in sub-paragraph (1), one Salt Ration Card for each animal so belonging to the applicant shall be issued to him and each such Card shall consist of such number of coupons as may be fixed by the [Director or the] Controller:

Provided that no such Salt Ration Cards shall be issued if the number of animals belonging to the applicant exceeds five.

(3) A Salt Ration Card for an animal shall have the value of two units and the quantity of salt obtainable on each unit on such a Card shall be one *chattak*.

(4) The provisions of clauses, 8, 9 and 10 shall apply to Salt Ration Cards for animals as they apply in relation to Ration Cards.

(5) Every holder of a Salt Ration Card for an animal shall register himself with the appointed retailer with whom he is registered in respect of his Ration Card and the provisions of clause 23 shall, in so far as may be, apply to the registration of Salt Ration Cards for animals as they apply to the registration of Ration Cards.

15B. Any holder of a Ration Card who has obtained a Salt Ration Card or Cards for an animal or animals shall notify in writing to the Rationing Officer by whom the Salt Ration Card or Cards was or were issued the death or any transfer from his possession of any such animal or any reduction in the number of any such animals owing to any other cause within ten days from the date on which such death, transfer or reduction takes place.

16. Every person recorded as the head of a family shall, and any member of the family may, notify to the Rationing Officer in writing any reduction in the number of members of the family due to death or to absence from the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area for more than seven days or to any other cause. Such notice shall be given within 10 days from the date on which such reduction in the number of members of the household takes place.

17. Each coupon on a Ration Card shall be valid for the number of units specified in respect of the particular type of such card in Schedule B.

18. The value of each unit in terms of the rationed articles or in terms of two or more rationed articles in combination shall be as laid down in Schedule C:

Provided that the maximum proportion of any rationed article in combination with another rationed article shall be as specified in Schedule E.

19. No person shall obtain any rationed article on a Ration Card unless he—

(a) signs or puts his thumb impression in the space provided for the purpose on the Ration Card:

Provided that if ²[the person is a minor or a *pardanashin* woman or a lunatic or a person of unsound mind] the signature or thumb impression of the head of the family may be given instead;

¹Inserted by notification No. 8806 D.C.S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

²Substituted by notification No. 11744 L.C.S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

- (b) registers himself with an appointed retailer for the purpose of obtaining his supply of rationed articles;
- (c) complies with any other directions which may be issued on this account by the [Director or the] Controller.

20. Save as provided in clauses 21 and 22 a holder of a Ration Card shall register himself with an appointed retailer according to the directions contained in Schedule I:

Provided that the [Director or the] Controller may by order attach any person or class of persons to any particular shop.

21. A holder of a Ration Card who is the employee of any employer referred to in Schedules F and G shall, and his dependants who hold Ration Cards bearing the name of such employee as the head of the family unless debarred by the proviso to sub-clause (a) of clause 22 may, register with the employer.

22. No appointed retailer shall, when requested so to do, refuse to register the holder of a Ration Card, if—

- (a) the retailer is an employer referred to in Schedule F or Schedule G and the holder is his employee or a dependant of his employee whose Card contains the name of the employee as the head of the family:

Provided that an employer may refuse to register the dependants of his employee where such dependants exceed three in number:

Provided further that where such employer is any department of the Central or Provincial Government or any authority thereunder it shall not be necessary for such employer to register the dependants of the employee;

- (b) the retailer is one specified in Schedule H or is a person in charge of a Government Store under the control of the Crown and selling rationed articles:

Provided that in the case of the retailer specified in Schedule H, he shall refuse to register such holder, if the registration is not being made according to the directions contained in Schedule I, unless the holder has been attached to such shop by order of the [Director or the] Controller:

Provided further that he shall refuse to register such holder if the number of holders already registered with him will thereby exceed ¹[3,300] permanent cards and 200 temporary cards in the case of a Government Store and ¹[2,000] permanent cards and 200 temporary cards in the case of an appointed retailer not being an employer specified in Schedules F and G. * * *

²22A. Notwithstanding anything contained in the second proviso to sub-clause (b) of clause 22 any retailer, who is specified in Schedule H or is a person in charge of a Government Store under the control of the Crown and selling rationed articles, shall register * * * Salt Ration Cards for animals belonging to, those families any member of which has registered his permanent or temporary Ration Card with him.

¹Substituted by notification No. 11744D.C.S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

²Omitted by notification No. 886D.C.S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

³Inserted by notification No. 11744D.C.S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

⁴Omitted by notification No. 3598D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

23. (1) The holder of a Ration Card shall get himself registered in the following manner, namely:—

(a) he shall himself or through an agent present the Ration Card to an appointed retailer according to the directions specified in clause 20 or to which he may be attached by order of the ¹[Director or the] Controller, or to his appropriate employer's shop in order to enable the retailer to enter his name, address, signature and shop No. in the Ration Card; and

(b) he shall himself or through an agent permit the retailer to detach and retain the counterfoil of the Ration Card.

(2) Every appointed retailer with whom the holder of a Ration Card seeks registration shall enter in the Ration Card presented to him and in the counterfoil thereof his name, address, signature and shop No. He shall detach and retain with him the counterfoil of such Ration Card. He shall preserve all such counterfoils and dispose of them as instructed by the ¹[Director or the Controller]. He shall enter in a register the number of the Ration Cards and the units specified therein and any other particulars required by general or special order by the ¹[Director or the Controller].

24. ²(1) The holder of a Ration Card registered with an appointed retailer or of a Civil Ration Ticket shall purchase his weekly requirements of rationed articles at one time during the week and on demand and offer of price by him or on his behalf and against cancellation of the appropriate coupon the retailer shall supply to the holder rationed articles not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the coupon:

Provided that the holder of a Ration Card other than the holder of a temporary Ration Card shall purchase his requirement of salt for four weeks at a time;

³(1a) The provisions of sub-clause (1) shall apply to the supply of salt under a Salt Ration Card for an animal as they apply to the supply of salt under a Ration Card.

(2) The retailer shall comply with such other directions as may be issued by the Controller or any officer authorised by the ¹[Director or the] Controller in this behalf.

25. Notwithstanding anything contained in clauses 19, 20, 21 and 22, the ¹[the Director or the Controller or such officer as the Director or the Controller may authorise] in this behalf may issue instructions transferring the name of a person registered with any appointed retailer from such retailer to another appointed retailer.

26. (1) The Controller may authorise any Rationing Officer to issue a civil ration ticket to a person belonging, or attached to, or employed with, His Majesty's Forces or belonging, or attached to, or employed with, the Forces of any Nation in alliance with His Majesty who is within any rationed area on leave and is not in receipt of any rationed article from the authorities of such Forces on application made by such person in that behalf to the Controller furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Controller may require. Before authorising the issue of such ration ticket the Controller may make or cause to be made such inquiry as he deems fit for the verification of the information furnished by the applicant. A Rationing Officer when so authorised by the Controller shall

¹Substituted by notification No. 5086D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 8806D.C.S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

³Inserted, *ibid.*

issue such ration ticket to the applicant which shall be valid for one week only and the provisions of clauses 15, 17 and 18 shall apply to such ration ticket as they apply to a Ration Card issued under clause 13.

(2) On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of a holder of a civil ration ticket issued under sub-clause (1) any appointed retailer shall supply to the holder rationed articles not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the ticket on surrender of such ticket to such retailer.

Chapter III—Establishments.

27. For the purposes of an establishment, Ration Permits and Ration Authorities shall be the ration documents.

28. A Ration Permit for obtaining rationed articles for the purposes of the establishment shall be issued in the name of the owner or manager or person in charge or control of an establishment.

29. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a Ration Permit by furnishing false information.

¹29A. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by use of a Ration Permit the possession of which is not authorised by or under the Order.

30. Such permits issued for the first time shall have four coupons; and any permit issued on a subsequent occasion shall have such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*; each coupon shall be valid for the week specified on it and shall show the number of units of each rationed article ²[and the number of units of bread tickets] allotted.

31. The unit of each rationed article shall for the purpose of the Ration Permits have the value allotted to it in Schedule D.

32. No holder of a Ration Permit shall obtain any rationed article on the permit until he registers himself with the Rationing Officer or with an appointed retailer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which the establishment is situated or to which he may be attached by order of the [Director or the] Controller or the Deputy Controller of Rationing.

33. All Ration Permits over-printed with a diagonal red line shall be registered with an appointed retailer. All Ration Permits not so over-printed shall be registered with the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which the establishment is situated:

Provided that any Ration Permit issued in respect of any establishment run for the benefit of employees may be registered with the appropriate employer's shop.

34. Where a Ration Permit is to be registered with an appointed retailer, the provisions of clauses 19, 20, 22, 23 and 24 shall apply as if the permit were a ration card:

Provided that the limit specified under the second proviso to sub-clause (b) of clause 22 shall not apply in respect of Ration Permits:

Provided further that the holder of such a Ration Permit shall register with such appointed retailer as may be directed by the Controller or by such officer as the [Director or the] Controller may authorise in this behalf.

¹Inserted by notification No. 11744D.C.S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

²Inserted by notification No. 8472D.C.S., dated the 24th August, 1944.

35. Where a Permit is to be registered with the Rationing Officer it shall be done in the following manner:—

- (a) the permit holder shall himself or through an agent present the Ration Permit to the Rationing Officer, and
- (b) he shall himself or through an agent permit the Rationing Officer to detach and retain the counterfoil of the Ration Permit.

36. The Rationing Officer shall enter in the Ration Permit presented to him the name and address of the holder thereof and the latter shall sign the Ration Permit. The Rationing Officer shall then detach and retain with him the counterfoil of such Ration Permit and shall preserve such counterfoils. He shall enter the serial number of the Ration Permit and the units specified therein in a register to be maintained by him.

37. The holder of a Ration Permit registered with the Rationing Officer shall submit to him once every week an indent for the rationed articles and bread tickets. On the basis of such indent and against cancellation of the appropriate coupon, the Rationing Officer shall issue such number of units of bread tickets as may be demanded by the holder of the Ration Permit not exceeding the number specified in the Ration Permit and shall issue a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity obtainable thereon and the period during which it shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of maunds and seers the Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

38. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate; one copy shall be retained by the Rationing Officer, and the other copy shall be given to the Permit holder.

The Ration Authority shall be valid for the period specified on it.

39. The holder of the Ration Authority shall submit it to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by order of the [Director or the] Controller. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the holder and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the holder shall supply to him rationed articles in quantities specified on the Ration Authority.

40. On demand and offer of price by a resident or a customer in a residential establishment or a customer in a catering establishment the person in charge of the establishment shall supply food prepared from the rationed articles.

41. (1) Every appointed establishment proprietor shall, in respect of his establishment, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him in Form Establishments No. 7 appended to these Regulations or in any other form laid down by the [Director or the] Controller.

(2) An appointed establishment proprietor shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the [Director or the] Controller concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained for establishment consumption or in connection therewith ²[and the price at which any rationed article should be sold].

¹Substituted by notification No. 8472D.C.S., dated the 24th August, 1944.

²Inserted by notification No. 6269D.C.S., dated the 19th June, 1944.

Chapter IV—Appointed Retailers other than Employers' Shops and Bakeries.

42. An appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an Employer's shop or a person owning or managing a bakery shall maintain a register in Form A.R.-I (Parts A and B) appended to these Regulations, in respect of the ration documents registered with him. At least once a week he shall submit the register together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards and Permits registered with him to the Rationing Officer of the A.R.P. Sub-Area in which his shop is situated. He shall specify in the register the total number of units registered with him in respect of each rationed article ¹[* * *]. The Rationing Officer shall after checking and initialling the entries in the register return it to the appointed retailer. The Rationing Officer shall then issue a Ration Authority to the retailer specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of the rationed article obtainable thereon and the period for which the authority shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers the Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

43. (1) For the first fortnight after the rationing date the quantity of the rationed article covered by the authority shall not be less than the maximum of each rationed article obtainable according to the total number of registered units.

(2) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in stock with the appointed retailer is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (1) on account of sales lawfully made.

44. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Rationing Officer and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed retailer. The Ration Authority shall be valid for the period specified on it.

45. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed retailer to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by order of the Director or the Controller. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the appointed retailer and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the retailer shall supply to the appointed retailer rationed articles in quantities specified on the Ration Authority.

46. An appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an Employer's shop or a person owning or managing a bakery ²[shall, in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents, and] shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or the Controller concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith ³[and the price at which any rationed article shall be sold].

¹Omitted by notification No. 3598D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

²Inserted by notification No. 8758D.C.S., dated the 25th June, 1945.

³Added by notification No. 6269D.C.S., dated the 19th June, 1944.

Chapter V—Employers' Shops.

47. An appointed retailer, being a person in charge of an Employer's Shop, shall maintain a register in Form E.-S.-I appended to these Regulations in connection with the ration documents registered with him and in connection with persons registered with him in Form F-II. He shall submit the register together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards registered with him, '[to the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) when so required by the said Deputy Controller]'. He shall specify in the register the total number of units registered with him in respect of each rationed article '[* * *]'. The Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) shall after checking and initialling the entries in the register return it to the appointed retailer. The Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) shall then issue a Ration Authority to the retailer specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of the rationed articles obtainable thereon and the period for which the authority shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

48. (1) For the first fortnight subsequent to the rationing date the quantity of the rationed article covered by the authority shall not be less than the maximum of each rationed article obtainable according to the total number of registered units.

(2) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in the stock of the appointed retailer is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (1) on account of sales lawfully made.

49. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed retailer.

50. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed retailer to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by order of the Director or the Controller. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the appointed retailer and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the retailer shall supply to the appointed retailer rationed articles in quantities specified on the Ration Authority:

Provided that an appointed retailer specially empowered in this behalf by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) may obtain his supply of any rationed article direct from the '[Director-General of Food in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal] on an authority issued by the said Deputy Controller.

51. An appointed retailer being a person in charge of an Employers' Shop '[shall, in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents, and], shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or the Controller concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or

¹Substituted by notification No. 11744D.C.S., dated the 12th December, 1944.

²Omitted by notification No. 3598D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

³Substituted by notification No. 7087D.C.S., dated the 19th May, 1945.

⁴Inserted by notification No. 8758D.C.S., dated the 25th June, 1945.

in connection therewith ¹[and the price at which any rationed article shall be sold or the maximum price which may be charged for the sale of such articles].

52. An appointed retailer being a person in charge of an Employer's Shop, who has been authorised by an order of the Provincial Government to issue rationed articles otherwise than by means of ration documents, shall maintain a register of all such issues in Form F-II appended to these Regulations:

Provided that the rations issued to such person shall be on the scale laid down for the holder of a Ration Card.

53. Clauses 47 to 50 shall not apply to the appointed retailer in charge of any Employer's Shop set up in accordance with a scheme referred to in sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 3 of the Order, or to a retail dealer in charge of an Employer's Shop set up by any department or authority of the Central or Provincial Government when that department or authority has been appointed a wholesaler under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Order:

Provided that such appointed retailer shall maintain, and submit the register in Form E.S.-I together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards registered with him, to the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) and shall specify therein the total number of units registered with him.

²Chapter VI—Baker's Bread and Bakeries.

54. For the purpose of obtaining baker's bread in connection with household or establishment consumption, bread tickets issued under this Chapter shall be the ration documents.

55. The bread ticket shall be valid for the week during which it is issued and also for the succeeding week.

56. The quantity represented by each unit on a bread ticket shall be 16 ounces of bread. Bread tickets shall be issued only for a whole number of units.

57. (1) Any holder of a Ration Card may demand in exchange for any quantity of the wheat or wheat products admissible to him in respect of the number of units for which his Ration Card is valid, a bread ticket or bread tickets and on such demand he shall receive not more than three units of bread tickets for one unit of his Ration Card:

Provided that the [Director or the] Controller may by general or special order vary from time to time the number of units of bread tickets which may be so received in exchange for one unit of the Ration Card.

(2) A holder of a Ration Card shall be entitled to receive one unit of a bread ticket in exchange for one-half of a seer of wheat or wheat products.

(3) The appointed retailer with whom the holder of a Ration Card is registered shall on such demand being made cancel the appropriate coupon of the Ration Card and issue a bread ticket or bread tickets subject to the maximum specified in sub-clause (1) together with the rationed articles for which the Ration Card is valid.

58. (1) Any holder of a Ration Permit which is registered with an appointed retailer may demand a bread ticket or bread tickets of such number of units as does not exceed the number of units specified in the

¹Added by notification No. 6269D.C.S., dated the 19th June, 1944.

²Substituted by notification No. 8472D.C.S., dated the 24th August, 1944.

Ration Permit and on such demand the appointed retailer shall cancel the appropriate coupon of the Ration Permit and issue together with the rationed articles for which the Ration Permit is valid a bread ticket or bread tickets of such number of units as does not exceed the number of units specified in the Ration Permit.

(2) Any holder of a Ration Permit which is registered with the Rationing Officer may in the manner specified in clause 37 demand a bread ticket or bread tickets of such number of units as does not exceed the number of units specified in the Ration Permit and on such demand the Rationing Officer shall issue a bread ticket or bread tickets as provided in that clause.

59. The appointed retailer or the Rationing Officer, as the case may be, shall enter in ink on the bread ticket the number of the Ration Card or the Ration Permit against which it is issued and stamp the ticket with his seal. He shall also indicate on the bread ticket the week during which it is issued by cancelling in ink the appropriate number of the week printed on the ticket. No bread ticket shall be valid unless the requirements of this clause have been complied with.

60. On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the holder of a bread ticket or bread tickets every appointed establishment proprietor being a person owning or managing a Bakery shall, and any other appointed establishment proprietor or any appointed retailer or appointed wholesaler may supply bread to him against the surrender of such ticket or tickets during the period for which such ticket or tickets is or are valid and such bread shall be supplied only up to the quantity represented by the unit or units specified in the bread ticket or bread tickets:

Provided that when a bread ticket has been surrendered during the period of its validity to an appointed establishment proprietor being a person owning or managing a Bakery, such establishment proprietor shall supply bread against it until the quantity of bread represented by the unit or units specified in such bread ticket is exhausted.

61. An appointed establishment proprietor being a person owning or managing a Bakery shall maintain a register in Form Establishments No. 5 appended to these Regulations in connection with bread tickets surrendered to him. He shall submit the register each week to the Rationing Officer together with the bread tickets and shall specify the total number of bread units collected by him. The Rationing Officer shall check and return the register. He shall issue to the said establishment proprietor a Ration Authority specifying therein the quantity of wheat products which shall bear such proportion to the collected valid bread units as may be fixed by the [Director or the] Controller and the period for which such Authority shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of maunds and seers the Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

62. On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the holder of such Ration Authority and against the surrender of such authority and appointed wholesaler, not being a wholesaler to whom the provisions contained in section A of Chapter VII apply, shall supply wheat products to the holder during the period for which the Authority is valid and up to the quantity specified therein.

Chapter VII—Appointed Wholesalers.

Section A.—Appointed wholesalers appointed in accordance with a scheme referred to in sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 3 of the Order and appointed wholesalers being departments of or authorities under the Central or Provincial Government appointed under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Order.

63. An appointed wholesaler shall supply rationed articles only to such appointed retailers and appointed establishment proprietors as may be allotted to him in this behalf by order in writing of the [Director or the] Controller.

64. Every appointed retailer or appointed establishment proprietor who is allotted in accordance with clause 63 to an appointed wholesaler for supply purposes shall submit to the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) and such appointed wholesaler a weekly return and indent in Form ES/AR-VII in case of appointed retailers and in Form Establishments No. 4 in case of appointed establishment proprietors.

65. An appointed wholesaler shall submit to the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) a return and indent in Form ES/AR-VII on behalf of all appointed retailers and appointed establishment proprietors allotted to him for supply purposes, and shall obtain from such appointed retailers or appointed establishment proprietors a weekly return and indent in the same form in the case of appointed retailers and in Form Establishments No. 4 in case of appointed establishment proprietors.

66. (1) For the first fortnight after the rationing date the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) shall issue a Ration Authority to every appointed wholesaler specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of each rationed article which shall be obtainable according to the total number of units registered with the appointed retailers or appointed establishment proprietors allotted to the said wholesaler.

(2) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the Ration Authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in the stock of the appointed wholesaler and of the appointed retailer and appointed establishment proprietor allotted to him is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (1) on account of sales lawfully made.

67. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) and the other copy shall be delivered to the holder of the authority.

68. (1) An appointed wholesaler shall submit the Ration Authority to the Permit Officer who on demand and offer of price and against cancellation of the authority shall issue a delivery permit or permits on the Officer-in-charge of the Government godown for the supply of rationed articles in quantities specified on the authority:

Provided that an appointed wholesaler specially empowered in this behalf by the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops) may obtain his supply of rationed articles direct from the ¹[Director-General of Food in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal] on an authority issued by said Deputy Controller.

(2) On receipt of the delivery permit the Officer-in-charge of the Government godown shall supply to the holder rationed articles in quantities specified on the permit.

¹Substituted by notification No. 7087D.C.S., dated the 19th May, 1945.

(3) Notwithstanding anything in sub-clauses (1) and (2) the permit-holder or his agent may in respect of any rationed articles which are wheat products present the Ration Authority at the flour mill to which such appointed wholesaler has been allotted under the first proviso to clause 70, to the person appointed by the flour mill for this purpose and the said person shall on demand and offer of price supply to the holder or his agent the rationed articles being wheat products for which the authority is valid and shall cancel the authority to the extent of the rationed articles so supplied.

69. An appointed wholesaler shall maintain a stock register of all rationed commodities and bread tickets issued to him in forms approved by the Controller.

Section B.—Appointed wholesalers being Flour Mills.

70. An appointed wholesaler being a flour mill shall supply rationed articles only to such appointed retailers and appointed establishment proprietors as may be allotted to him in this behalf by order in writing of the Director or the Controller:

Provided that an appointed wholesaler, being a flour mill, shall on demand and offer of price supply wheat products to such other appointed wholesalers, being a department of or authority under the Central or Provincial Government or being employers, associations of employers, committees, bodies or local authorities managing any scheme or organisation referred to in sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) of paragraph 3 of the Order as may be allotted to such appointed wholesaler by order in writing of the [Director or the] Controller:

Provided further that an appointed wholesaler being a flour mill shall supply on demand and offer of price wheat products to the Controller for re-sale through Government godowns.

71. An appointed wholesaler being a flour mill shall obtain the supply of rationed articles necessary for the manufacture of wheat products in such mill from the '[Director-General of Food in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal]' on offer of price and in accordance with such directions as the Director of Civil Supplies may issue in this behalf from time to time in writing.

72. An appointed flour mill shall submit to the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments) a return in Form Establishments No. 6 appended to these Regulations for the supply of wheat products on presentation of Ration Authority.

Section C.—Other appointed wholesalers.

73. An appointed wholesaler referred to in this section of this chapter shall supply rationed articles only to such appointed retailers and appointed establishment proprietors as may be allotted to him in this behalf by order in writing of the Director or the Controller.

74. For the initial allotment of rationed articles each appointed wholesaler shall receive before the rationing date from the Deputy Controller of Rationing, Bhadreswar (Hooghly), or the Deputy Controller of Rationing, Khardah (24-Parganas), or the Special Officer, Sub-Areas, as the case may be, a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds the quantity of each rationed article which shall be obtainable, calculated on the basis of the total number of units registered or expected to be registered with the appointed retailers and appointed establishment proprietors allotted to the said wholesaler.

¹Substituted by notification No. 7087 D. C. S., dated the 19th May, 1945.

75. Each appointed retailer and appointed establishment proprietor (not being an establishment proprietor attached to an appointed retailer) shall receive from the Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which his shop or establishment is situated a Ration Authority specifying in standard maunds the quantity of each rationed articles, sufficient for a period of 14 days, which shall be obtainable on presentation of the Ration Authority and offer of price to the appointed wholesaler.

76. An appointed wholesaler shall submit his Ration Authority to the Permit Officer along with a receipted Treasury chalan to cover the price of the rationed articles and the Permit Officer shall thereupon issue a delivery permit or permits on the Officer-in-charge of the Government godown for the supply of rationed articles in quantities specified in the authority.

77. After the issue of the initial allotment referred to in clause 74 an appointed wholesaler shall obtain his supplies by means of a Ration Authority showing the total amount of rationed articles sold to the appointed retailer and appointed establishment proprietor attached to him for supplies. The Permit Officer will, on the strength of the Ration Authority and on payment of the price of the rationed articles sanctioned on the authority, issue a delivery permit on the godown to which the wholesaler has been attached.

78. An appointed wholesaler referred to in this chapter ¹[shall maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and] shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or the Controller concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith ²[and the price at which any rationed article shall be sold].

³Chapter VIII—Kerosene.

A—General.

79. Except as otherwise expressly provided, the provisions of these Regulations other than Chapter I and this chapter shall not apply in respect of Kerosene.

80. In this Chapter—

- (a) "Appointed Kerosene retailer" means a retail dealer appointed as a retailer under the provisions of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, in respect of Kerosene.
- (b) "Agent" means a person who has been appointed an Agent of an oil company by such company and has also been appointed a wholesaler under the provisions of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.
- (c) "Holder" means a person to whom a Kerosene Ration Card or a Kerosene Ration Permit has been issued under this chapter.
- (d) "Kerosene distribution centre" means a Kerosene shop maintained by an Agent for supply of Kerosene to appointed Kerosene retailers, Employers' shops and Establishments.
- (e) "Oil Company" means a firm specified in Schedule J to these Regulations.

¹Inserted by notification No. 8758D.C.S., dated the 25th June, 1945.

²Added by notification No. 6280D.C.S., dated the 19th June, 1944.

³Inserted by notification No. 1325D.C.S., dated the 26th January, 1946.

- (f) "Sub-area" means an area as determined by the Director which is in charge of a Rationing Officer.
- (g) "Vehicle" means a cycle, rickshaw, hand cart, bullock cart, hackney carriage or a motor vehicle.

B—Kerosene Ration Card.

81. For the purpose of obtaining on a ration document kerosene for lighting rooms which are not lit by electricity or gas in premises used for residence or both for residence and business, Kerosene Ration Cards issued under this chapter shall be the ration documents.

82. Except as otherwise expressly provided, a Kerosene Ration Card issued for the first time shall consist of 40 coupons and a Kerosene Ration Card issued on a subsequent occasion shall consist of such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*. Each coupon shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week, reckoned from the 105th week, for which the coupon shall be valid:

Provided that the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, declare that coupons bearing specified serial numbers shall be valid also during other specified weeks in respect of any person or class of persons or the public generally.

83. Any holder of a Ration Card being the head of a family and occupying any room used for the purpose of residence or for the purpose of both residence and business, which is not lit by electricity or gas in any house, flat or holding in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area to whom a Kerosene Ration Card has not been issued and who desires to have a Kerosene Ration Card issued to him shall apply to the Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which he resides or to which he is attached by order of the Director or the Controller, as the case may be, furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Rationing Officer may require. The Rationing Officer after making such inquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant shall issue a Kerosene Ration Card to the applicant.

84. The provisions of clauses 8, 9 and 10 shall, so far as may be, apply to a Kerosene Ration Card.

85. Each Kerosene Ration Card shall show the number of units allotted to the holder. The value of each unit on a Kerosene Ration Card shall be 33 oz. per four weeks:

Provided that the Director or the Controller may, by general or special order, vary from time to time the value of a unit on a Kerosene Ration Card.

86. No person shall obtain kerosene on a Kerosene Ration Card unless he—

- (a) signs or puts his thumb impression in the space provided for the purpose on the Kerosene Ration Card,
- (b) registers himself with an appointed kerosene retailer or a retailer in charge of an Employer's shop for the purpose of obtaining his supply of Kerosene,
- (c) complies with any other directions which may be issued on this account by the Director or the Controller.

87. A holder of a Kerosene Ration Card shall himself or through an Agent present the card to the appointed kerosene retailer or the retailer in charge of an Employer's shop specified on the card for the purpose of registration with such retailer and the retailer shall, after putting his

signature and seal on the Card, detach and retain the counterfoil thereof. The retailer shall preserve all such counterfoils and dispose of them as instructed by the Joint Controller of Rationing, Hooghly or Barrackpore, as the case may be, and shall enter in a register the number of the Kerosene Ration Cards and the units specified therein and any other particulars required by general or special order by the Joint Controller of Rationing, Hooghly or Barrackpore.

88. The holder of a Kerosene Ration Card registered with an appointed kerosene retailer or a retailer in charge of an Employer's shop shall purchase from such retailer his requirement of Kerosene for four weeks at a time.

89. On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of a holder of a Kerosene Ration Card the appointed kerosene retailer or the retailer in charge of an Employer's shop with whom such holder is registered shall supply to the holder Kerosene not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the card against cancellation of the appropriate coupons.

90. If any holder of a Kerosene Ration Card changes his residence to premises in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area which is lit by electricity or gas or to any place outside such area he shall, within 10 days from the date on which such change of residence takes place, surrender the Kerosene Ration Card to the Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which he last resided and thereupon the Kerosene Ration Card shall be cancelled.

C—Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats and for Refrigeration or Cooking.

91. For the purpose of obtaining Kerosene on a ration document for use in vehicles or boats a Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats shall be the ration document and for use in cooking or refrigeration a Kerosene Ration Permit for Refrigeration or Cooking shall be the ration document.

92. (1) Any person who is the owner of a vehicle or a boat in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area and requires Kerosene for illumination of such vehicle or boat at night and to whom a Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats has not been issued and who desires to have such a Permit issued to him shall apply to the Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which he resides or to which he is attached by order of the Director or the Controller, as the case may be, and produce to the said officer such evidence of his ownership of the vehicle or the boat, as may be required by the Rationing Officer in this behalf. The Rationing Officer after making such enquiry in this behalf as he deems fit shall issue a Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats to the applicant.

(2) Any person who is the owner of an oil-burning stove or a refrigerator in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area and requires Kerosene for cooking or refrigeration and to whom a Kerosene Ration Permit for Refrigeration or Cooking has not been issued and who desires to have such a permit issued to him shall apply to the Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which he resides or to which he is attached by order of the Director or the Controller, as the case may be, and produce to the said officer such evidence of his ownership of the stove or the refrigerators as may be required by the Rationing Officer in this behalf. The Rationing Officer after making such enquiry in this behalf as he deems fit shall issue a Kerosene Ration Permit for Refrigeration or Cooking to the applicant.

(3) Such permit shall be valid for the period specified in it and the period of validity may be extended from time to time by the Director or the Controller.

93. The provisions of clauses 29 and 29A shall apply to Kerosene Ration Permits for Vehicles and Boats or for Refrigeration or Cooking.

94. Each Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats or for Refrigeration or Cooking shall show the number of units allotted to the holder. The value of each unit on a Kerosene Ration Permit shall be 22 oz. per calendar month:

Provided that the Director or the Controller may, by general or special order, vary from time to time the value of a unit on such Kerosene Ration Permit.

95. The provisions of clause 86 shall apply to any Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats or for Refrigeration or Cooking as if such Kerosene Ration Permit were a Kerosene Ration Card.

96. The holder of a Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats or for Refrigeration or Cooking shall purchase his monthly requirement of Kerosene at one time during the month and on demand and offer of price by him or on his behalf the retailer shall supply to the holder Kerosene not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the permit in a month.

97. If any holder of a Kerosene Ration Permit for Vehicles and Boats or for Refrigeration or Cooking transfers, or ceases to have, ownership in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area, of the vehicle or boat or refrigerator or oil-burning stove in respect of which such permit was issued, he shall surrender the permit to the Rationing Officer by whom it was issued and thereupon the permit shall be cancelled.

D—Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments.

98. For the purpose of obtaining Kerosene on a ration document for use in an establishment for operational purposes a Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments issued under this Chapter shall be the ration document.

99. A Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments may be issued to an establishment in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area by the Joint Controller of Rationing, Hooghly or Barrackpore, as the case may be, on application made to him by the proprietor, manager or person in charge of such establishment, if the said officer is satisfied after verification of the information supplied in the application that Kerosene is required in the establishment for operational purposes.

100. The provisions of clauses 29 and 29A shall apply to a Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments.

101. A Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments shall be valid for the period specified on it:

Provided that the period of validity may be extended from time to time by the Director or the Controller.

102. Each Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments shall show the number of units allotted to the establishment. The value of each unit on such Ration Permit shall be one imperial gallon per calendar month:

Provided that the Director or the Controller may, by general or special order, vary from time to time the value of a unit on such Kerosene Ration Permit.

103. No Kerosene shall be available on a Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments unless the establishment in respect of which it has been issued has been registered with an Agent for the purpose of obtaining its supply of Kerosene.

104. A Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments shall be presented to the Agent specified in the Permit for the purpose of registration with such Agent who shall thereupon put his signature and seal on the Permit and detach and retain the counterfoil thereof. The Agent shall preserve all such counterfoils and shall dispose of them as instructed by the Joint Controller of Rationing, Hooghly or Barrackpore, as the case may be, and shall enter in a register the number of the Permits and the units specified therein and any other particulars required by general or special order by the Joint Controller of Rationing, Hooghly or Barrackpore.

105. The holder of a Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments shall purchase his monthly requirements of Kerosene at one time during the month.

106. On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of a holder of a Kerosene Ration Permit for Establishments the Agent with whom such holder is registered shall supply to the holder Kerosene not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the Permit in a month.

E—Appointed Kerosene Retailers and Retailers in charge of Employers' shops.

107. An appointed kerosene retailer and a retailer in charge of an Employer's shop shall maintain registers separately in respect of Kerosene Ration Cards and Kerosene Ration Permits registered with them in such forms as may be prescribed in this behalf by the Joint Controller of Rationing, Hooghly or Barrackpore, as the case may be, and shall maintain a Daily Stock Register in respect of the total quantity of Kerosene obtained by them and a Daily Sales Register in respect of Kerosene issued from their shops in such forms as may be prescribed by the Joint Controller of Rationing, Hooghly or Barrackpore.

108. Every appointed kerosene retailer and every retailer in charge of an Employer's shop shall submit to the Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which their shops are situated on such day of each week as may be determined by the Joint Controller of Rationing, Hooghly or Barrackpur, as the case may be, a Weekly Stock Return, Indent and Ration Authority Form duly filled in by them in triplicate. The Indent shall be for the week in which it is submitted. The Rationing Officer shall sign in the space provided for signature of the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene) and shall return two copies to the retailer and retain the third copy for his record. Thereafter the retailer shall submit one signed copy to the Agent to whom he has been attached for purposes of obtaining his supply of Kerosene. On demand and offer of price the Agent shall supply Kerosene to the retailer in quantities specified in such copy.

109. An appointed Kerosene retailer and a retailer in charge of an Employer's shop shall, in respect of their shops, maintain regular and accurate accounts of Kerosene obtained by them on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or the Controller concerning the manager in which and the conditions subject to which Kerosene may be supplied or obtained or kept.

F—Agent.

110. Every Agent shall maintain a Kerosene Permit Register for each of his Kerosene distribution centres in respect of Kerosene Ration Permits registered with him in such form as may be prescribed by the Director or the Controller and a Daily Stock Register for each of his Kerosene distribution centres in respect of Kerosene received from his Oil Company in

such form as may be prescribed by the Director or the Controller and shall also maintain two separate Daily Sales Registers, one in respect of Kerosene issued to appointed Kerosene retailers and Employers' shops and the other in respect of Kerosene issued to establishments.

111. Every Agent shall submit to the Joint Controller of Rationing, Hooghly or Barrackpore, as the case may be, on such day of each week as may be determined by the said officer, a Weekly Stock Return, Indent and Ration Authority Form duly filled in by him in triplicate. The Indent shall be for the week in which it is submitted. The Joint Controller of Rationing, Hooghly or Barrackpore, as the case may be, after checking the Form shall sign and return two copies to the Agent. Thereafter the Agent shall submit one of the signed copies to his Oil Company who shall supply Kerosene to the Agent in quantities specified in such copy.

112. An Agent shall in respect of his Kerosene distribution centres maintain regular and accurate accounts of Kerosene obtained from his Oil Company and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or the Controller concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which Kerosene may be supplied or obtained or kept.

SCHEDULE A.

[See Regulation 2(3)]

The Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area.....

1. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagarh, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas.

2. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

SCHEDULE B.

(See Regulation 17.)

A coupon on a Ration Card on the type specified in column 1 below shall be valid in respect of each rationed article for the number of units specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 below:—

1 Type of Ration Card.	2 Number of units.
Ration Cards in respect of persons above the age of 8 years.	Two.
Ration Cards in respect of persons of the age of 8 years and below.	Two in respect of sugar, mustard oil and salt and one in respect of other rationed articles.

*Substituted by notification No. 3598D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

SCHEDULE C.

[See Regulation 18.]

The unit of a Ration Card shall be valued as follows:—

Rice husked or in the husk ...	}	in combination ¹ [1 seer and 5 <i>chataks</i> in the case of a person who is not a heavy manual worker and 1 seer and 12 <i>chataks</i> in the case of a person who is a heavy manual worker].
Wheat and wheat products ...		
Sugar ...		² [2] <i>chataks</i> .
Salt ...		⁴ [1½] <i>chatak</i> .]

⁵*Explanation*.—"Heavy manual worker" means a person regularly engaged in heavy manual work, and if any question arises as to whether a person is a heavy manual worker or not the decision of the Director or Controller or any other officer authorised in writing by the Director or Controller in this behalf shall be final.

SCHEDULE D.

[See Regulation 31.]

⁶[The unit of each rationed article shall, for the purpose of a Ration Permit, be valued as follows]:—

	Seers.
Rice husked or in the husk ...	8
Atta ...	8
Flour ...	8
Sugar ...	5
³ [Salt ...	1]

SCHEDULE E.

(See Regulation 18, proviso.)

The maximum amount up to which a rationed article may be taken is,—

(1) in respect of Ration Cards of two units—

(a) in the case of rice husked and in the husk—2 seers and 10 *chataks* if the holder is not a heavy manual worker and 3 seers and 8 *chataks* if the holder is a heavy manual worker;

(b) in the case of wheat and wheat products—1 seer and 8 *chataks*;

(2) in respect of Ration Cards of one unit—

(a) in the case of rice husked and in the husk—1 seer and 5 *chataks*;

(b) in the case of wheat and wheat products—1 seer.

Explanation.—"Heavy manual worker" has the same meaning as in Schedule C.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3598D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

²Substituted by notification No. 2658D.C.S., dated the 15th March, 1945.

³Added by notification No. 8806D.C.S., dated the 1st September, 1944.

⁴Substituted by notification No. 13541D.C.S., dated the 10th November, 1945.

⁵Inserted by notification No. 3598D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

⁶Substituted by notification No. 8742D.C.S., dated the 24th August, 1944.

SCHEDULE F.

[See Regulations 21 and 22.]

List of Employers' Shops attached to an appointed wholesaler.

SCHEDULE G.

[See Regulations 21 and 22.]

List of Employers' Shops other than those in Schedule F.

SCHEDULE H.

[See Regulation 22.]

List of appointed retailers (excluding Schedules F and G).

SCHEDULE I.

[See Regulation 20.]

Consumers not attached to Employers' Shops shall register at any appointed retailer's shop including a Government Store within the A.R.P. Sub-Area where they reside or to which they have been attached by order of the Director or the Controller.

SCHEDULE J.

1. Burma-Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Co. of India, Ltd.
2. Standard-Vacuum Oil Co.
3. Indo-Burma Petroleum Co., Ltd.
4. Caltex (India), Ltd.

FORMS.**Form AR-1 (Parts A and B).**

[See Regulation 42.]

Register of Registered Ration Card/Permit holders.

Serial No.	Number of Ration Card (A), Ration Permit (B).	Name.	Address.	Units.	Initials of R. O. after check with counterfoil.	Cancellation.		Remarks.
						Date.	Reason.	

FORM ES.-I.

[See Regulations 47 and 53.]

1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8
Serial No.	No. of Ration Card or Serial No. in Register.*	Name.	Address.	Units.	Initials of D.C.R., Employers' Shops after check.	Cancellation.		Remarks.
						Date.	Reason.	

*Only for cases where the maintenance of Register F-II has been specifically authorised.

*Inserted by notification No. 1325 D.C.S., dated the 26th January, 1946.

FORM ESTABLISHMENTS No. 5.

[See Regulation 61.]

Register of Bread Tickets (to be maintained by manufacturing establishments).

Serial No.	Total No. of Bread Tickets.	Bread Units.	Initials of D. C. B.
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FORM ESTABLISHMENTS No. 6.

[See Regulation 72.]

Register of Ration Authorities (to be maintained by appointed Flour Mills).

Serial No.	Ration Authority No.	Units.	Quantity.	Initials of Permit Officers.
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FORM ESTABLISHMENTS No. 7.

[See Regulation 41.]

Daily Consumption Register.

Name of rationed article.....

Month and date.	Opening balance.	Quantities received.	Source of supply.	Total to be accounted for.	Consumption/ Use in manufacture.	Balance.	Remarks.
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FORM F-II.

[See Regulations 47 and 52.]

Factory/Mill.....

Serial No.	Name of the worker (in block letters).	Address with thana and village.	Date of joining factory.	Date of leaving factory.	Rations drawn for weeks.													
					14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	

Serial No.	Name of the worker (in block letters).	Address with thana and village.	Date of joining factory.	Date of leaving factory.	Rations drawn for weeks.													
					27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	

Serial No.	Name of the worker (in block letters).	Address with thana and village.	Date of joining factory.	Date of leaving factory.	Rations drawn for weeks.													
					40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	

Notification No. 8538D.C.S., dated the 26th August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 31st August, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1081).

In pursuance of the provisions of clause 30 of the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the Ration Permits issued for the second time shall have 30 coupons.

Notification No. 2223D.C.S., dated the 3rd March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 8th March, 1945, Pt. I, p. 383).

In pursuance of the provisions of clause 30 of the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the Ration Permits issued for the third time shall have 26 coupons.

Notification No. 1031(L.L.), dated the 10th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1186).

Under clauses 46 and 51 of the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, and in supersession of notification No. 20.C.R., dated the 19th June, 1944, published in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 22nd June, 1944, I hereby direct that in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area as specified in Schedule "A" to the said Regulations, each appointed retailer shall sell, with effect from the 16th July, 1945, the different grades of rice as determined by the Provincial Government and mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below at prices not exceeding those specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule:—

Schedule.

1	2
Grades of rice.	Price per seer.
Grade "A"	10 as. (ten annas).
Grade "B"	6 as. 6 ps. (six annas and six pies).
Grade "C"	4 as. (four annas).

Notification No. 10216D.C.S., dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary", of the 4th August, 1945, p. 183).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 16 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to make the following Regulations in respect of the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area, namely:—

The Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Chapter I—General.

1. These Regulations may be called the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

2. In these Regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(1) (a) all expressions used but not defined in these Regulations which have also been used in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, have the same meanings as in the said Order; and

(b) the expression "distributor" where used in any ration document means an appointed retailer and includes an appointed retailer in charge of an employer's shop referred to in these Regulations;

- (2) "Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area" means the area specified in Schedule A;
- (3) "Director" means the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and includes the Additional Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal;
- (4) "Employer's shop" means any retail shop established in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, and includes any shop established and operated by any department of or authority under the Central or Provincial Government for the benefit of its employees;
- (5) "Government godown" means a depot established under the Department of Civil Supplies for the purpose of the storage of rationed articles and their supply to appointed wholesalers under these Regulations;
- (6) "Order" means the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943;
- (7) "Permit Officer" means the officer appointed as such by the District Magistrate of Dacca with the approval of the Provincial Government;
- (8) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to these Regulations;
- (9) "Sub-area" means an area, as determined by the Director, which is in charge of an Assistant Rationing Officer;
- (10) (a) "Town Rationing Officer" means an officer appointed as such by the Provincial Government; and
- (b) "Assistant Rationing Officer" means an officer appointed as such by the District Magistrate of Dacca, with the approval of the Provincial Government;
- (11) "Week" means the period commencing from the rationing date and ending at midnight of Sunday next following and each successive period of seven days thereafter.

3. For the purposes of these Regulations anything required to be done by any person may, if such person is a minor or a lunatic or a person of unsound mind be done on his behalf by a person who is for the time being his guardian or has for the time being actual charge of or control over him.

Chapter II—Household Consumption.

4. In clauses 5, 14, 15 and 24 of this Chapter "animal" means a horse, cow, bullock, bull or buffalo.

5. For the purposes of household consumption in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area, Ration Cards and "Salt Ration Cards for animals" issued under this chapter, shall be the ration documents.

6. Save as otherwise expressly provided a Ration Card issued for the first time shall consist of 26 coupons, and a Ration Card issued on a subsequent occasion shall consist of such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official*

- *Gazette*. Each coupon shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week, reckoned from the first week for which the coupon shall be valid:

Provided that the Provincial Government may by notification in the *Official Gazette*, declare that coupons bearing specified serial numbers shall be valid also during other specified weeks in respect of any person or class of persons or the public generally.

7. Any person residing or intending to reside in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area otherwise than in a residential establishment to whom a Ration Card has not been issued and who desires to have a Ration Card issued shall apply to the Assistant Rationing Officer of the Sub-Area in which he resides or intends to reside or to which he is attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in that area, furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Assistant Rationing Officer may require. The Assistant Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such enquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant.

8. No person shall apply for a Ration Card if he has already obtained a Ration Card or if he is in receipt of any rationed article from the authorities of His Majesty's forces or of the forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty or if he resides in a residential establishment.

9. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a Ration Card by furnishing false information.

10. (1) No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by the use of more than one Ration Card issued in his name or by the use of a Ration Card issued in the name of any person who is for the time being not resident within rationed area or by the use of a Ration Card the possession of which is not authorised by or under the Order or by furnishing false information. If more than one Ration Card is issued in the name of any person such person shall forthwith report the fact and surrender the extra card or cards so issued, to the Assistant Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area in which he resides or to which he is attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in that area as the case may be. If any person whilst in possession of a Ration Card draws or becomes entitled to draw rationed articles from the authorities of His Majesty's forces or the authorities of the forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty he shall forthwith surrender his Ration Card to the authorities from whom he has thus become entitled to draw rations.

(2) No person residing in a residential establishment shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed articles by the use of any Ration Card issued in his name and every such person shall forthwith surrender the Ration Card to the Assistant Rationing Officer by whom it was issued.

11. A temporary Ration Card shall be issued by the Assistant Rationing Officer to any person who has made an application under clause 7 after the rationing date, if the period of his stay in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area is likely to be more than one week but not more than eight weeks. A temporary Ration Card shall be over-printed in red with the word "Temporary" and shall consist of eight coupons. The Assistant Rationing Officer shall specify on one or more coupons the weeks for which they are valid and the temporary Ration Card shall be valid accordingly. The Assistant Rationing Officer may at the request of the holder of the card and after making such enquiry as he deems fit specify on any of the other coupons the weeks for which they shall be valid and the validity of the card shall be extended accordingly. On such extension the Assistant Rationing

Officer shall issue an intimation thereof to the appointed retailer with whom the card is registered. This intimation shall be retained by the appointed retailer.

12. A Ration Card, other than a temporary Ration Card, shall be issued to any person who has made an application under clause 7 after the rationing date and who intends to stay in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area for a period exceeding eight weeks. Each coupon on such Ration Card shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week reckoned from the first week for which the coupon shall be valid. Before a Ration Card is so issued the coupon denoting the week or weeks which have elapsed on the date of its issue or from which the applicant does not intend to stay in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area shall be cancelled:

Provided that pending the issue of a Ration Card under this clause the Assistant Rationing Officer may in his discretion issue to the applicant a temporary Ration Card as provided in clause 11.

13. The person to whom a Ration Card has been issued shall be termed the "holder" in respect of that card. Each Ration Card shall show the number of units allotted to the holder at the rate of two units for each holder above the age of 8 years and one unit for each holder of the age of 8 years and below:

Provided that in relation to the sugar and salt rations each Ration Card shall have the value of two units irrespective of the units noted in the card or the age of the holder.

14. (1) Any holder of a Ration Card who has any animal or animals belonging to him in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area and desires to have issued to him a Salt Ration Card or Cards for such animal or animals, shall apply to the Assistant Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which he resides furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Assistant Rationing Officer may require. The Assistant Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such inquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant.

(2) After the verification referred to in sub-clause (1) one Salt Ration Card for each animal so belonging to the applicant shall be issued to him and each such card shall consist of such number of coupons as may be fixed by the Director:

Provided that no such Salt Ration Cards shall be issued if the number of animals belonging to the applicant exceeds five.

(3) A Salt Ration Card for an animal shall have the value of two units and the quantity of salt obtainable on each unit on such a card shall be one *chatak*.

(4) The provisions of clauses 8, 9 and 10 shall apply to Salt Ration Cards for animals as they apply in relation to Ration Cards.

(5) Every holder of a Salt Ration Card for an animal shall register himself with the appointed retailer with whom he is registered in respect of his Ration Card and the provisions of clause 23 shall in so far as may be, apply to the registration of Salt Ration Cards for animals as they apply to the registration of Ration Cards.

15. Any holder of a Ration Card who has obtained a Salt Ration Card or Cards for an animal or animals shall notify in writing to the Assistant Rationing Officer by whom the Salt Ration Card or Cards was or were issued the death or any transfer from his possession of any such animal or any reduction in the number of any such animals owing to any other cause within ten days from the date on which such death, transfer or reduction takes place.

16. Every person recorded as the head of a family shall, and any member of the family may, notify in writing to the Assistant Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which he resides or to which he is attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in that sub-area any reduction in the number of members of the family due to death or to absence from the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area for more than seven days or to any other cause. Such notice shall be given within ten days from the date on which such reduction in the number of members of the household takes place.

17. Each coupon on a Ration Card shall be valid for the number of units specified in respect of the particular type of such card in Schedule B.

18. The value of each unit in terms of the rationed articles or in terms of two or more rationed articles in combination shall be as laid down in Schedule C:

Provided that the maximum proportion of any rationed article in combination with another rationed article shall be as specified in Schedule E.

19. No person shall obtain any rationed article on a Ration Card unless he—

(a) signs or puts his thumb impression in the space provided for the purpose on the Ration Card:

Provided that if the person is a minor or a *pardanashin* woman or a lunatic or a person of unsound mind the signature or thumb impression of the head of the family may be given instead;

(b) registers himself with an appointed retailer for the purpose of obtaining his supply of rationed articles;

(c) complies with any other directions which may be issued on this account by the Town Rationing Officer.

20. (1) A holder of a Ration Card who is not the employee of an employer having an employer's shop, shall register himself with an appointed retailer, not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop, of the sub-area in which such holder resides or to which the holder has been attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in that sub-area:

Provided that the Town Rationing Officer may by order attach any person or class of persons to any particular shop.

(2) A holder of a Ration Card who is the employee of an employer having an employer's shop shall, and his dependants who hold Ration Cards bearing the name of such employee as the head of the family unless debarred by the proviso to sub-clause (a) of clause 21 may register with the employer.

21. No appointed retailer shall, when requested so to do, refuse to register the holder of a Ration Card, if—

(a) such retailer is an employer having an employer's shop and the holder is his employee or a dependant of his employee whose card contains the name of the employee as the head of the family:

Provided that an employer may refuse to register the dependants of his employee where such dependants exceeds three in number:

Provided further that where such employer is any department of the Central or Provincial Government or any authority thereunder it shall not be necessary for such employer to register the dependants of the employee;

(b) such retailer is a person other than a person having an employer's shop:

Provided that he shall refuse to register such holder, if the registration is not being made in accordance with the provisions contained in sub-clause (1) of clause 20, unless the holder has been attached to such retailer by order of the Town Rationing Officer:

Provided further that he shall refuse to register such holder if the number of holders already registered with him will thereby exceed 1,500 permanent cards and 200 temporary cards.

22. Notwithstanding anything contained in the second proviso to sub-clause (b) of clause 21, an appointed retailer shall register Salt Ration Cards for animals belonging to those families any member of which has registered his permanent or temporary Ration Card with him.

23. (1) Subject to the provisions contained in clause 20, a holder of a Ration Card shall get himself registered in the following manner, namely:—

(a) he shall himself or through an agent present the Ration Card to an appointed retailer in order to enable the appointed retailer to enter his name, address, signature and shop No. in the Ration Card and in the counterfoil thereof; and

(b) he shall himself or through an agent permit the appointed retailer to detach and retain the counterfoil of the Ration Card.

(2) Every appointed retailer with whom the holder of a Ration Card seeks registration shall enter in the Ration Card presented to him and in the counterfoil thereof his name, address, signature and shop No. He shall detach and retain with him the counterfoil of such Ration Card. He shall preserve all such counterfoils and dispose of them as instructed by the Town Rationing Officer. He shall enter in a register the number of the Ration Cards and the units specified therein and any other particulars required by general or special order by the Director.

24. (1) The holder of a Ration Card registered with an appointed retailer or of a Civil Ration Ticket referred to in clause 26 shall purchase his requirements of rationed articles for one week at a time and at one time during that week and on demand and offer of price by him or on his behalf and against cancellation of the appropriate coupon the retailer shall accordingly supply to the holder rationed articles not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the coupon:

Provided that the holder of a Ration Card other than the holder of a temporary Ration Card shall purchase his requirement of salt for four weeks at a time:

Provided further that the holder of a Ration Card registered with an employer's shop may purchase his requirements for two weeks at a time in cases where the employer's shop has been specially authorised by the Town Rationing Officer to issue rationed articles for two weeks at a time.

(2) The provisions of sub-clause (1) shall apply to the supply of salt under a Salt Ration Card for an animal as they apply to the supply of salt under a Ration Card.

(3) The appointed retailer shall comply with such other directions as may be issued by the Director or any officer authorised by the Director in this behalf.

25. Notwithstanding anything contained in clauses 19, 20 and 21 the Town Rationing Officer or Assistant Rationing Officer may issue instructions transferring the name of a person registered with an appointed retailer from such retailer to another appointed retailer.

26. (1) The Director may authorise any Town Rationing Officer to issue a Civil Ration Ticket to a person belonging or attached to, or employed with, His Majesty's forces or belonging or attached to, or employed with, the forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty who is within the Dacca-Narayanganj Urban Area on leave and is not in receipt of any rationed article from the authorities of such forces, on application made by such person in that behalf to the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area in which he resides furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Town Rationing Officer may require. Before authorising the issue of such Ration Ticket the Town Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such inquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant. A Town Rationing Officer when so authorised by the Director shall issue such Ration Ticket to the applicant which shall be valid for one week only and the provisions of clauses 13, 17 and 18 shall apply to such Ration Ticket as they apply to a Ration Card issued under clause 11.

(2) On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of a holder of a Civil Ration Ticket issued under sub-clause (1) any appointed retailer shall supply to the holder rationed articles not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the ticket on surrender of such ticket to such retailer.

Chapter III—Establishments.

27. For the purposes of an establishment, Ration Permits and Ration Authorities shall be the ration documents.

28. A Ration Permit for obtaining rationed articles for the purposes of the establishment shall be issued in the name of the owner or manager or person in charge or control of an establishment.

29. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a Ration Permit by furnishing false information.

30. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by the use of a Ration Permit the possession of which is not authorised by or under the Order.

31. Such permits issued for the first time shall have four coupons; and any permit issued on a subsequent occasion shall have such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*; each coupon shall be valid for the week specified on it and shall show the number of units of each rationed article allotted.

32. The unit of each rationed article shall for the purpose of the Ration Permits have the value allotted to it in Schedule D.

33. A Ration Permit over-printed with a diagonal red line shall be registered with an appointed retailer of the sub-area in which the establishment is situated and a Ration Permit not so over-printed shall be registered with the Assistant Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which the establishment is situated or to which he may be attached by order of the Town Rationing Office having jurisdiction in that sub-area:

Provided that a Ration Permit issued in respect of any establishment run for the benefit of employees may be registered with the appropriate employer's shop.

34. No holder of a Ration Permit shall obtain any rationed article on such permit until he registers himself in accordance with the provisions contained in clause 33.

35. Where a Ration Permit is to be registered with an appointed retailer, the provisions of clauses 19, 21, 23 and 24 shall, in so far as may be, apply as if the permit were a Ration Card:

Provided that the limit specified under the second proviso to sub-clause (b) of clause 21 shall not apply in respect of Ration Permits:

Provided further that the total number of Ration Permits that may be registered with an appointed retailer shall not exceed 15.

36. (1) Where a Ration Permit is to be registered with the Assistant Rationing Officer it shall be done in the following manner:—

- (a) the permit holder shall himself or through an agent present the Ration Permit to the Assistant Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which the establishment is situated; and
- (b) he shall himself or through an agent permit the Assistant Rationing Officer to detach and retain the counterfoil of the Ration Permit.

(2) The Assistant Rationing Officer shall enter in the Ration Permit presented to him the name and address of the holder thereof and the latter shall sign the Ration Permit. The Assistant Rationing Officer shall then detach and retain with him the counterfoil of such Ration Permit and shall preserve such counterfoils. He shall enter the serial number of the Ration Permit and the units specified therein in a register to be maintained by him.

37. The holder of a Ration Permit registered with the Assistant Rationing Officer shall submit to him once every week an indent for the rationed articles. On the basis of such indent and against cancellation of the appropriate coupon, the Assistant Rationing Officer shall issue a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity obtainable thereon and the period during which it shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of maunds and seers the Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

38. (1) The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Assistant Rationing Officer and the other copy shall be given to the permit-holder.

(2) The Ration Authority shall be valid for the period specified on it.

39. The holder of the Ration Authority shall submit it to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the holder and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the holder shall supply to him rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

40. On demand and offer of price by a resident or a customer in a residential establishment or a customer in a catering establishment the person in charge of the establishment shall supply food prepared from the rationed articles.

41. An appointed establishment proprietor shall in respect of his establishment, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or any officer authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained for establishment consumption or in connection therewith.

Chapter IV—Appointed Retailers other than Employers' Shops.

42. An appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop shall maintain a register in Form A.R.I (Parts A and B) in respect of the Ration Cards and Ration Permits registered with him and a Daily Sales Register in Form E.S./A.R.-III appended to these regulations and a Daily Stock Register in such form as may be specified by the Director. The appointed retailer shall specify in the register maintained in Form A.R.I the total number of units registered with him in respect of each rationed article.

43. (1) Once a week on a day to be specified by the Assistant Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area where the shop of an appointed retailer is situated, the appointed retailer shall submit to him an indent in duplicate for the rationed articles that may be required in accordance with the provisions contained in sub-clause (3). Along with the indent, the appointed retailer shall produce the registers mentioned in clause 42 together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards and Ration Permits registered with him to the Assistant Rationing Officer. The Assistant Rationing Officer shall after checking the registers return them to the appointed retailer and shall then issue a Ration Authority to him specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of the rationed articles obtainable thereon in terms of sub-clause (3) and the period for which the authority shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers the Assistant Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

(2) For the first two weeks after the rationing date the quantity of the rationed articles covered by the ration authority shall not be less than the maximum of each rationed article obtainable according to the total number of units registered with an appointed retailer.

(3) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the Ration Authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in stock with the appointed retailer is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (2) on account of sales lawfully made.

44. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Assistant Rationing Officer by whom it is issued and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed retailer. The Ration Authority shall be valid for the period specified on it.

45. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed retailer to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the appointed retailer and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the appointed retailer shall supply to the appointed retailer rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

46. An appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop shall in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or such officer as may be authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and such appointed retailer shall also obey all directions given in writing from time to time by the Director regarding the price at which any rationed article shall be sold.

Chapter V—Employers' Shops.

47. An appointed retailer, being a person in charge of an employer's shop, shall maintain a register in Form E.S. I and a daily Sales Register in Form E.S./A.R.-III appended to these regulations and a Daily Stock Register in such form as may be specified by the Director. Such appointed retailer shall specify in the register maintained in Form E.S. I the total number of units registered with him in respect of each rationed article. He shall submit the registers together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards registered with him to the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area where the employer's shop is situated, when so required by him.

48. (1) Once a week on a day to be specified by the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area where the employer's shop is situated, an appointed retailer being a person in charge of such an employer's shop shall submit to the Town Rationing Officer, a return of all stocks of rationed articles in his shop and an indent in duplicate for the rationed articles that may be required in accordance with the provisions contained in sub-clause (3). The Town Rationing Officer shall then issue a Ration Authority to such retailer specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of the rationed articles obtainable thereon in terms of sub-clause (3) and the period for which the authority shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers the Town Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

(2) For the first two weeks after the rationing date the quantity of the rationed articles covered by the authority shall not be less than the maximum of each rationed article obtainable according to the total number of registered units.

(3) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in the stock of the appointed retailer is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (2) on account of sales lawfully made.

49. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Town Rationing Officer by whom it is issued and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed retailer.

50. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed retailer to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the appointed retailer and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the appointed retailer shall supply to the appointed retailer rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

51. An appointed retailer being a person in charge of an employer's shop, shall, in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or such person as may be authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and such appointed retailer shall also obey all directions given in writing from time to time by the Director regarding the price at which any rationed article shall be sold or the maximum price which may be charged for the sale of such article.

52. An appointed retailer being a person in charge of an employer's shop, who has been authorised under the Order or under these Regulations to issue rationed articles to such of the employees as do not reside in the Dacca-Narayanganj Urban Area, otherwise than by means of ration documents, shall maintain a register of all such issues in Form F-II appended to these Regulations:

Provided that the rations issued to such persons shall be on the scale laid down for the holder of a Ration Card.

Chapter VI—Appointed Wholesalers.

53. An appointed wholesaler shall maintain a Stock Register of all rationed articles issued to him in such form as may be specified by the Director. He shall submit the register to the Town Rationing Officer when so required by him.

54. For the initial allotment of rationed articles each appointed wholesaler shall receive before the rationing date from the Town Rationing Officer of Dacca or the Town Rationing Officer of Narayanganj, as the case may be, a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds the quantity of each rationed article which shall be obtainable by the appointed wholesaler.

55. Subsequently, once a week the appointed wholesaler shall submit an indent to the Town Rationing Officer of Dacca or the Town Rationing Officer of Narayanganj, as the case may be for rationed articles showing the total amount of rationed articles issued to the appointed retailers and appointed establishment proprietors allotted to him. The Town Rationing Officer shall issue to such wholesaler a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of each rationed article which shall be obtainable thereon by the appointed wholesaler:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers, the Town Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

56. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed wholesaler to the Permit Officer along with a receipted treasury challan to cover the price of the rationed articles and the Permit Officer shall thereupon issue a Delivery Permit or Permits on the officer in charge of the Government godown to which such wholesaler has been attached for the supply of rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

57. On presentation of such Delivery Permit or Permits by or on behalf of the holder thereof at the Government godown to which the wholesaler has been attached the officer in charge of the Government godown shall issue rationed articles to such holder in quantities specified in the Delivery Permit or Permits.

58. An appointed wholesaler shall maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or such officer as may be authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and such appointed wholesaler shall also obey all directions given in writing from time to time by the Director regarding the price at which any rationed article shall be sold.

SCHEDULE A.**The Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area.**

[See sub-clause (2) of clause 2.]

I. (1) The whole of police-stations (a) Kotwali, (b) Lalbagh and (c) Sutrapur in the district of Dacca and the mauza Bara Magbazar bearing jurisdiction list No. 280 in the C. S. khatians within the police-station Tejgaon in the said district.

(2) The part of mauza No. 286 Rajarbagh covered by C.S. plot Nos. 270 to 286 and 1129 within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

(3) That part of mauza No. 342 Brahman Chiran which falls within the police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

II. (1) The municipality of Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(2) The part of mauza Masdair bearing J.L. No. 191 covered by C.S. plot Nos. 192, 467 to 473, 475 to 481, 781 and 789 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(3) The part of mauza Isdair bearing J.L. No. 192 covered by C.S. plot Nos. 167, 174 to 186, 188 to 192, 196, 198 and 206 to 218 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(4) The part of mauza Chasara bearing J.L. No. 189 covered by C.S. plot Nos. 1 to 65 and 67 to 84 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(5) The part of mauza Khanpur bearing J. L. No. 193 covered by C. S. plot Nos. 302, 303 and 307 to 330 within the police-station Fatulla in the district of Dacca.

(6) The premises of—

(a) the Lakshinarayan Cotton Mills, Limited,

(b) the Narayangunj Company, Limited,

(c) the Chittaranjan Cotton Mills, Limited,

(d) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills No. 2, Limited,

(e) the Sonachara Dock of the India General and River Steam Navigation Company, Limited,

(f) the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills No. 1, Limited, and

(g) the Bose's Glass Factory

covered by C.S. plot Nos. 538, 541 to 550, 552, 553, 590 to 593, 596, 597, 599 to 605, 607 to 652, 661 to 729, 1026, 1038, 1042 to 1069, 1079, 1080, 1467 to 1470, 1483 to 1491, 1513 to 1524 and 1882 to 1890 in mauza Godnail bearing J.L. No. 204 within the police-station Fatulla, C.S. plot Nos. 487 to 498, 500 to 503, 509 to 520, 659 to 678 and 719 to 749 in mauza Laksmankhola bearing J.L. No. 206 within the police-station Narayangunj and C.S. plot Nos. 694 to 697, 729, 730, 732 to 735, 737 to 844, 855 to 906, 2199 to 2205, 2134, 2135, 2137, 1056, 1057 and 2182 to 2198 in mauza Dhamghar bearing J.L. No. 207 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

(7) The premises of Landale and Clarke and Company covered by C.S. plot Nos. 494 and 502 in mauza Madanganj bearing J.L. No. 252 within the police-station Narayangunj in the district of Dacca.

¹(8) Village Saydabad within mauza Dayaganj bearing jurisdiction list No. 340 in police-station Tejgaon in the district of Dacca.

¹Inserted by notification No. 14248 D. C. S., dated the 1st December, 1945.

SCHEDULE B.

(See clause 17.)

A coupon on a Ration Card of the type specified in column 1 below shall be valid in respect of each rationed article for the number of units specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 below:—

1 Type of Ration Card.	2 Number of Units.
Ration Cards in respect of persons above the age of 8 years.	2.
Ration Cards in respect of persons of the age of 8 years and below.	2 in respect of sugar and salt and 1 in respect of other rationed articles.

SCHEDULE C.

(See clause 18.)

The unit of a Ration Card shall be valued as follows:—

Rice husked and in the husk	} in combination ... [1 seer and 5 chataks in the case of a person who is not a heavy manual worker and 1 seer and 12 chataks in the case of a person who is a heavy manual worker].
Wheat and wheat products	
Sugar	2 chataks.
Salt	{1½} chataks.

³*Explanation.*—"Heavy manual worker" means a person regularly engaged in heavy manual work, and if any question arises as to whether a person is a heavy manual worker or not the decision of the Director or any other officer authorised in writing by the Director in this behalf shall be final.

SCHEDULE D.

(See clause 32.)

The unit of each rationed article shall, for the purpose of a Ration Permit, be valued as follows:—

	Seers.
Rice husked and in the husk	5
Wheat	5
Flour	5
Sugar	1
Salt	½

¹Substituted by notification No. 3599 D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

²Substituted by notification No. 13542 D.C.S., dated the 10th November, 1945.

³Inserted by notification No. 3599 D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

SCHEDULE E.

(See Regulation 18, proviso.)

The maximum amount up to which a rationed article may be taken is,—

(1) in respect of Ration Cards of two units—

(a) in the case of rice husked and in the husk—2 seers and 10 *chataks* if the holder is not a heavy manual worker and 3 seers and 8 *chataks* if the holder is a heavy manual worker,

(b) in the case of wheat and wheat products—1 seer and 8 *chataks*;

(2) in respect of Ration Cards of one unit—

(a) in the case of rice husked and in the husk—1 seer and 5 *chataks*;

(b) in the case of wheat and wheat products—1 seer.

Explanation.—"Heavy manual worker" has the same meaning as in Schedule C.

FORMS.**Form AR-1 (Parts A and B).**

(See clause 42.)

Register of Registered Ration Card/Permit Holders.

Serial No.	Number of Ration Card (A) Ration Permit (B).	Name.	Address.	Units.	Initials of A. B. O. after check with counterfoil.	Cancellation.		Remarks.
						Date.	Reasons.	

FORM ES.-1.

(See clause 47.)

Serial No.	Number of Ration Card or Serial No. in F-II Register.*	Name.	Address.	Units.	Initials of Town Rationing Officer after check.	Cancellation.		Remarks
						Date.	Reason.	

*Only for cases where the maintenance of Register F-II has been specially authorised.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3599 D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

F-II Register.

(See clause 52.)

Name of Appointed Retailer.....

Shop No. E.S.....

Address.....

Serial No.	Full name.	Father's name.	Address in full (if within municipal area, the name of the municipality and if in a village, the name of the village, post-office, thana and district).	Occupation and Ticket or Token No.	Age.	Signature of Town Rationing Officer.	Registration.		Cancellation.		Remarks.
							Date.	E.S.I. Serial No.	Date.	Reason.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		9		10

Daily Sales Register.

(See clauses 42 and 47.)

Shop No..... Week No.....

Address..... From..... 194..... to..... 194.....

Serial No.	Cash Memo. No.	R. C. R. F.	Rice.	Wheat.	Flour.	Atta.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
			Mds. ars. chs.	Mds. ars. chs.	Mds. ars. chs.	Mds. ars. chs.

Dal.	Sugar.				Amount.
8	9	10	11	12	13
Mds. ars. chs.	Mds. ars. ch.	Mds. ars. chs.	Mds. ars. chs.	Mds. ars. chs.	Rs. a. p.

Notification No. 12986 D. C. S., dated the 27th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1766).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 16 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to make the following Regulations in respect of the Comilla Urban Area, namely:—

The Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Chapter I—General.

1. These Regulations may be called the Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

2. In these Regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

- (1) (a) all expressions used but not defined in these Regulations which have also been used in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, have the same meanings as in the said Order; and
- (b) the expression "distributor" where used in any ration document means an appointed retailer and includes an appointed retailer in charge of an employer's shop referred to in these Regulations;
- (2) "Comilla Urban Area" means the area specified in Schedule A;
- (3) "Director" means the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and includes the Additional Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal;
- (4) "Employer's shop" means any retail shop established in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, and includes any shop established and operated by any department of or authority under the Central or Provincial Government for the benefit of its employees;
- (5) "Government godown" means a depot established under the Department of Civil Supplies for the purpose of the storage of rationed articles and their supply to appointed wholesalers under these Regulations;
- (6) "Order" means the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943;
- (7) "Permit Officer" means the officer appointed as such by the District Magistrate of Tippera with the approval of the Provincial Government;
- (8) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to these Regulations;
- (9) "Sub-area" means an area, as determined by the Director, which is in charge of an Assistant Rationing Officer;
- (10) (a) "Town Rationing Officer" means the Town Rationing Officer of Comilla appointed by the Provincial Government; and
- (b) "Assistant Rationing Officer" means an officer appointed as such by the District Magistrate of Tippera, with the approval of the Provincial Government;
- (11) "Week" means the period commencing from the rationing date and ending at midnight of Sunday next following and each successive period of seven days thereafter.

3. For the purposes of these Regulations anything required to be done by any person may, if such person is a minor or a lunatic or a person of unsound mind be done on his behalf by a person who is for the time being his guardian or has for the time being actual charge of or control over him.

Chapter II—Household Consumption.

4. In clauses 5, 14, 15 and 24 of this Chapter "animal" means a horse, cow, bullock, bull or buffalo.

5. For the purposes of Household consumption in the Comilla Urban Area, Ration Cards and "Salt Ration Cards for animals" issued under this chapter, shall be the ration documents.

6. Save as otherwise expressly provided a Ration Card issued for the first time shall consist of 26 coupons, and a Ration Card issued on a subsequent occasion shall consist of such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*. Each coupon shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week, reckoned from the first week for which the coupon shall be valid:

Provided that the Provincial Government may by notification in the *Official Gazette*, declare that coupons bearing specified serial numbers shall be valid also during other specified weeks in respect of any person or class of persons or the public generally.

7. Any person residing or intending to reside in the Comilla Urban Area otherwise than in a residential establishment to whom a Ration Card has not been issued and who desires to have a Ration Card issued shall apply to the Assistant Rationing Officer of the Sub-Area in which he resides or intends to reside or to which he is attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Assistant Rationing Officer may require. The Assistant Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such enquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant.

8. No person shall apply for a Ration Card if he has already obtained a Ration Card or if he is in receipt of any rationed article from the authorities of His Majesty's forces or of the forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty or if he resides in a residential establishment.

9. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a Ration Card by furnishing false information.

10. (1) No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by the use of more than one Ration Card issued in his name or by the use of a Ration Card issued in the name of any person who is for the time being not resident within the rationed area or by the use of a Ration Card the possession of which is not authorised by or under the Order or by furnishing false information. If more than one Ration Card is issued in the name of any person such person shall forthwith report the fact and surrender the extra card or cards so issued, to the Assistant Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area in which he resides or to which he is attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer as the case may be. If any person whilst in possession of a Ration Card draws or becomes entitled to draw rationed articles from the authorities of His Majesty's forces or the authorities of the forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty he shall forthwith surrender his Ration Card to the authorities from whom he has thus become entitled to draw rations.

(2) No person residing in a residential establishment shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by the use of any Ration Card issued in his name and every such person shall forthwith surrender the Ration Card to the Assistant Rationing Officer by whom it was issued.

11. A temporary Ration Card shall be issued by the Assistant Rationing Officer to any person who has made an application under clause 7 after the rationing date, if the period of his stay in the Comilla Urban Area is likely to be more than one week but not more than eight weeks. A temporary Ration Card shall be over-printed in red with the word "Temporary" and shall consist of eight coupons. The Assistant Rationing Officer shall specify on one or more coupons the weeks for which they are valid and the temporary Ration Card shall be valid accordingly. The Assistant Rationing Officer may at the request of the holder of the card and after making such enquiry as he deems fit specify on any of the other coupons the weeks for which they shall be valid and the validity of the card shall be extended accordingly. On such extension the Assistant Rationing Officer shall issue an intimation thereof to the appointed retailer with whom the card is registered. This intimation shall be retained by the appointed retailer.

12. A Ration Card, other than a temporary Ration Card, shall be issued to any person who has made an application under clause 7 after the rationing date and who intends to stay in the Comilla Urban Area for a period exceeding eight weeks. Each coupon on such Ration Card shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week reckoned from the first week for which the coupon shall be valid. Before a Ration Card is so issued the coupon denoting the week or weeks which have elapsed on the date of its issue of from which the applicant does not intend to stay in the Comilla Urban Area shall be cancelled:

Provided that pending the issue of a Ration Card under this clause the Assistant Rationing Officer may in his discretion issue to the applicant a temporary Ration Card as provided in clause 11.

13. The person to whom a Ration Card has been issued shall be termed the "holder" in respect of that card. Each Ration Card shall show the number of units allotted to the holder at the rate of two units for each holder above the age of 8 years and one unit for each holder of the age of 8 years and below:

Provided that in relation to the sugar and salt rations each Ration Card shall have the value of two units irrespective of the units noted in the card or the age of the holder.

14. (1) Any holder of a Ration Card who has any animal or animals belonging to him in the Comilla Urban Area and desires to have issued to him a Salt Ration Card or Cards for such animal or animals, shall apply to the Assistant Rationing Officer of the Sub-area in which he resides furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Assistant Rationing Officer may require. The Assistant Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such inquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant.

(2) After the verification referred to in sub-clause (1) one Salt Ration Card for each animal so belonging to the applicant shall be issued to him and each such card shall consist of such number of coupons as may be fixed by the Director:

Provided that no such Salt Ration Cards shall be issued if the number of animals belonging to the applicant exceeds five.

(3) A Salt Ration Card for an animal shall have the value of two units and the quantity of salt obtainable on each unit on such a card shall be one *chatak*.

(4) The provisions of clauses 8, 9 and 10 shall apply to Salt Ration Cards for animals as they apply in relation to Ration Cards.

(5) Every holder of a Salt Ration Card for an animal shall register himself with the appointed retailer with whom he is registered in respect of his Ration Card and the provisions of clause 23 shall in so far as may be, apply to the registration of Salt Ration Cards for animals as they apply to the registration of Ration Cards.

15. Any holder of a Ration Card who has obtained a Salt Ration Card or Cards for an animal or animals shall notify in writing to the Assistant Rationing Officer by whom the Salt Ration Card or Cards was or were issued the death or any transfer from his possession of any such animal or any reduction in the number of any such animals owing to any other cause within ten days from the date on which such death, transfer or reduction takes place.

16. Every person recorded as the head of a family shall, and any member of the family may, notify in writing to the Assistant Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which he resides or to which he is attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer any reduction in the number of members of the family due to death or to absence from the Comilla Urban Area for more than seven days or to any other cause. Such notice shall be given within ten days from the date on which such reduction in the number of members of the household takes place.

17. Each coupon on a Ration Card shall be valid for the number of units specified in respect of the particular type of such card in Schedule B.

18. The value of each unit in terms of the rationed articles or in terms of two or more rationed articles in combination shall be as laid down in Schedule C:

Provided that the maximum proportion of any rationed article in combination with another rationed article shall be as specified in Schedule E.

19. No person shall obtain any rationed article on a Ration Card unless he—

(a) signs or puts his thumb impression in the space provided for the purpose on the Ration Card;

Provided that if the person is a minor or a *pardanashin* woman or a lunatic or a person of unsound mind the signature or thumb impression of the head of the family may be given instead;

(b) registers himself with an appointed retailer for the purpose of obtaining his supply of rationed articles;

(c) complies with any other directions which may be issued on this account by the Town Rationing Officer.

20. (1) A holder of a Ration Card who is not the employee of an employer having an employer's shop, shall register himself with an appointed retailer, not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop, of the sub-area in which such holder resides or to which the holder has been attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer:

Provided that the Town Rationing Officer may by order attach any person or class of persons to any particular shop.

(2) A holder of a Ration Card who is the employee of an employer having an employer's shop shall, and his dependants who hold Ration Cards bearing the name of such employee as the head of the family unless debarred by the proviso to sub-clause (a) of clause 21 may register with the employer.

21. No appointed retailer shall, when requested so to do, refuse to register the holder of a Ration Card, if—

- (a) such retailer is an employer having an employer's shop and the holder is his employee or a dependant of his employee whose card contains the name of the employee as the head of the family:

Provided that an employer may refuse to register the dependants of his employee where such dependants exceed three in number:

Provided further that where such employer is any department of the Central or Provincial Government or any authority thereunder it shall not be necessary for such employer to register the dependants of the employee;

- (b) such retailer is a person other than a person having an employer's shop:

Provided that he shall refuse to register such holder, if the registration is not being made in accordance with the provisions contained in sub-clause (1) of clause 20, unless the holder has been attached to such retailer by order of the Town Rationing Officer:

Provided further that he shall refuse to register such holder if the number of holders already registered with him will thereby exceed 1,500 permanent cards and 200 temporary cards.

22. Notwithstanding anything contained in the second proviso to sub-clause (b) of clause 21, an appointed retailer shall register Salt Ration Cards for animals belonging to those families any member of which has registered his permanent or temporary Ration Card with him.

23. (1) Subject to the provisions contained in clause 20, a holder of a Ration Card shall get himself registered in the following manner, namely:—

- (a) he shall himself or through an agent present the Ration Card to an appointed retailer in order to enable the appointed retailer to enter his name, address, signature and shop No. in the Ration Card and in the counterfoil thereof; and

- (b) he shall himself or through an agent permit the appointed retailer to detach and retain the counterfoil of the Ration Card.

(2) Every appointed retailer with whom the holder of a Ration Card seeks registration shall enter in the Ration Card presented to him and in the counterfoil thereof his name, address, signature and shop No. He shall detach and retain with him the counterfoil of such Ration Card. He shall preserve all such counterfoils and dispose of them as instructed by the Town Rationing Officer. He shall enter in a register the number of the Ration Cards and the units specified therein and any other particulars required by general or special order by the Director.

24. (1) The holder of a Ration Card registered with an appointed retailer or of a Civil Ration Ticket referred to in clause 26 shall purchase his requirements of rationed articles for one week at a time and at one time during that week and on demand and offer of price by him or on his behalf and against cancellation of the appropriate coupon the retailer shall accordingly supply to the holder rationed articles not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the coupon:

Provided that the holder of a Ration Card other than the holder of a temporary Ration Card shall purchase his requirement of salt for four weeks at a time:

Provided further that the holder of a Ration Card registered with an employer's shop may purchase his requirements for two weeks at a time in

cases where the employer's shop has been specially authorised by the Town Rationing Officer to issue rationed articles for two weeks at a time.

(2) The provisions of sub-clause (1) shall apply to the supply of salt under a Salt Ration Card for an animal as they apply to the supply of salt under a Ration Card.

(3) The appointed retailer shall comply with such other directions as may be issued by the Director or any officer authorised by the Director in this behalf.

25. Notwithstanding anything contained in clauses 19, 20 and 21 the Town Rationing Officer or Assistant Rationing Officer may issue instructions transferring the name of a person registered with an appointed retailer from such retailer to another appointed retailer.

26. (1) The Director may authorise the Town Rationing Officer to issue a Civil Ration Ticket to a person belonging or attached to, or employed with, His Majesty's forces or belonging or attached to, or employed with, the forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty who is within the Comilla Urban Area on leave and is not in receipt of any rationed article from the authorities of such forces, on application made by such person in that behalf to the Town Rationing Officer furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Town Rationing Officer may require. Before authorising the issue of such Ration Ticket the Town Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such inquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant. The Town Rationing Officer when so authorised by the Director shall issue such Ration Ticket to the applicant which shall be valid for one week only and the provisions of clauses 13, 17 and 18 shall apply to such Ration Ticket as they apply to a Ration Card issued under clause 11.

(2) On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of a holder of a Civil Ration Ticket issued under sub-clause (1) any appointed retailer shall supply to the holder rationed articles not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the ticket on surrender of such ticket to such retailer.

Chapter III—Establishments.

27. For the purposes of an establishment, Ration Permits and Ration Authorities shall be the ration documents.

28. A Ration Permit for obtaining rationed articles for the purposes of the establishment shall be issued in the name of the owner or manager or person in charge or control of an establishment.

29. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a Ration Permit by furnishing false information.

30. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by the use of a Ration Permit the possession of which is not authorised by or under the Order.

31. Such permits issued for the first time shall have four coupons; and any permit issued on a subsequent occasion shall have such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*; each coupon shall be valid for the week specified on it and shall show the number of units of each rationed article allotted.

32. The unit of each rationed article shall for the purpose of the Ration Permits have the value allotted to it in Schedule D.

33. A Ration Permit over-printed with a diagonal red line shall be registered with an appointed retailer of the sub-area in which the establishment is situated and a Ration Permit not so over-printed shall be registered

with the Assistant Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which the establishment is situated or to which he may be attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer:

Provided that a Ration Permit issued in respect of any establishment run for the benefit of employees may be registered with the appropriate employer's shop.

34. No holder of a Ration Permit shall obtain any rationed article on such permit until he registers himself in accordance with the provisions contained in clause 33.

35. Where a Ration Permit is to be registered with an appointed retailer, the provisions of clauses 19, 21, 23 and 24 shall, in so far as may be, apply as if the permit were a Ration Card:

Provided that the limit specified under the second proviso to sub-clause (b) of clause 21 shall not apply in respect of Ration Permits:

Provided further that the total number of Ration Permits that may be registered with an appointed retailer shall not exceed 15.

36. (1) Where a Ration Permit is to be registered with the Assistant Rationing Officer it shall be done in the following manner:—

(a) the permit-holder shall himself or through an agent present the Ration Permit to the Assistant Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which the establishment is situated; and

(b) he shall himself or through an agent permit the Assistant Rationing Officer to detach and retain the counterfoil of the Ration Permit.

(2) The Assistant Rationing Officer shall enter in the Ration Permit presented to him the name and address of the holder thereof and the latter shall sign the Ration Permit. The Assistant Rationing Officer shall then detach and retain with him the counterfoil of such Ration Permit and shall preserve such counterfoils. He shall enter the serial number of the Ration Permit and the units specified therein in a register to be maintained by him.

37. The holder of a Ration Permit registered with the Assistant Rationing Officer shall submit to him once every week an indent for the rationed articles. On the basis of such indent and against cancellation of the appropriate coupon, the Assistant Rationing Officer shall issue a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity obtainable thereon and the period during which it shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of maunds and seers the Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

38. (1) The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Assistant Rationing Officer and the other copy shall be given to the permit-holder.

(2) The Ration Authority shall be valid for the period specified on it.

39. The holder of the Ration Authority shall submit it to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the holder and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the holder shall supply to him rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

40. On demand and offer of price by a resident or a customer in a residential establishment or a customer in a catering establishment the person in charge of the establishment shall supply food prepared from the rationed articles.

41. An appointed establishment proprietor shall in respect of his establishment, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or any officer authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained for establishment consumption or in connection therewith.

Chapter IV—Appointed Retailers other than Employers' Shops.

42. An appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop shall maintain a register in Form A.R.I. (Parts A and B) in respect of the Ration Cards and Ration Permits registered with him and a Daily Sales Register in Form E.S./A.R.-III appended to these regulations and a Daily Stock Register in such form as may be specified by the Director. The appointed retailer shall specify in the register maintained in Form A.R.I. the total number of units registered with him in respect of each rationed article.

43. (1) Once a week on a day to be specified by the Assistant Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area where the shop of an appointed retailer is situated, the appointed retailer shall submit to him an indent in duplicate for the rationed articles that may be required in accordance with the provisions contained in sub-clause (3). Along with the indent, the appointed retailer shall produce the registers mentioned in clause 42 together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards and Ration Permits registered with him to the Assistant Rationing Officer. The Assistant Rationing Officer shall after checking the registers return them to the appointed retailer and shall then issue a Ration Authority to him specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of the rationed articles obtainable thereon in terms of sub-clause (3) and the period for which the authority shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers the Assistant Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

(2) For the first two weeks after the rationing date the quantity of the rationed articles covered by the Ration Authority shall not be less than the maximum of each rationed article obtainable according to the total number of units registered with an appointed retailer.

(3) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the Ration Authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in stock with the appointed retailer is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (2) on account of sales lawfully made.

44. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Assistant Rationing Officer by whom it is issued and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed retailer. The Ration Authority shall be valid for the period specified on it.

45. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed retailer to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the appointed retailer and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the appointed retailer shall supply to the appointed retailer rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

46. An appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop shall, in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and

shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or such officer as may be authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and such appointed retailer shall also obey all directions given in writing from time to time by the Director regarding the price at which any rationed article shall be sold.

Chapter V—Employers' Shops.

47. An appointed retailer, being a person in charge of an employer's shop, shall maintain a register in Form E.S. I and a daily Sales Register in Form E.S./A.R.-III appended to these regulations and a Daily Stock Register in such form as may be specified by the Director. Such appointed retailer shall specify in the register maintained in Form E.S. I the total number of units registered with him in respect of each rationed article. He shall submit the registers together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards registered with him to the Town Rationing Officer when so required by him.

48. (1) Once a week on a day to be specified by the Town Rationing Officer, an appointed retailer being a person in charge of such an employer's shop shall submit to the Town Rationing Officer, a return of all stocks of rationed articles in his shop and an indent in duplicate for the rationed articles that may be required in accordance with the provisions contained in sub-clause (3). The Town Rationing Officer shall then issue a Ration Authority to such retailer specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of the rationed articles obtainable thereon in terms of sub-clause (3) and the period for which the authority shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers the Town Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

(2) For the first two weeks after the rationing date the quantity of the rationed articles covered by the authority shall not be less than the maximum of each rationed article obtainable according to the total number of registered units.

(3) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in the stock of the appointed retailer is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (2) on account of sales lawfully made.

49. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Town Rationing Officer by whom it is issued and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed retailer.

50. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed retailer to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by the Town Rationing Officer. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the appointed retailer and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the appointed retailer shall supply to the appointed retailer rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

51. An appointed retailer being a person in charge of an employer's shop shall, in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or such person as may be authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which

any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and such appointed retailer shall also obey all directions given in writing from time to time by the Director regarding the price at which any rationed article shall be sold or the maximum price which may be charged for the sale of such article.

52. An appointed retailer being a person in charge of an employer's shop, who has been authorised under the Order or under these Regulations to issue rationed articles to such of the employees as do not reside in the Comilla Urban Area, otherwise than by means of ration documents, shall maintain a register of all such issues in Form F-11 appended to these Regulations:

Provided that the rations issued to such persons shall be on the scale laid down for the holder of a Ration Card.

Chapter VI—Appointed Wholesalers.

53. An appointed wholesaler shall maintain a Stock Register of all rationed articles issued to him in such form as may be specified by the Director. He shall submit the register to the Town Rationing Officer when so required by him.

54. For the initial allotment of rationed articles each appointed wholesaler shall receive before the rationing date from the Town Rationing Officer a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds the quantity of each rationed article which shall be obtainable by the appointed wholesaler.

55. Subsequently, once a week the appointed wholesaler shall submit an indent to the Town Rationing Officer, for rationed articles showing the total amount of rationed articles issued to the appointed retailers and appointed establishment proprietors allotted to him. The Town Rationing Officer shall issue to such wholesaler a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of each rationed article which shall be obtainable thereon by the appointed wholesaler:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers, the Town Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

56. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed wholesaler to the Permit Officer along with a receipted treasury challan to cover the price of the rationed articles and the Permit Officer shall thereupon issue a Delivery Permit or Delivery Permits on the officer in charge of the Government godown to which such wholesaler has been attached for the supply of rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

57. On presentation of such Delivery Permit or Permits by or on behalf of the holder thereof at the Government godown to which the wholesaler has been attached, the officer in charge of the Government godown shall issue rationed articles to such holder in quantities specified in the Delivery Permit or Permits.

58. An appointed wholesaler shall maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or such officer as may be authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and such appointed wholesaler shall also obey all directions given in writing from time to time by the Director regarding the price at which any rationed article shall be sold.

SCHEDULE A.**The Comilla Urban Area.**

[See sub-clause (2) of clause 2.]

(1) The municipality of Comilla in the district of Tippera.

(2) So much of mauza Sashangachha bearing jurisdiction list No. 447 as is covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 225 to 227, 238 to 240, 458, 459, 503 and 506 to 519, within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

(3) So much of mauza Dharampore, bearing jurisdiction list No. 227 as is covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 114 to 116, 135, 136, 175 and 395 within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

SCHEDULE B.

(See clause 17.)

A coupon on a Ration Card of the type specified in column 1 below shall be valid in respect of each rationed article for the number of units specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 below:—

1 Type of Ration Card.	2 Number of Units.
Ration Cards in respect of persons above the age of 8 years.	2.
Ration Cards in respect of persons of the age of 8 years and below.	2 in respect of sugar and salt and 1 in respect of other rationed articles.

SCHEDULE C.

(See clause 18.)

The unit of a Ration Card shall be valued as follows:—

Rice husked and in the husk	} in combination .. ¹ [1 seer and 5 chataks in the case of a person who is not a heavy manual worker and 1 seer and 12 chataks in the case of a person who is a heavy manual worker.]
Wheat and wheat products ..	
Sugar	2 chataks.
Salt	² [1½] chataks.

³Explanation.—“Heavy manual worker” means a person regularly engaged in heavy manual work, and if any question arises as to whether a person is a heavy manual worker or not the decision of the Director or any other officer authorised in writing by the Director in this behalf shall be final.

SCHEDULE D.

(See clause 32.)

The unit of each rationed article shall, for the purpose of a Ration Permit, be valued as follows:—

	Seers.
Rice husked and in the husk	5
Wheat	5
Flour	5
Sugar	1
Salt	½

¹Substituted by notification No. 3600 D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.²Substituted by notification No. 13543 D.C.S., dated the 10th November, 1945.³Inserted by notification No. 3600 D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

SCHEDULE E.

(See Regulation 18, proviso.)

The maximum amount up to which a rationed article may be taken is,—

(1) in respect of Ration Cards of two units—

(a) in the case of rice husked and in the husk—2 seers and 10 *chataks* if the holder is not a heavy manual worker and 3 seers and 8 *chataks* if the holder is a heavy manual worker,(b) in the case of wheat and wheat products—1 seer and 8 *chataks*;**FORMS.****Form AR-1 (Parts A and B).**

(See clause 42.)

Register of Registered Ration Card/Permit Holders.

Serial No.	Number of Ration Card (A) Ration Permit (B).	Name.	Address.	Units.	Initials of A. R. O. after check with counterfoil.	Cancellation.		Remarks.
						Date.	Reasons.	

FORM ES.-1.

(See clause 47.)

Serial No.	Number of Ration Card or Serial No. in F-II Register.*	Name.	Address.	Units.	Initials of Town Rationing Officer after check.	Cancellation.		Remarks.
						Date.	Reason.	

*Only for cases where the maintenance of Register F-II has been specially authorised.

F-II Register.

(See clause 52.)

Name of Appointed Retailer.....

Shop No. E.S.....

Address.....

Serial No.	Full name.	Father's name.	Address in full (if within municipal area, the name of the municipality and if in a village, the name of the village, post office, thana and district).	Occupation and Ticket or Token No.	Age.	Signature of Town Rationing Officer.	Registration		Cancellation.		Remarks.
							Date.	E.S.I. Serial No.	Date.	Reason.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		9		10

*Substituted by notification No. 3600)C.S. dated the 14th March, 1946.

Daily Sales Register.

(See clauses 42 and 47.)

Shop No..... Week No.....

Address.....

From.....194.....to.....194.....

Serial No.	Cash Memo. No.	R. C. R. F.	Rice.	Wheat.	Flour.	Atta.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
			Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.

Dal.	Sugar.				Amount.
8	9	10	11	12	13
Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.	Rs. a. p.

Notification No. 1576 D. C. S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946, p. i).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 16 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to make the following Regulations in respect of the Chittagong Urban Area, namely:—

The Chittagong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.*Chapter I—General.*

1. These Regulations may be called the Chittagong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

2. In these Regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(1) (a) all expressions used but not defined in these Regulations which have also been used in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, have the same meanings as in the said Order; and

(b) the expression "distributor" where used in any ration document means an appointed retailer and includes an appointed retailer in charge of an employer's shop referred to in these Regulations;

(2) "Chittagong Urban Area" means the area specified in Schedule A;

- (3) "Director" means the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and includes the Additional Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal;
- (4) "Employer's shop" means any retail shop established in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, and includes any shop established and operated by any department of or authority under the Central or Provincial Government for the benefit of its employees;
- (5) "Government godown" means a depot established under the Department of Civil Supplies for the purpose of the storage of rationed articles and their supply to appointed wholesalers under these Regulations;
- (6) "Order" means the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943;
- (7) "Permit Officer" means the officer appointed as such by the District Magistrate of Chittagong with the approval of the Provincial Government;
- (8) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to these Regulations;
- (9) "Sub-area" means an area, as determined by the Director, which is in charge of an Assistant Rationing Officer;
- (10) (a) "Town Rationing Officer" means the Town Rationing Officer of Chittagong appointed by the Provincial Government; and
(b) "Assistant Rationing Officer" means an officer appointed as such by the District Magistrate of Chittagong, with the approval of the Provincial Government;
- (11) "Week" means the period commencing from the rationing date and ending at midnight of Sunday next following and each successive period of seven days thereafter.

3. For the purposes of these Regulations anything required to be done by any person may, if such person is a minor or a lunatic or a person of unsound mind, be done on his behalf by a person who is for the time being his guardian or has for the time being actual charge of or control over him.

Chapter II—Household Consumption.

4. For the purposes of household consumption in the Chittagong Urban Area Ration Cards issued under this chapter shall be the ration documents.

5. Save as otherwise expressly provided a Ration Card issued for the time shall consist of 26 coupons, and a Ration Card issued on a subsequent occasion shall consist of such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*. Each coupon shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week, reckoned from the first week for which the coupon shall be valid:

Provided that the Provincial Government may by notification in the *Official Gazette*, declare that coupons bearing specified serial numbers shall be valid also during other specified weeks in respect of any person or class of persons or the public generally.

6. Any person residing or intending to reside in the Chittagong Urban Area otherwise than in a residential establishment to whom a Ration Card has not been issued and who desires to have a Ration Card issued shall apply to the Assistant Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which he resides or intends to reside or to which he is attached by order of the Town Rationing

Officer furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Assistant Rationing Officer may require. The Assistant Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such enquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant.

7. No person shall apply for a Ration Card if he has already obtained a Ration Card or if he is in receipt of any rationed article from the authorities of His Majesty's forces or of the forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty or if he resides in a residential establishment.

8. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a Ration Card by furnishing false information.

9. (1) No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by the use of more than one Ration Card issued in his name or by the use of a Ration Card issued in the name of any person who is for the time being not resident within the rationed area or by the use of a Ration Card the possession of which is not authorised by or under the Order or by furnishing false information. If more than one Ration Card is issued in the name of any person such person shall forthwith report the fact and surrender the extra card or cards so issued, to the Assistant Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area in which he resides or to which he is attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer as the case may be. If any person whilst in possession of a Ration Card draws or becomes entitled to draw rationed articles from the authorities of His Majesty's forces or the authorities of the forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty he shall forthwith surrender his Ration Card to the authorities from whom he has thus become entitled to draw rations.

(2) No person residing in a residential establishment shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by the use of any Ration Card issued in his name and every such person shall forthwith surrender the Ration Card to the Assistant Rationing Officer by whom it was issued.

10. A temporary Ration Card shall be issued by the Assistant Rationing Officer to any person who has made an application under clause 6 after the rationing date, if the period of his stay in the Chittagong Urban Area is likely to be more than one week but not more than eight weeks. A temporary Ration Card shall be over-printed in red with the word "Temporary" and shall consist of eight coupons. The Assistant Rationing Officer shall specify on one or more coupons the weeks for which they are valid and the temporary Ration Card shall be valid accordingly. The Assistant Rationing Officer may at the request of the holder of the card and after making such enquiry as he deems fit specify on any of the other coupons the weeks for which they shall be valid and the validity of the card shall be extended accordingly. On such extension the Assistant Rationing Officer shall issue an intimation thereof to the appointed retailer with whom the card is registered. This intimation shall be retained by the appointed retailer.

11. A Ration Card, other than a temporary Ration Card, shall be issued to any person who has made an application under clause 6 after the rationing date and who intends to stay in the Chittagong Urban Area for a period exceeding eight weeks. Each coupon on such Ration Card shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week reckoned from the first week for which the coupon shall be valid. Before a Ration Card is so issued the coupon denoting the week or weeks which have elapsed on the date of its issue or from which the applicant does not intend to stay in the Chittagong Urban Area shall be cancelled:

Provided that pending the issue of a Ration Card under this clause the Assistant Rationing Officer may in his discretion issue to the applicant a temporary Ration Card as provided in clause 10.

12. The person to whom a Ration Card has been issued shall be termed the "holder" in respect of that card. Each Ration Card shall show the number of units allotted to the holder at the rate of two units for each holder above the age of 8 years and one unit for each holder of the age of 8 years and below:

Provided that in relation to the sugar ration each Ration Card shall have the value of two units irrespective of the units noted in the card or the age of the holder.

13. Every person recorded as the head of a family shall, and any member of the family may, notify in writing to the Assistant Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which he resides or to which he is attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer, any reduction in the number of members of the family due to death or to absence from the Chittagong Urban Area for more than seven days or to any other cause. Such notice shall be given within ten days from the date on which such reduction in the number of members of the household takes place.

14. Each coupon on a Ration Card shall be valid for the number of units specified in respect of the particular type of such card in Schedule B.

15. The value of each unit in terms of the rationed articles or in terms of two or more rationed articles in combination shall be as laid down in Schedule C:

Provided that the maximum proportion of any rationed article in combination with another rationed article shall be as specified in Schedule E.

16. No person shall obtain any rationed article on a Ration Card unless he—

(a) signs or puts his thumb impression in the space provided for the purpose on the Ration Card:

Provided that if the person is a minor or a *pardanashin* woman or a lunatic or a person of unsound mind the signature or thumb impression of the head of the family may be given instead;

(b) registers himself with an appointed retailer for the purpose of obtaining his supply of rationed articles;

(c) complies with any other directions which may be issued on this account by the Town Rationing Officer.

17. (1) A holder of a Ration Card who is not the employee of an employer having an employer's shop, shall register himself with an appointed retailer, not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop, of the sub-area in which such holder resides or to which the holder has been attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer:

Provided that the Town Rationing Officer may by order attach any person or class of persons to any particular shop.

(2) A holder of a Ration Card who is the employee of an employer having an employer's shop shall, and his dependants who hold Ration Cards bearing the name of such employee as the head of the family, unless debarred by the proviso to sub-clause (a) of clause 18, may register with the employer.

18. No appointed retailer shall, when requested so to do, refuse to register the holder of a Ration Card, if—

- (a) such retailer is an employer having an employer's shop and the holder is his employee or a dependant of his employee whose card contains the name of the employee as the head of the family:

Provided that an employer may refuse to register the dependants of his employee where such dependants exceed three in number:

Provided further that where such employer is any department of the Central or Provincial Government or any authority thereunder it shall not be necessary for such employer to register the dependants of the employee;

- (b) such retailer is a person other than a person having an employer's shop:

Provided that he shall refuse to register such holder, if the registration is not being made in accordance with the provisions contained in sub-clause (1) of clause 17, unless the holder has been attached to such retailer by order of the Town Rationing Officer:

Provided further that he shall refuse to register such holder if the number of holders already registered with him will thereby exceed 1,500 permanent cards and 200 temporary cards.

19. (1) Subject to the provisions contained in clause 17, a holder of a Ration Card shall get himself registered in the following manner, namely:—

- (a) he shall himself or through an agent present the Ration Card to an appointed retailer in order to enable the appointed retailer to enter his name, address, signature and shop No. in the Ration Card and in the counterfoil thereof; and

- (b) he shall himself or through an agent permit the appointed retailer to detach and retain the counterfoil of the Ration Card.

(2) Every appointed retailer with whom the holder of a Ration Card seeks registration shall enter in the Ration Card presented to him and in the counterfoil thereof his name, address, signature and shop No. He shall detach and retain with him the counterfoil of such Ration Card. He shall preserve all such counterfoils and dispose of them as instructed by the Town Rationing Officer. He shall enter in a register the number of the Ration Cards and the units specified therein and any other particulars required by general or special order by the Director.

20. (1) The holder of a Ration Card registered with an appointed retailer or of a Civil Ration Ticket referred to in clause 22 shall purchase his requirements of rationed articles for one week at a time and at one time during that week and on demand and offer of price by him or on his behalf and against cancellation of the appropriate coupon the retailer shall accordingly supply to the holder rationed articles not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the coupon:

Provided that the holder of a Ration Card registered with an employer's shop may purchase his requirements for two weeks at a time in cases where the employer's shop has been specially authorised by the Town Rationing Officer to issue rationed articles for two weeks at a time.

(2) The appointed retailer shall comply with such other directions as may be issued by the Director or any officer authorised by the Director in this behalf.

21. Notwithstanding anything contained in clauses 16, 17 and 18 the Town Rationing Officer or Assistant Rationing Officer may issue instructions transferring the name of a person registered with an appointed retailer from such retailer to another appointed retailer.

22. (1) The Director may authorise the Town Rationing Officer to issue a Civil Ration Ticket to a person belonging or attached to, or employed with, His Majesty's forces or belonging or attached to, or employed with, the forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty who is within the Chittagong Urban Area on leave and is not in receipt of any rationed article from the authorities of such forces, on application made by such person in that behalf to the Town Rationing Officer furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Town Rationing Officer may require. Before authorising the issue of such Ration Ticket the Town Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such inquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant. The Town Rationing Officer when so authorised by the Director shall issue such Ration Ticket to the applicant which shall be valid for one week only and the provisions of clauses 12, 14 and 15 shall apply to such Ration Ticket as they apply to a Ration Card issued under clause 10.

(2) On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of a holder of a Civil Ration Ticket issued under sub-clause (1) any appointed retailer shall supply to the holder rationed articles not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the ticket on surrender of such ticket to such retailer.

Chapter III—Establishments.

23. For the purposes of an establishment, Ration Permits and Ration Authorities shall be the ration documents.

24. A Ration Permit for obtaining rationed articles for the purposes of the establishment shall be issued in the name of the owner or manager or person in charge or control of an establishment.

25. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a Ration Permit by furnishing false information.

26. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by the use of a Ration Permit the possession of which is not authorised by or under the Order.

27. Such permits issued for the first time shall have twenty-six coupons; and any permit issued on a subsequent occasion shall have such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*; each coupon shall be valid for the week specified on it and shall show the number of units of each rationed article allotted.

28. The unit of each rationed article shall for the purpose of the Ration Permits have the value allotted to it in Schedule D.

29. A Ration Permit over-printed with a diagonal red line shall be registered with an appointed retailer of the sub-area in which the establishment is situated and a Ration Permit not so over-printed shall be registered with the Assistant Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which the establishment is situated or to which he may be attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer:

Provided that a Ration Permit issued in respect of any establishment run for the benefit of employees may be registered with the appropriate employer's shop.

30. No holder of a Ration Permit shall obtain any rationed article on such permit until he registers himself in accordance with the provisions contained in clause 29.

31. Where a Ration Permit is to be registered with an appointed retailer, the provisions of clauses 16, 18, 19 and 20 shall, in so far as may be, apply as if the permit were a Ration Card:

Provided that the limit specified under the second proviso to sub-clause (b) of clause 18 shall not apply in respect of Ration Permits:

Provided further that the total number of Ration Permits that may be registered with an appointed retailer shall not exceed 15.

32. (1) Where a Ration Permit is to be registered with the Assistant Rationing Officer it shall be done in the following manner:—

(a) the permit holder shall himself or through an agent present the Ration Permit to the Assistant Rationing Officer of the sub-area in which the establishment is situated; and

(b) he shall himself or through an agent permit the Assistant Rationing Officer to detach and retain the counterfoil of the Ration Permit.

(2) The Assistant Rationing Officer shall enter in the Ration Permit presented to him the name and address of the holder thereof and the latter shall sign the Ration Permit. The Assistant Rationing Officer shall then detach and retain with him the counterfoil of such Ration Permit and shall preserve such counterfoils. He shall enter the serial number of the Ration Permit and the units specified therein in a register to be maintained by him.

33. The holder of a Ration Permit registered with the Assistant Rationing Officer shall submit to him once every week an indent for the rationed articles. On the basis of such indent and against cancellation of the appropriate coupon, the Assistant Rationing Officer shall issue a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity obtainable thereon and the period during which it shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of maunds and seers the Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

34. (1) The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Assistant Rationing Officer and the other copy shall be given to the permit-holder.

(2) The Ration Authority shall be valid for the period specified on it.

35. The holder of the Ration Authority shall submit it to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the holder and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the holder shall supply to him rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

36. On demand and offer of price by a resident or a customer in a residential establishment or a customer in a catering establishment the person in charge of the establishment shall supply food prepared from the rationed articles.

37. An appointed establishment proprietor shall, in respect of his establishment, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or any officer authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained for establishment consumption or in connection therewith.

Chapter IV—Appointed Retailers other than Employers' Shops.

38. An appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop shall maintain a register in Form A.R.I (Parts A and B) in respect of the Ration Cards and Ration Permits registered with him and a Daily Sales Register in Form E.S./A.R.-III appended to these regulations and a Daily Stock Register in such form as may be specified by the Director. The appointed retailer shall specify in the register maintained in Form A.R.I the total number of units registered with him in respect of each rationed article.

39. (1) Once a week on a day to be specified by the Assistant Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area where the shop of an appointed retailer is situated, the appointed retailer shall submit to him an indent in duplicate for the rationed articles that may be required in accordance with the provisions contained in sub-clause (3). Along with the indent, the appointed retailer shall produce the registers mentioned in clause 38 together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards and Ration Permits registered with him to the Assistant Rationing Officer. The Assistant Rationing Officer shall after checking the registers return them to the appointed retailer and shall then issue a Ration Authority to him specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of the rationed articles obtainable thereon in terms of sub-clause (3) and the period for which the authority shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers the Assistant Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

(2) For the first two weeks after the rationing date the quantity of the rationed articles covered by the ration authority shall not be less than the maximum of each rationed article obtainable according to the total number of units registered with an appointed retailer.

(3) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the Ration Authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in stock with the appointed retailer is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (2) on account of sales lawfully made.

40. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Assistant Rationing Officer by whom it is issued and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed retailer. The Ration Authority shall be valid for the period specified on it.

41. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed retailer to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the appointed retailer and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the appointed retailer shall supply to the appointed retailer rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

42. An appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop shall in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or such officer as may be authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and such appointed retailer shall also obey all directions given in writing from time to time by the Director regarding the price at which any rationed article shall be sold.

Chapter V—Employers' Shops.

43. An appointed retailer, being a person in charge of an employer's shop, shall maintain a register in Form E.S.I and a Daily Sales Register in Form E.S./A.R.-III appended to these regulations and a Daily Stock Register in such form as may be specified by the Director. Such appointed retailer shall specify in the register maintained in Form E.S.I the total number of units registered with him in respect of each rationed article. He shall submit the registers together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards registered with him to the Town Rationing Officer, when so required by him.

44. (1) Once a week on a day to be specified by the Town Rationing Officer, an appointed retailer being a person in charge of an employer's shop shall submit to the Town Rationing Officer, a return of all stocks of rationed articles in his shop and an indent in duplicate for the rationed articles that may be required in accordance with the provisions contained in sub-clause (3). The Town Rationing Officer shall then issue a Ration Authority to such retailer specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of the rationed articles obtainable thereon in terms of sub-clause (3) and the period for which the authority shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers the Town Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

(2) For the first two weeks after the rationing date the quantity of the rationed articles covered by the authority shall not be less than the maximum of each rationed article obtainable according to the total number of registered units.

(3) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in the stock of the appointed retailer is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (2) on account of sales lawfully made.

45. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Town Rationing Officer by whom it is issued and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed retailer.

46. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed retailer to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by the Town Rationing Officer. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the appointed retailer and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the appointed retailer shall supply to the appointed retailer rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

47. An appointed retailer being a person in charge of an employer's shop, shall in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or such person as may be authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and such appointed retailer shall also obey all directions given in writing from time to time by the Director regarding the price at which any rationed article shall be sold or the maximum price which may be charged for the sale of such article.

48. An appointed retailer being a person in charge of an employer's shop, who has been authorised under the Order or under these Regulations to issue rationed articles to such of the employees as do not reside in the

Chittagong Urban Area, otherwise than by means of ration documents, shall maintain a register of all such issues in Form F-II appended to these Regulations:

Provided that the rations issued to such persons shall be on the scale laid down for the holder of a Ration Card.

Chapter VI—Appointed Wholesalers.

49. An appointed wholesaler shall maintain a Stock Register of all rationed articles issued to him in such form as may be specified by the Director. He shall submit the register to the Town Rationing Officer when so required by him.

50. For the initial allotment of rationed articles each appointed wholesaler shall receive before the rationing date from the Town Rationing Officer, a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds the quantity of each rationed article which shall be obtainable by the appointed wholesaler.

51. Subsequently, once a week the appointed wholesaler shall submit an indent to the Town Rationing Officer, for rationed articles showing the total amount of rationed articles issued to the appointed retailers and appointed establishment proprietors allotted to him. The Town Rationing Officer shall issue to such wholesaler a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of each rationed article which shall be obtainable thereon by the appointed wholesaler:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers, the Town Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

52. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed wholesaler to the Permit Officer along with a receipted treasury challan to cover the price of the rationed articles and the Permit Officer shall thereupon issue a Delivery Permit or Delivery Permits on the officer in charge of the Government godown to which such wholesaler has been attached for the supply of rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

53. On presentation of such Delivery Permit or Permits by or on behalf of the holder thereof at the Government godown to which the wholesaler has been attached the officer in charge of the Government godown shall issue rationed articles to such holder in quantities specified in the Delivery Permit or Permits.

54. An appointed wholesaler shall maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or such officer as may be authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and such appointed wholesaler shall also obey all directions given in writing from time to time by the Director regarding the price at which any rationed article shall be sold.

SCHEDULE A.

The Chittagong Urban Area.

[See sub-clause (2) of clause 2.]

The municipality of Chittagong.

SCHEDULE B.

(See clause 14.)

A coupon on a Ration Card of the type specified in column 1 below shall be valid in respect of each rationed article for the number of units specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 below:—

1 Type of Ration Card.	2 Number of Units.
Ration Cards in respect of persons above the age of 8 years.	2.
Ration Cards in respect of persons of the age of 8 years and below.	2 in respect of sugar and 1 in respect of other rationed articles.

SCHEDULE C.

(See clause 15.)

The unit of a Ration Card shall be valued as follows:—

Rice husked and in the husk	} in combination ..	[1 seer and 5 chataks in the case of a person who is not a heavy manual worker and 1 seer and 12 chataks in the case of a person who is a heavy manual worker.]
Wheat and wheat products		
Sugar	2 chataks.	

¹*Explanation.*—"Heavy manual worker" means a person regularly engaged in heavy manual work, and if any question arises as to whether a person is a heavy manual worker or not the decision of the Director or any other officer authorised in writing by the Director in this behalf shall be final.

SCHEDULE D.

(See clause 28.)

The unit of each rationed article shall, for the purpose of a Ration Permit, be valued as follows:—

	Seers.
Rice husked and in the husk	5
Wheat	5
Flour	5
Sugar	1

SCHEDULE E.

(See Regulation 18, proviso.)

The maximum amount up to which a rationed article may be taken is,—

(1) in respect of Ration Cards of two units—

(a) in the case of rice husked and in the husk—2 seers and 10 *chataks* if the holder is not a heavy manual worker and 3 seers and 8 *chataks* if the holder is a heavy manual worker,

(b) in the case of wheat and wheat products—1 seer and 8 *chataks*;

(2) in respect of Ration Cards of one unit—

(a) in the case of rice husked and in the husk—1 seer and 5 *chataks*;

(b) in the case of wheat and wheat products—1 seer.

Explanation.—"Heavy manual worker" has the same meaning as in Schedule C.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3601 D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

²Inserted, *ibid.*

(See clause 38.)

Register of Registered Ration Card/Permit Holders.

[illegible]

(See clause 43.)

[illegible]

F-11 Register.

(See clause 48.)

Name of Appointed Retailer.

Shop No. E. S.....

Address.....

[illegible]

Daily Sales Register.

(See clauses 38 and 43.)

Shop No..... Week No.....

Address.....From.....194...
to.....194...

Serial No.	Cash Memo. No.	R. C. R. F.	Rice.	Wheat.	Flour.	Atta.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
			Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.

Dal.	Sugar.				Amount.
8	9	10	11	12	13
Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.	Mds. srs. chs.	Rs. a. p.

Notification No. 2819 D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946, p. iii).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 16 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to make the following Regulations in respect of the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area, namely:—

The Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Chapter I—General.

1. These Regulations may be called the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

2. In these Regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(1) (a) all expressions used but not defined in these Regulations which have also been used in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, have the same meanings as in the said Order; and

(b) the expression "distributor" where used in any ration document means an appointed retailer and includes an appointed retailer in charge of an employers' shop or a *hat* shop referred to in these Regulations;

(2) "Area" means an area as determined by the Director which is in charge of a Town Rationing Officer;

- (3) "Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area" means the area specified in Schedule A;
- (4) "Director" means the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and includes the Additional Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal;
- (5) "Employer's shop" means any retail shop established in accordance with the provisions of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, and includes any shop established and operated by any department of or authority under the Central or Provincial Government for the benefit of its employees;
- (6) "Government godown" means a depot established under the Department of Civil Supplies for the purpose of the storage of rationed articles and their supply to appointed wholesalers under these Regulations;
- (7) "Hat shop" means any retail shop carrying on trade in a hat on hat days and being in charge of an appointed retailer for distributing rationed articles to persons residing outside the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area against Identity Cards issued by the Subdivisional Magistrate of Kalimpong or Kurseong or the Town Rationing Officer of Darjeeling.
- (8) "Order" means the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943;
- (9) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to these Regulations;
- (10) "Town Rationing Officer" means an officer appointed as such by the Provincial Government; and
- (11) "Week" means the period commencing from the rationing date and ending at midnight of Sunday next following and each successive period of seven days thereafter.

3. For the purposes of these Regulations anything required to be done by any person may, if such person is a minor or a lunatic or a person of unsound mind be done on his behalf by a person who is for the time being his guardian or has for the time being actual charge of or control over him.

Chapter II—Household Consumption.

4. In clauses 5, 14, 15 and 24 of this Chapter "animal" means a horse, cow, bullock, bull, buffalo and mules.

5. For the purposes of household consumption in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area, Ration Cards and "Salt Ration Cards for animals" issued under this chapter, shall be the ration documents.

6. Save as otherwise expressly provided a Ration Card issued for the first time shall consist of 26 coupons, and a Ration Card issued on a subsequent occasion shall consist of such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*. Each coupon shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week, reckoned from the first week for which the coupon shall be valid:

Provided that the Provincial Government may by notification in the *Official Gazette*, declare that coupons bearing specified serial numbers shall be valid also during other specified weeks in respect of any person or class of persons or the public generally.

7. Any person residing or intending to reside in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area otherwise than in a residential establishment to whom a Ration Card has not been issued and who desires to have a

Ration Card issued shall apply to the Town Rationing Officer of the area in which he resides or intends to reside furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Town Rationing Officer may require. The Town Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such enquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant.

8. No person shall apply for a Ration Card if he has already obtained a Ration Card or if he is in receipt of any rationed article from the authorities of His Majesty's forces or of the forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty or if he resides in a residential establishment.

9. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a Ration Card by furnishing false information.

10. (1) No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by the use of more than one Ration Card issued in his name or by the use of a Ration Card issued in the name of any person who is for the time being not resident within the rationed area or by the use of a Ration Card the possession of which is not authorised by or under the Order or by furnishing false information. If more than one Ration Card is issued in the name of any person such person shall forthwith report the fact and surrender the extra card or cards so issued, to the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area in which he resides. If any person whilst in possession of a Ration Card draws or becomes entitled to draw rationed articles from the authorities of His Majesty's forces or the authorities of the forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty he shall forthwith surrender his Ration Card to the authorities from whom he has thus become entitled to draw rations.

(2) No person residing in a residential establishment shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by the use of any Ration Card issued in his name and every such person shall forthwith surrender the Ration Card to the Town Rationing Officer by whom it was issued.

11. A temporary Ration Card shall be issued by the Town Rationing Officer to any person who has made an application under clause 7 after the rationing date, if the period of his stay in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area is likely to be more than one week but not more than eight weeks. A temporary Ration Card shall be over-printed in red with the word "Temporary" and shall consist of eight coupons. The Town Rationing Officer shall specify on one or more coupons the weeks for which they are valid and the temporary Ration Card shall be valid accordingly. The Town Rationing Officer may at the request of the holder of the card and after making such enquiry as he deems fit specify on any of the other coupons the weeks for which they shall be valid and the validity of the card shall be extended accordingly. On such extension the Town Rationing Officer shall issue an intimation thereof to the appointed retailer with whom the card is registered. This intimation shall be retained by the appointed retailer.

12. A Ration Card, other than a temporary Ration Card, shall be issued to any person who has made an application under clause 7 after the rationing date and who intends to stay in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area for a period exceeding eight weeks. Each coupon on such Ration Card shall bear an indication denoting the serial number of the week reckoned from the first week for which the coupon shall be valid. Before a Ration Card is so issued the coupon denoting the week or weeks which have elapsed on the date of its issue or from which the applicant does not intend to stay in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area shall be cancelled:

Provided that pending the issue of a Ration Card under this clause the Town Rationing Officer may in his discretion issue to the applicant a temporary Ration Card as provided in clause 11.

13. The person to whom a Ration Card has been issued shall be termed the "holder" in respect of that card. Each Ration Card shall show the

number of units allotted to the holder at the rate of two units for each holder above the age of 8 years and one unit for each holder of the age of 8 years and below :

Provided that in relation to the sugar and salt rations each Ration Card shall have the value of two units irrespective of the units noted in the card or the age of the holder.

14. (1) Any holder of a Ration Card who has any animal or animals belonging to him in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area and desires to have issued to him a Salt Ration Card or Cards for such animal or animals, shall apply to the Town Rationing Officer of the area in which he resides furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Town Rationing Officer may require. The Town Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such inquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant.

(2) After the verification referred to in sub-clause (1) one Salt Ration Card for each animal so belonging to the applicant shall be issued to him and each such card shall consist of such number of coupons as may be fixed by the Director :

Provided that no such Salt Ration Cards shall be issued if the number of animals belonging to the applicant exceeds five.

(3) A Salt Ration Card for an animal shall have the value of two units and the quantity of salt obtainable on each unit on such a card shall be one *chatak*.

(4) The provisions of clauses 8, 9 and 10 shall apply to Salt Ration Cards for animals as they apply in relation to Ration Cards.

(5) Every holder of a Salt Ration Card for an animal shall register himself with the appointed retailer with whom he is registered in respect of his Ration Card and the provisions of clause 23 shall in so far as may be, apply to the registration of Salt Ration Cards for animals as they apply to the registration of Ration Cards.

15. Any holder of a Ration Card who has obtained a Salt Ration Card or Cards for an animal or animals shall notify in writing to the Town Rationing Officer by whom the Salt Ration Card or Cards was or were issued the death or any transfer from his possession of any such animal or any reduction in the number of any such animals owing to any other cause within ten days from the date on which such death, transfer or reduction takes place.

16. Every person recorded as the head of a family shall, and any member of the family may, notify in writing to the Town Rationing Officer of the area in which he resides any reduction in the number of members of the family due to death or to absence from the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area for more than seven days or to any other cause. Such notice shall be given within ten days from the date on which such reduction in the number of members of the household takes place.

17. Each coupon on a Ration Card shall be valid for the number of units specified in respect of the particular type of such card in Schedule B.

18. The value of each unit in terms of the rationed articles or in terms of two or more rationed articles in combination shall be as laid down in Schedule C :

Provided that the maximum proportion of any rationed article in combination with another rationed article shall be as specified in Schedule E.

19. No person shall obtain any rationed article on a Ration Card unless he—

(a) signs or puts his thumb impression in the space provided for the purpose on the Ration Card:

Provided that if the person is a minor or a *pardanashin* woman or a lunatic or a person of unsound mind the signature or thumb impression of the head of the family may be given instead;

(b) registers himself with an appointed retailer for the purpose of obtaining his supply of rationed articles;

(c) complies with any other directions which may be issued on this account by the Town Rationing Officer.

20. (1) A holder of a Ration Card who is not the employee of an employer having an employer's shop, shall register himself with an appointed retailer, not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop, or a *hat* shop of the area in which such holder resides:

Provided that the Town Rationing Officer may by order attach any person or class of persons to any particular shop.

(2) A holder of a Ration Card who is the employee of an employer having an employer's shop shall, and his dependants who hold Ration Cards bearing the name of such employee as the head of the family unless debarred by the proviso to sub-clause (3) of clause 21 may register with the employer.

21. No appointed retailer shall, when requested so to do, refuse to register the holder of a Ration Card, if—

(a) such retailer is an employer having an employer's shop and the holder is his employee or a dependant of his employee whose card contains the name of the employee as the head of the family:

Provided that an employer may refuse to register the dependants of his employee where such dependants exceed three in number:

Provided further that where such employer is any department of the Central or Provincial Government or any authority thereunder it shall not be necessary for such employer to register the dependants of the employee;

(b) such retailer is a person other than a person having an employer's shop or a *hat* shop:

Provided that he shall refuse to register such holder if the number of holders already registered with him will thereby exceed 1,500 permanent cards and 200 temporary cards.

22. Notwithstanding anything contained in the proviso to sub-clause (b) of clause 21, an appointed retailer shall register Salt Ration Cards for animals belonging to those families any member of which has registered his permanent or temporary Ration Card with him.

23. (1) Subject to the provisions contained in clause 20, a holder of a Ration Card shall get himself registered in the following manner, namely:—

(a) he shall himself or through an agent present the Ration Card to an appointed retailer in order to enable the appointed retailer to enter his name, address, signature and shop No. in the Ration Card and in the counterfoil thereof; and

(b) he shall himself or through an agent permit the appointed retailer to detach and retain the counterfoil of the Ration Card.

(2) Every appointed retailer with whom the holder of a Ration Card seeks registration shall enter in the Ration Card presented to him and in the counterfoil thereof his name, address, signature and shop No. He shall detach and retain with him the counterfoil of such Ration Card. He shall preserve all such counterfoils and dispose of them as instructed by the Town Rationing Officer. He shall enter in a register the number of the Ration Cards and the units specified therein and any other particulars required by general or special order by the Director.

24. (1) The holder of a Ration Card registered with an appointed retailer or of a Civil Ration Ticket referred to in clause 27 shall purchase his requirements of rationed articles for one week at a time and at one time during that week and on demand and offer of price by him or on his behalf and against cancellation of the appropriate coupon the retailer shall accordingly supply to the holder rationed articles not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the coupon:

Provided that the holder of a Ration Card other than the holder of a temporary Ration Card shall purchase his requirements of salt for four weeks at a time:

Provided further that the holder of a Ration Card registered with an employer's shop may purchase his requirements for two weeks at a time in cases where the employer's shop has been specially authorised by the Town Rationing Officer to issue rationed articles for two weeks at a time.

(2) The provisions of sub-clause (1) shall apply to the supply of salt under a Salt Ration Card for an animal as they apply to the supply of salt under a Ration Card.

(3) The appointed retailer shall comply with such other directions as may be issued by the Director or any officer authorised by the Director in this behalf.

25. Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (1) of clause 24 the holder of a Ration Card may purchase his weekly requirement of rice and the weekly requirements of rice of the members of his household from any person other than an appointed retailer if such person has been exempted under paragraph 20 of the Order from the operation of the provisions of paragraph 4 of the Order and if the holder has obtained a permit from the Subdivisional Magistrate of Kalimpong or Kurseong or the Town Rationing Officer of Darjeeling for purchasing rice from such person:

Provided that at the time of obtaining the permit the holder shall have the appropriate coupons on his Ration Card and the Ration Cards of the members of his household cancelled by the authority issuing the permit.

26. Notwithstanding anything contained in clauses 19, 20 and 21 and Town Rationing Officer may issue instructions transferring the name of a person registered with an appointed retailer from such retailer to another appointed retailer.

27. (1) The Director may authorise any Town Rationing Officer to issue a Civil Ration Ticket to a person belonging or attached to, or employed with, His Majesty's forces or belonging or attached to, or employed with, the forces of any nation in alliance with His Majesty who is within the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area on leave and is not in receipt of any rationed article from the authorities of such forces, on application made by such person in that behalf to the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area in which he resides furnishing true and correct information in such form as the Town Rationing Officer may require. Before authorising the issue of such Ration Ticket the Town Rationing Officer may make or cause to be made such inquiry as he deems fit for verification of the information furnished by the applicant. A Town Rationing

Officer when so authorised by the Director shall issue such Ration Ticket to the applicant which shall be valid for one week only and the provisions of clauses 13, 17 and 18 shall apply to such Ration Ticket as they apply to a Ration Card issued under clause 11.

(2) On demand and offer of price by or on behalf of a holder of a Civil Ration Ticket issued under sub-clause (1) any appointed retailer shall supply to the holder rationed articles not exceeding the quantity obtainable on the ticket on surrender of such ticket to such retailer.

Chapter III—Establishments.

28. For the purposes of an establishment, Ration Permits and Ration Authorities shall be the ration documents.

29. A Ration Permit for obtaining rationed articles for the purposes of the establishment shall be issued in the name of the owner or manager or person in charge or control of an establishment.

30. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a Ration Permit by furnishing false information.

31. No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article by the use of a Ration Permit the possession of which is not authorised by or under the Order.

32. Such permits issued for the first time shall have twenty-six coupons; and any permit issued on a subsequent occasion shall have such number of coupons as may be specified by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*; each coupon shall be valid for the week specified on it and shall show the number of units of each rationed article allotted.

33. The unit of each rationed article shall for the purpose of the Ration Permit have the value allotted to it in Schedule D.

34. A Ration Permit over-printed with a diagonal red line shall be registered with an appointed retailer of the area in which the establishment is situated and a Ration Permit not so over-printed shall be registered with the Town Rationing Officer of the area in which the establishment is situated:

Provided that a Ration Permit issued in respect of any establishment run for the benefit of employees may be registered with the appropriate employer's shop.

35. No holder of a Ration Permit shall obtain any rationed article on such permit until he registers himself in accordance with the provisions contained in clause 34.

36. Where a Ration Permit is to be registered with an appointed retailer, the provisions of clauses 19, 21, 23 and 24 shall, in so far as may be, apply as if the permit were a Ration Card:

Provided that the limit specified under the proviso to sub-clause (b) of clause 21 shall not apply in respect of Ration Permits:

Provided further that the total number of Ration Permits that may be registered with an appointed retailer shall not exceed 15.

37. (1) Where a Ration Permit is to be registered with the Town Rationing Officer it shall be done in the following manner:—

(a) the permit holder shall himself or through an agent present the Ration Permit to the Town Rationing Officer of the area in which the establishment is situated; and

(b) he shall himself or through an agent permit the Town Rationing Officer to detach and retain the counterfoil of the Ration Permit.

(2) The Town Rationing Officer shall enter in the Ration Permit presented to him the name and address of the holder thereof and the latter shall sign the Ration Permit. The Town Rationing Officer shall then detach and retain with him the counterfoil of such Ration Permit and shall preserve such counterfoils. He shall enter the serial number of the Ration Permit and the units specified therein in a register to be maintained by him.

38. The holder of a Ration Permit registered with the Town Rationing Officer shall submit to him once every week an indent for the rationed articles. On the basis of such indent and against cancellation of the appropriate coupon, the Town Rationing Officer shall issue a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity obtainable thereon and the period during which it shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of maunds and seers the Town Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

39. (1) The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Town Rationing Officer and the other copy shall be given to the permit-holder.

(2) The Ration Authority shall be valid for the period specified on it.

40. The holder of the Ration Authority shall submit it to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the holder and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the holder shall supply to him rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

41. On demand and offer of price by a resident or a customer in a residential establishment or a customer in a catering establishment the person in charge of the establishment shall supply food prepared from the rationed articles.

42. An appointed establishment proprietor shall in respect of his establishment, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or any officer authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained for establishment consumption or in connection therewith.

Chapter IV—Appointed Retailers other than Employers' Shops, and Hat Shops.

43. An appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop or a hat shop shall maintain a register in Form A.R.I. (Parts A and B) in respect of the Ration Cards and Ration Permits registered with him and a Daily Sales Register in Form E.S./A.R.-III appended to these regulations and a Daily Stock Register in such form as may be specified by the Director. The appointed retailer shall specify in the register maintained in Form A.R.I. the total number of units registered with him in respect of each rationed article.

44. (1) Once a week on a day to be specified by the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area where the shop of an appointed retailer is situated, the appointed retailer shall submit to him an indent in duplicate for the rationed articles that may be required in accordance with the provisions contained in sub-clause (3). Along with the indent, the appointed retailer shall produce the registers mentioned in clause 43 together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards and Ration Permit registered with

him to the Town Rationing Officer. The Town Rationing Officer shall after checking the registers return them to the appointed retailer and shall then issue a Ration Authority to him specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of the rationed articles obtainable thereon in terms of sub-clause (3) and the period for which the authority shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers the Town Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

(2) For the first two weeks after the rationing date the quantity of the rationed articles covered by the ration authority shall not be less than the maximum of each rationed article obtainable according to the total number of units registered with an appointed retailer.

(3) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the Ration Authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in stock with the appointed retailer is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (2) on account of sales lawfully made.

45. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Town Ration Officer by whom it is issued and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed retailer. The Ration Authority shall be valid for the period specified on it.

46. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed retailer to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by order of the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the appointed retailer and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the appointed retailer shall supply to the appointed retailer rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

47. An appointed retailer not being a retailer in charge of an employer's shop or a *hat* shop shall in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or such officer as may be authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and such appointed retailer shall also obey all directions given in writing from time to time by the Director regarding the price at which any rationed article shall be sold.

Chapter V—Employers' Shops.

48. An appointed retailer, being a person in charge of an employer's shop, shall, maintain a register in Form E.S.I. and a Daily Sales Register in Form E.S./A.R.-III appended to these regulations and a Daily Stock Register in such form as may be specified by the Director. Such appointed retailer shall specify in the register maintained in Form E.S.I. the total number of units registered with him in respect of each rationed article. He shall submit the registers together with the counterfoils of the Ration Cards registered with him to the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area where the employer's shop is situated, when so required by him.

49. (1) Once a week on a day to be specified by the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area where the employer's shop is situated an appointed retailer being a person in charge of such an employer's shop shall submit to the Town Rationing Officer, a return of all stocks of rationed articles in his shop and an indent in duplicate for the rationed articles that may be required in accordance with the provisions contained in sub-clause

(3). The Town Rationing Officer shall then issue a Ration Authority to such retailer specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of the rationed articles obtainable thereon in terms of sub-clause (3) and the period for which the authority shall be valid:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers the Town Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

(2) For the first two weeks after the rationing date the quantity of the rationing articles covered by the authority shall not be less than the maximum of each rationed article obtainable according to the total number of registered units.

(3) In any subsequent week the quantity of a rationed article covered by the authority shall not be less than the amount by which the quantity of that article in the stock of the appointed retailer is short of the maximum specified in sub-clause (2) on account of sales lawfully made.

50. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Town Rationing Officer by whom it is issued and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed retailer.

51. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed retailer to the appointed wholesaler to whom he has been attached by the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the appointed retailer and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the appointed retailer shall supply to the appointed retailer rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

52. An appointed retailer being a person in charge of an employer's shop, shall in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or such person as may be authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and such appointed retailer shall also obey all directions given in writing from time to time by the Director regarding the price at which any rationed article shall be sold or the maximum price which may be charged for the sale of such article.

53. An appointed retailer being a person in charge of an employer's shop, who has been authorised under the Order or under these Regulations to issue rationed articles to such of the employees as do not reside in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area, otherwise than by means of ration documents, shall maintain a register of all such issues in Form F-II appended to these Regulations:

Provided that the rations issued to such persons shall be on the scale laid down for the holder of a Ration Card.

Chapter VI—Hat shops.

54. For the purposes of this chapter, an Identity Card issued by the Subdivisional Magistrate of Kalimpong or Kurseong or the Town Rationing Officer of Darjeeling shall be the ration document.

55. An appointed retailer being a person in charge of a hat shop shall supply rationed articles from his shop only to persons residing outside the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area against Identity Cards issued to them and only in quantities specified in such Identity Cards.

56. No person being a holder of a Ration Card shall obtain or attempt to obtain an Identity Card referred to in this chapter or obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed article on any Identity Card.

57. An appointed retailer being a person in charge of a *hat* shop shall maintain in respect of rationed articles obtained and sold by him such registers as may be prescribed by the Director. Each appointed retailer shall submit the registers to the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area in which the *hat* shop is situated, when so required by him.

58. Once a week on a day to be specified by the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area where the *hat* shop is situated, an appointed retailer being a person in charge of such a *hat* shop shall submit to the Town Rationing Officer a return of all stocks of rationed articles in his shop and an indent in duplicate for rationed articles. The indent shall be for the week following that in which it is submitted. The Town Rationing Officer shall then issue a Ration Authority to such retailer specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers, the quantity of the rationed articles obtainable thereon.

59. The Ration Authority shall be drawn up in duplicate: one copy shall be retained by the Town Rationing Officer by whom it is issued and the other copy shall be delivered to the appointed retailer.

60. The Ration Authority shall be submitted by the appointed retailer to the wholesaler to whom he has been attached by the Town Rationing Officer having jurisdiction in the area. The appointed wholesaler shall retain the Ration Authority duly receipted by the appointed retailer and on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the appointed retailer shall supply to the appointed retailer rationed articles in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

61. An appointed retailer being a person in charge of a *hat* shop shall in respect of his shop, maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or such person as may be authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept and such appointed retailer shall also obey all directions given in writing from time to time by the Director regarding the price at which any rationed article shall be sold.

Chapter VII—Appointed Wholesalers.

62. An appointed wholesaler shall maintain a Stock Register of all rationed articles issued to him in such form as may be specified by the Director. He shall submit the register to the Town Rationing Officer when so required by him.

63. For the initial allotment of rationed articles each appointed wholesaler shall receive before the rationing date from the Town Rationing Officer of Darjeeling or the Town Rationing Officer of Kalimpong, or the Town Rationing Officer of Kurseong, as the case may be, a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds the quantity of each rationed article which shall be obtained by the appointed wholesaler.

64. Subsequently, once a week the appointed wholesaler shall submit an indent to the Town Rationing Officer of Darjeeling, or the Town Rationing Officer of Kalimpong, or the Town Rationing Officer of Kurseong, as the case may be, for rationed articles showing the total amount of rationed articles issued to the appointed retailers and appointed establishment proprietors allotted to him. The Town Rationing Officer

shall issue to such wholesaler a Ration Authority specifying in terms of standard maunds and seers the quantity of each rationed article which shall be obtainable thereon by the appointed wholesaler:

Provided that in specifying the number of such maunds and seers, the Town Rationing Officer may, if he thinks it expedient, round off the number to the nearest maund.

65. On presentation of such Ration Authority and on payment of the price by or on behalf of the holder thereof at the Government godown to which the wholesaler has been attached the officer in charge of the Government godown shall issue rationed articles to such holder in quantities specified in the Ration Authority.

66. An appointed wholesaler shall maintain regular and accurate accounts of each rationed article obtained by him on ration documents and shall obey all general or special directions given in writing from time to time by the Director or such officer as may be authorised by the Director in this behalf concerning the manner in which and the conditions subject to which any rationed article may be supplied or obtained or kept for household consumption or for establishment consumption or in connection therewith and such appointed wholesaler shall also obey all directions given in writing from time to time by the Director regarding the price at which any rationed article shall be sold.

SCHEDULE A.

The Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area.

[See sub-clause (3) of clause 2.]

(1) The Municipality of Darjeeling including Lebong Cantonment and Jalapahar Cantonment in the district of Darjeeling.

(2) The area known as Fulbari Bustee bounded on the north, east and west by the Pandam Tea Gardens and on the south by the Municipality of Darjeeling.

(3) The area known as Rajbari Bustee bounded on the north by the Municipality of Darjeeling, on the east by Kotwali *Jhora*, on the west by *Kag Jhora* and on the south by the Arya Tea Gardens.

(4) The Municipality of Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(5) The whole of the Bong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(6) The whole of the Bhalukhop Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(7) The whole of the Dongra Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(8) The whole of the Kalimpong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(9) The whole of the Sindipong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(10) The whole of the Pudung Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(11) The whole of the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes land within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

(12) The Municipality of Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(13) The area known as Kharee Bustee bounded on the north by the Dilaram Tea Estate, on the west by the Ringtong Tea Estate, on the south by uncultivated land and on the east by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(14) The area known as Goethal's Siding bounded on the north by forest land, on the west by the Hill Cart Road, on the south by *Jhora* No. 501, on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(15) The area known as St. Mary's Bustee bounded on the north by *Jhora* No. 501, on the west by the Hill Cart Road and eastern boundary of St. Alphonsus School Compound, on the south by St. Helen's *Jhora*, Dow Hill Road and Northern Dow Hill School Compound and on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(16) The area known as Burbong Bustee bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and forest land, on the west and south by the strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from Upper Giddapahar and on the east by the Majhua Tea Estate and forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(17) The area known as Upper Giddapahar bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and a strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from the Upper Giddapahar, on the west and south by the Hill Cart Road and on the east by the Gumti Tea Estate and Majhu Tea Estate within the police-station of Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(18) The area known as Lower Giddapahar bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola Bustee and Hill Cart Road, on the west by the Castleton Tea Estate and the Rohini Tea Estate and on the east by the Rohini Tea Estate and Giddapahar Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(19) The area known as Dhobi Khola Bustee bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola *Jhora*, on the west by the Dhobi Khola *Jhora* and the Castleton Tea Estate, on the south by the Castleton Tea Estate and the northern boundary of Lower Giddapahar and on the east by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

SCHEDULE B.

(See clause 17.)

A coupon on a Ration Card of the type specified in column 1 below shall be valid in respect of each rationed article for the number of units specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 below:—

Type of Ration Card.	Number of Units.
1	2
Ration Cards in respect of persons above the age of 8 years.	2.
Ration Cards in respect of persons of the age of 8 years and below.	2 in respect of sugar and salt and 1 in respect of other rationed articles.

SCHEDULE C.

(See clause 18.)

The unit of a Ration Card shall be valued as follows:—

Rice husk and in the husk } Wheat and wheat products .. }	in combination ..	1 seer and 5 chataks in the case of a person who is not a heavy manual worker and 1 seer and 12 chataks in the case of a person who is a heavy manual worker].
Sugar .. .. .	..	2 chataks.
Salt .. .. .	..	1½ chataks.

¹*Explanation.*—"Heavy manual worker" means a person regularly engaged in heavy manual work, and if any question arises as to whether a person is a heavy manual worker or not the decision of the Director or any other officer authorised in writing by the Director in this behalf shall be final.

SCHEDULE D.

(See clause 33.)

The unit of each rationed article shall, for the purpose of a Ration Permit, be valued as follows:—

	Seers.
Rice husked and in the husk	5
Wheat	5
Atta	5
Flour	5
Sugar	1
Salt	1

SCHEDULE E.

(See Regulation 18, proviso.)

The maximum amount up to which a rationed article may be taken is,—

(1) in respect of Ration Cards of two units—

(a) in the case of rice husked and in the husk—2 seers and 10 *chataks* if the holder is not a heavy manual worker and 3 seers and 8 *chataks* if the holder is a heavy manual worker,

(b) in the case of wheat and wheat products—1 seer and 8 *chataks*;

(2) in respect of Ration Cards of one unit—

(a) in the case of rice husked and in the husk—1 seer and 5 *chataks*;

(b) in the case of wheat and wheat products—1 seer.

Explanation.—"Heavy manual worker" has the same meaning as in Schedule C.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3802 D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1946.

²Inserted, *ibid.*

FORMS.**Form AR-1 (Parts A and B).**

(See clause 43.)

Register of Registered Ration Card/Permit Holders.

Serial No.	Number of Ration Card (A) Ration Permit (B).	Name.	Address.	Units.	Initials of A. R. O. after check with counterfoil.	Cancellation.		Remarks.
						Date.	Reason.	

FORM ES-1.

(See clause 48.)

Serial No.	Number of Ration Card or Serial No. in F-II Register.*	Name.	Address.	Units.	Initials of Town Rationing Officer after check.	Cancellation.		Remarks.
						Date.	Reason.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8

*Only for cases where the maintenance of Register F-II has been specially authorised.

F-II Register.

(See clause 53.)

Name of Appointed Retailer.....

Shop No. E. S.....

Address.....

Serial No.	Full name.	Father's name.	Address in full (if within municipal area, the name of the municipality and if in a village, the name of the village, post office, thana and district).	Occupation and ticket or token No.
1	2	3	4	5

Age.	Signature of Town Rationing Officer.	Registration.		Cancellation.		Remarks.
		Date.	E. S.-I. Serial No.	Date.	Reason.	
6	7	8		9		10

Daily Sales Register.

(See clauses 43 and 48.)

Shop No. Week No.

Address:

From 194..... to 194.....

Serial No.	Cash Memo. No.	R. C. R. F.	Rice.	Wheat.	Flour.	Atta.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
			Mds. ars. chs.	Mds. ars. chs.	Mds. ars. chs.	Mds. ars. chs.

Dal.	Sugar.				Amount.
8	9	10	11	12	13
Mds. Srs. chs.	Mds. ars. chs.	Mds. ars. chs.	Mds. ars. chs.	Mds. ars. chs.	Rs. a. p.

Notification No. 285 D.C.S., dated the 14th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th January, 1944, Pt. I, p. 60).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 18 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) The Controller of Rationing, Calcutta,
- (2) Special Officer, Sub-Area Organisation,
- (3) Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments),
- (4) Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops),
- (5) Additional Deputy Controller of Rationing, Appointed Retailers Section, and
- (6) Rationing Officers,

for the purposes of the said paragraph 18 in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; and

(4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 3781 D.C.S., dated the 1st May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 1st May, 1944, p. 143).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 18 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Controller of Rationing, Calcutta,
- (2) the Deputy Controller of Rationing, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, with Headquarters at Khardah (24-Parganas),
- (3) the Deputy Controller of Rationing, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, with Headquarters at Bhadreswar (Hooghly),
- (4) the Special Officer, Sub-Area Organisation,
- (5) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops), and
- (6) the Rationing Officers,

for the purposes of the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

1. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagarh, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas.

2. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 5467 D.C.S., dated the 25th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 725).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 18 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Deputy Controller of Rationing, Sub-Area Organisation, for the purposes of the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank; (2) the port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908; (3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; (4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah; and (5) the municipality of Budge Budge in the district of 24-Parganas.

Notification No. 8698 D.C.S., dated the 30th August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 21st September, 1944, p. 215).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 18 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal,
- (2) the Deputy Controller of Rationing, Sub-Area Organisation,

- (3) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments),
- (4) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops),
- (5) the Additional Deputy Controller of Rationing, and
- (6) the Rationing Officers,

for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the area specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

The *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by the C. S. khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 10082D.C.S., dated the 19th October, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th October, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1283).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 18 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Additional Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal, for the purposes of the said paragraph in respect of "the Calcutta Industrial Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 5084D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 662).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 18 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, for the purposes of the said paragraph in respect of the "Calcutta Industrial Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 10219D.C.S., dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th August, 1945, p. 191).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 18 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the District Magistrate of Dacca,
- (2) the Subdivisional Magistrate, Narayanganj,
- (3) the Town Rationing Officer, Dacca,
- (4) the Town Rationing Officer, Narayanganj,
- (5) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Dacca,
- (6) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Narayanganj,
- (7) the Assistant Rationing Officers, Dacca, and
- (8) the Assistant Rationing Officers, Narayanganj,

for the purposes of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Dacca-Narayanganj Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Dacca-Narayanganj Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Dacca-Narayanganj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 12886D.C.S., dated the 25th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1764).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 18 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below for the purposes of the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers. 1	Areas. 2
The District Magistrate, Tippera, and the Town Rationing Officer of Comilla.	The Comilla Urban Area.
The Assistant Rationing Officers, Comilla.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Comilla Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Comilla Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 915D.C.S., dated the 18th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th January, 1946, Pt. I, p. 231).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 18 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Joint Controllers of Rationing, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, for the purposes of the said paragraph in respect of the areas of their respective jurisdictions within the "Calcutta Industrial Area" and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area".

Explanation.—In this notification, the "Calcutta Industrial Area" and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" have the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

Notification No. 1330D.C.S., dated the 26th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 28th January, 1946, p. vi).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 18 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene) for the purposes of the said paragraph in respect of the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area.

Explanation.—In this notification "the Calcutta Industrial Area" and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" have the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

Notification No. 1579D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946, p. vii).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 18 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers

specified in column 1 of the table below for the purposes of the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers. 1	Areas. 2
The District Magistrate, Chittagong, and the Town Rationing Officer of Chittagong.	The Chittagong Urban Area.
The Assistant Rationing Officers, Chittagong.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Chittagong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Chittagong Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Chittagong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 2824D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946, p. xi).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 18 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below for the purposes of the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers. 1	Areas. 2
The Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling.	The Darjeeling - Kalimpong Kurseong Urban Area.
The Town Rationing Officers of Darjeeling, Kalimpong and Kurseong and the Subdivisional Magistrates of Kalimpong and Kurseong.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the 'Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area' has the same meaning as in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946

Notification No. 11963D.C.S., dated the 18th December, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 21st December, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1517).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 20 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to exempt—

- (a) every person holding any land in the Calcutta Industrial Area or the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area and having in his possession paddy produced from such land by himself or by members of his family with or without the help of paid labourers or by his *adhiars*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars* and also every person cultivating the land of another person in any such areas as an *adhiar*, *bargadar* or *bhaydar* and having in his possession any paddy produced by such cultivation, from the operation of the provisions of paragraphs 4 and 9 of the said Order in respect of selling such paddy to the owner or manager of a rice mill holding a license under the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, and

- (b) every owner or manager of a rice mill holding license under the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, from the operation of the provisions of paragraphs 7 and 9 of the said Order in respect of purchasing any such paddy from any of the persons referred to in clause (a).

Explanation.—In this Order “the Calcutta Industrial Area” and “the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area” have the same meanings as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

Notification No. 15308 D.C.S., dated the 21st December, 1945 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary” of the 29th December, 1945, p. 615).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 20 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to exempt—

- (a) every person holding any land in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area and having in his possession paddy produced from such land by himself or by members of his family with or without the help of paid labourers or by his *adhiars*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars* and also every person cultivating the land of another person in any such areas as an *adhiar*, *bargadar* or *bhagdar* and having in his possession any paddy produced by such cultivation from the operation of the provisions of paragraphs 4 and 9 of the said Order in respect of selling such paddy to the owner or manager of a rice mill holding a license under the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, and

- (b) every owner or manager of a rice mill holding license under the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, from the operation of the provisions of paragraphs 7 and 9 of the said Order in respect of purchasing any such paddy from any of the persons referred to in clause (a).

Explanation.—In this Order “the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area” has the same meaning as in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 15310 D.C.S., dated the 21st December, 1945 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary” of the 29th December, 1945, p. 616).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 20 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to exempt—

- (a) every person holding any land in the Comilla Urban Area and having in his possession paddy produced from such land by himself or members of his family with or without the help of paid labourers or by his *adhiars*, *bargadars* or *bhagdars* and also every person cultivating the land of another person in any such areas as an *adhiar*, *bargadar* or *bhagdar* and having in his possession any paddy produced by such cultivation, from the operation of the provisions of paragraphs 4 and 9 of the said Order in respect of selling such paddy to the owner or manager of a rice mill holding a license under the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, and

- (b) every owner or manager of a rice mill holding license under the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, from the operations of the provisions of paragraphs 7 and 9 of the said Order in respect of purchasing any such paddy from any of the persons referred to in clause (a).

Explanation.—In this Order “the Comilla Urban Area” has the same meaning as in the Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 2827 D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946, p. xi).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 20 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to exempt all persons growing in the district of Darjeeling hill-rice of superior grade as determined by the Director of Rationing or any officer authorised by him in this behalf from the operation of the provisions of paragraph 4 of the said Order in respect of their supplying such rice to any person who has obtained a ration card in the area specified in the Schedule below and who has also obtained for purchasing such rice a permit from the Subdivisional Magistrate of Kalimpong or Kurseong or the Town Rationing Officer of Darjeeling.

The Schedule.

- (1) The Municipality of Darjeeling including Lebong Cantonment and Jalapahar Cantonment in the district of Darjeeling.
- (2) The area known as Fulbari Bustee bounded on the north, east and west by the Fandan Tea Gardens and on the south by the Municipality of Darjeeling.
- (3) The area known as Rajbari Bustee bounded on the north by the Municipality of Darjeeling, on the east by Kotwali Jhora, on the west by Kag Jhora and on the south by the Arya Tea Gardens.
- (4) The Municipality of Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (5) The whole of the Bong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (6) The whole of the Bhalukhop Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (7) The whole of the Dongra Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (8) The whole of the Kalimpong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (9) The whole of the Sindipong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (10) The whole of the Pudung Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (11) The whole of the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes land within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (12) The Municipality of Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (13) The area known as Kharee Bustee bounded on the north by the Dilaram Tea Estate, on the west by the Ringtong Tea Estate, on the south by uncultivated land and on the east by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (14) The area known as Goethal's Siding bounded on the north by forest land, on the west by the Hill Cart Road, on the south by Jhora No. 501, on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (15) The area known as St. Mary's Bustee bounded on the north by Jhora No. 501, on the west by the Hill Cart Road and eastern boundary of St. Alphonsus School Compound, on the south by St. Helen's Jhora, Dow Hill Road and Northern Dow Hill School Compound and on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (16) The area known as Burbong Bustee bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and forest land, on the west and south by the strip

of land separating Burbong Bustee from Upper Giddapahar and on the east by the Majhua Tea Estate and forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(17) The area known as Upper Giddapahar bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and a strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from the Upper Giddapahar, on the west and south by the Hill Cart Road and on the east by the Gumti Tea Estate and Majhu Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(18) The area known as Lower Giddapahar bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola Bustee and Hill Cart Road, on the west by the Castleton Tea Estate and the Rohini Tea Estate and on the east by the Rohini Tea Estate and Giddapahar Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(19) The area known as Dhobi Khola Bustee bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola *Jhora*, on the west by the Dhobi Khola *Jhora* and the Castleton Tea Estate, on the south by the Castleton Tea Estate and the northern boundary of Lower Giddapahar and on the east by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

Notification No. 286D.C.S., dated the 14th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th January, 1944, Pt. I, p. 60).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 21 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) The Controller of Rationing, Calcutta,
- (2) Special Officer, Sub-Area Organisation,
- (3) Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments),
- (4) Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops),
- (5) Additional Deputy Controller of Rationing, Appointed Retailers Section,
- (6) Assistant Controllers of Rationing,
- (7) Transport and Storage Officer,
- (8) Special Officers in the office of the Controller of Rationing,
- (9) Chief Inspectors, Deputy Chief Inspectors, Inspectors, Sub-Inspectors under the Controller of Rationing, and
- (10) Rationing Officers,

for the purposes of the said paragraph 21 in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; and

(4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 3782 D.C.S., dated the 1st May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 1st May, 1944, p. 144).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 21 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Controller of Rationing, Calcutta,
- (2) the Deputy Controller of Rationing, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, with headquarters at Khardah (24-Parganas),
- (3) the Deputy Controller of Rationing, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, with Headquarters at Bhadreswar (Hooghly),
- (4) the Special Officer, Sub-Area Organisation,
- (5) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops),
- (6) the Assistant Controller of Rationing,
- (7) the Special Officer, Rationing, Khardah (24-Parganas),
- (8) the Special Officer, Rationing, Bhadreswar (Hooghly),
- (9) the Rationing Officers, and
- (10) the Chief Inspectors, Deputy Chief Inspectors, Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors under the Controller of Rationing,

to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a) to (f) of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

1. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagarh, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas.

2. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 5468 D.C.S., dated the 25th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 725).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 21 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Deputy Controller of Rationing, Sub-Area Organisation, to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a) to (f) of the sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank; (2) the port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908; (3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; (4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah; and (5) the municipality of Budge Budge in the district of 24-Parganas.

Notification No. 8699 D.C.S., dated the 30th August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th November, 1944, p. 215).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (I) of paragraph 21 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal,
- (2) the Deputy Controller of Rationing, Sub-Area Organisation,
- (3) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments),
- (4) the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Employers' Shops),
- (5) the Additional Deputy Controller of Rationing,
- (6) the Assistant Controllers of Rationing,
- (7) the Transport and Storage Officer,
- (8) the Special Officers under the Controller of Rationing,
- (9) the Chief Inspectors, Deputy Chief Inspectors, Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors under the Controller of Rationing, and
- (10) the Rationing Officers,

to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a) and (f) of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

Schedule.

The *mauza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by C. S. khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 10083 D.C.S., dated the 19th October, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th October, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1283).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (I) of paragraph 21 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Additional Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal, to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a) to (f) of the said sub-paragraph in respect of "the Calcutta Industrial Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 5085 D.C.S., dated the 21st April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 662).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (I) of paragraph 21 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a) to (f) of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the "Calcutta Industrial Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" as defined in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No.10220D.C.S., dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary", of the 4th August, 1945, p. 191).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 21 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the District Magistrate of Dacca,
- (2) the District Controller of Civil Supplies, Dacca,
- (3) the Subdivisional Magistrate, Narayanguj,
- (4) the Town Rationing Officer, Dacca,
- (5) the Town Rationing Officer, Narayanguj,
- (6) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Dacca,
- (7) the Assistant Town Rationing Officers, Narayanguj,
- (8) the Assistant Rationing Officers, Dacca,
- (9) the Assistant Rationing Officers, Narayanguj,
- (10) the Inspectors of Rationing, Dacca,
- (11) the Inspectors of Rationing, Narayanguj,
- (12) the Sub-Inspectors of Rationing, Dacca, and
- (13) the Sub-Inspectors of Rationing, Narayanguj,

to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a) to (f) of the said sub-paragraph within their respective jurisdictions in the Dacca-Narayanguj Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Dacca-Narayanguj Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Dacca-Narayanguj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 12887D.C.S., dated the 25th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1764).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 21 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a) to (f) of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table :—

Officers. 1	Areas. 2
The District Magistrate of Tippera, the District Controller of Civil Supplies, Tippera, and the Town Rationing Officer of Comilla.	The Comilla Urban Area.
The Assistant Rationing Officers, Comilla, the Inspectors of Rationing, Comilla, and the Sub-Inspectors of Rationing, Comilla.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Comilla Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Comilla Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945

Notification No. 916D.C.S., dated the 18th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th January, 1946, Pt. I, p. 231).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 21 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Joint Controllers of Rationing, Department of Civil Supplies,

Bengal, to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a) to (f) of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas of their respective jurisdictions within the "Calcutta Industrial Area" and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area".

Explanation.—In this notification, the "Calcutta Industrial Area" and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" have the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

Notification No. 1331D.C.S., dated the 26th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 28th January, 1945, p. vi).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 21 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Kerosene) to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a) to (f) of the sub-paragraph in respect of the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area.

Explanation.—In this notification "the Calcutta Industrial Area" and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" have the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

Notification No. 1580D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946, p. vii).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 21 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to exercise the powers referred to in clauses (a) to (f) of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers. 1	Areas. 2
The District Magistrate of Chittagong.	The Chittagong Urban Area.
The District Controller of Civil Supplies, Chittagong, and the Town Rationing Officer of Chittagong.	
The Assistant Rationing Officers, Chittagong, the Inspectors of Rationing, Chittagong, and the Sub-Inspectors of Rationing, Chittagong.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Chittagong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the Chittagong Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Chittagong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 2823D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946, p. xi).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 21 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to exercise the

powers referred to in clauses (a) to (f) of the said sub-paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers.	Areas.
1	2
The Deputy Commissioner of Darjeeling, the District Controller of Civil Supplies, Darjeeling.	The Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area.
The Subdivisional Magistrate, Kalimpong, the Subdivisional Magistrate, Kurseong, the Town Rationing Officer, Darjeeling, the Town Rationing Officer, Kalimpong, the Town Rationing Officer, Kurseong, the Inspectors of Rationing, Darjeeling, the Inspectors of Rationing, Kalimpong, the Inspectors of Rationing, Kurseong, the Sub-Inspectors of Rationing, Darjeeling, the Sub-Inspectors of Rationing, Kalimpong, the Sub-Inspectors of Rationing, Kurseong.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this notification, the "Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area" has the same meaning as in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 2217 D.C.S., dated the 1st December, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd December, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1756).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 22 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to delegate to the Controller of Rationing, Calcutta, the powers under paragraph 3, sub-paragraphs (1) and (3) of paragraph 10 and paragraph 19 of the said Order:

Provided that the powers under sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 10 may be exercised by officers of the Rationing Offices by whom the Controller of Rationing, Calcutta, caused the ration documents to be issued under sub-paragraph (1) of the said paragraph.

Notification No. 3601 D.C.S., dated the 17th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th January, 1944, Pt. I, p. 60).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 22 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to delegate to the Controller of Rationing, Calcutta, the power under sub-paragraph (3a) of paragraph 3 of the said Order.

Notification No. 8856 D.S.C., dated the 2nd September, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th September, 1944, p. 220).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 22 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to delegate to the Deputy Controller of Distribution in charge of Salt, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal, the powers under paragraph 19 of the Order in respect to the supply and distribution of Salt.

Notification No. 10687 D.S.C., dated the 19th October, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th October, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1284).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 22 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to delegate to the Additional Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal, the powers under paragraph 3, sub-paragraphs (1) and (3) of paragraph 10 and paragraph 19 of the said Order.

Notification No. 3178 D. C. S., dated the 26th March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 5th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 520).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 22 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, and in supersession of this department notification No. 8856 D.C.S., dated the 2nd September, 1944, the Governor is pleased to delegate to the Director of Supply, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and the Deputy Director of Supply in charge of Salt, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, the powers conferred on Provincial Government by paragraph 19 of the said Order with respect to the supply and distribution of salt.

Notification No. 5086 D. C. S., dated the 21st April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 662).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 22 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to delegate to the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, the powers under paragraph 3, sub-paragraphs (1) and (3) of paragraph 10 and paragraph 19 of the said Order.

Notification No. 10221 D. C. S., dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th August, 1945, p. 191).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 22 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to delegate to the officers specified in column 1 of the table below the powers under paragraph 3, sub-paragraphs (1) and (3) of paragraph 10 and paragraph 19 of the said Order in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said table:—

Officers. 1	Areas. 2
The District Magistrate of Dacca.	The Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area.
The Town Rationing Officer, Dacca, and the Subdivisional Magistrate, Narayangunj.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions within the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this Order, the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Dacca-Narayangunj Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 12888 D. C. S., dated the 25th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1762).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 22 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to delegate to the

District Magistrate of Tippera and the Town Rationing Officer of Comilla the powers under paragraph 3, sub-paragraphs (1) and (3) of paragraph 10 and paragraph 19 of the said Order in respect of the Comilla Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this Order, the Comilla Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Comilla Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1945.

Notification No. 917 D. C. S., dated the 18th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th January, 1946, Pt. I, p. 231).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 22 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to delegate to the Joint Controllers of Rationing, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, the powers under sub-paragraphs (1) and (3) of paragraph 10, and paragraph 19 of the said Order, in respect of the areas of their respective jurisdictions within the "Calcutta Industrial Area" and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area".

Explanation:—In this notification, the "Calcutta Industrial Area" and the "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" have the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

Notification No. 1581 D. C. S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th February, 1946, p. vii).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 22 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to delegate to the District Magistrate of Chittagong and the Town Rationing Officer of Chittagong the powers under paragraph 3, sub-paragraphs (1) and (3) of paragraph 10 and paragraph 19 of the said Order in respect of the Chittagong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this Order, the Chittagong Urban Area has the same meaning as in the Chittagong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 2825 D. C. S., dated the 27th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th March, 1946, p. xi).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 22 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to delegate to the Subdivisional Magistrate, Kalimpong, the Subdivisional Magistrate, Kurseong, and Town Rationing Officer, Darjeeling, the powers under paragraph 3, sub-paragraphs (1) and (3) of paragraph 10 and paragraph 19 of the said Order in respect of the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area.

Explanation.—In this Order, the "Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area" has the same meaning as in the Darjeeling-Kalimpong-Kurseong Urban Area Rationing Regulations, 1946.

Notification No. 901, dated the 22nd September, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 23rd September, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1480).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (aa) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Rationing Preparatory Inquiry Order, 1943.

(2) It shall apply to the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order and may be extended by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette* to such other areas as may be specified in the notification.

2. In this Order,—

- (1) "Controller" means the officer appointed by the Provincial Government to be the Controller of Rationing;
- (2) "Inquiry Officer" means a member of the Warden's branch of the Air Raid Precaution Service constituted under the Air Raid Precaution Services Ordinance, 1941, and includes any person authorised by the Controller to collect the information referred to in paragraph 3.

3. Every person shall on demand being made either orally or in writing by an Inquiry Officer furnish to such officer forthwith or within such period as may be fixed in this behalf by such officer full and true information on the following matters and on such other matters as may be incidental or explanatory thereto:—

- (a) his name, age and occupation, and if employed, place of employment and name of employer;
- (b) the name, age, occupation, and if employed, the place of employment and name of employer of the head of the family to which he belongs;
- (c) the name, age and occupation, and if employed, the place of employment and the name of the employer of such of the members of his family as live in the same premises and share a common mess;
- (d) the name, age, occupation, and if employed, the place of employment and the name of employer of such other person or persons not belonging to the family but living in the same premises and sharing a common mess with the family; and
- (e) the name and age of any servant or servants living on the premises employed by him or by the head of the family to which he belongs.

4. (1) On receipt of the information referred to in paragraph 3, the Inquiry Officer shall verify the information by such inquiries as he may consider necessary to make and shall then compile and sign a return in the form set out in Schedule II to this Order and thereafter forward the return to the Controller or such other officer as may be specified in this behalf by the said Controller.

(2) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1), an Inquiry Officer may at any time after sunrise and before sunset enter upon and inspect any premises:

Provided that in entering upon and inspecting any premises the Inquiry Officer shall have due regard to the social and religious customs of the persons occupying the premises.

Schedule I.

1. Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of Hastings North of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

2. The South Suburban Municipality and the Municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; and

3. The Municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Schedule II.

No. Rationing Inquiry Form. Area.

Sub-Area. Post-Area. Sector.

Street

House No.

Road

Flat No.

Name of head of family.	Occupation and name of firm, factory, etc., where employed.	Age.

Names of members (including servants) living with head of family.	Relationship.	Occupation and name of firm, factory, etc., where employed.	Age Yrs. M.

Signature of Enquiring Officer.

Received ration cards numbered.

Signature or thumb impression of head of family or responsible member.

Name of head of family.

Address.

Notification No. 10195 D. C. S., dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd August, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1285).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing Preparatory Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to extend the said Order to the areas specified in the Schedule below:—

The Schedule.

(1) The municipality of Comilla in the district of Tippera.

(2) The part of mauza Sashangachha bearing jurisdiction list No. 447 covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 225 to 227, 238 to 240, 458, 459, 503 and 506 to 519 within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

(3) The part of mauza Dharampore bearing jurisdiction list No. 227 covered by cadastral survey plot Nos. 114 to 116, 135, 136, 175 and 395 within the police-station Kotwali in the district of Tippera.

Notification No. 12407 D. C. S., dated the 3rd October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th October, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1679).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing Preparatory Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to extend the said order to the Municipality of Chittagong.

Notification No. 13987 D. C. S., dated the 23rd November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 29th November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2018).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing Preparatory Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to extend the said Order to the areas specified in the Schedule below :—

The Schedule.

- (1) The Municipality of Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (2) The whole of the Bong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (3) The whole of the Bhalukhop Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (4) The whole of the Dongra Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (5) The whole of the Kalimpong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (6) The whole of the Sindipong Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (7) The whole of the Pudung Khasmahal block within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (8) The whole of the St. Andrew's Colonial Homes land within the police-station Kalimpong in the district of Darjeeling.

Notification No. 13988 D. C. S., dated the 23rd November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 29th November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2018).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Rationing Preparatory Inquiry Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to extend the said Order to the areas specified in the Schedule below :—

The Schedule.

- (1) The Municipality of Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (2) The area known as Kharee Bustee bounded on the north by the Dilaram Tea Estate, on the west by the Ringtong Tea Estate, on the south by uncultivated land and on the east by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.
- (3) The area known as Goethal's Siding bounded on the north by forest land, on the west by the Hill Cart Road, on the south by Jhora No. 501, on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(4) The area known as St. Mary's Bustee bounded on the north by *Jhora* No. 501, on the west by the Hill Cart Road and eastern boundary of St. Alphonsus' School Compound, on the south by St. Helen's *Jhora*, Dow Hill Road and Northern Dow Hill School Compound and on the east by forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(5) The area known as Burbong Bustee bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and forest land, on the west and south by the strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from Upper Giddapahar and on the east by the Majhua Tea Estate and forest land within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(6) The area known as Upper Giddapahar bounded on the north by the Castleton Tea Estate and a strip of land separating Burbong Bustee from the Upper Giddapahar, on the west and south by the Hill Cart Road and on the east by the Gumti Tea Estate and Majhu Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(7) The area known as Lower Giddapahar bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola Bustee and Hill Cart Road, on the west by the Castleton Tea Estate and the Rohini Tea Estate and on the east by the Rohini Tea Estate and Giddapahar Tea Estate within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

(8) The area known as Dhobi Khola Bustee bounded on the north by Dhobi Khola *Jhora*, on the west by the Dhobi Khola *Jhora* and the Castleton Tea Estate, on the south by the Castleton Tea Estate and the northern boundary of Lower Giddapahar and on the east by the Hill Cart Road within the police-station Kurseong in the district of Darjeeling.

Notification No. 1079 (L. L.), dated the 31st July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd August, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1300).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 of the Bengal Rationing Preparatory Inquiry Order, 1943, I hereby specify the Town Rationing Officer of Comilla to be the officer to whom returns referred to in the said sub-paragraph shall be forwarded.

(VIII) GUR AND SUGAR.

Notification No. 12541 D. C. S., dated the 8th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 9th October, 1945, Pt. I, p. 229).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said rules, that notice of the Order shall be given by the publication of the said Order in the *Official Gazette* and by the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining its provisions:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "Director-General" means the Director-General, Food, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, appointed by the Provincial Government and includes such other officers as may be authorised by him by an order in writing to exercise all or any of the powers conferred upon the Director-General by this Order;

- (b) "gur" means articles commonly known as *gur*, *gul*, *jaggery*, *shakkar* and *rab*, and includes raw sugar as also uncrystallised sugar in any other form comprised of original and convertible molasses and other impurities, inherent or foreign, prepared by boiling sugar-cane juice;
- (c) "sugar" means any form of sugar containing more than ninety *per cent.* of sucrose;
- (d) "sugar-cane apparatus" means any machine, appliance or apparatus commonly used for crushing sugar-cane or boiling sugar-cane juice;
- (e) "sugar factory" means a factory in which or in any part of which any manufacturing process connected with the production of sugar or sugar products or both is being carried on or is ordinarily carried on with the aid of electrical energy or any other form of energy which is mechanically transmitted and is not generated by human or animal agency;
- (f) "sugar product" means any article manufactured from sugar and containing not less than fifty *per cent.* by weight of sugar;
- (g) "zone" means any area declared to be a zone for the purposes of this Order under paragraph 3 of this Order.

3. The Director-General may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, declare any area to be a zone for the purposes of this Order and may in like manner vary, amend or rescind any notification so issued.

4. The Director-General may from time to time specify by notification in the *Official Gazette* a period or periods in each year in respect of each zone during which no *gur* shall be manufactured therein by any person and no sugar or sugar product shall be manufactured except in a sugar factory by any person within such zone.

5. No person shall move, or cause to be moved, any *gur* or sugar-cane, and no person other than a person owning or having charge or control of a sugar factory shall move or cause to be moved any sugar or sugar product from any place within a zone to any place outside such zone by rail, road, river or in any other manner whatsoever:

Provided that the Director-General may by an order in writing exempt any person from the operation of this paragraph in respect of such quantities of *gur*, sugar-cane, sugar or sugar product and for such period as may be specified in the Order.

6. No person shall at any place within a zone acquire or obtain by purchase, hire or otherwise, except for installation or use in a sugar factory, any sugar-cane apparatus or shall use at any such place any such apparatus otherwise than in a sugar factory, during such period every year as may be specified in this behalf by notification in the *Official Gazette* by the Director-General and no person other than a person owning or having charge or control of a sugar factory shall bring any such apparatus from any place outside a zone to any place within such zone by rail, road or river or in any other manner whatsoever at any time during the period so specified:

Provided that the Director-General may by an order in writing exempt any person from the operation of this paragraph in respect of such apparatus and for such period and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the Order.

7. After an area has been declared to be a zone under paragraph 3 of this Order no person, except a person owning or having charge or control of a sugar factory, shall enter into any contract for the hire of any sugar-cane apparatus for the purpose of using it at any place within such zone

for the crushing of sugar-cane or for the boiling of sugar-cane juice if such contract contains any term which enables the use of such apparatus during any period prior to the 1st day of December 1945 and any such contract if entered into shall be void within the meaning of the Indian Contract Act, 1872, and shall not be enforceable by law and no person shall deliver any such apparatus to any person in terms of any such contract.

8. Any contract entered into, before the declaration under paragraph 3 of any area to be a zone, for the hire of any sugar-cane apparatus for the purpose of using it at any place within such zone otherwise than in a sugar factory for the crushing of sugar-cane, or for the boiling of sugar-cane juice, which contains any term enabling the use of such apparatus during any period after such declaration, but before the 1st day of December 1945, shall—

(a) in the case where no delivery of such apparatus has been made under the said contract before such declaration, be deemed to be void within the meaning of the Indian Contract Act, 1872, and shall not be enforceable by law and no such delivery shall be made after such declaration;

(b) in the case where the delivery of such apparatus has been made in accordance with the terms of such contract before such declaration, unless the contract is by the consent of the parties thereto revised otherwise so as not to contravene the provisions of this Order, be deemed to have been revised as if for the period between such declaration and the 30th day of November 1945, during which such apparatus cannot be used by reason of the operation of the provisions of this Order, a like period commencing on the 1st day of December 1945 or on the date of termination of the period of hire mentioned in such contract, whichever is later, had been substituted and the contract shall be enforceable in this revised form and not otherwise.

9. In every sugar factory situated within a zone the crushing of sugar-cane and the production of sugar shall, unless such sugar factory is expressly exempted from the provisions of this paragraph by order in writing of the Director-General, be commenced on or before such date in each year as may be specified in this behalf by the Director-General by notification in the *Official Gazette*.

10. If the owner or person in charge or control of a sugar factory refuses or omits to purchase sugar-cane from any person growing such sugar-cane within the zone within which such sugar factory is situated, the Director-General may, on application made to him in that behalf by such person, and after making such inquiry, if any, as he may deem necessary, by order in writing direct the owner or person in charge or control of such sugar factory to purchase from the applicant or his agent such quantity of sugar-cane at such place and by such date as may be specified in the order and thereupon such owner or person in charge or control of the sugar factory shall comply with such Order.

11. The Director-General may, with a view to securing compliance with this Order—

(a) enter upon and inspect or authorise any person to enter upon and inspect any premises within a zone in which he has reason to believe that *gur*, sugar or any sugar product is being manufactured or any sugar-cane apparatus is being held in contravention of this Order;

- (b) detain and search or authorise any person to detain and search any boat, motor vehicle, cart or any other vehicle in which he has reason to believe that *gur*, sugar-cane, sugar or any sugar product or any sugar-cane apparatus is being moved in contravention of this Order;
- (c) seize or authorise any person to seize any *gur*, sugar-cane, sugar or sugar product or any sugar-cane apparatus in respect of which he has reason to believe that a contravention of this Order has been committed.

12. If any person contravenes the provisions of this Order, then, without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, any Court trying the contravention shall order that any *gur*, sugar-cane, sugar or sugar product, or any sugar-cane apparatus, together with packages and coverings thereof, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the contravention has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole, or as the case may be, a part of the property.

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2434 O.C., dated the 12th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1902).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby authorise the officers mentioned in column 1 of the table below to exercise the powers conferred upon the Director-General by the provisions of the said Order specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 3 of the said table—

Officers.	Provisions of the order.	Areas.
1		
All Subdivisional Magistrates ..	Proviso to paragraph 5 and the proviso to paragraph 6 of the Order.	Zones declared under paragraph 3 of the said Order or any part of such zones situated within the respective subdivisions of which they are in charge.
All Circle Officers ..	Paragraph 10 of the Order	Zones declared under paragraph 3 of the said Order or any part of such zones situated within the areas of their respective jurisdictions.
All officers of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, of and above the rank of Sugar-zone Sub-Inspector.	Clause (a) of paragraph 11 of the Order.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions.
All officers of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal.	Clauses (b) and (c) of paragraph 11 of the Order.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions.

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2364 O.C., dated the 2nd November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 6th November, 1945, p. 256).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby declare the area specified in the Schedule below to be a Zone for the purposes of the said Order.

The Schedule.

[Not printed here.]

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2365 O.C., dated the 2nd November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 6th November, 1945, p. 258).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby declare the area specified in the Schedule below to be a Zone for the purposes of the said Order.

The Schedule.

[Not printed here.]

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2366 O. C., dated the 2nd November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 6th November, 1945, p. 265).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby declare the area specified in the Schedule below to be a Zone for the purposes of the said Order.

The Schedule.

[Not printed here.]

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2367 O. C., dated the 2nd November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 6th November, 1945, p. 269).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby declare the area specified in the Schedule below to be a Zone for the purposes of the said Order.

The Schedule.

[Not printed here.]

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2427 O. C., dated the 10th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1901).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby declare the area specified in the Schedule below to be a Zone for the purposes of the said Order.

The Schedule.

[Not printed here.]

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2464 O. C., dated the 20th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1923).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby declare the area specified in the Schedule below to be a Zone for the purposes of the said Order.

The Schedule.

[Not printed here.]

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2368 O. C., dated the 2nd November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 6th November, 1945, p. 256)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 4 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby specify in respect of each of the areas declared to be a zone by notifications Nos. IV-A-6/45-2364-O.C., IV-A-6/45-2365-O.C., IV-A-6/45-2366-O.C. and IV-A-6/45-2367-O.C., each dated the 2nd November 1945, the period commencing on the date of publication of this notification

in the *Calcutta Gazette* and ending on the 15th December 1945 to be the period during which no gur shall be manufactured by any person and no sugar or sugar products shall be manufactured except in a sugar factory by any person within such zone.

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2428 O. C., dated the 10th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1902).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 4 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby specify in respect of the area declared to be a zone by notification No. IV-A-6/45-2427-O.C., dated the 10th November 1945, the period commencing on the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* and ending on the 15th December 1945 to be the period during which no gur shall be manufactured by any person and no sugar or sugar products shall be manufactured except in a sugar factory by any person within such zone.

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2465 O. C., dated the 20th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1925).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 4 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby specify in respect of the area declared to be a zone by notification No. IV-A-6/45-2464-O.C., dated the 20th November 1945, the period commencing on the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* and ending on the 15th December 1945 to be the period during which no gur shall be manufactured by any person and no sugar or sugar products shall be manufactured except in a sugar factory by any person within such zone.

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2369 O. C., dated the 2nd November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 6th November, 1945, p. 256).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby specify the period commencing on the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* and ending on the 15th December 1945 to be the period during which no person shall at any place within any zone declared under notifications Nos. IV-A-6/45-2364-O.C., IV-A-6/45-2365-O.C., IV-A-6/45-2366-O.C. and IV-A-6/45-2367-O.C., each dated the 2nd November 1945, acquire or obtain by purchase, hire or otherwise, except for installation or use in a sugar factory, any sugar-cane apparatus or shall use at any such place any such apparatus otherwise than in a sugar factory.

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2429 O. C., dated the 10th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1902).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby specify the period commencing on the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* and ending on the 15th December 1945 to be the period during which no person shall at any place within the zone declared under notification No. IV-A-6/45-2327-O.C., dated the 10th November 1945, acquire or obtain by purchase, hire or otherwise, except for installation or use in a sugar factory any sugar-cane apparatus or shall use at any such place any such apparatus otherwise than in a sugar factory.

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2466 O. C., dated the 20th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1925).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order,

1945, I hereby specify the period commencing on the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* and ending on the 15th December 1945 to be the period during which no person shall at any place within the zone declared under notification No. IV-A-6/45-2464-O.C., dated the 20th November 1945, acquire or obtain by purchase, hire or otherwise, except for installation or use in a sugar factory, any sugar-cane apparatus or shall use at any such place any such apparatus otherwise than in a sugar factory.

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2370 O. C., dated the 2nd November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 6th November, 1945, p. 206).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby specify the 20th day of December 1945 to be the date on or before which the crushing of sugar-cane and the production of sugar shall be commenced in the year 1945 under the said paragraph in every sugar factory situated within any of the areas declared to a zone by notifications Nos. IV-A-6/45-2364-O.C., IV-A-6/45-2365-O.C., IV-A-6/45-2366-O.C. and IV-A-6/45-2367-O.C., each dated the 2nd November 1945.

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2430-O.C., dated the 10th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1902).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby specify the 20th day of December 1945 to be the date on or before which the crushing of sugar-cane and the production of sugar shall be commenced in the year 1945 under the said paragraph in every sugar factory situated within the area declared to be a zone by notification No. IV-A-6/45-2427-O.C., dated the 10th November 1945.

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2467 O.C., dated the 20th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1925).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Gur, Sugar and Sugar Products (Manufacture and Movements) Control Order, 1945, I hereby specify the 20th day of December 1945 to be the date on or before which the crushing of sugar-cane and the production of sugar shall be commenced in the year 1945 under the said paragraph in every sugar factory situated within the area declared to be a zone by notification No. IV-A-6/45-2464 O.C., dated the 20th November 1945.

Notification No. 258 D.C.S., dated the 11th January, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th January, 1943, Pt. I, p. 56).

Order.

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that no sugar factory within the province of Bengal shall enter into any commitments in respect of the sugar produced or to be produced with effect from the 1st January, 1943, or shall despatch any sugar out of the factory to any destination from the new stock, till the factory receives instructions in the matter of despatch from the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal. Violation of this order is punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

Notification No. 13226D.C.S., dated the 2nd November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 6th November, 1945, p. 255).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said rules that notice of the Order shall be given by the publication of the said Order in the *Official Gazette* and by the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining its provisions:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Sugar-cane Prices Control Order, 1945.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-Tracts.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "maund" means a maund consisting of forty seers, each seer being equivalent to eighty tolas, and each tola being equivalent to 180 grains troy;

(b) "sugar" means any form of sugar containing more than ninety per cent. of sucrose;

(c) "sugar-factory" means a factory in which or in any part of which any manufacturing process connected with the production of sugar or sugar products or both is being carried on or is ordinarily carried on with the aid of electrical energy or any other form of energy which is mechanically transmitted and is not generated by human or animal agency;

(d) "sugar product" means any article manufactured from sugar and containing not less than fifty per cent. by weight of sugar.

3. No owner or person in charge or control of any sugar factory and no employee, agent or other person purchasing sugar-cane on behalf of such owner or person in charge or control of a sugar factory shall purchase sugar-cane at prices less than those specified below:—

(a) For sugar-cane purchased at the gate of the sugar factory—Re. 1-2 as. per maund.

(b) For sugar-cane purchased at a Railway Station for transport to the sugar factory by rail at the cost of the owner or person in charge or control of the sugar factory—Re. 1 per maund.

(c) For sugar-cane purchased at riverside for transport to the sugar factory by boats at the cost of the owner or person in charge or control of the sugar factory—Re. 0-14-0 per maund.

¹[(d) For sugar-cane purchased at any other place for transport to the sugar factory by road at the cost of the owner or person in charge or control of the factory—such price being not less than Re. 0-14-0 per maund and not more than Re. 1-2-0 per maund as may be fixed in this behalf by an order in writing by the District Magistrate of the district within which such place is situated.]

4. The Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or any person authorised by him in writing in this behalf, may—

(a) at any time enter upon and inspect any premises used or believed to be used for the purchase of any sugar-cane for its use in a sugar factory,

¹Added by notification No. 982D.C.S., dated the 19th January, 1946.

- (b) inspect or cause to be inspected any apparatus, scales or weights or measures used for the weighment of sugar-cane at the time of making such purchase and any books, registers, accounts, papers and records relating to any such purchase of sugar-cane.

Notification No. IV-A-6/45-2435-O.C., dated the 12th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th November, 1945, Pt. 1, p. 1902).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 4 of the Bengal Sugar-cane Prices Control Order, 1945, I hereby authorise all officers of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, of and above the rank of Sugar-zone Sub-Inspector, to exercise the powers mentioned in the said paragraph.

Notification No. 112D.C.S., dated the 6th January, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 7th January, 1943).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Sugar Licensing Order, 1943.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "sugar" means sugar as defined in sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 8 of the Sugar Control Order, 1942, and includes such other sugar as the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, specify;

(b) "form" means a form as set forth in the Schedule to this Order;

(c) "purchase in wholesale quantities" means purchase in quantities of twenty-five bags or more of sugar weighing 2 maunds 30 seers each in one or more transactions within a calendar week and includes purchase by any person on behalf of another as an agent;

(d) "sale in wholesale quantities" means sale in quantities of twenty-five bags or more of sugar weighing 2 maunds 30 seers each in one or more transactions within a calendar week and includes sale by any person on behalf of another as an agent;

(e) "wholesale dealer" means a dealer, stockist or selling agent selected for the purchase or sale of sugar in wholesale quantities by the Provincial Government and to whom a license has been issued in form A annexed to this Order;

¹(f) "storage of sale in wholesale quantities" means storage in quantities of twenty-five bags or more of sugar weighing 2 maunds 30 seers each for purposes of sale and includes storage by any person on behalf of another as an agent.

3. No person shall engage in any undertaking which involves the purchase, sale, or storage for sale, in wholesale quantities of sugar except under and in accordance with a license issued in that behalf by the Provincial Government, or by an officer authorised in this behalf by it.

¹Added by notification No. 3903D.C.S., dated the 26th March, 1943.

4. Licenses issued under this Order shall be in form A annexed to this Order and shall specify the place or places at which and the conditions subject to which the licensee may carry on the undertaking to which the license relates.

5. (1) No person being the holder of a license issued, or deemed to be issued, under this Order shall contravene any of the conditions mentioned in form A; and if any such person contravenes any of the said conditions, then without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him, his license may be cancelled by an order in writing of the Provincial Government or of an officer authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-paragraph (1) the Provincial Government or an officer authorised in this behalf by it, in special circumstances, without giving any previous notice, or without assigning any reason, suspend or cancel by a written order a license issued, or deemed to be issued, under this Order.

¹[6. Any officer authorised by the ²[Director-General, Food, the Director of Supply, the Deputy Director of Supply in charge of Salt, a District Magistrate, a District Controller of Civil Supplies, a Subdivisional Magistrate] ³[a District Enforcement Officer, a Superintendent of Police or a Deputy Superintendent of Police] may enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that the purchase, sale or storage for sale, in wholesale quantities of sugar is taking place contrary to the provisions of this Order.]

Schedule, Part I.

FORMS.

Form of license; Form A.

(See paragraph 4.)

The Bengal Sugar Licensing Order, 1943.

License for purchase, sale or storage for sale in wholesale quantities of sugar.

Subject to the Bengal Sugar Licensing Order, 1943, and to the terms and conditions of this license.....

..... is/are hereby authorised to purchase, sell, or store for sale in wholesale quantities of sugar.

2. The licensee shall carry on the aforesaid business at the following place(s).....

3. The licensee shall maintain a set of registers in the forms given in Part II of the Schedule attached to the Bengal Sugar Licensing Order, 1943, showing correctly—

(a) amounts of sugar received under this Order, showing the place(s) of origin;

(b) quantities delivered or otherwise removed, showing the places of destination, including a full and clear account of persons and their addresses to whom the sugar has been supplied.

¹Substituted by notification No. 5856D. C. S., dated the 9th July, 1943.

²Substituted by notification No. 9551 D.C.S., dated the 14th July, 1945.

³Substituted by notification No. 382D.C.S., dated the 9th January, 1946.

4. The licensee shall submit to the authority granting the license, so as to reach him or his office, on the third and the seventeenth day of each month a true return in the form shown in Part II of the Schedule of his transactions for the first and second half of a calendar month, respectively.

5. The licensee shall give all facilities at all reasonable times to any officer authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government for the inspection of his stocks and accounts of the sugar, received under this Order at any shop, godown, or other place used by him for the storage or sale of sugar.

6. Any officer authorised by the Director of Civil Supplies or the Additional Director of Civil Supplies or the Deputy Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, may enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that the purchase, sale or storage for sale, in wholesale quantities of sugar is taking place contrary to the provisions of this Order.

7. The licensee shall pay for any sugar received ex-factory at the ex-factory price as controlled under the Sugar Control Order, 1942, and shall not pay any premium of any kind to the factory in respect of such sugar.

.....
Signature of the Officer issuing the license.

Dated the.....194...

Schedule, Part II.

REGISTERS.

Register I (of receipts).

Date.	Opening stock.	Amount of sugar received.	No. and date of R./R.	From which mill.	Quality of sugar.	Total quantity sold or otherwise disposed of.	Closing balance.	Remarks.

Register II (of disposal).

Date.	Stock (including receipts up-to-date).	Deliveries.					Total amount delivered during the day.	Remarks.
		Amounts.	Quality of sugar.	Name of person to whom delivered.	Address.	Whether— (1) a wholesale dealer, (2) a retail shopkeeper, (3) an industrial firm, or (4) private consumer.		

Form of the Fortnightly Return.

Return of sugar received and delivered during the fortnight ending on.....

Opening stock.	Amount received during the fortnight.	Qualities of sugar in stock.	Total quantities sold or otherwise disposed of during the fortnight.	Closing balance.	To whom delivered.			Remarks.
					Name of person or firm.	Address.	How many bags to— (1) a wholesale dealer, (2) a retail shopkeeper, (3) an industrial firm, or (4) a private consumer.	

Notification No. 5855 D.C.S., dated the 9th July, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th July, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1174).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Sugar Licensing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 2 of the table below to issue licenses under the said Order in respect of areas respectively specified opposite each such officer in column 1 of that table:—

Areas.**Officers.**

The town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

The Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Joint Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Deputy Regional Controller of Civil Supplies and each Assistant Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta and Industrial Area.

Each district of Bengal excluding in the case of the district of the 24-Parganas, the suburbs of Calcutta.

The District Supply Officer of the district.

Each subdivision of Bengal ...

The Subdivisional Supply Officer of the subdivision.

II. Orders No. 3040 D.C.S., dated the 10th February, 1943, and No. 5248 D.C.S., dated the 24th May, 1943, are hereby cancelled.

Notification No. 5854 D.C.S., dated the 9th July, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th July, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1174).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 5 of the Bengal Sugar Licensing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 2 of the table below to cancel under sub-paragraph (1) of the said paragraph and to suspend or cancel under sub-paragraph

of the said paragraph licenses issued under the said Order in respect of the areas respectively specified opposite each such officer in column 1 of that table:—

Areas.

Officers.

The town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

The Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Joint Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, the Deputy Regional Controller of Civil Supplies and each Assistant Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta and Industrial Area.

Each district of Bengal excluding in the case of the district of the 24-Parganas, the suburbs of Calcutta.

The District Supply Officer of the district.

Each subdivision of Bengal ... The Subdivisional Supply Officer of the subdivision.

II. The second paragraph of notification No. 5248D.C.S., dated the 24th May, 1943, issued under clause (2) of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Sugar Licensing Order, 1943, hereby cancelled.

Notification No. 9549D.C.S., dated the 14th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1246).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Sugar Licensing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the following officers to exercise the power of cancellation of licenses referred to in the said sub-paragraph within their respective jurisdictions, namely:—

- (1) The Director-General, Food.
- (2) The Director of Supply.
- (3) The Deputy Director of Supply in charge of Sugar.
- (4) All District Magistrates.
- (5) All District Controllers of Civil Supplies.
- (6) All Subdivisional Magistrates.
- (7) All Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.

Notification No. 9550D.C.S., dated the 14th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1246).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Sugar Licensing Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the following officers to exercise the powers referred to in the said sub-paragraph within their respective jurisdictions, namely:—

- (1) The Director-General, Food.
- (2) The Director of Supply.
- (3) The Deputy Director of Supply in charge of Sugar.
- (4) All District Magistrates.

Notification No. 274(a) D.C.S., dated the 1st February, 1943.

Under clause 6 of Form A (Form of License) annexed to the Bengal Sugar Licensing Order, 1943, I hereby direct that a licensee shall not sell 25 bags or more of sugar to any consuming firm or individual consumer in any one month except under a permit issued by the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta Area.

Notification No. 10232 D.C.S., dated the 1st August, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 9th August, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1312).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Bengal Sugar Licensing Order, 1943, I hereby authorise each officer of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of a Preventive Officer or an Inspector in the town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, to enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that the purchase, sale or storage for sale, in wholesale quantities of sugar is taking place contrary to the provisions of the said Order.

Notification No. 1982(a) D. C. S., dated the 24th April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 29th April, 1943, Pt. I, p. 929).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Calcutta Sugar Sales Regulating Order, 1943.

(2) It shall apply to the town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

2. In this Order—

(a) "Sugar" has the same meaning as defined in clause (a) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Sugar Licensing Order, 1943;

(b) "wholesale dealer" has the same meaning as defined in clause (e) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Sugar Licensing Order, 1943;

(c) "licensee" means a retail dealer or such other person as may be licensed under paragraph 3 of this Order.

3. (1) The Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, and Industrial Area, the Joint Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta and Industrial Area, or any other Gazetted Officer authorised in writing in this behalf by the Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta and Industrial Area, may authorise a retail dealer or a consumer to purchase sugar from a wholesale dealer by granting him a licence in the form set out in the schedule to this Order.

(2) The Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta and Industrial Area, the Joint Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta and Industrial Area, or any other Gazetted Officer authorised by the Regional Controller under sub-paragraph (1) above, may also in such licence prescribe—

(i) the maximum quantity of sugar which a licensee may purchase during a stated period of time or at stated intervals of time,

- (ii) whether the licensee may resell the sugar so purchased, and
 (iii) if so, the place where and the maximum quantities in any single transaction in which such sugar may be sold.

Schedule.

Licence under paragraph 3 of the Calcutta Sugar Sales Regulating Order, 1943.

Subject to the provisions of the Calcutta Sugar Sales Regulating Order, 1943, and to the terms and conditions of this licence.....

..... (name) of
 (address) is
 hereby authorised to purchase from a wholesale dealer.....
 (quantity) of sugar during each calendar month/week/at intervals of.....
 days commencing from the date of this licence.

2. The licensee shall not resell the sugar so purchased/may resell the sugar subject to the conditions set down below:—

(a) The sugar shall be sold at.....
(place of business).

(b) The licensee shall not sell more than.....(quantity)
 of sugar in any single transaction.

*Controller of Civil Supplies,
 Calcutta Area.*

Reverse.

1

Date of sale.	Quantity of sugar sold.	Name and address of wholesale dealer.	Signature of such wholesale dealer.
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Notification No. 5324 D.C.S., dated the 26th May, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 28th May, 1943, p. 89).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct—

- (1) that no consignment of sugar candy arriving in a railway or steamer station in Calcutta or in the Howrah Municipality shall be delivered to the consignee or to any other person except under the authority of a permit in writing issued by the Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta and Industrial Area, or by any other officer authorised by him in writing in this behalf;
- (2) that no person receiving delivery of such a consignment of sugar candy under the authority of a permit issued under paragraph (1) of this order, shall sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of such consignment, except under and in accordance with the directions given by the Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta and Industrial Area, or any other officer authorised by him in this behalf.

Explanation.—In this order "Calcutta", means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

Notification No. 1999C. S., dated the 31st December, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 31st December, 1942).

Whereas it appears to the Provincial Government that it is necessary and expedient for maintaining supplies essential to the life of the community to prohibit certain transactions in *gur*;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Gur (Futures and Options Prohibition) Order, 1942.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

2. In this Order unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "futures in *gur*" means any agreement relating to the purchase or sale of *gur* made on a forward basis and providing for delivery at some future date and payment of margin on such date or dates as may be expressly or impliedly agreed upon by the parties;

(b) "*gur*" means any form of crude sugar commonly known as *gur* but does not include sugar as defined in clause (b) of section 2 of the Sugar (Excise Duty) Act, 1934;

(c) "margin" means the difference between the price specified in an agreement relating to the purchase or sale of *gur* and the prevailing market price for the same quality and quantity of *gur* on a particular day;

(d) "option in *gur*" means an agreement for the purchase or sale of a right to buy, or a right to sell; or a right to buy and sell, *gur* in future, and includes a *teji*, a *mandi* and a *teji-mandi* transaction in *gur*.

3. After the commencement of this Order no person shall—

(a) enter into any "futures in *gur*" or pay or receive, or agree to pay or receive, any margin relating to any such futures;

(b) enter into any options in *gur*.

4. All futures and options in *gur* entered into before the commencement of this Order and outstanding for settlement or remaining to be performed, as the case may be, whether wholly or in part, shall be void within the meaning of clause (g) of section 2 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872.

5. No person being the owner or occupier of any premises shall use or knowingly permit such premises to be used,—

(a) for dealing in futures or options in *gur*, or the payment or receipt of margins, in contravention of the provisions of paragraph 3, or

(b) for the settlement of any futures or the performance of any options in *gur* in contravention of the provisions of paragraph 4.

6. The Provincial Government may, by a notification in the Official Gazette, appoint such persons as it thinks fit to be Inspectors for the purposes of this Order.

7. An Inspector appointed under paragraph 6 may, within the local limits for which he is appointed—

- (a) enter, inspect or search any premises used or believed to be used for dealing in futures or options in *gur*, or the payment or receipt of margins, with such assistants, if any, as he thinks fit;
- (b) require the owner, occupier or any other person in charge of the premises to produce any books, accounts or other documents relating to such transactions;
- (c) take or cause to be taken extracts from or copies of any documents relating to such transactions which are produced before him or otherwise found in the premises;
- (d) seize and remove all stock of *gur* taken in settlement of any transaction made in contravention of paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Order, and all such stock of *gur* shall be forfeited to Government.

Notification No. 939A/D.C.S., dated the 2nd March, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th March, 1943, Pt. I, p. 499).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 6 of the Gur (Futures and Options Prohibition) Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to appoint the Inspectors of Civil Supplies, under the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta Area, to be Inspectors for the purposes of the said order for the town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act IV of 1866), together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866 (Bengal Act II of 1866),

Notification No. 7209C.S., dated the 25th September, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 8th October, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2359).

Order.

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of all previous orders issued regarding the import and delivery of sugar in Calcutta and in the Howrah Municipality the Governor is pleased to direct—

- (a) that no consignment of sugar arriving at any of the railway and steamer stations in Calcutta or Howrah Municipality shall be delivered to the consignee or to any other person except under a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, or by any other officer authorised by him in writing;
- (b) that the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, may prescribe definite percentages of such sugar not exceeding fifty per cent. which the said consignees shall be bound to dispose of in such a way and under such terms and conditions as the said Controller may lay down in writing.

Explanation.—In this order "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

Notification No. 9032C.S., dated the 28th December, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 31st December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2890).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, read with clause (f) of that sub-rule, the Governor is pleased to direct (1) that no sugar shall be moved by any form of conveyance by any person in Calcutta and the industrial area to any place outside the said areas, except under and in accordance with, the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta (1/C, Hare Street), (2) that sugar carried in contravention of the above order shall be liable to seizure by such persons and in such manner as the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, may determine and the sugar so seized shall be disposed of in such manner as the said Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, considers expedient, and that the amount of compensation payable for sugar so seized and disposed of shall be determined by the said Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, entirely in his discretion.

Explanation.—In this order—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866; and
- (2) "Industrial area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivisions of the district of Howrah and Serampore and Sadar subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 814 D.C.S., dated the 23rd January, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 25th January, 1943, Pt. I, p. 9).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor of Bengal is pleased to order that no person shall export or carry or cause to be exported or carried by rail, road or river, any quantity of sugarcane from any district in Bengal to any place outside the province of Bengal except with the written permission of the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or any other officer empowered in this behalf by the Governor of Bengal, with effect from the date of publication of this order in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Notification No. 3341D.C.S., dated the 26th February, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 4th March, 1943, Pt. I, p. 454).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of this department order No. 814D.C.S., dated the 23rd January 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that no person shall move or cause to be moved by any form of conveyance any sugarcane from any place inside Bengal to any place outside Bengal except under, and in accordance with, the conditions of a permit in writing issued by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or by any officer empowered in this behalf by the Provincial Government.

Notification No. 3399 D.C.S.-IV-E-13, dated the 2nd March, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th March, 1943, Pt. I, p. 498).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules which has been directed to be exercised by

me by order under sub-section (5) of section 2 of the Defence of India Act, 1939 (XXXV of 1939), I hereby direct that the wholesale bazar price per maund in Calcutta of sugar fixed in this department order No. 3025D.C.S., dated the 8th February 1943, shall apply to all sales by wholesale dealers of whatever amount.

Notification No. 1955A.-D.C.S., dated the 24th April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 24th April, 1943, p. 72).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to prohibit the manufacture of sugarcandy in Bengal except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by a Deputy Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or by an officer empowered in this behalf by the Provincial Government.

Notification No. 2391(b) D.C.S., dated the 27th May, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 3rd June, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1054).

In pursuance of this department notification No. 1955(a)D.C.S., dated the 24th April, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 1 below to issue permits for the manufacture of sugarcandy and to revoke, suspend or cancel such permits in respect of areas specified against each such officer in column 2 below:—

1 Officers.	2 Areas.
The Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta and Industrial Area, or any other officer authorised by him in this behalf.	The town of Calcutta as defined by section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the Suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.
The District Supply Officer of a district, or the Sadar Subdivisional Supply Officer.	The Sadar subdivision of the district concerned.
The Subdivisional Supply Officer of a subdivision.	The subdivision concerned.

Notification No. 1956A.-D.C.S., dated the 24th April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 24th April, 1943, p. 72).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, which has been directed to be exercised by me by notification No. 3837Def., dated the 9th April 1943, I hereby fix the maximum price of sugarcandy in Bengal at eight annas per seer.

Notification No. 14633 D.C.S., dated the 10th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2100).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in modification of the Government of Bengal, Department of Civil Supplies, notification No. 1956(A)-D.C.S., dated the 24th April 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum wholesale and retail prices of sugarcandy in all areas of Bengal except Calcutta shall be as follows:—

Wholesale price—Rs. 23-12 per maund.

Retail price—Annas 10 per seer.

Explanation.—In this Order—

- (a) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;
- (b) "Retail price" means the price of sugarcandy when sold in quantities less than half a maund in weight in one transaction; and
- (c) "Wholesale price" means the price of sugarcandy when sold in quantities not less than half a maund in weight in one transaction.

Notification No. 3114 Ind., dated the 26th November, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 3rd December, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1739).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of the India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

No producer of *gur* shall use any machinery either driven by power other than hand power or driven by draught-animals for the manufacture of *gur* except under and in accordance with a licence in the form appended to this Order granted by such officer as may be appointed in this behalf by the Provincial Government and the Provincial Government may appoint different officers for different areas.

2. In this Order "Gur" and "Producer" have the same meanings as in the Gur Control Order, 1943, issued by the Central Government under notification No. 11-Sc.(6)43-I., dated the 24th July, 1943.

3. The Provincial Government may exempt by order in writing such machinery or class or classes of machinery as may be specified in such order from the operation of this Order.

Form of licence for gur-producing machinery.

(Free of all fee.)

1. Name of producer.....
2. Address of the producer.....
3. Address at which the machine is kept.....
4. Description of the machine.....

The licence is granted subject to the condition that the licensee shall comply with any direction given by the Licensing Officer.

Date.....

Licensing Officer.

Notification No. 9557 O.C., dated the 31st October, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd November, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1324).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the prices of sugar in the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, shall be as follows:—

[For price list see *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd November, 1944, p. 1334.]

Notification No. 2064D.C.S., dated the 27th February, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 8th March, 1945, Pt. I, p. 383).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum wholesale and retail prices of sugarcandy in Calcutta shall be as follows:—

Wholesale price—Rs. 22-8 per maund.

Retail price—Rs. 0-9-6 per seer.

Explanation.—In this Order—

- (1) "Wholesale price" means the price of sugarcandy when sold in quantities not less than half a maund in weight in one transaction and "Retail price" means the price of sugarcandy when sold in quantities less than half a maund in weight in one transaction;
- (2) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 9219D.C.S., dated the 18th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 31st January, 1946, Pt. I, p. 265).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of notification No. 10549D.C.S., dated the 3rd November 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the Calcutta Industrial Area and in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area the maximum retail price of the quantity of sugar mentioned in column 1 of the table below shall, with effect from the 21st January 1946, be as specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 of that table:—

Quality of sugar.	Maximum retail price.
1	2
For one-fourth seer	As. 2-3
For half seer	As. 4-3
For three-fourths seer	As. 6-6
For one seer	As. 8-6

Explanation.—In this Order, "the Calcutta Industrial Area" and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" shall have the same meanings as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

(ix) Hotels and Establishments.

Notification No. 780J., dated the 20th February, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 20th February, 1942).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (bb), sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules the Governor is pleased to make the following Order:—

1. (1) This Order may be called "The Bengal Hotels and Lodging Houses Control Order, 1942."

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

(3) It shall come into force in such areas on such dates as the Provincial Government may, by *notification in the official gazette, direct.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

- (1) "Controller" means an officer appointed as such by the Provincial Government for an area to which this Order applies;
- (2) "manager of an hotel" includes any person in charge of the management of an hotel;
- (3) "owner of a lodging house" includes the person who is receiving or is entitled to receive whether on his own account or on behalf of himself and others or as an agent or trustee, payment from a lodger on account of board,^{*} lodging or any other service.

3. (1) When on a written complaint or otherwise, the Controller has reason to believe that the charges made for board, lodging or any other service provided in any hotel or lodging house within the local limits to which this Order applies are excessive, he shall hold a summary enquiry and record a finding.

(2) For the purposes of an enquiry under sub-paragraph (1), the Controller may require the manager of an hotel or the owner of a lodging house to produce before the Controller any book of account, document, or other information relating to the hotel or lodging house concerned which he may consider necessary, and may ¹[himself enter or] authorise any person subordinate to him to enter upon any premises to which the enquiry relates.

4. If, on a consideration of all the circumstances of the case, including any amount paid or to be paid by any lodger in the hotel or lodging house by way of premium or any other like sum in addition to the charges, the Controller finds that the charges are excessive, he shall determine the fair rate to be charged for board, lodging and any other service provided in the hotel or lodging house.

5. In fixing the fair rate under paragraph 4, the Controller shall have due regard to the prevailing rates of charges for the same or similar accommodation, board and service during the twelve months prior to the 1st December, 1941, and to any general increase in the cost of living after that date.

6. When the Controller has determined the fair rate of charges—

- (a) the manager of the hotel, or owner of the lodging house, as the case may be, shall not charge any amount in excess of such fair rate;
- (b) any agreement for the payment of any charges in excess of such fair rate shall be null and void in respect of such excess and shall be construed as if it was an agreement for payment of the said fair rate.

¹6A. (1) An occupant of a room or rooms in an hotel or a lodging house shall not be evicted therefrom, whether in execution of a decree or otherwise, except in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph.

(2) The manager of an hotel or the owner of a lodging house wishing to evict the occupant of a room or rooms in such hotel or lodging house shall apply to the Controller for a direction in that behalf and if on receipt

*This order shall apply to Calcutta from the 26th June, 1943—vide notification No. 8750L.R., dated the 26th June, 1943.

¹Inserted by notification No. 8751L.R., dated the 26th June, 1943.

of such application the Controller is, after giving such occupant a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against the application, satisfied—

- (a) that such occupant has not paid the charges due by him to the full extent allowable under this Order within the time fixed in his contract with the manager of the hotel or the owner of the lodging house, as the case may be, or in the absence of any such contract by the seventh day of the month next following that for which the charges are payable, or
- (b) that such occupant has been guilty of conduct which is a nuisance or an annoyance to the other occupants of such hotel or lodging house, or
- (c) that such occupant has continuously for a period exceeding two months been absent from such hotel or lodging house or left such room or rooms unoccupied,

the Controller shall make an order directing such occupant to vacate such room or rooms and to put the manager of the hotel or the owner of the lodging house, as the case may be, in possession thereof, and if the Controller is not so satisfied, he shall make an order rejecting the application:

Provided that where the charges due by an occupant of a room or rooms in an hotel or a lodging house have accrued due before the second day of March, 1944, no application by the manager of an hotel or the owner of a lodging house, as the case may be, for evicting such occupant shall lie under this sub-paragraph on the ground of failure to pay the charges so due if such occupant pays the said charges to the full extent allowable under this Order within two months from the said date.

(3) Every order under sub-paragraph (2) directing the occupant of a room or rooms in an hotel or a lodging house to vacate such room or rooms and to put the manager of such hotel or the owner of such lodging house in possession thereof shall, subject to the provisions of paragraph 7, be final and shall be executed by the Court having jurisdiction to entertain a suit for ejectment in respect of such room or rooms as if it were a decree of that Court.

¹6B. When the manager of an hotel or the owner of a lodging house refuses to accept the charges referred to in clause (a) of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 6A or the charges referred to in the proviso to the said sub-paragraph offered by the occupant of a room or rooms in such hotel or lodging house, such occupant may—

- (a) in the case of refusal to accept the charges referred to in clause (a) of the said sub-paragraph, deposit such charges with the Controller within seven days of their becoming due, and
- (b) in the case of refusal to accept the charges referred to in the proviso to the said sub-paragraph, deposit such charges with the Controller within seven days of the expiry of the period of two months mentioned in the said proviso,

and on receiving any such deposit the Controller shall cause a notice of the receipt of the deposit to be served on the manager of such hotel or the owner of such lodging house, as the case may be, and the amount of the deposit may be withdrawn by such manager or owner on application made by him to the Controller in that behalf.

¹6C. The fact that the management of an hotel or the interest of the owner of a lodging house has been transferred by assignment, sale or sub-letting shall not of itself be a ground for eviction of the occupant of a room or rooms in such hotel or lodging house so long as the transferee maintains the hotel or lodging house as such.

¹Inserted by notification No. 4321 L.R., dated the 26th February, 1944.

16D. (1) Every proprietor or manager of an hotel or owner of a lodging house who intends to transfer or terminate a lease in respect of the premises in which such hotel or lodging house is situated shall give at least one month's notice of such intention to the Controller as well as to every occupant of a room or rooms in such hotel or lodging house, as the case may be.

(2) At least one month before the expiration of any lease in respect of any premises in which an hotel or a lodging house is situated the manager of such hotel or the owner of such lodging house shall intimate to the Controller and to every occupant of a room or rooms in such hotel or lodging house the date when such lease is due to expire.

(3) It shall be competent for the Controller in every case a notice has been received by him under sub-paragraph (1) or an intimation has been received by him under sub-paragraph (2) to authorise any occupant of a room or rooms in such hotel or lodging house to take charge of such hotel or lodging house and to hold the premises in which the said hotel or lodging house is situated as a lessee under the landlord thereof on the same terms and conditions on which the proprietor or manager of the hotel or the owner of the lodging house held the said premises under the said landlord or on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between such landlord and the occupants of such hotel or lodging house and any occupant so authorised shall be entitled to hold the premises on such terms and conditions as a lessee under the landlord.

(4) Any dispute between the landlord and such occupants in regard to the terms and conditions under which such premises shall be held shall be decided by the Controller and the Controller shall before deciding such dispute give to the parties concerned an opportunity of being heard and every such decision shall, subject to the provisions of paragraph 7, be final.

16DD. (1) The Controller may, on the application of any person who is or has been an occupant of a room or rooms in an hotel or a lodging house, order the refund of any sum, in excess of the fair rate of charges determined under paragraph 4, paid by such person whether before or after the commencement of this Order, in respect of occupation of such room or rooms after the commencement of this Order, or at the option of such person order the adjustment of any amount so paid in any other manner.

(2) An order of refund passed by the Controller under sub-paragraph (1) shall, subject to the provisions of paragraph 7, be final and shall be executed by the Court having jurisdiction to entertain a suit for the recovery of charges due for the occupation of the room or rooms in the hotel or lodging house in respect of which the sum ordered to be refunded was paid, as if such order of refund were a decree of that Court.

6DDD. (1) The Controller shall on application made to him in that behalf by any occupant of any room or rooms in an hotel or lodging house, cause a notice to be served on the manager of the hotel or the owner of the lodging house, as the case may be, requiring him to make any repairs which such manager or owner is bound to make to such room or rooms or to take any measures for the due maintenance of any essential supply or service, such as the maintenance of supply of water or electricity, the maintenance of drainage service and the maintenance of any lift, which such manager or owner is bound to maintain in the hotel or lodging house.

(2) If after receipt of such notice the manager of the hotel or the owner of the lodging house fails or neglects to make within reasonable time such repairs or to take within reasonable time such measures, as the case may be, the occupant of such room or rooms may submit to the Controller an

¹Inserted by notification No. 4321L.R., dated the 28th February, 1944.

²Inserted by notification No. 307L.R., dated the 11th January, 1946.

estimate of the cost of such repairs or measures and may apply to him for permission to make such repairs or to take such measures himself and thereupon the Controller may, after considering such estimate of cost and making such inquiries as he may consider necessary, by an order in writing, permit such occupant to make such repairs or to take such measures, as the case may be, at a cost not exceeding such amount as may be specified in the Order and it shall thereafter be lawful for such occupant to make such repairs or to take such measures himself and to deduct the cost thereof which shall in no case exceed the amount so specified from the charges payable by him in respect of such room or rooms or otherwise recover it from such manager or owner:

Provided that if the necessity for making any repairs or for taking any measures referred to in sub-paragraph (1) is so urgent that any delay involved in the foregoing procedure is likely to subject the occupant of such room or rooms to personal loss, damage or serious inconvenience, such occupant may himself cause the notice referred to in the said sub-paragraph to be served on the manager of the hotel or the owner of the lodging house, as the case may be, requiring him to make such repairs or to take such measures within forty-eight hours of the service of such notice and shall in every such case submit, at the same time, a copy of such notice to the Controller together with an estimate of the cost of such repairs or measures to enable the Controller to make such inquiries as he may consider necessary about the necessity of such repairs or measures and the correctness of the estimate so submitted, and if after the service of such notice such manager or owner fails to make such repairs or to take such measures within the time mentioned in the notice, such occupant may himself make such repairs or take such measures, as the case may be, and after completion of such repairs or measures submit to the Controller a statement of the costs thereof and thereafter the Controller, after considering such statement and making such further inquiries as he may consider necessary, may, by an order in writing, determine the amount of the costs which such occupant is entitled to recover from such manager or owner, and such occupant may thereupon deduct the amount so determined from the charges payable by him in respect of such room or rooms or otherwise recover it from such manager or owner.

¹6E. For the purposes of an inquiry under this Order, the Controller may,—

- (a) require the proprietor or manager of an hotel or the owner of a lodging house or the landlord of any premises in which an hotel or a lodging house is situated to produce any book of account, document or other information relating to the hotel, lodging house or such premises;
- (b) enter and inspect an hotel or a lodging house; and
- (c) authorise any officer subordinate to him to enter and inspect an hotel or a lodging house.

7. ²(1) Any person aggrieved by an order of the Controller may, within fifteen days from the date on which the order is communicated to him, present an appeal in writing—

- (a) in respect of hotels or lodging houses situated within the presidency-town of Calcutta, to the Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes of Calcutta or to such other person or persons as may be appointed by the Provincial Government to hear such appeals either concurrently with, or to the exclusion of, the said Chief Judge; and

¹Inserted by notification No. 4321 L.R., dated the 28th February, 1944.

²Substituted by notification No. 282L.R., dated the 8th January, 1944.

(b) in respect of hotels or lodging houses elsewhere, to the District Judge of the district or to such other person or persons as may be appointed by the Provincial Government to hear such appeals either concurrently with, or to the exclusion of, the said District Judge;

³[Provided that no appeal shall lie under this sub-paragraph from any order made by the Controller under the proviso to paragraph 6DDD.]

(1A) Where the Provincial Government appoints a person or persons to hear appeals to the exclusion of the Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes of Calcutta or of the District Judge of the 24-Parganas, the said Chief Judge or the said District Judge, as the case may be, shall transfer all appeals pending before him to the person or among the persons so appointed, and the person or persons to whom the appeals are thus transferred shall decide the appeal from the point at which it was transferred.

(2) The Chief Judge or the District Judge ³[or the person or persons appointed under sub-paragraph (1)], as the case may be, shall thereupon send for the record of the case from the Controller, and after perusing such record and after making such further enquiry as he thinks fit, shall decide the appeal.

(3) The decision of the Chief Judge or the District Judge ³[or the person or persons appointed under sub-paragraph (1)], as the case may be, and subject only to such decision, and order of the Controller shall be final.

Notification No. 1393J., dated the 27th March, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd April, 1942, Pt. I, p. 952).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Hotels and Lodging Houses Control Order, 1942, published under notification No. 780J., dated the 20th February, 1942, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force in the district of Darjeeling with effect from the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

2. In exercise of the power conferred by clause (1) of paragraph 2 of the said Order, the Governor is pleased to appoint the officers mentioned in column 1 of the table below as Controllers under the said Order for the areas mentioned in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table:—

Controller. 1	Areas. 2
Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling	Sadar subdivision of the Darjeeling district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Kalimpong.	Kalimpong subdivision.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Kurseong	Kurseong subdivision.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Siliguri	Siliguri subdivision.

Notification No. 5004D.C.S., dated the 11th May, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th May, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1001).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (aa) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Residential and Catering Establishments, Food and Fuel Inquiries Order, 1943.

³Added by notification No. 307L.R., dated the 11th January, 1946.

(2) It shall apply in the first instance to the Calcutta Region as defined in the Schedule to this Order.

(3) The Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, direct that this Order shall come into operation in such other area or areas on such date or dates as may be specified in the notification.

2. In this Order—

- (a) "Adult" means a person above the age of twelve years;
- (b) "Authorised Officer" means any person authorised by the Provincial Government to exercise the functions of an Authorised Officer under paragraphs 4 and 5;
- (c) "Catering Establishment" means an establishment which provides cooked food whether for a price or not to persons not resident in the premises of the establishment and includes restaurants, eating houses, canteens and establishments for charitable distribution of cooked food;
- (d) "Child" means a person who is not under the age of two years and is not above the age of twelve years;
- (e) "Infant" means a person under the age of two years;
- (f) "Residential establishment" means an establishment which provides residential accommodation and cooked food to boarders and includes boarding schools, boarding houses, residential hotels, hostels, hospitals, nursing homes, orphanages and asylums;
- (g) The expressions "article of food" and "article of fuel" have the same meanings as in the Bengal Food and Fuel Retail Trades Returns Order, 1943.

3. Within fifteen days from the date on which this Order comes into operation in any area the proprietor of, or the person responsible for the management of, every residential or catering establishment in the area shall submit a return containing full and true information on the following matters relating to the establishment to such authority as may be specified in this behalf by the Provincial Government by a notification in the *Official Gazette*, namely:—

- (a) Name of the establishment,
- (b) Address of the establishment,
- (c) Nature of the establishment,
- (d) Name and address of the proprietor or proprietors of the establishment, if any,
- (e) Name and address of the person responsible for the management of the establishment other than the proprietor or proprietors,
- (f) Date when the establishment was started,
- (g) The number of men and women who are adults, the number of children and the number of infants resident in the premises of the establishment and receiving a supply of cooked food from the establishment on the date of return,
- (h) The average number of men and women who are adults, the average number of children and the average number of infants so resident in the premises of the establishment and receiving such supply of cooked food from the establishment in each of the three months preceding the date of return.
- (i) The average number of persons not resident in the premises of the establishment but receiving a supply of cooked food from the establishment in each of the three months preceding the date of return,

- (j) The nature of cooked food supplied by the establishment,
- (k) The quantity of each article of food and each article of fuel required by the establishment every week,
- (l) The number of occupied rooms on the date of return in the premises of the establishment which are without electric lights,
- (m) The fuel which is commonly used by the establishment for the purpose of preparing or cooking food.

4. An Authorised Officer may for the purposes of this Order by a notice in writing require the proprietor or the person responsible for the management of a residential or a catering establishment to appear before him personally or by an agent duly authorised in writing by such proprietor or such person and capable of furnishing the necessary information relating to the establishment, and on receipt of such notice the proprietor or the person responsible for the management of the establishment shall appear before the Authorised Officer either in person or by such agent at the time and at the place specified in the notice and shall answer to the best of his knowledge and belief such questions as may be put to him by the Authorised Officer in connection with such matters relating to his establishment as have been specified in paragraph 3 and such other matters as may arise therefrom.

5. An Authorised Officer or any person empowered in this behalf by an Order in writing by the Authorised Officer (hereinafter referred to as the "Inspecting Officer") may at any time after sunrise and before sunset enter upon and inspect the premises of any residential or catering establishment for the purpose of ascertaining particulars relating to such establishment with respect to the matters specified in paragraph 3 or for the purpose of verifying the return submitted under paragraph 3 or the statements made under paragraph 4:

Provided that in entering upon and inspecting such premises the Authorised Officer or the Inspecting Officer, as the case may be, shall have due regard to the social and religious customs of the persons resident therein.

The Schedule.

The Calcutta Region is the area comprised of the following:—

- (1) "Calcutta" as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923 (Bengal Act III of 1923), together with the Esplanade and that part of Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank,
- (2) The municipalities of Naihati, Bhatpara, Garulia, North Barrackpore, South Barrackpore, Titagarh, Khardah, Panihati, Kamarhati, North Dum Dum, South Dum Dum, Dum Dum, Baranagore, Tollygunge, Garden Reach and Budge Budge in the district of the 24-Parganas, the municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah and the municipalities of Bhadreswar, Campdani, Baidyabati, Serampore, Rishra-Konnagar, Kotrung and Uttarpara in the district of Hooghly,
- (3) That part of the South Suburban Municipality in the district of the 24-Parganas which is included within the following boundaries—

North—The northern boundary of the South Suburban Municipality,

East—Tolly's nalla,

West—Becharam Chatterji Road, Maharani Indira Devi Road and Banamali Naskar Road,

South—Biren Roy Road,

(4) The areas of the following unions constituted under the Bengal Village Self-Government Act, 1919 (Bengal Act V of 1919), in the district of Howrah, namely—

- (a) Bally union within the police-station Bally,
- (b) Lillooah union within the police-station Bally,
- (c) Santragachi union within the police-station Jagacha,
- (d) Jagacha union within the police-station Jagacha.

(5) The area of the following mauza in the district of Howrah:—

Royal Botanical Gardens, J. L. No. 4, within the police-station Shibpore,

(6) The Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of the 24-Parganas.

Notification No. 5006 D.C.S., dated the 11th May, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th May, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1002).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Residential and Catering Establishments Food and Fuel Inquiries Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the following officers to exercise the functions of an Authorised Officer under paragraphs 4 and 5 of the said Order in the Calcutta Region as defined in the Schedule to the said Order, namely:—

- (a) The Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, and the Industrial Area.
- (b) All Food Executive Officers.

Notification No. 5005 D.C.S., dated the 11th May, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th May, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1002).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Residential and Catering Establishments Food and Fuel Inquiries Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to specify the Food Executive Officer of the area in which a residential or a catering establishment is situated to be the authority to which returns relating to such establishment under the said paragraph shall be submitted in the Calcutta Region as defined in the Schedule to the said Order.

(x) House Rent.

Notification No. 779 J., dated the 20th February, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 20th February, 1942).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (bb) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called "The Bengal House Rent Control Order, 1942".

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excluding Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923.

(3) It shall come into force in such areas on such dates as the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, direct.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) "Controller" means an Officer appointed as such by the Provincial Government for an area to which this Order applies;

²(2) "house" means any building or part of a building or hut let or to be let separately for residential or non-residential purposes and includes—

(a) the garden, grounds and out-houses (if any) appurtenant to such building or part of a building or hut; and

(b) any furniture supplied by the landlord for use in such building or part of a building; but does not include a room or rooms in a hotel, boarding house or lodging house;

²(3) "landlord" means any person who is for the time being receiving or entitled to receive rent in respect of any house whether on his own account, or on account, or on behalf, or for the benefit of any other person or as a trustee, guardian or receiver for any other person and includes a tenant who has sublet any house and every person from time to time deriving title under a landlord;

(4) "prescribed date" means the date prescribed by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette* for any area to which this Order applies.

¹(5) "tenant" means any person by whom or on whose account rent is payable for a house, and includes a person continuing in possession after the termination of a tenancy in his favour.

3. No landlord, with effect from the prescribed date, shall be deemed to have been entitled to charge or shall charge a rate of rent which exceeds by more than twenty per cent. the rent that was being paid on that date or, in respect of any house which was not let out on that date, a rate of rent which exceeds by more than twenty per cent. the rent which would in the opinion of the Controller have been paid on that date if the house had been let out:

¹Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to any periodical increment of rent accrued due under any written agreement entered into before the prescribed date.

4. No landlord, with effect from the prescribed date, shall be deemed to have been entitled to charge or shall charge a salami or premium for letting out a house on rent or for renewing the lease of a house.

5. No refund shall be allowed if any amount in excess of the amount chargeable under paragraph 3 or any amount referred to in paragraph 4 has been paid before the commencement of this Order.

²6. (1) The Controller may, on his own motion or on application made to him by any person interested, fix the rent chargeable under paragraph 3 in respect of any house.

¹Substituted by notification No. 11658L.R., dated the 3rd July, 1944.

²Inserted by notification No. 11658L.R., dated the 3rd July, 1944.

³Substituted, *ibid.*

(2) No landlord shall charge any rent which exceeds the rent fixed under sub-paragraph (1) and any agreement for the payment of any rent which exceeds the rent fixed under sub-paragraph (1), shall be null and void in respect of such excess.

7. ** * * * *
8. ** * * * *

9. (1) In the case where some addition, improvement or alteration, not included in necessary repairs or repairs which are usually made to houses in the local area to which this Order applies, has been carried out in any house at the landlord's expense after the prescribed date, an additional increase in rent in respect of such house shall be permissible.

(2) Any increase in rent referred to in sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph shall not exceed annually ten per cent. on the cost of such addition, improvement or alteration and shall not be chargeable until such addition, improvement or alteration has been completed.

(3) Any dispute between the landlord and the tenant in regard to any increase of rent claimed under this paragraph shall be decided by the Controller.

²10. (1) No order or decree for the recovery of possession of any house shall be made so long as the tenant pays rent to the full extent allowable by this Order and performs the conditions of the tenancy:

Provided that nothing in this sub-paragraph shall apply—

- (a) where the tenant has done any act contrary to the provisions of clause (m), clause (o) or clause (p) of section 108 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882, or
- (b) where the tenant has been guilty of conduct which is a nuisance or an annoyance to adjoining or neighbouring occupiers, or
- (c) where the house is *bona fide* required by the landlord either for purposes of building or rebuilding, or for his own occupation or for the occupation of any person for whose benefit the house is held, or where the landlord can show any cause which may be deemed satisfactory by the Court.

(2) The fact that the period of the lease has expired, or that the interest of the landlord in the house has been transferred shall not of itself be deemed to be a satisfactory cause within the meaning of the proviso to sub-paragraph (1), provided that the tenant is ready and willing to pay rent to the full extent allowable by this Order.

(3) Where the landlord recovers possession on the ground that the house is *bona fide* required by him for purposes of building or rebuilding or for his own occupation or for the occupation of any person for whose benefit the house is held and the building or the rebuilding of the house is not commenced or the house is not occupied by the landlord or such person within fifteen days of the date of vacation of the house by the original tenant or the house having been so occupied is re-let within six months of the said date to any person other than the original tenant, the Controller may, on the application of the original tenant made within seven months of his vacating the house, direct the landlord to put the original tenant in possession of the house and to pay him such compensation as may be fixed by the Controller.

¹Omitted, *ibid.*

²Substituted, *ibid.*

(4) No tenant shall be entitled to the benefit of this paragraph in respect of any house unless he pays the rent due by him in respect of such house to the full extent allowable by this Order within the time fixed in the contract, with his landlord or in the absence of any such contract, by the fifteenth day of the month next following that for which the rent is payable and, where any rent has accrued due before the sixth day of July, 1944, also unless he has paid within three months of the said date, all arrears of rent due by him in respect of such house to the full extent allowable by this Order.

¹10A. (1) No suit or proceeding by a landlord against a tenant in possession of a house for eviction of such tenant therefrom in which any of the grounds specified in clause (c) of the proviso to sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10 has been taken as a ground for such eviction shall be entertained by any Court, or, where any such suit or proceeding by a landlord is pending in any Court on the sixth day of July, 1944, no decree or order for the recovery of possession of the house in respect of which such suit or proceeding is pending shall be made by such Court on any of the grounds specified in the said clause (c) unless the landlord has been permitted by the Controller by an order in writing under sub-paragraph (3) to institute such suit or proceeding or to prosecute the suit or proceeding so pending, as the case may be, and has produced before such Court proof that such permission has been granted.

(2) If in any suit or proceeding by a landlord against a tenant in possession of a house for eviction of such tenant therefrom, a decree or order for the recovery of possession of such house has been made on any of the grounds specified in clause (c) of the proviso to sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10 on or before the sixth day of July, 1944, but the possession of such house has not been recovered from the tenant, the execution of such decree or order shall be stayed until the landlord produces before the Court by which such decree or order may be executed or in which such execution is pending, as the case may be, proof that he has been permitted by the Controller by an order in writing under sub-paragraph (3) to recover possession of such house by the execution of such decree or order.

(3) A landlord wishing to obtain from the Controller—

- (a) any order referred to in sub-paragraph (1) permitting him to institute a suit or proceeding against a tenant in possession of a house for evicting such tenant therefrom or permitting him to prosecute any such suit or proceeding pending in any Court, or
- (b) any order referred to in sub-paragraph (2) permitting him to recover possession of the house in respect of which any decree or order referred to in the said sub-paragraph has been made by the execution of such decree or order,

shall apply in writing to the Controller in that behalf, and if on receipt of such application the Controller after giving the tenant in possession of the house an opportunity of showing cause against the application and considering all the circumstances of the case is satisfied—

- (i) in the case referred to in clause (a) that there is sufficient cause to hold that any of the grounds specified in clause (c) of the proviso to sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10 which has been taken by the landlord as a ground for eviction of the tenant in the suit or proceeding referred to in the said clause (a) exists, and

¹Substituted by notification No. 11658L.R., dated the 3rd July, 1944.

- (ii) in the case referred to in clause (b) that it is a fit case for the landlord to recover possession of the house by execution of the decree or order referred to in that clause on any of the grounds specified in the said clause (c) on which such decree or order has been made,

the Controller shall, for reasons to be recorded in writing, make the order applied for, and if the Controller is not so satisfied he shall also for reasons to be recorded in writing make an order rejecting the application.

(4) The Controller may, before making under sub-paragraph (3) any order referred to in sub-paragraph (2) permitting a landlord to recover possession of a house by the execution of a decree or order, allow such time as he considers necessary to the tenant to vacate the house and to deliver possession thereof to the landlord.

(5) Any person affected by any order of the Controller made under sub-paragraph (3) shall be entitled to be furnished with a copy thereof and such copy shall be admissible in evidence in any Court of law to prove the order of the Controller.

(6) Where any appeal has been presented under paragraph 12 against an order of the Controller under sub-paragraph (3) permitting a landlord to institute a suit or proceeding in any Court or to prosecute any suit or proceeding pending in any Court or to recover possession of a house by the execution of a decree or order, all proceedings in connection with such suit or proceeding or the execution of such decree or order shall be stayed during the period such appeal is pending on intimation of such appeal being given to the Court in which such suit or proceeding has been instituted or such suit or proceeding or the execution of such decree or order is pending, as the case may be, by the person to whom such appeal has been presented.

¹10B. Where a landlord refuses to accept the rent referred to in sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10 offered by a tenant, the tenant may deposit it with the Controller within a fortnight of its becoming due and on receiving such deposit the Controller shall cause a notice of the receipt of the deposit to be served on the landlord and the amount of the deposit may be withdrawn by the landlord on application made by him to the Controller in that behalf.

¹10C. Where any order or decree for the recovery of possession of any house has been made but the possession of such house has not been recovered before the sixth day of July, 1944, by the execution of such order or decree, the Court by which the order or decree was made may, if it is of opinion that the order or decree would not have been made if the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Order had been in operation at the date of the making of the order or decree, rescind or vary the order or decree in such manner as the Court may think fit for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the said paragraph.

¹10D. (1) The Controller shall on application made to him in that behalf by any tenant in possession of any house cause a notice to be served on the landlord thereof requiring him to make any repairs which such landlord is bound to make to the house or to take any measures for the due maintenance of any essential supply or service, such as the maintenance of supply of water or electricity and the maintenance of drainage service, which such landlord is bound to maintain in the house under the conditions of the tenancy.

(2) If after receipt of such notice the landlord fails or neglects to make within reasonable time such repairs or to take within reasonable time such measures, as the case may be, the tenant may submit to the Controller an

¹Substituted by notification No. 11658L.R., dated the 3rd July, 1944.

estimate of the cost of such repairs or measures, and may apply to him for permission to make such repairs or to take such measures himself and thereupon the Controller may, after considering such estimate of cost and making such inquiries as he may consider necessary, by an order in writing, permit the tenant to make such repairs or to take such measures, as the case may be, at a cost not exceeding such amount as may be specified in the order and it shall thereafter be lawful for the tenant to make such repairs or to take such measures himself and to deduct the cost thereof which shall in no case exceed the amount so specified from the rent or otherwise recover it from the landlord.

¹10E. (1) If any person is evicted from any house by reason of an order or requisition made in respect of such house under the Defence of India Rules, he may apply to the Controller for providing him with similar accommodation in another house within the local area under the jurisdiction of the Controller, subject to the payment of such rent as may be fixed by the Controller under this paragraph.

(2) In making an application under sub-paragraph (1) the applicant shall state in the application such particulars as may be specified in this behalf by the Provincial Government regarding any house in such local area which is unoccupied and in which the accommodation required by the applicant is available.

(3) On receipt of such application the Controller shall cause a notice in the form specified in this behalf by the Provincial Government together with a copy of the application to be served on the owner of the said house to show cause within fifteen days from the date of service of the notice why the said house should not be let out to the applicant on such rent as having regard to the provisions of this Order and the circumstances of the case, the Controller may fix.

(4) If within the time specified in the notice referred to in sub-paragraph (3) or such further time as may be allowed by the Controller the owner shows cause which the Controller considers to be satisfactory, the application shall be rejected, and if the Controller does not reject the application, he shall fix the rent of such house at such amount as having regard to the provisions of this Order and the circumstances of the case he considers fair and equitable, and direct the owner to put the applicant in possession of such house.

11. For the purposes of an enquiry under this Order, the Controller may—

- (a) require the landlord to produce any book of account, document or other information relating to the house,
- (b) enter and inspect the house, and
- (c) authorise any officer subordinate to him to enter and inspect the house.

12. (1) Any person aggrieved by an order of the Controller may, within fifteen days from the date on which the order is communicated to him, ¹[present an appeal in writing to the District Judge of the district in which the house in respect of which such order is made is situated].

(2) The ¹[District Judge], as the case may be, shall then send for the record of the case from the Controller and, after perusing such record and after ²[taking such evidence himself or personally making such further enquiry] as he thinks fit, shall decide the appeal.

(3) The decision of the ¹[District Judge], as the case may be, and subject only to such decision, an order of the Controller, shall be final.

¹Substituted by notification No. 8748 L.R., dated the 25th June, 1943.

²Substituted by notification No. 11658 L.R., dated the 3rd July, 1944.

Notification No. 1427 J., dated the 31st March, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd April, 1942, Pt. I, p. 952).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal House Rent Control Order, 1942, published under notification No. 779J., dated the 20th February, 1942, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said Order shall come into force in the whole of Bengal except the Presidency-town of Calcutta and the district of Chittagong Hill Tracts with effect from the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of paragraph 2 of the said Order, the Governor is pleased to appoint the officers mentioned in column 1 of the table below as Controllers under the said Order for the areas mentioned in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table:—

Controller. 1	Area. 2
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Burdwan Sadar.	Sadar subdivision of the Burdwan district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Katwa	Katwa subdivision of the Burdwan district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Kalna ..	Kalna subdivision of the Burdwan district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Asansol	Asansol subdivision of the Burdwan district.
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Birbhum Sadar.	Sadar subdivision of the Birbhum district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Rampurhat.	Rampurhat subdivision of the Birbhum district.
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Bankura Sadar.	Sadar subdivision of the Bankura district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Bishnupur.	Bishnupur subdivision of the Bankura district.
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Midnapore Sadar.	Sadar subdivision of the Midnapore district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Jhargram	Jhargram subdivision of the Midnapore district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Ghatal	Ghatal subdivision of the Midnapore district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Tamluk	Tamluk subdivision of the Midnapore district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Contai	Contai subdivision of the Midnapore district.
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Hooghly Sadar.	Sadar subdivision of the Hooghly district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Serampore.	Serampore subdivision of the Hooghly district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Arambagh.	Arambagh subdivision of the Hooghly district.

Controller.	Area.
1	2
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Howrah Sadar.	Sadar subdivision of the Howrah district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Uluberia	Uluberia subdivision of the Howrah district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Diamond Harbour.	Diamond Harbour subdivision of the 24-Parganas district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, 24-Parganas Sadar.	Sadar subdivision of the 24-Parganas district.
Circle Officer, Barrackpore ...	Barrackpore subdivision of the 24-Parganas district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Barasat	Barasat subdivision of the 24-Parganas district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Basirhat	Basirhat subdivision of the 24-Parganas district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Kushtia	Kushtia subdivision of the Nadia district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Meherpur.	Meherpur subdivision of the Nadia district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Chuadanga.	Chuadanga subdivision of the Nadia district.
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Nadia Sadar.	Sadar subdivision of the Nadia district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Ranaghat.	Ranaghat subdivision of the Nadia district.
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Murshidabad Sadar.	District of Murshidabad.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Sadar subdivision of the Jessore district.	Sadar subdivision of the Jessore district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Magura	Magura subdivision of the Jessore district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Narail	Narail subdivision of the Jessore district.
Subdivisional Magistrate Bongaon	Bongaon subdivision of the Jessore district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Jhenida	Jhenida subdivision of the Jessore district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Sadar subdivision of the Khulna district.	Sadar subdivision of the Khulna district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Satkhira	Satkhira subdivision of the Khulna district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Bagerhat	Bagerhat subdivision of the Khulna district.

Controller. 1	Area. 2
Subdivisional Magistrate, Narayanganj.	Narayanganj subdivision of the Dacca district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Sadar (South) subdivision of the Dacca district.	Sadar subdivision of the Dacca district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Manikganj.	Manikganj subdivision of the Dacca district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Munshiganj.	Munshiganj subdivision of the Dacca district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Jamalpur	Jamalpur subdivision of the Mymensingh district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Tangail	Tangail subdivision of the Mymensingh district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Netrakona.	Netrakona subdivision of the Mymensingh district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Sadar subdivision of the Mymensingh district.	Sadar subdivision of the Mymensingh district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Kishoreganj.	Kishoreganj subdivision of the Mymensingh district.
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Faridpur Sadar.	Sadar subdivision of the Faridpur district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Gopalganj.	Gopalganj subdivision of the Faridpur district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Madaripur.	Madaripur subdivision of the Faridpur district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Goalundo	Goalundo subdivision of the Faridpur district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Patuakhali.	Patuakhali subdivision of the Bakarganj district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Pirojpur	Pirojpur subdivision of the Bakarganj district.
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Bakarganj Sadar.	Sadar subdivision of the Bakarganj district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Bhola ...	Bhola subdivision of the Bakarganj district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Sadar subdivision of the Chittagong district.	Sadar subdivision of the Chittagong district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Cox's Bazar.	Cox's Bazar subdivision of the Chittagong district.

Controller. 1	Area. 2
'Subdivisional Magistrate, Sadar (South) subdivision of the Tippera district.	Sadar (South) subdivision of the Tippera district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Sadar (North) subdivision of the Tippera district.	Sadar (North) subdivision of the Tippera district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Brahmanbaria.	Brahmanbaria subdivision of the Tippera district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Chandpur.	Chandpur subdivision of the Tippera district.
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Noakhali Sadar.	Sadar subdivision of the Noakhali district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Feni ...	Feni subdivision of the Noakhali district.
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Rajshahi Sadar.	Sadar subdivision of the Rajshahi district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Naogaon	Naogaon subdivision of the Rajshahi district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Nator ...	Nator subdivision of the Rajshahi district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Sadar subdivision of the Dinajpur district.	District of Dinajpur.
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Jalpaiguri Sadar.	Sadar subdivision of the Jalpaiguri district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Alipur Duars.	Alipur Duars subdivision of the Jalpaiguri district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Sadar subdivision of the Rangpur district.	Sadar subdivision of the Rangpur district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Nilphamari.	Nilphamari subdivision of the Rangpur district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Kurigram	Kurigram subdivision of the Rangpur district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Gaibandha.	Gaibandha subdivision of the Rangpur district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Sadar subdivision of the Bogra district.	District of Bogra.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Sadar subdivision of the Pabna district.	Sadar subdivision of the Pabna district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Sirajganj	Sirajganj subdivision of the Pabna district.
Senior Deputy Magistrate, Malda	District of Malda.
Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling	Sadar subdivision of the Darjeeling district.

*Substituted by notification No. 16175L. R., dated the 3rd October, 1944.

Controller. 1	Area. 2
Subdivisional Magistrate, Kalimpong.	Kalimpong subdivision of the Darjeeling district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Kurseong	Kurseong subdivision of the Darjeeling district.
Subdivisional Magistrate, Siliguri	Siliguri subdivision of the Darjeeling district.

3. In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (4) of paragraph 2 of the said Order, the Governor is pleased to prescribe the 1st December, 1940, as the prescribed date for the district of Darjeeling and the 1st December, 1941, as that for the rest of Bengal excluding the Presidency town of Calcutta and the district of Chittagong Hill Tracts.

Notification No. 12432 L.R., dated the 15th July, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th July, 1944, Pt. I, p. 919).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-paragraphs (2) and (3) of paragraph 10E of the Bengal House Rent Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to direct that—

(a) the following particulars shall be stated in an application under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 10E of the said Order regarding any house referred to in the said paragraph:—

- (1) premises No. of the building or hut;
- (2) whether the whole or any part of the building or hut is required;
- (3) if any part is required, the specification of the flat, suite or rooms and the total number of rooms required;
- (4) name and address of the owner; and

(b) the form of notice referred to in sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 10E of the said Order shall be as follows:—

Form of notice referred to in paragraph 10E(3) of the Bengal House Rent Control Order, 1942.

To

.....(name of the owner).

.....(address).

Whereas.....(name of the applicant) has applied under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10E of the Bengal House Rent Control Order, 1942, for providing him with accommodation in the house specified in the application (copy enclosed), you are hereby directed to show cause within fifteen days from the date of service of this notice why the said house should not be let out to the applicant on such rent as may be fixed by the Controller under the said paragraph.

Controller.

Notification No. 8747 L.R., dated the 25th June, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 26th June, 1943, p. 103).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (bb) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

The Calcutta House Rent Control Order, 1943.

1. (1) This Order may be called "The Calcutta House Rent Control Order, 1943".

(2) It extends to the whole of Calcutta.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) "Calcutta" has the same meaning as in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923;

(2) "Controller" means an Officer appointed as such by the Provincial Government for an area to which this Order applies;

(3) "house" means any building or part of a building or hut let or to be let separately for residential or non-residential purposes and includes—

(a) the garden, grounds and out-houses (if any) appurtenant to such building or part of a building or hut; and

(b) any furniture supplied by the landlord for use in such building or part of a building;

but does not include a stall let at variable rents at different seasons of the year for the retail sale of goods in a market as defined in clause (39) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, or a room or rooms in a hotel, boarding house or lodging house;

(4) "landlord" means any person who is for the time being receiving or entitled to receive rent in respect of any house whether on his own account, or on account, or on behalf, or for the benefit of any other person or as a trustee, guardian or receiver for any other person and includes a tenant who has sublet any house and every person from time to time deriving title under a landlord;

(5) "tenant" means any person by whom or on whose account rent is payable for a house, and includes ²[a legal representative, as defined in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and] a person continuing in possession after the termination of a tenancy in his favour.

3. No landlord with effect from the first day of December, 1941 (hereinafter referred to as the prescribed date), shall be deemed to have been entitled to charge or shall charge a rate of rent which exceeds by more than ten per cent. the rent that was being paid on that date or, in respect of any house which was not let out on that date, a rate of rent which

¹Inserted by notification No. 9352 L.R., dated the 19th March, 1944.

²Inserted by Order No. 12640 L.R., dated the 16th June, 1945.

exceeds by more than ten *per cent.* the rent which would, in the opinion of the Controller, have been paid on that date, if the house had been let out:

Provided that no enhancement of rent shall be allowed in respect of any house after the commencement of this Order except in so far as has been provided for in paragraph 8 of this Order:

Provided further that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to any periodical increment of rent accrued due under any written agreement entered into before the prescribed date.

4. Where the rent payable for any house has been fixed by any order or decree made after the prescribed date but before the commencement of this Order, the Court by which the order or decree was made may, if it is of opinion that the rent so fixed exceeds the rent chargeable under paragraph 3, vary the order or decree in such manner as the Court thinks fit for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the said paragraph.

5. With effect from the prescribed date no landlord shall be deemed to have been entitled to charge or shall charge a *salami* or premium for letting out a house on rent or for renewing the lease of a house.

¹5A. It shall not be lawful for any landlord in consideration of the letting out of any house on rent or of the renewal of the lease of any house to require the payment of any sum exceeding one month's rent of such house as rent in advance.

6. ²[(1)] ¹[Save as otherwise provided in sub-paragraph (2)] no refund shall be allowed if any amount in excess of the amount chargeable under paragraph 3 or any amount referred to in paragraph 5 has been paid before the commencement of this Order.

³(2) The Controller may, on the application of a tenant, order the refund of any sum in excess of the rent chargeable under this Order or any *salami* or premium referred to in paragraph 5 or any rent in advance in excess of one month's rent, paid by such tenant whether before or after the commencement of this Order, in respect of occupation of any house after the commencement of this Order, to such tenant or at the option of such tenant order the adjustment of any amount so paid in any other manner.

³(3) An order of the refund passed by the Controller under sub-paragraph (2) shall, subject to the provisions of paragraph 14, be final and shall be executed by the Court having jurisdiction to entertain a suit for the recovery of arrears of rent in respect of the house in relation to which the sum ordered to be refunded was paid as if such order of refund were a decree of that Court.

7. (1) The Controller may, in cases other than those provided for in paragraph 4 on his own motion or on application made to him by any person interested, fix the rent chargeable under paragraph 3 in respect of any house.

(2) No landlord shall charge any rent which exceeds the rent fixed under sub-paragraph (1), and any agreement for the payment of any rent which exceeds the rent fixed under sub-paragraph (1), shall be null and void in respect of such excess.

8. (1) In the case where some addition, improvement or alteration, not included in necessary repairs or repairs which are usually made to houses in the locality, has been carried out in any house at the landlord's expense after the prescribed date, an additional increase in rent in respect of such house shall be permissible.

¹Inserted by notification No. 306 L.R., dated the 11th January, 1946.

²Renumbered, *ibid.*

³Added, *ibid.*

(2) Any increase in rent referred to in sub-paragraph (1) shall not exceed annually ten *per cent.* on the cost of such addition, improvement or alteration and shall not be chargeable until such addition, improvement or alteration has been completed.

(3) In the case where any furniture has been supplied after the prescribed date by the landlord for use in any house or in the case where a house which was let without any furniture on or after the said date is subsequently let furnished, an additional increase in rent in respect of such house shall be permissible.

(4) Where by reason of the exodus of people from Calcutta due to apprehension of hostile attack, the landlord has, after the prescribed date—

- (a) reduced the rent which was being paid in respect of any house, or
- (b) let out any house at a rent lower than the rent which was being paid in respect of the said house on the prescribed date or, in the case where the house was not let on the said date, which would have been payable on that date if the house had been let out,

he may in the absence of any agreement to the contrary increase such rent:

Provided that the rent so increased shall not exceed the rent which was being paid in respect of the said house on the prescribed date or which would have been payable on that date if the house had been let out on that date, as the case may be.

(5) Any dispute between the landlord and the tenant in regard to any increase of rent claimed under sub-paragraph (1), sub-paragraph (3) or sub-paragraph (4) shall be decided by the Controller and the Controller shall, in determining any such dispute in regard to an increase of rent claimed under sub-paragraph (3), take into consideration the cost of the furniture supplied.

18A. No distress warrant shall be issued under Chapter VIII of the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882, and no process under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, in execution of a decree passed *ex parte* thereunder shall be issued either for the attachment of property, or for the arrest of any tenant in connection with recovery of rent of any house situated in any area to which this Order applies, unless the person applying for execution shall, when making his application, swear or affirm by affidavit or otherwise that none of the rent in respect of which execution is applied for is such as is not chargeable under this Order.

9. (1) No order or decree for the recovery of possession of any house shall be made so long as the tenant pays rent to the full extent allowable by this Order and performs the conditions of the tenancy:

Provided that nothing in this sub-paragraph shall apply—

- (a) where the tenant has done any act contrary to the provisions of clause (m), clause (o) or clause (p) of section 108 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882, or
- (b) where the tenant has been guilty of conduct which is a nuisance or an annoyance to adjoining or neighbouring occupiers, or
- (c) where the house is *bona fide* required by the landlord either for purposes of building or re-building, or for his own occupation or for the occupation of any person for whose benefit the house is held, or where the landlord can show any cause which may be deemed satisfactory by the Court.

¹Inserted by notification No. 306L.R., dated the 11th January, 1946.

(2) The fact that the period of the lease has expired, or that the interest of the landlord in the house has been transferred shall not of itself be deemed to be a satisfactory cause within the meaning of the proviso to sub-paragraph (1) provided that the tenant is ready and willing to pay rent to the full extent allowable by this Order.

(3) Where the landlord recovers possession on the ground that the house is *bona fide* required by him for purposes of building or re-building or for his own occupation or for the occupation of any person for whose benefit the house is held and the building or the re-building of the house is not commenced or the house is not occupied by the landlord or such person within fifteen days of the date of vacation of the house by the original tenant, or the house having been so occupied is re-let within six months of the said date to any person other than the original tenant, the Controller may, on the application of the original tenant made within seven months of his vacating the house, direct the landlord to put the original tenant in possession of the house and to pay him such compensation as may be fixed by the Controller.

¹[(4) No tenant shall be entitled to the benefit of this paragraph in respect of any house unless—

- (a) he pays the rent due by him in respect of such house to the full extent allowable by this Order within the time fixed in the contract with his landlord or in the absence of such contract by the fifteenth day of the month next following that for which the rent is payable, and
- (b) in the case where any rent has accrued due before the commencement of this Order, also he has paid within three months of the date of such commencement all arrears of rent due by him in respect of such house to the full extent allowable by this Order, and
- (c) in the case where the Controller has by an order under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 7 or sub-paragraph (5) of paragraph 8 allowed any increase in the rate of rent payable in respect of such house with effect from any date earlier than the date of the Order, also he has paid the amount that has become payable by him on account of such increase for any period preceding the date of such order to the full extent and within the time specified in this behalf by the Controller or in the absence of any such specification within one month of the date of such order, or

where, the landlord has refused to accept any rent referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c) or where there is a *bona fide* doubt or dispute as to the person who is entitled to receive such rent unless he has deposited such rent or any subsequent rent in respect of such house as provided in paragraph 10 within the time specified in that paragraph.

(5) For the purposes of this paragraph the rent allowable by this Order in relation to any house means,—

- (a) the rent agreed upon between the landlord and the tenant to be paid in respect of such house or where the rent so agreed upon exceeds the amount chargeable under paragraph 3 of this Order, so much of the rent so agreed upon as does not exceed the amount so chargeable, or

¹Substituted by Order No. 12640 L.R., dated the 16th June, 1945.

- (b) where the rent in respect of such house has been fixed by the Controller under paragraph 7, the rent so fixed,

together with such increase of rent, if any, as may have been agreed upon between the landlord and the tenant in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 8 or may have been determined by the Controller under sub-paragraph (5) of that paragraph.]

¹9A. (1) No suit or proceeding by a landlord against a tenant in possession of a house for eviction of such tenant therefrom in which any of the grounds specified in clause (c) of the proviso to sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 9 has been taken as a ground for such eviction shall be entertained by any Court, or, where any such suit or proceeding by a landlord is pending in any Court on the twenty-second day of May, 1944, no decree or order for the recovery of possession of the house in respect of which such suit or proceeding is pending shall be made by such Court on any of the grounds specified in the said clause (c) unless the landlord has been permitted by the Controller by an order in writing under sub-paragraph (3) to institute such suit or proceeding or to prosecute the suit or proceeding so pending, as the case may be, and has produced before such Court proof that such permission has been granted.

(2) If in any suit or proceeding by a landlord against a tenant in possession of a house for eviction of such tenant therefrom, a decree or order for the recovery of possession of such house has been made on any of the grounds specified in clause (c) of the proviso to sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 9 on or before the twenty-second day of May, 1944, but the possession of such house has not been recovered from the tenant, the execution of such decree or order shall be stayed until the landlord produces before the Court by which such decree or order may be executed or in which such execution is pending, as the case may be, proof that he has been permitted by the Controller by an order in writing under sub-paragraph (3) to recover possession of such house by the execution of such decree or order.

(3) A landlord wishing to obtain from the Controller—

- (a) any order referred to in sub-paragraph (1) permitting him to institute a suit or proceeding against a tenant in possession of a house for evicting such tenant therefrom or permitting him to prosecute any such suit or proceeding pending in any Court, or
- (b) any order referred to in sub-paragraph (2) permitting him to recover possession of the house in respect of which any decree or order referred to in the said sub-paragraph has been made by the execution of such decree or order,

shall apply in writing to the Controller in that behalf, and if on receipt of such application the Controller after giving the tenant in possession of the house an opportunity of showing cause against the application and considering all the circumstances of the case is satisfied—

- (i) in the case referred to in clause (a) that there is sufficient cause to hold that any of the grounds specified in clause (c) of the proviso to sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 9 which has been taken by the landlord as a ground for eviction of the tenant in the suit or proceeding referred to in the said clause (a) exists, and

¹Inserted by notification No. 9352L. R., dated the 19th May, 1944.

- (ii) in the case referred to in clause (b) that it is a fit case for the landlord to recover possession of the house by execution of the decree or order referred to in that clause on any of the grounds specified in the said clause (c) on which such decree or order has been made,

the controller shall for reasons to be recorded in writing make the order applied for, and if the Controller is not so satisfied he shall also for reasons to be recorded in writing make an order rejecting the application.

(4) The Controller may, before making under sub-paragraph (3) any order referred to in sub-paragraph (2) permitting a landlord to recover possession of a house by the execution of a decree or order, allow such time as he considers necessary to the tenant to vacate the house and to deliver possession thereof to the landlord.

(5) Any person affected by any order of the Controller made under sub-paragraph (3) shall be entitled to be furnished with a copy thereof and such copy shall be admissible in evidence in any Court of law to prove the order of the Controller.

(6) Where any appeal has been presented under paragraph 14 against an order of the Controller under sub-paragraph (3) permitting a landlord to institute a suit or proceeding in any Court or to prosecute any suit or proceeding pending in any Court or to recover possession of a house by the execution of a decree or order, all proceedings in connection with such suit or proceeding or the execution of such decree or order shall be stayed during the period such appeal is pending on intimation of such appeal being given to the Court in which such suit or proceeding has been instituted or such suit or proceeding or the execution of such decree or order is pending, as the case may be, by the person to whom such appeal has been presented.

19B. (1) No suit or proceeding by a landlord against a tenant in possession of a house for eviction of such tenant therefrom in which non-compliance with the provisions of this Order as to the payment or deposit of rent due by such tenant in respect of such house to the full extent allowable by this Order within the time specified in that behalf in this Order has been taken as a ground for such eviction shall be entertained by any Court, or where any such suit or proceeding by a landlord is pending in any Court on the 29th day of August 1945, no decree or order for the recovery of possession of the house in respect of which suit or proceeding is pending shall be made by such Court on such ground unless the landlord has been permitted by the Controller by an order in writing under sub-paragraph (2) to institute such suit or proceeding or to prosecute the suit or proceeding so pending, as the case may be, and has produced before such Court proof that such permission has been granted.

(2) A landlord wishing to obtain from the Controller any order in writing permitting him to institute a suit or proceeding referred to in sub-paragraph (1) or permitting him to prosecute any suit or proceeding pending in any Court referred to in the said sub-paragraph shall apply in writing to the Controller in that behalf, and if on receipt of such application the Controller, after giving the tenant in possession of the house an opportunity of showing cause against the application and considering all the circumstances of the case, is satisfied that there has been no such non-compliance with the provisions of this Order as to the payment or deposit of rent due by such tenant in respect of such house or that reasonable grounds exist for such non-compliance and if the tenant has paid to the landlord or has deposited in the manner in which a deposit of rent is required to be made under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10 the rent in arrear, the Controller

shall for reasons to be recorded in writing make an order rejecting the application, and if the Controller is not so satisfied or if the tenant has not so paid or deposited the rent in arrear, the Controller shall also for reasons to be recorded in writing make the order applied for.

(3) Where any decree or order for the recovery of possession of any house has been made on or before the 29th day of August 1945 on the ground that the tenant in possession of such house is not entitled to the benefit of paragraph 9 by reason of his non-compliance with the provisions of this Order as to the payment or deposit of rent due by him in respect of such house but the possession of such house has not been recovered from the tenant—

(a) all proceedings for delivery of possession in execution of such decree or order shall be stayed until the 29th day of September 1945, or where an application has been made under clause (b) of this sub-paragraph until the date of disposal of such application; and

(b) the Court by which the decree or order was made shall set aside the decree or order if—

(i) any application is made in that behalf by the judgment-debtor not later than the said 29th day of September 1945, and

(ii) the judgment-debtor pays to the decree-holder or deposits in Court within such time as the Court may order the rent in arrear together with such portion of the cost of the suit or proceeding as may be determined by the Court.

¹⁹C. Any person affected by any order of the Controller made under paragraph (3) of paragraph 9A or under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 9B shall be entitled to be furnished with a copy thereof and such copy shall be admissible in evidence in any Court of law to prove the order of the Controller.

¹⁹D. Where any appeal has been presented under paragraph 14 against an order of the Controller under sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 9A or under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 9B permitting a landlord to institute a suit or proceeding in any Court or to prosecute any suit or proceeding pending in any Court or against an order of the Controller under sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 9A permitting a landlord to recover possession of a house by the execution of a decree or order, all proceedings in connection with such suit or proceeding or the execution of such decree or order shall be stayed during the period such appeal is pending on intimation of such appeal being given to the Court in which such suit or proceeding has been instituted or such suit or proceeding or the execution of such decree or order is pending, as the case may be, by the person to whom such appeal has been presented.

²¹⁰. (1) When a landlord refuses to accept any rent referred to in paragraph 9 offered by a tenant in respect of any house, the tenant—

(a) may deposit such rent, and

(b) may also, unless the landlord signifies by notice in writing to the tenant his willingness to accept any subsequent rent which becomes due in respect of such house, deposit such rent,

within a fortnight ³[from the expiry of the time or date within which such rent is required to be paid under clause (a), (b) or (c) of sub-paragraph (4) of paragraph 9, as the case may be], in such manner as the Provincial Government may direct.

¹Inserted by notification No. 16589L.R., dated the 28th August, 1945.

²Substituted by Order No. 12640L.R., dated the 16th June, 1945.

³Inserted, *ibid.*

(2) Where any *bona fide* doubt or dispute has arisen as to the person who is entitled to receive any rent referred to in paragraph 9 in respect of any house, the tenant—

- (a) may deposit such rent stating the circumstances under which such deposit is made, and
- (b) may continue to deposit every subsequent rent which becomes due in respect of such house also stating the circumstances under which such deposit is made until such doubt has been removed or such dispute has been settled by the decision of any Competent Court or by settlement between the parties,

within a fortnight ¹[from the expiry of the time or date within which such rent is required to be paid under clause (a), (b) or (c) of sub-paragraph (4) of paragraph 9, as the case may be, in the same manner as has been directed by the Provincial Government for the deposit of rent under sub-paragraph (1).

(3) On any deposit being made under sub-paragraph (1), the Controller shall cause a notice of the receipt of the deposit to be served on the landlord and the amount of the deposit may be withdrawn by the landlord on application made by him to the Controller in that behalf.

(4) When a deposit has been made under sub-paragraph (2), the amount of such deposit shall be held by the Controller pending the removal of the doubt or the settlement of the dispute which has arisen as to the person who is entitled to receive the rent either by the decision of a Competent Court or by settlement between the parties and the amount of such deposit may be withdrawn by the person who is declared by such Court to be entitled to it or who is held by the Controller to be entitled to it in accordance with such settlement.]

11. Where any order or decree for the recovery of possession of any house has been made but the possession of such house has not been recovered before the date of commencement of this Order by the execution of such order or decree, the Court by which the order or decree was made may, if it is of opinion that the order or decree would not have been made if this Order had been in operation at the date of the making of the order or decree, rescind or vary the order or decree in such manner as the Court may think fit for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Order.

²11A. (1) The Controller shall on application made to him in that behalf by any tenant in possession of any house cause a notice to be served on the landlord thereof requiring him to make any repairs which such landlord is bound to make to the house or to take any measures for the due maintenance of any essential supply or service, such as, the maintenance of supply of water or electricity, the maintenance of drainage service and the maintenance of any lift, which such landlord is bound to maintain in the house under the conditions of the tenancy.

(2) If after receipt of such notice the landlord fails or neglects to make within reasonable time such repairs or to take within reasonable time such measures, as the case may be, the tenant may submit to the Controller an estimate of the cost of such repairs or measures, and may apply to him for permission to make such repairs or to take such measures himself and thereupon the Controller may, after considering such estimate of cost and making such inquiries as he may consider necessary, by an order in writing, permit the tenant to make such repairs or to take such measures, as the case may be, at a cost not exceeding such amount as may be specified in the

¹Inserted by Order No. 12640L.R., dated the 16th June, 1945.

²Inserted by notification No. 9352L.R., dated the 19th May, 1944.

order and it shall thereafter by lawful for the tenant to make such repairs or to take such measures himself and to deduct the cost thereof which shall in no case exceed the amount so specified from the rent or otherwise recover it from the landlord.

¹[Provided that if the necessity for making any repairs or for taking any measures referred to in sub-paragraph (1) is so urgent that any delay involved in the foregoing procedure is likely to subject the tenant to personal loss, damage or serious inconvenience, the tenant may himself cause the notice referred to in the said sub-paragraph to be served on the landlord requiring him to make such repairs or to take such measures within forty-eight hours of the service of such notice and shall in every such case submit, at the same time, a copy of such notice to the Controller together with an estimate of the cost of such repairs or measures to enable the Controller to make such inquiries as he may consider necessary about the necessity of such repairs or measures and the correctness of the estimate so submitted, and if after the service of such notice the landlord fails to make such repairs or to take such measures within the time mentioned in the notice, the tenant may himself make such repairs or take such measures, as the case may be, and after completion of such repairs or measures submit to the Controller a statement of the costs thereof and thereafter the Controller, after considering such statement and making such further inquiries as he may consider necessary, may by an order in writing determine the amount of the costs which the tenant is entitled to recover from the landlord, and the tenant may thereupon deduct the amount so determined from the rent or otherwise recover it from the landlord.]

12. (1) If any person is evicted from any house by reason of an order or requisition made in respect of such house under the Defence of India Rules, he may apply to the Controller for providing him with similar accommodation in another house subject to the payment of such rent as may be fixed by the Controller under this paragraph.

(2) In making an application under sub-paragraph (1) the applicant shall state in the application such particulars as may be specified in this behalf by the Provincial Government regarding any house in the area to which this Order applies which is unoccupied and in which the accommodation required by the applicant is available.

(3) On receipt of such application the Controller shall cause a notice in the form specified in this behalf by the Provincial Government together with a copy of the application to be served on the owner of the said house to show cause within fifteen days from the date of service of the notice why the said house should not be let out to the applicant on such rent as, having regard to the provisions of this Order and the circumstances of the case, the Controller may fix.

(4) If within the time specified in the notice referred to in sub-paragraph (3) or such further time as may be allowed by the Controller the owner shows cause which the Controller considers to be satisfactory, the application shall be rejected, and if the Controller does not reject the application, he shall fix the rent of such house at such amount as having regard to the provisions of this Order and the circumstances of the case he considers fair and equitable, and direct the owner to put the applicant in possession of such house.

13. For the purpose of an inquiry under this Order, the Controller may—

- (a) require the landlord to produce any book of account, document or other information relating to the house,

¹Added by notification No. 19959L.R., dated the 9th November, 1945.

- (b) enter and inspect the house, and
- (c) authorise any officer subordinate to him to enter and inspect the house.

14. (1) Any person aggrieved by an order of the Controller may, within fifteen days from the date on which the order is communicated to him, present an appeal in writing—

- (a) in respect of houses in the Presidency-town of Calcutta, to the Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes of Calcutta or to such other person or persons as may be appointed by the Provincial Government to hear such appeals either concurrently with, or to the exclusion of the said Chief Judge; and
- (b) in respect of houses elsewhere, to the District Judge of the 24-Parganas or to such other person or persons as may be appointed by the Provincial Government to hear such appeals either concurrently with, or to the exclusion of, the said District Judge:

²[Provided that no appeal shall lie under this sub-paragraph from any order made by the Controller under the proviso to paragraph 11A.]

(1A) Where the Provincial Government appoints a person or persons to hear appeals to the exclusion of the Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes of Calcutta or of the District Judge of the 24-Parganas, the said Chief Judge or the said District Judge, as the case may be, shall transfer all appeals pending before him to the person or among the persons so appointed, and the person or persons to whom the appeals are thus transferred shall decide the appeal from the point at which it was transferred.

(2) The Chief Judge or the District Judge ²or the person or persons appointed under sub-paragraph (1), as the case may be, shall then send for the record of the case from the Controller and after perusing such record and if necessary, taking such evidence himself or personally making such further enquiries as he thinks fit, shall decide the appeal.

(3) The decision of the Chief Judge or the District Judge ²or person or persons appointed under sub-paragraph (1), as the case may be, and subject only to such decision, an order of the Controller, shall be final.

Notification No. 17842 L.R., dated the 28th October, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd November, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1394).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 10 of the Calcutta House Rent Control Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the deposit of rent referred to in paragraph 10 of the said Order shall be made in the following manner, namely:—

1. Every such deposit may be made—

- (i) either by depositing the amount in the Reserve Bank of India, or
- (ii) by remitting the amount by postal money order, or
- (iii) by depositing the amount in the office of the Controller either by the tenant himself or by any other person on his behalf.

2. In the case where the amount is deposited in the Reserve Bank of India, the challan shall be prepared in triplicate furnishing the following particulars:—

- (i) the name and address of the person on whose behalf the money is tendered;

¹Substituted by notification No. 281 L.R., dated the 8th January, 1944.

²Added by notification No. 306 L.R., dated the 11th January, 1946.

- (ii) the name and address of the landlord to whose credit the amount is to be placed in deposit,
- (iii) the particulars of deposit, namely:—
 - (a) the specification of the house in respect of which the deposit is made,
 - (b) the period to which the rent relates,
 - (c) the amount deposited as rent,
 - (d) the amount deposited as process fee;
- (iv) head of deposit, namely, "Civil deposit (Rent)".

The Reserve Bank shall forward one copy of the challan to the Controller and retain one copy for its records. The third copy shall be made over to the party depositing the amount.

3. In the case where the amount is remitted by postal money-order, the money-order shall be addressed to the Controller and the particulars referred to in clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) of paragraph 2 shall be noted on the money-order coupon.

4. In the case where the amount is deposited in the office of the Controller, the challan shall be prepared in duplicate and the particulars referred to in paragraph 2 shall be noted therein.

Note.—In every case the process fee prescribed, that is, a fee of eight annas only per party on whom the notice of deposit is to be served under paragraph 10 of the Order shall be deposited together with the rent.

Notification No. 8749 L.R., dated the 25th June, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 26th June, 1943, p. 105).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-paragraphs (2) and (3) of paragraph 12 of the Calcutta House Rent Control Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that—

- (a) the following particulars shall be stated in an application under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 12 of the said Order regarding any house referred to in the said paragraph:—
 - (1) Premises No. of the building or hut;
 - (2) Whether the whole or any part of the building or hut is required;
 - (3) If any part is required, the specification of the flat, suite or rooms and the total number of rooms required;
 - (4) Name and address of the owner; and
- (b) the form of notice referred to in sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 12 of the said Order shall be, as follows:—

Form of notice referred to in paragraph 12 (3) of the Calcutta House Rent Control Order, 1943.

To

.....(Name of the owner).

.....(Address).

Whereas.....(name of the applicant) has applied under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 12 of the Calcutta House Rent Control Order, 1943, for providing him with accommodation in the house specified in the application (copy enclosed), you are hereby directed to show cause within fifteen days from the date of service of this notice why the said house should not be let out to the applicant on such rent as may be fixed by the Controller under the said paragraph.

Controller.

(xl) Ice Control.

Notification No. 1606 Fish, dated the 14th March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 14th March, 1945, p. 47).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of notification No. 4026 Fish, dated the 19th October, 1944, published in the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*, dated the 21st October, 1944, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Ice Control Order, 1945.
- (2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts.
- (3) It shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 1945.
2. (1) In this Order,—
 - (a) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;
 - (b) "Controller" means an officer appointed as such by the Provincial Government;
 - ¹[(c) "dealer" means a person who carries on the business of selling ice to consumer either as a wholesaler or a retailer and includes a manufacturer when he carries on the business of selling ice and also any person in charge of any depot maintained by a manufacturer for the selling of ice in retail quantities];
 - (d) "Form" means a form appended to this Order;
 - (e) "ice-making machinery" means any machinery for the manufacture of ice which is driven by any form of mechanically transmitted energy;
 - (f) "manufacturer" means a person engaged in the manufacture of ice.
- (2) For the purposes of this Order ice shall be deemed to be sold in whole-sale quantities if it is sold in quantities of not less than three maunds and five seers in one transaction and ice shall be deemed to be sold in retail quantities when it is sold in quantities of less than three maunds and five seers in one transaction.
3. Notwithstanding anything contained in paragraphs 12 and 13 of this Order, no person shall, after such date as may be specified by the Controller by notification in the *Official Gazette*, carry on the business of a manufacturer or dealer unless he holds a license in this behalf under this Order and except in accordance with the conditions mentioned in such license.
4. (1) Applications for the issue of licenses under this Order shall be made to the Controller in Form A.
- (2) Every license issued under this Order authorising a person to carry on the business of a manufacturer shall be in Form B and every license issued under this Order authorising a person to carry on the business of a dealer shall be in Form C.

¹Substituted by notification No. 6323 Fish, dated the 11th August, 1945.

5. A manufacturer or dealer,—

- (a) shall not, in the case where the factory or premises in which ice is manufactured or kept stored for sale, as the case may be, is situated in Calcutta, ¹[sell or deliver any ice so manufactured or kept stored for sale for the purpose of being taken out from Calcutta to any place outside Calcutta] except under and in accordance with a permit in writing issued in this behalf by the Controller;
- (b) shall submit to the Controller such periodical returns of stocks, output and deliveries of ice as the Controller may direct;
- (c) shall comply with such directions as may be given by the Controller, by general or special order, from time to time, regarding the stock, output, sale, supply and delivery of the ice manufactured or kept stored for sale by such manufacturer or dealer, as the case may be.

²[5A. No manufacturer shall deliver any ice to any person and no person shall take delivery of any ice from any manufacturer unless such delivery is made or taken—

- (a) under, and in accordance with the conditions specified in, a permit issued under this Order, or
- (b) in compliance with any direction issued by the Controller under this Order, or
- (c) for the supplying, or for obtaining the supply, of any quota of ice allotted to such person by the Controller under this Order.]

6. Except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued in writing in this behalf by the Controller no person shall ³[take or cause to be taken, out from Calcutta to any place outside Calcutta or] bring or cause to be brought into Calcutta from any place outside Calcutta any ice, and, in Calcutta, no person except under and in accordance with the conditions of such a permit shall acquire by purchase or otherwise any ice not manufactured within Calcutta.

7. (1) The Controller may, from time to time, issue directions to any manufacturer or dealer to supply ice not exceeding such quantity, during such period or periods and to such person or persons as may be specified by the Controller.

(2) A manufacturer or dealer to whom any direction is issued under subparagraph (1) shall, on demand and offer of price by or on behalf of the person or persons so specified by the Controller, supply ice to such person or persons, as the case may be, in accordance with such directions.

8. The Controller may, from time to time, issue directions,—

- (a) allotting quotas of ice for supply or sale to consumers generally or for the supply or sale to any specified class or classes of consumers;
- (b) regarding the manner of disposal of the stocks of ice held by a manufacturer or a dealer,

and every manufacturer or dealer to whom any such direction is issued under this paragraph shall comply therewith.

¹Substituted by notification No. 6323 Fish, dated the 11th August, 1945.

²Inserted, *ibid.*

9. (1) The Provincial Government may, from time to time, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, fix the maximum price at which ice may be sold, and the maximum price so fixed,—

(a) may be different in respect of the sale of ice in wholesale quantities from that so fixed in respect of the sale of ice in retail quantities; and

(b) shall in each case include the amount of any tax payable in respect of the sale of such ice under the Bengal Finance (Sales Tax) Act, 1941.

(2) When the maximum price at which ice may be sold by any person has been fixed under sub-paragraph (1), no such person shall sell or agree to sell and no person shall purchase or agree to purchase any ice at a price exceeding the maximum price so fixed.

¹[10. Any agreement for delivery of ice entered into after the 31st day of December 1944 and before the commencement of this Order and existing at the date of such commencement which provides for the payment of a price exceeding the maximum price of such rice fixed under paragraph 9 or contains any terms which contravene any of the provisions of this Order or any directions issued hereunder shall, after such commencement, be deemed to be so revised as if for the price originally agreed upon a price not exceeding the maximum price so fixed, or for the said terms, such terms as do not contravene any of the said provisions or directions, has or have been substituted and every such agreement entered into by a manufacturer shall as so revised be binding on such manufacturer or on the person in charge of a depot for sale of ice maintained by such manufacturer according as the agreement provides for delivery in wholesale or in retail quantities.]

11. Every manufacturer or dealer holding a license issued under this Order shall comply with the conditions specified in the license issued to him and shall not sell, supply or deliver any ice manufactured or kept stored for sale by such manufacturer or dealer, as the case may be, except in accordance with the conditions specified in such license.

12. Except with the permission in writing of the Controller and subject to such terms and conditions as he may in each case specify in writing when such permission is given, no person shall carry on the business of selling ice as a manufacturer or dealer or as the agent of a manufacturer or dealer if he was not so doing on or before the 31st day of December, 1944.

13. (1) No person who was carrying on the business of selling ice as a manufacturer or dealer or as an agent of a manufacturer or dealer before the 31st day of December, 1944, shall continue to carry on such business after the expiry of fifteen days from the commencement of this Order unless he has been registered for this purpose under the provisions of sub-paragraph (2).

(2) The Controller may in his discretion, on application in writing made to him in this behalf, register any person who was carrying on the business of selling ice as a manufacturer or dealer or as an agent of a manufacturer or dealer before the 31st day of December, 1944, in a register maintained by him for this purpose.

(3) Every application for registration made under sub-paragraph (2) shall furnish the following particulars, namely:—

(a) in the case where the application is made by the agent of a manufacturer or dealer, the name and address of such manufacturer or dealer, and

¹Substituted by notification No. 6323 Fish, dated the 11th August, 1945.

(b) the place or places at which such manufacturer, dealer or agent is carrying on the business of selling ice.

14. No person shall,—

- (a) sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of any ice-making machinery or any part thereof, or
- (b) move or cause to be moved any ice-making machinery or any part thereof, in the case where such machinery is kept at the commencement of this Order in any premises situated within Calcutta, to any place outside Calcutta and in the case where such machinery is kept at such commencement in any premises situated within any district (excluding in the case of the district of 24-Parganas so much of such district as is included within the suburbs of Calcutta), to any place outside such district,

except under and in accordance with a permit issued in writing by the Controller or by any person authorised in writing by the Controller in this behalf.

15. The Controller or any person authorised in this behalf in writing by the Controller may,—

- (a) enter upon and inspect any factory or other premises in which ice is being manufactured, sold or kept stored for sale or in which there is any ice-making machinery;
- (b) require any person to produce any books, accounts or other documents relating to any ice manufactured, purchased, sold or kept stored for sale by him or to any transaction in respect of such ice or to furnish such information relating to such manufacture, purchase, sale or storage for sale as the Controller or the person so authorised may consider necessary.

Form "A".

[See paragraph 4(1).]

Application for Manufacturer's/Dealer's license under the Bengal Ice Control Order, 1945.

To

The Controller,

I/We.....of.....
beg to apply for a license to carry on the business of a manufacturer of ice at my/our factory known as The.....
or (the business of a dealer in ice at.....).

Signature.

Address.

Date......

Form "B".

[See paragraph 4(2).]

License for the carrying on of the business of a manufacturer of ice.

License No.....

Area.....

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Ice Control Order, 1945, and to the terms and conditions below of this license (name).....
.....of (address).....is/are authorised to manufacture for sale ice at the factory or premises situated at.....

Terms and conditions.

1. The licensee shall not in one transaction sell, supply or deliver either ~~ex~~-factory or through his own distributing agency any ice manufactured by him in any quantity less than 3 maunds and 5 seers in weight.

2. If and when directed so to do by the Controller the licensee shall supply ice not exceeding such quantity, during such period or periods and to such person or persons as may be specified in such direction.

3. The licensee shall submit to the Controller such periodical returns of stocks, output and delivery of ice as the Controller may direct.

4. The licensee shall comply with such directions as may, from time to time, be given by the Controller regarding the stock, output and sale of the ice manufactured by the licensee or the manner of disposal of the stocks of ice held by the licensee.

5. The licensee shall not sell any ice at a price exceeding the maximum price fixed under paragraph 9 of the said Order.

6. The licensee shall give all reasonable facilities to the Controller or to any person authorised in writing by the Controller to enter upon and inspect any factory or other premises in which ice is being manufactured, sold or kept stored for sale by the licensee.

Signature of the Controller.

Date.....

Form "C".

[See paragraph 4(2).]

License for the carrying on of the business of a dealer in ice.

License No..... Area.....

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Ice Control Order, 1945, and to the terms and conditions below of this license (name).....
.....of (address).....is/are authorised to
carry on the business of a dealer at.....

Terms and conditions.

1. If and when directed so to do by the Controller the licensee shall supply ice not exceeding such quantity, during such period or periods and to such person or persons as may be specified in such direction.

2. The licensee shall comply with such directions as may, from time to time, be given by the Controller regarding the manner of disposal of stocks of ice held by the licensee or for securing compliance with the provisions of the said Order.

3. The licensee shall not sell any ice at a price exceeding the maximum price fixed under paragraph 9 of the said Order.

4. The licensee shall give all reasonable facilities to the Controller or to any person authorised in writing by the Controller to enter upon and inspect any premises in which ice is being sold or kept stored for sale by the licensee.

Signature of the Controller.

Date.....

Notification No. 1999 Fish, dated the 19th March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd March, 1945, Part I, p. 460).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Ice Control Order, 1945, I hereby issue the following directions:—

1. For the purpose of these directions,—

- (a) the word "block" means a block of ice which is the unit quantity of ice produced by the ice-making machinery of a manufacturer;
- (b) a block shall ordinarily weigh three maunds and five seers and in such case nine blocks shall be deemed to be equivalent to one ton;
- (c) where a block weighs an amount different from three maunds and five seers, the number of blocks which shall be deemed to be equivalent to one ton shall be specified in each particular case by me by order in writing.

2. (1) No manufacturer in Calcutta or within the municipality of Howrah shall in one transaction sell *ex-factory* or through any agency any quantity of ice which is less than three maunds and five seers and any quantity of ice so sold shall,—

(a) as far as may be possible, be sold in blocks; and

(b) be charged for at the wholesale rate for the time being in force.

(2) For the avoidance of doubt, all broken ice and pieces of ice less in size than a block when forming part of any quantity of ice sold in any transaction referred to in sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph shall also be sold at the wholesale rate for the time being in force.

3. All ice delivered *ex-factory* or from a factory depot or from an ice distributing agency shall be covered by challans, a copy of which shall be given to the persons in charge of the ice which is to be delivered showing clearly the quantity of ice comprised in each delivery and details of the customers to whom it is consigned and the quantities to be delivered to each customer. These challans shall on demand be produced to any person authorised by the Controller under clause (b) of paragraph 15 of the Bengal Ice Control Order, 1945.

4. (1) All sales of ice by dealers in excess of fifteen seers in weight shall be charged for at the maund rate for the time being in force.

(2) All sales of ice by dealers up to and not exceeding fifteen seers in weight shall be charged for at the seer rate for the time being in force.

5. No delivery charge for sale of ice not exceeding fifteen seers in weight shall be made:

Provided that in the case of house to house deliveries there may be charged for each daily delivery, charges at a rate not exceeding one rupee per month.

6. In the case of deliveries of ice in excess of fifteen seers in weight, where such ice is delivered at any place within Calcutta or at the Howrah Railway Station, delivery charges at the rate of two annas per maund subject to a maximum of six annas per block may be made, and where such ice is delivered at any other place, such delivery charges shall be made as may be arranged between the customer and the supplier.

7. (1) No delivery charges in respect of any sale of ice shall be made if the customer takes the delivery himself.

(2) Delivery charges shall not include packing, and reasonable packing charges based on the prevailing price of raw materials for such packing in the market may be made.

8. When ice is delivered the quantity of ice delivered shall be of full weight and any deficiency in weight at the time of delivery shall be made up by the supply of extra ice or by making allowance in price.

9. A copy of these directions shall be displayed prominently at every factory where ice is manufactured and at the depot or other place where ice is kept stored for sale by a manufacturer or dealer and at the place of business of every dealer.

Notification No. 1605 Fish, dated the 14th March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary", of the 14th March, 1945, p. 47).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Ice Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum price at which ice may be sold in wholesale or in retail quantities ¹[in Calcutta as defined in clause (a) of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 2 of the said Order and within the municipality of Howrah] shall be as follows:—

When sold in wholesale quantities—Rs. 3-8 for each block of 3 maunds and 5 seers of ice.

When sold in retail quantities—Rs. 1-8 for 1 maund and anna 1 for 1 seer.

Notification No. 5691 Fish, dated the 16th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th July, 1945, Part I, p. 1250).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Ice Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum price at which ice may be sold in wholesale or in retail quantities in the district of Dacca shall be as follows:—

When sold in wholesale quantities—Rs. 5-14 per each block of 3 maunds and 5 seers of ice.

When sold in retail quantities—Rs. 2-8 per maund and annas 3 per seer.

Notification No. 5985 Fish, dated the 27th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd August, 1945, Part I, p. 1288).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Ice Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum price at which ice may be sold in wholesale or in retail quantities in the district of Bankura shall be as follows:—

When sold in wholesale quantities—Rs. 7 for each block of 3 maunds and 5 seers of ice.

When sold in retail quantities—Rs. 3 per maund and annas 3 per seer.

Notification No. 6259 Fish, dated the 8th August, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 16th August, 1945, Part I, p. 1356).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of the Bengal Ice Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct the maximum price at which ice may be sold in retail quantities in the district of Chittagong shall be as follows:—

Rs. 2 per maund and anna one for one seer.

¹Inserted by notification No. 6258 Fish, dated the 8th August, 1945.

(xii) Kerosene.

Notification No. 1860-OC VIII-A-13, dated the 27th March, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 30th March, 1944, Pt. I, p. 358).

In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased, to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This order may be called the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, 1944.

(2) It applies to the whole of Bengal.

(3) It shall come into force in such areas on such dates as the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, direct.

2. In this Order,—

(a) "Agent" means a person who has been appointed an agent of an oil company by such company and has been granted a licence under the provisions of paragraph 4 of this Order;

(b) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;

(c) "Dealer" means a person who has been granted a licence under the provisions of paragraph 5 of this Order;

¹(d) "Director-General" means the Director-General, Consumer Goods, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and includes any person authorised by the said Director-General to perform all or any of the functions of the Director-General under this Order;

(e) "District Magistrate" includes any person authorised by the District Magistrate to perform all or any of the functions of the District Magistrate under this Order;

(f) "Hawker" means a person who has been granted a licence under the provisions of paragraph 6 of this Order;

(g) "Oil Company" means a firm specified in Schedule A to this Order.

3. With effect from the date on which this Order comes into force in any area no person other than an oil company shall carry on trade in kerosene in such area unless he is in possession of a valid licence issued under this Order.

4. (1) The ¹[Director-General] may grant a licence to any agent in Bengal authorising him to carry on trade in kerosene as such agent.

(2) A licence granted under sub-paragraph (1) shall be in Form A appended to this Order and shall contain such conditions as the ¹[Director-General] may consider necessary.

(3) An agent shall not, without the permission in writing of the oil company of which he is the agent, sell, supply or transfer kerosene to any person other than a dealer duly licensed under paragraph 5, or a holder of a delivery order issued by the ¹[Director-General], in Calcutta, or the District Magistrate, elsewhere, under the provisions of paragraph 7 of this Order. The oil company when giving the permission in writing referred to in this sub-paragraph shall forward a copy thereof to the ¹[Director-General].

¹Substituted by notification No. 3907D.C.S., dated the 16th April, 1945.

5. (1) The ¹[Director-General] in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere may grant a licence to any person authorising such person to carry on trade in kerosene as a dealer.

(2) A licence granted under sub-paragraph (1) shall be in Form B, appended to this Order and shall contain such conditions as the ¹[Director-General] may consider necessary.

6. (1) The ¹[Director-General] in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere may grant a licence to any person authorising him to carry on trade in kerosene as a hawker.

(2) A licence granted under sub-paragraph (1) shall be in Form C appended to this Order and shall contain such conditions as the ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, may consider necessary.

7. (1) The ¹[Director-General] in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere may issue delivery orders to agents within his jurisdiction in respect of such consumers as are in the opinion of the ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, essential consumers and are so specified by him for quantities of kerosene the total of which shall not exceed ten *per centum* of the monthly quantity released by oil companies for sale by their agents in each district.

(2) The ¹[Director-General] may for reasons to be recorded in writing increase the proportion referred to in sub-paragraph (1) for any particular area.

8. (1) Every agent, dealer and hawker shall comply with such conditions as may be specified in the licence granted and also with such general or special directions as may from time to time be given to him by the ²[Director-General] or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, for the purpose of giving effect to the provision of this Order.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (1) such directions may, subject to the provisions of this Order, provide for—

- (a) the manner in which application for licences under this Order shall be made;
- (b) (i) the manner in which an agent shall dispose of the stocks released to him by the oil companies for sale;
- (ii) the manner in which a dealer or a hawker shall dispose of his stock of kerosene;
- (c) the quantity of kerosene which a dealer or a hawker may purchase during a specified period of time respectively from an agent or a dealer specially authorised to sell to hawkers;
- (d) the maximum quantity of kerosene which may be sold by a dealer or a hawker to a purchaser in one transaction or during a specified period of time;
- (e) the accounts and registers which shall be maintained by an agent, dealer and hawker and the returns or reports which shall be submitted by each.

9. (1) Without prejudice to any other action that may lawfully be taken against a licensee, the ¹[Director-General] may suspend or cancel a licence issued under paragraph 4.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3907D.C.S., dated the 16th April, 1945.

(2) The ¹[Director-General] in Calcutta, or the District Magistrate elsewhere, may cancel or suspend a licence granted by him under paragraph 5 or 6,—

- (a) if the said ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate is of the opinion that the licensee has contravened any of the provisions of this Order, or any of the conditions specified in the licence granted to him or any direction given to him under the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Order; or
- (b) for any other sufficient reason recorded in writing.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub-paragraph the licensee shall be deemed to be responsible for the acts and omissions of his employees.

²9A. No person other than an oil company, an agent, a dealer or a hawker shall store or keep in possession more than two tins of kerosene except under a permit in writing issued by the Director-General in Calcutta or by the District Magistrate elsewhere.

10. The ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate may,—

- (a) enter and inspect the premises of any agent, dealer or hawker for the purpose of ascertaining if the provisions of this Order, the conditions of the licence and the direction of the ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, are being complied with;
- ²(aa) enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that any kerosene is being stored or possessed in contravention of the provisions of this Order;
- (b) require an agent, dealer or hawker to produce before him any accounts, registers, vouchers or other documents relating to the sale or purchase of kerosene by such agent, dealer or hawker.

³[11. Any court trying any contravention of this order may without prejudice to any other sentence which it may pass, direct that any kerosene together with the packages and containers thereof, in respect of which the court is satisfied that the contravention has occurred shall be forfeited to His Majesty.]

Schedule A.

1. Messrs. Burma-Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Co. of India, Ltd.
2. Messrs. Standard-Vacuum Oil Company.
3. Messrs. Caltex (India), Ltd.
4. Messrs. Indo-Burma Petroleum Co., Ltd.
5. Messrs. Burma Oil Co. (India Trading), Ltd.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3907D.C.S., dated the 16th April, 1945.

²Inserted by notification No. 6250D.C.S., dated the 25th April, 1945.

³Inserted by notification No. 378D.C.S., dated the 9th January, 1946.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.**Office of the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal,****7, Church Lane, Calcutta.**

Licence No.....

Form A.*Licence for an agent.*

(Under paragraph 4 of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, 1944.)

Subject to the provisions of Bengal Kerosene Control Order, 1944, and to the terms and conditions of this licence—

Name.....

Address.....

.....
 is hereby licensed to carry on business as agent in kerosene from his depot at.....for supplying markets in (1).....
 (2).....(3).....

¹[Director/Deputy Director, Fuels,
 Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal.]

Dated.....1944.

(For conditions of licence see below.)

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall not sell kerosene to any person other than a licensed dealer or to the holder of a delivery order issued by the ¹[Director-General] in Calcutta or the District Magistrate elsewhere.

2. The licensee shall not, without special instructions from the ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate, sell kerosene to licensed dealers or holders of delivery order except those that are specifically linked to him by the ¹[Director-General] or the District Magistrate as the case may be.

3. The licensee shall submit to the ¹[Director-General] in Calcutta, or to the District Magistrate elsewhere, a statement showing the amount of kerosene released monthly for sale by the oil companies in each of the areas mentioned on this licence and shall be bound to report at once to the said office any changes in these quantities which he may have to make by order of the oil companies.

4. As long as the licensee has stocks of kerosene released by the oil companies for a particular period left in his possession, he shall not during that period refuse to sell to those licensed dealers or holders of delivery orders that are linked to him.

5. The licensee, whenever he makes a sale, shall enter the name and address of his firm, the date of sale, and the quantity of kerosene sold on the back of the licence or the delivery order of the purchaser and shall sign such entries.

6. (a) The licensee shall maintain daily accounts in registers prescribed by the ¹[Director-General].

¹Substituted by notification No. 3907D.C.S., dated the 16th April, 1945.

(b) The licensee shall submit, to the '[Director-General]' in Calcutta or the District Magistrate elsewhere, a monthly abstract of the registers in such form as may be specified by the '[Director-General]'.

(c) The licensee shall allow his accounts to be inspected at all times by officers authorised in this behalf under clause 10 of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, 1944.

7. The licensee must grant a printed cash memo. for every sale.

8. The licensee shall not charge for kerosene, either in bulk or packed in tins, prices higher than those fixed by Government from time to time.

9. The licensee shall exhibit prominently in front of his depot a board stating—

(a) the fact that he is a licensed dealer, and

(b) the schedule of maximum prices of kerosene fixed by Government.

10. The licensee shall sell to licensed dealers or holders of delivery orders, the full quantity of kerosene shown on the permit or the dealer's licence (subject to stocks being available) and shall not sell to him any quantity in excess of this quota.

11. The licensee shall sell in full tins, equivalent to 4 Imperial gallons.

12. The licensee shall comply with the provisions of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, 1944, and all general or special orders issued under that order.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Department of Civil Supplies.

Licence No.....

Area.....

Form B.

Licence for a dealer.

(Under paragraph 5 of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, 1944.)

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order and to the conditions of this licence—

Name....

Address.

is hereby authorised to carry on business as a dealer in kerosene from his shop at..... police-station

Ward No.....and to purchase from..... ^{gallons}
(Name of Agent) _{tins}
(quantity)

of kerosene during each calendar month/week/fortnight commencing from the date of issue of this licence.

District Magistrate.

Chief Inspector of Civil Supplies.

Date.....1944.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3907D.C.S., dated the 16th April, 1945.

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall not, unless specially authorised to do so by the '[Director-General]' in Calcutta or the District Magistrate elsewhere, purchase kerosene from any agent other than the one mentioned in his licence.
2. The licensee shall not sell kerosene to (a) an agent, (b) another dealer, (c) hawkers unless specifically directed to do so by a general or special order in writing issued by the '[Director-General]' in Calcutta, or the District Magistrate elsewhere.
3. The licensee shall not sell more than a standard bottle of 22 oz. as certified
by Government
chataks of kerosene
to any purchaser in a single transaction, unless specially authorised by the '[Director-General]' or the District Magistrate to do so.
4. The licensee shall (a) maintain daily accounts of receipts and sales of kerosene in registers prescribed by the '[Director-General]', (b) allow such accounts to be inspected at all times by officers authorised under clause 10 of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, 1944.
5. The licensee must grant a proper cash memo. for every sale.
6. The licensee shall levy no charges other than the price for the kerosene fixed by the '[Director-General]' in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere.
7. The licensee shall sell kerosene only from the premises mentioned in the licence and from no other place.
8. The licensee shall exhibit prominently in front of his shop a board stating—
 - (a) the fact that he is a licensed dealer, and
 - (b) the schedule of maximum prices of kerosene fixed by the proper authority.
9. When purchasing kerosene from an agent, the licensee must produce his licence and allow the agent to enter on its back the particulars specified thereon.
10. As long as the licensee has stock of kerosene left in his possession he shall not refuse to sell to any intending buyer.
11. The licensee shall sell correct quantities with the help of accurate measures.
12. The licensee shall comply with all the provisions of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, 1944, as well as with special or general orders issued by the '[Director-General]' from time to time.
13. [—For dealers, specially authorised under conditions (2) and (3) to sell in tins to hawkers—]
 - (a) The licensee shall not sell kerosene to any person other than the licensed hawkers linked to him by the '[Director-General]' or the District Magistrate, as the case may be.
 - (b) The licensee whenever he makes a sale shall enter the name and address of his firm, the date of sale and the quantity of kerosene sold on the back of the hawker's licence and shall sign such entries.
 - (c) The licensee shall not demand or receive any payment other than the prescribed price for the kerosene in bulk or tins, as the case may be.

(d) The licensee shall sell to each hawker linked to him his full quota as shown in the hawker's licence.

(e) The licensee shall sell in quantities equivalent to full tins of four Imperial gallons.

Date of sale.	Quantity of kerosene sold.	Name and address of the agent with depot No.	Signature of each agent.
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GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Department of Civil Supplies.

Licence No.....

Area.....

Form C.

Licence for a hawker.

(Under paragraph 6 of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, 1944.)

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, 1944, and to the terms and conditions of this licence—

Name....

Address.

is hereby authorised to carry on business as a hawker in kerosene in Block No.....Ward No.....police-station.....and to purchase from.....gallons of kerosene
(a dealer specially authorised for the purpose) tins (quantity)

during each calendar month/week/day commencing from the date of the issue of this licence.

District Magistrate.

Date.....1944.

Chief Inspector, Civil Supplies.

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall not, unless specially authorised to do so by the '[Director-General] or District Magistrate, purchase kerosene from any supplier other than the dealer mentioned in his licence.

2. The licensee shall not make any payment to the dealer except the prescribed price for the quantity of kerosene received by him either in bulk or packed in tins, as the case may be.

3. The licensee shall not sell more than a standard bottle of 22 oz. certified by Government chataks of
kerosene to any purchaser in a single transaction.

4. When purchasing kerosene the licensee must produce his licence and allow the dealer to enter on its back the particulars specified thereon.

5. As long as the licensee has stocks of kerosene left in his possession he shall not refuse to sell to any intending buyer.

6. The licensee shall sell correct quantities with the help of accurate measures.

7. The licensee shall sell kerosene only within the area specified in his licence.

8. The licensee shall comply with all the provisions of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, 1944, as well as with special or general orders issued by the '[Director-General] from time to time.

Date of sale	Quantity of kerosene sold.	Name and address of the specially authorised dealer.	Signature of such dealer.
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Notification No. VIII-A-4-8781-O.C., dated the 30th September, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th October, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1237).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said order shall come into force in the districts mentioned below in Schedule A with effect in each district from the date mentioned against it:—

Schedule A.

Khulna—From 15th September, 1944.
 Nadia—From 15th September, 1944.
 Howrah—From 15th September, 1944.
 Darjeeling—From 21st September, 1944.
 Hooghly—From 1st October, 1944.
 Birbhum—From 15th October, 1944.

Notification No. 9441-O.C., dated the 27th October, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd November, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1314).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said order shall come into force in the districts mentioned below in Schedule A with effect in each district from the date mentioned against it:—

Schedule A.

Noakhali—From 22nd September, 1944.
 Bakarganj—From 25th October, 1944.
 Burdwan—From 1st November, 1944.
 Rangpur—From 1st November, 1944.
 Pabna—From 1st November, 1944.
 Mymensingh—From 1st November, 1944.

Notification No. 10390-O.C., dated the 23rd November, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th December, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1419).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said order shall come into force in the districts mentioned below in Schedule A with effect in each district from the date mentioned against it:—

Schedule A.

Murshidabad—From 15th November, 1944.
 Jessore—From 5th November, 1944.
 Faridpur—From 15th November, 1944.

In Chandpur subdivision of Tippera—From 1st December, 1944.

Notification No. 2602D.C.S., dated the 14th March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd March, 1945, Pt. I, p. 455).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said order shall come into force in the district mentioned below in Schedule A with effect from the date mentioned against it:—

Schedule A.

Chittagong—From 1st March, 1945.

Notification No. 3098D.C.S., dated the 16th April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 664).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (d) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, 1944, I hereby authorise the officers mentioned in column 2 of the table below to perform such of the functions of the Director-General under the said Order as are specified in the corresponding entries in column 1 of that table:—

Column 1.	Column 2.
Licensing agents under paragraph 4	Director/Duputy Director, Fuels.
Licensing dealers in Calcutta under paragraph 5.	Director/Deputy Director, Fuels, and Chief Inspectors of Civil Supplies, Calcutta.
Licensing hawkers in Calcutta under paragraph 6.	Director/Deputy Director, Fuels, and Chief Inspectors of Civil Supplies in Calcutta.
Issuing delivery orders in respect of essential consumers in Calcutta under paragraph 7.	Director/Deputy Director, Fuels, and Assistant Director, of Civil Supplies in charge of Kerosene Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal.
Issuing general or special directions to agents, dealers and hawkers in Calcutta under paragraph 8.	Director/Deputy Director, Fuels.
Suspension or cancellation of licenses under paragraph 9.	Director/Deputy Director, Fuels.
Entering and inspection of premises of licenses in Calcutta under clause (a) of paragraph 10.	(a) All gazetted officers. (b) All police officers not below the rank of officer in charge of police station. (c) All Chief Inspectors, Inspectors, and Sub-Inspectors of Civil Supplies.
Requiring licensees in Calcutta to produce accounts, registers, vouchers and other documents under clause (b) of paragraph 10.	Director/Deputy Director, Fuels.

Notification No. 9498D.C.S., dated the 13th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1248).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (d) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Kerosene Control Order, 1944, I hereby authorise all officers of the

Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of a Preventive Officer or an Inspector and all officers of and above the rank of Sub-Inspector of the Enforcement Branch, C. I. D., Bengal, to perform the functions of the Director-General under paragraph 10 of the said Order, within their respective jurisdictions.

Notification No. 7881D.C.S., dated the 5th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th June, 1945, Pt. I, p. 967).

The Bengal Kerosene Rationing (Establishments) Preparatory Inquiry Order, 1945.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (aa) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Kerosene Rationing (Establishments) Preparatory Inquiry Order, 1945.

(2) It shall apply to the areas specified in Schedule I and may be extended by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette* to such other areas as may be specified in the notification.

2. In this Order—

(1) "appointed date" means such date as may be fixed by the Provincial Government in respect of any area;

(2) "Deputy Controller" means the Deputy Controller of Rationing, in charge of Kerosene, in the Directorate-General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal;

(3) "Director" means the Director of Rationing in the Directorate-General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, appointed by the Provincial Government, and includes the Controller of Rationing and the Deputy Director of Rationing, Calcutta Industrial Area, in the Directorate-General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, appointed by the Provincial Government;

(4) "establishment" means any mill, factory, engineering workshop, premises used for manufacturing purposes, printing presses or type foundries, laboratory, hospital, sanatorium, convalescent home, nursing home, orphanage, workhouse, infirmary, asylum, school, college, residential hotel, hostel, boarding house, apartment house, residential club, nurses home, temple, mosque, church, large godown, or storage shed not used for residential purposes and includes any premises used by or for the purpose of any undertaking by way of any trade or business and also includes any department under the Central or the Provincial Government and any company or other body, whether incorporated under any law for the time being in force or not, owning, managing or having control of any vessel, tram car or any light railways (other than State Controlled);

(5) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to this Order.

3. Every person owning or in charge of any establishment in any area specified in Schedule I or in any area to which this Order may subsequently be extended desiring to obtain supply of kerosene oil on or after the appointed date for use or consumption by or in such establishment shall, not later than a date fixed by the Director in this behalf for such area, furnish in duplicate to the Deputy Controller, true and correct information in respect of such establishment in the form specified in Schedule II.

4. For the purpose of verifying any information received under paragraph 3, the Deputy Controller or any person authorised in writing by the Deputy Controller may—

- (a) at any time after sunrise and before sunset enter upon and inspect any premises;
- (b) require any person to make any statement or furnish any information or to produce any books, accounts or other documents in his possession or under his control:

Provided that in entering upon and inspecting any premises the Deputy Controller or the person so authorised shall have due regard to the social and religious customs of the persons occupying the premises.

Schedule I.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipality of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas;

(4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah;

(5) the municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas; and

(6) the municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Schedule II.

1. Estimate of monthly minimum requirements of white and/or red kerosene for only operational purposes.

2. Full particulars of current monthly offtake showing—

- (a) the source of supply (company, company's agent or dealer),
- (b) the total number of gallons consumed (white and red separately),
- (c) the total number of gallons out of the total quantity consumed which is used for non-operational purposes, i.e., for consumption by staff under the following headings:—

Class of staff.	Lighting (gallons).	Cooking (gallons).	Refrigeration (gallons).
Executive/Clerical/Labour/Menial.			

- (d) the quantity, if any, of kerosene used for any other purpose.

*Signature of person owning or in charge
of the establishment.*

Date.....

Notification No. 991 (LL), dated the 12th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th June, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1006).

In pursuance of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Kerosene Rationing (Establishments) Preparatory Inquiry Order, 1945, I hereby fix the 30th day of June 1945 as the date not later than which a person owning or in charge of any establishment in the area specified in the Schedule below shall furnish in duplicate to the Deputy Controller of Rationing in charge of Kerosene, Town Hall, Calcutta, true and correct information in respect of such establishment in the form specified in Schedule II to the said Order:—

Schedule.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas;

(4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah;

(5) the municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas; and

(6) the municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chisurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 3808D.C.S., dated the 12th April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 19th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 637).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (aa) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Kerosene Rationing Preparatory Inquiry Order, 1945.

(2) It shall apply to the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order and may be extended by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette* to such other areas as may be specified in the notification.

2. In this Order—

(1) "Director" means the Director of Rationing in the Directorate General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, appointed by the Provincial Government, and includes the Controller of Rationing and the Deputy Director of Rationing, Calcutta Industrial Area, in the Directorate General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, appointed by the Provincial Government;

(2) "Inquiry Officer" means a member of the Warden's branch of the Air Raid Precautions Service constituted under the Air Raid Precautions Services Ordinance, 1941, and includes any person authorised by the Director or by the Controller of any Air Raid Precautions Service so constituted in respect of any area within his jurisdiction, to collect the information referred to, in paragraph 3.

3. Every person shall on demand being made either orally or in writing by an Inquiry Officer furnish to such officer forthwith or within such period as may be fixed in this behalf by such officer full and true information of the following matters and on such other matters as may be incidental or explanatory thereto, namely:—

- (a) the address of the house, flat or holding in which he lives or carries on business,
- (b) the total number of rooms in such house, flat or holding,
- (c) the number of rooms in such house, flat or holding lit by electricity or gas,
- (d) the number of rooms used for the purpose of living or for the purpose of any business which are not lit by electricity or gas in such house, flat or holding,
- (e) the name of the head of the family in occupation of such house, flat or holding and the number of his Ration Card, and its folio number and the number of the ration shop where he is registered.

4. (1) On receipt of the information referred to in paragraph 3, the Inquiry Officer shall verify the information by such inquiries as he may consider necessary to make and shall then compile and sign a return in the form set out in Schedule II to this Order and thereafter forward the return to the Director or such other officer as may be specified in this behalf by the said Director.

(2) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1), an Inquiry Officer may at any time after sunrise and before sunset enter upon and inspect any premises:

Provided that in entering upon and inspecting any premises the Inquiry Officer shall have due regard to the social and religious customs of the persons occupying the premises.

Schedule I.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas;

(4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah;

(5) the municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhati, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titagar, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar and (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas; and

(6) the municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagore, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia, in the district of Hooghly.

Schedule II.

Street

Road

Post Area

Sub-Area

Sector

Serial No.	House, Flat, Holding No.	Total No. of rooms.			Name of the Head of the family in occupation.	Food Ration Card of Head of family.			Kerosene units allotted.	No. of Kerosene card issued.	Remarks.
		Lit by electricity or gas.	Un-lighted rooms used for the purpose of living.	Un-lighted rooms used for the purpose of any business.		R. C. No.	Folio No.	Shop No.			

Notification No. 103S., dated the 26th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 3rd August, 1945, Pt. I, p. 975).

In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Chittagong Hill-tracts Kerosene Control Order, 1944.

(2) It applies to the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(3) It shall come into force on the 15th of August, 1944.

2. In this Order,—

(a) "Agent" means a person who has been appointed an agent of an oil company by such company and has been granted a license under the provisions of paragraph 4 of this Order;

(b) "Dealer" means a person who has been granted a license under the provisions of paragraph 5 of this Order;

(c) "Deputy Commissioner" includes any person authorised by the Deputy Commissioner to perform all or any of the functions of the Deputy Commissioner under this Order;

(d) "Hawker" means a person who has been granted a license under the provisions of paragraph 6 of this Order;

(e) "Oil Company" means a firm specified in Schedule A to this Order.

3. No person other than an oil company shall carry on trade in kerosene unless he is in possession of a valid license issued under this Order.

4. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may grant a license to any agent in the Chittagong Hill-tracts authorising him to carry on trade in kerosene as such agent.

(2) A licence granted under sub-paragraph (1) shall be in Form A appended to this Order and shall contain such conditions as the Deputy Commissioner may consider necessary.

(3) An agent shall not, without the permission in writing of the oil company of which he is the agent, sell, supply or transfer kerosene to any person other than a dealer duly licensed under paragraph 5, or a holder of a delivery order issued by the Deputy Commissioner under the provisions of paragraph 7 of this Order. The oil company when giving the permission in writing referred to in this sub-paragraph shall forward a copy thereof to the Deputy Commissioner.

5. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may grant a license to any person authorising such person to carry on trade in kerosene as a dealer.

(2) A licence granted under sub-paragraph (1) shall be in Form B appended to this Order and shall contain such conditions as the Deputy Commissioner may consider necessary.

6. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may grant a license to any person authorising him to carry on trade in kerosene as a hawker.

(2) A license granted under sub-paragraph (1) shall be in Form C appended to this Order and shall contain such conditions as the Deputy Commissioner may consider necessary.

7. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may issue delivery orders to agents in respect of such consumers as are in the opinion of the Deputy Commissioner, essential consumers and are so specified by him for quantities of kerosene the total of which shall not exceed ten *per centum* of the monthly quantity released by oil companies for sale by their agents in the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(2) The Deputy Commissioner may for reasons to be recorded in writing increase the proportion referred to in sub-paragraph (1).

8. (1) Every agent, dealer and hawker shall comply with such conditions as may be specified in the license granted and also with such general or special directions as may from time to time be given to him by the Deputy Commissioner for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Order.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (1) such directions may, subject to the provisions of this Order, provide for—

- (a) the manner in which applications for licences under this Order shall be made;
- (b) (i) the manner in which an agent shall dispose of the stocks released to him by the oil companies for sale;
- (ii) the manner in which a dealer or a hawker shall dispose of his stock of kerosene;
- (c) the quantity of kerosene which a dealer or a hawker may purchase during a specified period of time respectively from an agent or a dealer specially authorised to sell to hawkers;
- (d) the maximum quantity of kerosene which may be sold by a dealer or a hawker to a purchaser in one transaction or during a specified period of time;
- (e) the accounts and registers which shall be maintained by an agent, dealer and hawker and the returns or reports which shall be submitted by each.

9. (1) Without prejudice to any other action that may lawfully be taken against a licensee, the Deputy Commissioner may suspend or cancel a license issued under paragraph 4.

(2) The Deputy Commissioner may cancel or suspend a license granted by him under paragraph 5 or 6,—

(a) if the said Deputy Commissioner is of the opinion that the licensee has contravened any of the provisions of this Order, or any of the conditions specified in the license granted to him or any direction given to him under the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Order; or

(b) for any other sufficient reason recorded in writing.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub-paragraph the licensee shall be deemed to be responsible for the acts and omissions of his employees.

10. The Deputy Commissioner may,—

(a) enter and inspect the premises of any agent, dealer or hawker for the purpose of ascertaining if the provisions of this Order, the conditions of the license and the directions of the Deputy Commissioner are being complied with;

(b) require an agent, dealer or hawker to produce before him any accounts, registers, vouchers or other documents relating to the sale or purchase of kerosene by such agent, dealer or hawker.

Schedule A.

1. Messrs. Burma-Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Co. of India, Ltd.
2. Messrs. Standard-Vacuum Oil Company.
3. Messrs. Caltex (India), Ltd.
4. Messrs. Indo-Burma Petroleum Co., Ltd.
5. Messrs. Burma Oil Co. (India Trading), Ltd.

Licence No......

FORM A.

LICENCE FOR AN AGENT.

(Under paragraph 4 of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Kerosene Control Order, 1944.)

Subject to the provisions of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Kerosene Control Order, 1944, and to the conditions of this license—

Name.....

Address.....

.....
is hereby licensed to carry on business as agent in kerosene from his depot at.....for supplying markets in (1).....
(2).....(3).....

Deputy Commissioner.

Dated.....194...

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall not sell kerosene to any person other than a licensed dealer or to the holder of a delivery order issued by the Deputy Commissioner.

2. The licensee shall not, without special instructions from the Deputy Commissioner sell kerosene to licensed dealers or holders of delivery orders except those that are specifically linked to him by the Deputy Commissioner.

3. The licensee shall submit to the Deputy Commissioner a statement showing the amount of kerosene released monthly for sale by the oil companies in each of the areas mentioned on this license and shall be bound to report at once to the said office any changes in these quantities which he may have to make by order of the oil companies.

4. As long as the licensee has stocks of kerosene released by the oil companies for a particular period left in his possession, he shall not during that period refuse to sell to those licensed dealers or holders of delivery orders that are linked to him.

5. The licensee, whenever, he makes a sale shall enter the name and address of his firm, the date of sale, and the quantity of kerosene sold on the back of the license or the delivery order of the purchaser and shall sign such entries.

6. (a) The licensee shall maintain daily accounts in registers prescribed by the Deputy Commissioner.

(b) The licensee, shall submit, to the Deputy Commissioner, a monthly abstract of the registers in such form as may be specified by the Deputy Commissioner.

(c) The licensee shall allow his accounts to be inspected at all times by officers authorised in this behalf under paragraph 10, of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Kerosene Control Order, 1944.

7. The licensee must grant a printed cash memo. for every sale.

8. The licensee shall not charge for kerosene, either in bulk or packed in tins, prices higher than those fixed by Government from time to time.

9. The licensee shall exhibit prominently in front of his depot a board stating—

(a) the fact that he is a licensed agent, and

(b) the schedule of maximum prices of kerosene fixed by Government.

10. The licensee shall sell to licensed dealers or holders of delivery orders, the full quantity of kerosene shown on the permit or the dealer's license (subject to stocks being available) and shall not sell to him any quantity in excess of this quota.

11. The licensee shall sell in full tins, equivalent to 4 Imperial gallons.

12. The licensee shall comply with the provisions of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Kerosene Control Order, 1944, and all general or special orders issued under that Order.

Licence No.....

Area.....

FORM B.**LICENCE FOR A DEALER.**

(Under paragraph 5 of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Kerosene Control Order, 1944.)

Subject to the provisions of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Kerosene Control Order, 1944, and to the conditions of this licence—

Name.....

Address.....

..... is hereby authorised to carry on business as a dealer in kerosene from his shop at....., police-station.....,

Ward No.....and to purchase from

(Name of Agent)

.....gallons/tins of kerosene during each calendar month/
(Quantity)
week/fortnight commencing from the date of issue of this license.

Deputy Commissioner.

Dated.....194...

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall not, unless specially authorised to do so by the Deputy Commissioner, purchase kerosene from any agent other than the one mentioned in his licence.
2. The licensee shall not sell kerosene to (a) an agent, (b) another dealer, (c) hawkers unless specifically directed to do so by a general or special order in writing issued by the Deputy Commissioner.
3. The licensee shall not sell more than a standard bottle of 22 oz. as certified by Government/.....chataks of kerosene to any purchaser in a single transaction unless specially authorised by the Deputy Commissioner to do so.
4. The licensee shall (a) maintain daily accounts of receipts and sales of kerosene in registers prescribed by the Deputy Commissioner, (b) allow such accounts to be inspected at all times by officers authorised under paragraph 10 of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Kerosene Control Order, 1944.
5. The licensee must grant a proper cash memo. for every sale.
6. The licensee shall levy no charges other than the price for the kerosene fixed by the Deputy Commissioner.
7. The licensee shall sell kerosene only from the premises mentioned in the licence and from no other place.
8. The licensee shall exhibit prominently in front of his shop a board stating—
 - (a) the fact he is a licensed dealer, and
 - (b) the schedule of maximum prices of kerosene fixed by the proper authority.
9. When purchasing kerosene from an agent, the licensee must produce his licence and allow the agent to enter on its back the particulars specified thereon.
10. As long as the licensee has stock of kerosene left in his possession he shall not refuse to sell to any intending buyer.
11. The licensee shall sell correct quantities with the help of accurate measures.
12. The licensee shall comply with all the provisions of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Kerosene Control Order, 1944, as well as with special or general orders issued by the Deputy Commissioner from time to time.
13. [—For dealers, specially authorised under conditions (2) and (3) to sell in tins to hawkers—]
 - (a) The licensee shall not sell kerosene to any person other than the licensed hawkers linked to him by the Deputy Commissioner.
 - (b) The licensee whenever he makes a sale shall enter the name and address of his firm, the date of sale and the quantity of kerosene sold on the back of the hawker's licence and shall sign such entries.
 - (c) The licensee shall not demand or receive any payment other than the prescribed price for the kerosene in bulk or tins, as the case may be.
 - (d) The licensee shall sell to each hawker linked to him his full quota as shown in the hawker's licence.
 - (e) The licensee shall sell in quantities equivalent to full tins of four Imperial gallons.

Date of sale.	Quantity of kerosene sold.	Name and address of the Agent with Depot No.	Signature of each Agent.

Licence No.....
Area.....

FORM C.**LICENCE FOR A HAWKER.**

(Under paragraph 6 of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Kerosene Control Order, 1944.)

Subject to the provisions of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Kerosene Control Order, 1944, and to the terms and conditions of this license—

Name.....

Address.....

is hereby authorised to carry on business as a hawker in kerosene in Block No....., Ward No....., police-station....., and to purchase from.....

(a dealer specially authorised for the purpose).....
.....gallons/tins of kerosene during each calendar month/
(quantity)

week/day commencing from the date of the issue of this license.

Deputy Commissioner.

Dated.....194...

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall not, unless specially authorised to do so by the Deputy Commissioner, purchase kerosene from any supplier other than the dealer mentioned in his license.

2. The licensee shall not make any payment to the dealer except the prescribed price for the quantity of kerosene received by him either in bulk or packed in tins, as the case may be.

3. The licensee shall not sell more than a standard bottle of 22 oz. certified by Government/.....chataks of kerosene to any purchaser in a single transaction.

4. When purchasing kerosene the licensee must produce his license and allow the dealer to enter on its back the particulars specified thereon.

5. As long as the licensee has stocks of kerosene left in his possession he shall not refuse to sell to any intending buyer.

6. The licensee shall sell correct quantities with the help of accurate measures.

7. The licensee shall sell kerosene only within the area specified in his license.

8. The licensee shall comply with all the provisions of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Kerosene Control Order, 1944, as well as with special or general orders issued by the Deputy Commissioner from time to time.

Date of sale.	Quantity of kerosene sold.	Name and address of the specially authorised dealer.	Signature of each dealer.

Notification No. 1085D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th February, 1945, Pt. I, p. 260.)

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of notification No. 1220F.G., dated the 8th February, 1944, the Governor is pleased to

direct that the commodities specified in Schedule I shall not be moved by any person from any place within any area specified in column 1 of Schedule II below to any place outside that area except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the officers specified respectively opposite each such area in column 2 of the said Schedule II:

Provided that no such permit shall be required for the movement by rail, steamer or motor transport as personal luggage of any consignment of the said commodities not exceeding 2 maunds in weight at any one time.

Schedule I.

Rice in the husk (paddy).

Rice husked.

Schedule II.

Areas. 1	Officers 2
The district of Mymensingh	Regional Controller of Procurement, Mymensingh.
The district of Bakarganj	Regional Controller of Procurement, Bakarganj.
The district of Birbhum	Regional Controller of Procurement, Calcutta and Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement, Asasoni.
The district of Bankura	Ditto.
The district of Burdwan	Ditto.
The district of Midnapore	Regional Controller of Procurement, Calcutta.
The district of Khulna	Regional Controller of Procurement, Calcutta and Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement, Khulna.
The districts of 24-Parganas, Howrah and Hooghly considered as one area.	Regional Controller of Procurement, Calcutta, for the whole of these districts and Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement, Khulna, for the Basirhat subdivision of the district of 24-Parganas only.
The district of Dinajpur	Regional Controller of Procurement, Dinajpur.
The districts of Darjeeling, Jalpaiguri and Rangpur considered as one area.	Ditto.
The district of Malda	Regional Controller of Procurement, Rajshahi.
The districts of Rajshahi and Bogra considered as one area.	Ditto.

Notification No. 3287-O.C., dated the 16th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th May, 1944, Pt. I, p. 685).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. No person shall move or cause to be moved by any form of conveyance kerosene oil from any place in Calcutta to any place outside Calcutta except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or by an officer authorised in writing in this behalf by the said Director.

2. This Order shall not apply to the moving of kerosene oil from any place in Calcutta to any place outside Calcutta—

(a) by any military authority, or

(b) by or on behalf of any of the following oil companies in the usual course of their business, if the movement by or on behalf of any such company is authorised in writing by an officer of such company recognised for this purpose by such company, namely:—

(1) Messrs. Burmah Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Company of India, Limited;

(2) Messrs. Standard Vacuum Company;

(3) Messrs. Caltex (India), Limited;

(4) Messrs. Indo-Burmah Petroleum Company, Limited.

3. In this Order, "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 1198D.C.S., dated the 24th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th February, 1946, Pt. I, p. 296).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of the Order No. 13126D.C.S., dated the 31st October, 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct that the prices of kerosene oil in the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, shall, with effect from the 5th January 1946 be, and be deemed to have been, as stated in the Schedule below and to direct further with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said rules that notice of the Order shall be given by the publication of the same in the *Calcutta Gazette*:—

SCHEDULE.

In tins of 4 gallons.

A. Superior Kerosene (in bright plate tins).

					Rs. a. p.
1. Agents' selling price to dealers—					
(a) <i>Ex-godown</i>	..	..	..	..	4 10 3
(b) If delivered at dealers' premises	..	..	..	..	4 13 3
2. Dealers' selling price to hawkers	..	..	..	..	5 1 3

B. Inferior Kerosene.*(I) (in bright plate tins).*

				Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Agents' selling price to dealers—					
	(a) <i>Ex-godown</i>	..	..	4	3	6
	(b) If delivered at dealers' premises	..	..	4	6	6
2.	Dealers' selling price to hawkers	..	..	4	10	0

(II) (in black plate tins).

1.	Agents' selling price to dealers—					
	(a) <i>Ex-godown</i>	..	..	4	1	0
	(b) If delivered at dealers' premises	..	..	4	4	0
2.	Dealers' selling price to hawkers	..	..	4	8	0

*In bulk (for 4 gallons).***A. Superior Kerosene.**

1.	Agents' selling price to dealers—					
	(a) <i>Ex-godown</i>	..	..	3	15	9
	(b) If delivered at dealers' premises	..	..	4	2	9
2.	Dealers' selling price to hawkers	..	..	4	6	9

B. Inferior Kerosene.

1.	Agents' selling price to dealers—					
	(a) <i>Ex-godown</i>	..	..	3	9	0
	(b) If delivered at dealers' premises	..	..	3	12	0
2.	Dealers' selling price to hawkers	..	..	4	0	0

Retail price (per bottle of 22 oz.)

Superior	..	..	..	0	3	6
Inferior	..	..	..	0	3	0

(xiii) Medicine.

Notification No. 244P.H., dated the 8th February, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th February, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1313).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. Every person having in his possession any of the varieties of cinchona products specified in the Schedule below, in quantities exceeding one hundred and fifty grains shall furnish within ten days from the date of publication of this Order in the *Calcutta Gazette* to the Director of Public Health, Bengal, in Calcutta and to the Civil Surgeon of the district elsewhere, a statement showing the varieties of cinchona products and quantity of each which such person has in his possession on the date on which such statement is furnished.

2. Every person who, after furnishing any statement in accordance with paragraph 1 or after the expiry of ten days from the date of publication of this Order in the *Calcutta Gazette*, acquires any of the varieties of cinchona products specified in the Schedule in any quantity exceeding one hundred and fifty grains shall furnish within five days of his acquiring the same to the Director of Public Health, Bengal, in Calcutta and to the Civil Surgeon of the district elsewhere, a statement showing the varieties of cinchona products and quantity of each which such person has acquired.

3. After the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of this Order in the *Calcutta Gazette* no person shall have in his possession more than 1,000 grains of any of the varieties of cinchona products specified in the Schedule except under and in accordance with a permit issued in this behalf by the Director of Public Health, Bengal, in Calcutta or by the Civil Surgeon of the district elsewhere.

4. After the expiry of fifteen days from the date of publication of this Order in the *Calcutta Gazette* no person shall sell or distribute free of charge any of the varieties of cinchona products specified in the Schedule except under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence in the case of sale or a permit in the case of distribution free of charge, issued in this behalf by the Director of Public Health, Bengal, in Calcutta or by the Civil Surgeon of the district elsewhere.

5. Every person holding a licence or a permit issued under this Order shall comply with such directions regarding sale, free distribution, possession or use of any cinchona products to which this Order applies as may from time to time be issued by the Director of Public Health, Bengal.

6. (1) The maximum prices of the varieties of cinchona products to which this Order applies shall be such as the Provincial Government may from time to time specify by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

(2) No person shall sell and no person shall buy such cinchona products at prices exceeding the maximum prices respectively fixed under sub-paragraph (1).

7. The Director of Public Health, Bengal, or the Civil Surgeon of the district or any person authorised in writing by the Director or the Civil Surgeon in this behalf may enter upon and inspect any premises in which any cinchona product to which this Order applies is kept or is believed to be kept and may take samples thereof.

8. In this Order, "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police, Act, 1866.

Schedule.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| (1) Cinchona febrifuge—Powder. | (5) Quinine Hydrochloride. |
| (2) Cinchona febrifuge—Tablets. | (6) Quinine Bi-hydrochloride. |
| (3) Quinine sulphate—Powder. | (7) Quinine Hydrobromide. |
| (4) Quinine sulphate—Tablets. | (8) Quinine Bi-hydrobromide. |

Notification No. 1885P.H., dated the 26th June 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th June, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1094).

of paragraph
dated the 8

February 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum prices of the varieties of cinchona products specified below shall be as follows:—

A.—QUININE SULPHATE.

(1) Tablets—5 grs. each.

One anna per tablet.

or

four annas for 5 tablets

or

seven annas for 9 tablets.

(2) Tablets—4 grs. each.

One anna per tablet

or

four annas for 6 tablets

or

seven annas for 11 tablets.

(3) Powder together with solvent in mixture—5 grs. per ounce.

One anna per ounce without container

or

twelve annas for 9 ounces including costs of container, wrapper, etc., in Calcutta area

or

eleven annas for 9 ounces including costs of container, wrapper, etc., in areas outside Calcutta.

B.—QUININE BI-HYDROCHLORIDE AMPOULES.

6 grains in 2 c.c.

Five annas for each ampoule.

Notification No. 7220 Q.R., dated the 10th August, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 16th August, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1349).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 7 of the Quinine Rationing Order issued under Local Government notification No. 244P.H., dated the 8th February, 1944, the undersigned as Provincial Quinine Rationing Authority hereby authorises all officers of and above the rank of Sub-Inspector of Police of the Enforcement Branch, C. I. D., Bengal, to exercise within their respective jurisdictions the powers mentioned in the aforesaid clause.

Notification No. 10497Ex., dated the 9th June, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 5th June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 794).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in continuation of order No. 5306Ex., dated the 16th March, 1944, published at page 312 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of 23rd March, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that the remaining orders fixing the maximum wholesale and retail prices in respect of medicines and medical supplies issued from time to time under the said clause by the Provincial Government or by any officer who has been directed by the Provincial Government under sub-section (5) of section 2 of the Defence of India Act, 1939 (XXV of 1939), to exercise the powers under the said clause shall be deemed to be cancelled.

Notification No. 7908Ex., dated the 25th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 471).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct, in supersession of previous orders, that the medicines named in column 1 of the table below shall not be sold in the town of Calcutta, as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or in the suburbs of Calcutta, as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, at a price higher than the wholesale price and the retail price shown against each in columns 2 and 3 respectively of the table:—

Table.

1	2	3
Name of medicine.	Wholesale price.	Retail price.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Aletris Cordial	52 13 0 Per doz. bottles.	5 0 0 each bottle.
Fellows Syrup—		
Small size ..	.. 50 9 9 ..	4 12 9 ..
Large size ..	.. 82 8 0 ..	7 13 0 ..
Antiphlogistine—		
Trial size ..	.. 16 8 0 per doz.	1 9 0 each.
Small size ..	.. 27 8 0 ..	2 9 0 ..
Medium size ..	.. 40 11 3 ..	3 13 9 ..
Hospital size ..	.. 150 10 0 ..	..

Notification No. 7678Ex., dated the 20th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 471).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct, in supersession of previous orders in this behalf, that the medicine named in column 1 of the table below shall not be sold in the town of Calcutta, as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or in the suburbs of Calcutta, as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, at a price higher than the wholesale price and the retail price specified in columns 2 and 3 respectively of the table:—

Table.

Name of medicine.	Wholesale price.	Retail price.
1	2	
Woodward's Gripe Water.	Rs. 19 per dozen bottles.	Rs. 1-12-9 per bottle.

Notification No. 6549Ex., dated the 1st April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 6th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 373).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct, in supersession of previous orders in this behalf, that the medicine known as Tincture Iodine or Liquor Iodi Mitis B.P. shall not be sold in the town of Calcutta, as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or in

the suburbs of Calcutta, as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, at a price higher than the wholesale price and the retail price specified in the table below:—

Table.

Wholesale price—Rs. 4-4 per pound.

Retail price—Rs. 5 per pound in containers with cork stoppers or covers;
Rs. 1-12 per 4 ounces in containers with cork stoppers or covers;
and As. 7-6 per ounce in containers with cork stoppers or covers.

Notification No. 1295Ex., dated the 24th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th January, 1944, Pt. I, p. 93).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that with effect from the 24th January, 1944, the medicines mentioned in column 1 of the following table shall not be sold in Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or in the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, at prices higher than the wholesale and retail prices shown against each item in columns 2 and 3 respectively of the said table:—

Table.

Medicines.		Wholesale price.	Retail price
		Per dozen. Rs. a.	Per dozen. Rs. a.
Carter's Little Liver Pills	..	9 8	10 6
Vicks Vaporub	..	21 4	23 6
Cuticura Ointment—			
10 cents size	..	5 8	6 0
25 cents size	..	13 4	14 8
Antiphlogistine—			
Trial size	..	18 6	20 2
Small size	..	32 4	35 8
Medium size	..	48 4	53 2
Hospital size	..	142 12	....

Notification No. 3201Com., dated the 21st September, 1940 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 3rd October, 1940, Pt. I, p. 2633).

Order.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules read with the Government of India, Department of Commerce, notification No. 501-Ind.-War (19)/40, dated the 29th June, 1940, the Governor is pleased to direct—

- (a) that all medical practitioners, chemists and traders in Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, who may have any stock of German medicines shall submit by the 19th October, 1940, to the Chief Controller of Prices, 8, Clive Street, Calcutta, a complete and carefully prepared list of

all such German medicines duly signed and dated by such medical practitioner or in the case of chemists or traders by some responsible person in the business or trade, and

- (b) that those who already submitted the list of such German medicines in July, 1940, shall not be required to resubmit the same but such persons shall, in the case where they have in stock any such medicines which were not included in the previous list, submit a supplementary list for such medicines in accordance with this order.

2. Any failure to comply with this order or wilful omission to include any such medicine in any list submitted under this order is punishable under the Defence of India Rules.

(xiv) Motor Spirit.

Notification No. 1904P.R.A., dated the 28th April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary," of the 29th April, 1944, Pt. I, p. 73).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. This Order shall come into force on the 1st day of May 1943.
2. Notwithstanding anything contained in clause 5 of the Motor Spirit Rationing Order, 1941, no dealer shall under the said Order supply or permit the supply of motor spirit required for any vehicle in respect of which a special permit has been issued under the Home (Police) Department notification No. 433T., dated the 31st December 1942,—
 - (a) except against the surrender of a coupon whose serial number is entered over the signature of the Area Rationing Authority or, in the case of hired transport vehicles or vehicles included in a pool, over the signature of the person taking the vehicle on hire or the authority in charge of the pool, as the case may be, in the special permit so issued; and
 - (b) without endorsing in the special permit so issued the serial number of the coupon against the surrender of which the motor spirit is supplied, the quantity of the motor spirit supplied and the date of supply.

Notification No. 5083P. R. A., dated the 13th September, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary," of the 14th September, 1943, Pt. I, p. 161).

Whereas it appears to the Provincial Government that it is necessary and expedient for securing the Defence of British India and the efficient prosecution of the War to regulate the manner in which motor spirit shall be distributed through dealers in the Province of Bengal:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. This Order shall come into force on the 15th September 1943.

2. In this Order the expression—

- (i) "military vehicle" means a vehicle owned or requisitioned by His Majesty's Forces and bearing the registration mark referred to in sub-section (3) of section 39 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939, and includes any vehicle of the United States Forces;
- (ii) "motor spirit" has the same meaning as in the Motor Spirit Rationing Order, 1941.

3. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Motor Spirit Rationing Order, 1941—

- (a) no person owning, operating or having charge or control of any petroleum pump, the licensed owner and situation of which are specified in the Schedule below, shall supply or permit the supply of motor spirit from such pump to any vehicle other than a military vehicle.
- (b) no person owning, operating or having charge or control of any petroleum pump, excepting the petroleum pumps specified under clause (a) of this paragraph, shall supply or permit the supply of motor spirit from such pump to a military vehicle.

Schedule.

[Not printed here.]

Notification No. P222/45/4475-P.R.A., dated the 13th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 19th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1231).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of the order published under notification No. P.S./38/118-P.R.A., dated the 5th January 1945, the Governor is pleased to make the following order, namely:—

Order.

1. This Order shall come into force at once.
2. Notwithstanding anything contained in clauses 3 and 8 of the Motor Spirit Rationing Order, 1941, no dealer shall under the said Order supply or permit the supply of motor spirit against the surrender of special receipts issued in Form "A" as set out in the First Schedule to the said Order by the authorities specified in column 1 of the Schedule below unless the conditions specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule are fulfilled.
3. When any motor spirit is furnished against the surrender of any such special receipt the supplier shall, unless specially exempted by the Provincial Rationing Authority in writing, immediately endorse or cause to be endorsed on the back of the receipt so surrendered the registration number of the vehicle to which the motor spirit is furnished, the quantity of motor spirit supplied and the date of supply.

The Schedule.

Receipts issued by:—

- (i) the Military authorities ...
- (ii) the Central Public Works Department.

No such receipt is made out for more than one hundred gallons and no such receipt has been issued more than fourteen days before the date on which motor spirit is furnished against the surrender of such receipt.

1

Receipts issued by the East Indian, the Bengal and Assam, or the Bengal-Nagpur Railway or by the consumer pump owners to whom special receipts in Form A are issued.

Receipts issued by other persons ...

2

No such receipt is made out for more than five hundred gallons and no such receipt has been issued more than fourteen days before the date on which motor spirit is furnished against the surrender of such receipt.

No such receipt is made out for more than fifty gallons and no such receipt has been issued more than seven days before the date on which motor spirit is furnished against the surrender of such receipt.

(xv) Oilseeds, Oil and Oilcakes.

Notification No. 8591D.C.S., dated the 19th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 21st June, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1078).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Coconut Oil Control Order, 1945.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal except the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(3) It shall come into force in such areas on such dates as the Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, direct.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;

(b) "Director-General" means the Director-General of Civil Supplies, Consumer Goods, appointed by the Provincial Government and includes any Additional Director-General of Civil Supplies, Consumer Goods, and the Director or any Additional Director or any Deputy Director of Consumer Goods, Bengal, appointed by the said Government or any other person authorised by the said Director-General to perform all or any of the functions of the Director-General under this Order;

(c) "District Magistrate" includes the District Controller of Civil Supplies appointed by the Provincial Government or any other person authorised by the District Magistrate to perform all or any of the functions of the District Magistrate under this Order;

(d) "Form" means a form as set forth in the Schedule to this Order;

(e) "importer" means a person who imports cocoanut oil into the province of Bengal for sale and has been granted a license under the provisions of clause (a) of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 5 of this Order;

(f) "permit-holder" means a person who has been granted a permit under the provisions of paragraph 7 of this Order;

- (g) "retail dealer" means a person who has been granted a licence under the provisions of paragraph 6 of this Order;
- (h) "wholesale dealer" means a person who has been granted a licence under the provisions of clause (b) of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 5 of this Order.

3. With effect from the date on which this Order comes into force in any area, no person other than the limited company known as Tata Oil Mills Company, Limited, of 45, Syed Ameer Ali Avenue, Calcutta, shall import cocoanut oil for sale into, or carry on trade in cocoanut oil in, such area unless he is in possession of a valid license issued under clause (a) of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 5 or clause (b) of that sub-paragraph or paragraph 6 of this Order authorising him to import cocoanut oil for sale and to carry on trade in cocoanut oil as a wholesale dealer or to carry on trade in cocoanut oil as a wholesale dealer or retail dealer, as the case may be.

4. Every person carrying on trade in cocoanut oil in any area immediately before the commencement of this Order in such area shall within seven days from the date of such commencement submit to the Director-General a true return of stocks of cocoanut oil in his possession or under his control on such date.

5. (1) The Director-General in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere may on application made to him in this behalf grant a license to any person authorising him either,—

- (a) to import cocoanut oil into Bengal for sale and to carry on trade in cocoanut oil as a wholesale dealer; or
- (b) to carry on trade in cocoanut oil as a wholesale dealer.

(2) A license granted under sub-paragraph (1) shall be in Form A.

(3) An importer or a wholesale dealer shall not sell or otherwise transfer cocoanut oil to any person other than a retail dealer to whom a license has been granted under paragraph 6 or to a person to whom a permit has been issued under paragraph 7.

6. The Director-General in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere may on application made to him in this behalf grant a license which shall be in Form B to any person authorising him to carry on trade in cocoanut oil as a retail dealer.

7. The Director-General in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere may on application made to him in this behalf issue permits to such manufacturers of soap, hair oil perfumers and other consumers of cocoanut oil as are in the opinion of the Director-General or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, essential consumers of cocoanut oil authorising such consumers to obtain specified quantities of cocoanut oil from specified importers or wholesale dealers.

8. Every person importing cocoanut oil into Bengal for sale shall submit a true declaration to the Director of Consumer Goods, Bengal, of all cocoanut oil imported by him immediately on arrival at its initial destination in Bengal of such cocoanut oil either by land or by water and shall not sell or otherwise transfer such cocoanut oil without the previous permission in writing of the said Director and except in accordance with any directions issued under paragraph 11.

9. No consignment or any part thereof of cocoanut oil arriving at any railway or steamer stations in any area in which this Order is in force shall be delivered to the consignee or to anybody else unless such delivery is

authorised by an endorsement in writing to this effect made by the Director-General in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere on the railway or steamer receipt under which such consignment or part thereof is deliverable.

10. (1) No license or permit shall be granted under this Order except on payment by the applicant for the license or permit of such fee as may be specified by the Provincial Government under sub-paragraph (2).

(2) The Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, specify—

- (a) the fee to be charged for the grant of any license or permit under this Order, and
- (b) the manner in which such fees shall be paid, and the fees so specified may be different for different types or classes of licenses or permits.

11. (1) Every importer, every wholesale dealer and every retail dealer shall comply with the provisions of this Order and with such conditions as may be specified in the license issued to him and also with such directions as may from time to time be given to him by the Director-General or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, by special or general order for the purpose of securing compliance with the provisions of this Order.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (1), such directions may, subject to the provisions of this Order, provide for—

- (a) the manner in which application for licenses under this Order shall be made;
- (b) (i) the manner in which an importer or wholesale dealer shall dispose of the stock of cocoanut oil received by or released to him;
- (ii) the manner in which a retail dealer shall dispose of his stock of cocoanut oil;
- (c) the quantity of cocoanut oil which a retail dealer may purchase during a specified period of time from an importer or a wholesale dealer;
- (d) the maximum quantity of cocoanut oil which may be sold by a retail dealer to a purchaser in one transaction or during a specified period of time;
- (e) the accounts and registers which shall be maintained by an importer, wholesale dealer or retail dealer and the returns or reports which shall be submitted by each.

12. Without prejudice to any other action that may lawfully be taken against a holder of a license or a permit, the Director-General in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere may—

- (a) suspend or cancel a license granted by him under paragraph 5 or paragraph 6—
- (i) if the Director-General or the District Magistrate is of opinion that the licensee has contravened any of the provisions of this Order, or any of the conditions specified in the license granted to him or any direction given to him under the provisions of paragraph 11 of this Order, or
- (ii) for any other sufficient reason to be recorded in writing;
- (b) for reasons to be recorded in writing suspend or cancel a permit issued by him under paragraph 7.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this paragraph the licensee or permit-holder shall be deemed to be responsible for the acts and commissions of his employees.

13. The Director-General or the District Magistrate may with a view to securing compliance with this Order—

- (a) enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that any cocoanut oil is being possessed or held in contravention of the provisions of this Order;
- (b) enter and inspect the premises of any importer, wholesale dealer or retail dealer for the purpose of ascertaining if the provisions of this Order, the conditions and the license and the directions of the Director-General or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, are being complied with;
- (c) require any person to give any information in his possession with respect to any business carried on by that or any other person;
- (d) inspect or cause to be inspected any books or other documents belonging to or under the control of any person.

14. A Court trying any contravention of this Order may, without prejudice to any other sentence which it may pass, direct that any cocoanut oil together with the packages and containers thereof in respect of which it is satisfied that such contravention has occurred, shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

The Schedule.

FORM A.

[See paragraph 5 (1).]

License No.....

License for an Importer or Wholesale Dealer.

[Under clause (a)/(b) of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Cocoanut Oil Control Order, 1945.]

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Cocoanut Oil Control Order, 1945, and to the conditions of this license—

.....(Name)
of..... (Address)
is/are hereby authorised to import cocoanut oil into Bengal for sale and to carry on trade in cocoanut oil as a wholesale dealer/to carry on trade in cocoanut oil as a wholesale dealer.

*Director-General of Civil Supplies,
Consumer Goods.*

District Magistrate.

Date.....

Conditions.

1. The licensee (if he is an importer) shall submit a true declaration of all cocoanut oil imported by him into Bengal for sale immediately on arrival at its initial destination in Bengal of such cocoanut oil either by

land or by water to the Director of Consumer Goods, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and shall not sell or otherwise transfer such cocoanut oil without the previous permission in writing of the said Director and except in accordance with any directions issued under paragraph 11 of the Bengal Cocoanut Oil Control Order, 1945.

2. The licensee shall not sell cocoanut oil to any person other than a retail dealer holding a license under paragraph 6 of the Bengal Cocoanut Oil Control Order, 1945, or a person to whom a permit has been issued under paragraph 7 of the said Order.

3. The licensee shall not without special instructions from the Director-General or the District Magistrate sell cocoanut oil to licensed retail dealers or holders of permit except those who are specifically linked to him by the Director-General or the District Magistrate, as the case may be.

4. As long as the licensee has stocks of cocoanut oil released to him for a particular period, left in his possession, he shall not during that period refuse to sell to those licensed dealers or holders of permits who are linked to him.

5. The licensee, whenever he makes a sale, shall enter the name and address of his firm, the date of sale and the quantity of cocoanut oil sold, on the back of the license or the permit of the purchaser and shall sign such entries.

6. (a) The licensee shall maintain daily accounts in registers prescribed by the Director-General.

(b) The licensee shall submit to the Director-General in Calcutta or the District Magistrate elsewhere a monthly abstract of the registers in such form as may be specified by the Director-General.

(c) The licensee shall allow his accounts to be inspected at all times by the Director-General or the District Magistrate or by officers authorised in this behalf under the Bengal Cocoanut Oil Control Order, 1945.

7. The licensee shall issue to every purchaser of cocoanut oil a correct cash memorandum and shall keep a duplicate thereof.

8. The licensee shall not charge for cocoanut oil, either in bulk or packed in tins, prices higher than the wholesale prices fixed by the Provincial Government from time to time exclusive of any tax or charge which may lawfully be levied under any law for the time being in force.

9. The licensee shall exhibit in a conspicuous position in front of his depot a board stating—

(a) the fact that he is a licensed wholesale dealer or importer;

(b) the maximum wholesale prices of cocoanut oil fixed by the Provincial Government.

10. The licensee shall sell to licensed retail dealers or holders of permit, the full quantity of cocoanut oil shown on the dealer's license or the permit (subject to stocks being available) and shall not sell to such dealer or permit-holder any quantity in excess of this quota.

11. The licensee shall sell in full drums, equivalent to Md. srs.

12. The licensee shall comply with the provisions of the Bengal Cocoanut Oil Control Order, 1945, and all general or special orders issued under that Order.

FORM B.

[See paragraph 6.]

License for a Retail Dealer.

License No.....

Area.....

(Under paragraph 6 of the Bengal Coconut Oil Control Order, 1945.)

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Coconut Oil Control Order, 1945, and to the conditions of this license—

.....(Name)
 of.....(Address)
 is/are hereby authorised to carry on trade in coconut oil as a retail dealer
 at.....

*Director-General of Civil Supplies,
 Consumer Goods.*

District Magistrate.

Date.....

Conditions.

1. The licensee, shall not, unless specially authorised in writing to do so by the Director-General of Consumer Goods, in Calcutta or the District Magistrate elsewhere, purchase coconut oil from any importer or wholesale dealer other than the one specified in writing by the Director-General/District Magistrate.

2. The licensee shall not sell coconut oil to (a) an importer or wholesale dealer, (b) another retail dealer, unless specifically directed to do so by a general or special order in writing issued by the Director-General of Consumer Goods in Calcutta or the District Magistrate elsewhere.

3. The licensee shall not sell more than a standard bottle of 22 oz. as certified by Government/.....Chataks of coconut oil to any purchaser in a single transaction unless specially authorised by the Director-General or the District Magistrate to do so.

4. The licensee shall (a) maintain daily accounts of receipts and sales of coconut oil in registers prescribed by the Director-General and (b) allow his accounts to be inspected at all times by the Director-General or by the District Magistrate or by officers authorised in this behalf under the Bengal Coconut Oil Control Order, 1945.

5. The licensee shall issue to every purchaser of coconut oil a correct cash memorandum and shall keep a duplicate thereof.

6. The licensee shall levy no charges other than the retail price for the coconut oil fixed by the Director-General in Calcutta and the District Magistrate elsewhere except any tax on sale of goods which may lawfully be levied under any law for the time being in force.

7. The licensee shall sell coconut oil only from the premises mentioned in the license and from no other place.

8. The licensee shall exhibit in a conspicuous position in front of his shop a board stating—

(a) the fact that he is a licensed dealer, and

(b) the maximum retail prices of coconut oil fixed by the Provincial Government.

9. When purchasing cocoanut oil from a wholesale dealer or importer the licensee must produce this license and allow the wholesale dealer or importer to enter on its back the particulars specified thereon.

10. As long as the licensee has stock of cocoanut oil left in his possession he shall not refuse to sell cocoanut oil to any intending purchaser.

11. The license shall deliver to the purchaser correct quantities of the cocoanut oil purchased with the help of accurate measures.

12. The licensee shall comply with all the provisions of the Bengal Cocoanut Oil Control Order, 1945, as well as with all special or general orders issued under the said Order.

Date of sale.	Quantity of cacaoanut oil sold.	Name and address of the wholesale dealer or importer with depot No.	Signature of each wholesale dealer or importer.
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FORM C.

[See paragraph 7.]

No....., dated Calcutta, the.....

Permit.

Under paragraph 7 of the Bengal Cocoanut Oil Control Order, 1945, I hereby authorise Messrs./Mr.....to obtain a supply of.....mds./srs./tins of cocoanut oil from Messrs./Mr.....on the following conditions (the breach of which will render this permit liable to cancellation):—

- (i) The permit-holder shall maintain a true account of all cocoanut oil received by him under this permit.
- (ii) The permit-holder shall allow his accounts to be inspected at all times by the Director-General or by the District Magistrate or by officers authorised in this behalf under the Bengal Cocoanut Oil Control Order, 1945.
- (iii) The permit-holder shall not, unless specifically authorised to do so by the Director-General, Consumer Goods, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, sell any quantity of the cocoanut oil acquired by him under this permit.

*Director-General of Civil Supplies,
Consumer Goods.*

District Magistrate.

Notification No. 8592D.C.S., dated the 19th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 21st June, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1081).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 10 of the Bengal Cocoanut Oil Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to specify the following fees which are to be paid for the grant of licenses and permits under the said Order, namely:—

(a) For a license under paragraph 5—

- (i) when the license is for carrying on trade in cocoanut oil in Calcutta—Rs. 15 annually.

- (ii) when the license is for carrying on trade in cocoanut oil elsewhere—Rs. 5 annually.
- (b) for a license under paragraph 6—Re. 1 annually.
- (c) for a permit under paragraph 7—At the rate of Rs. 3 for each 5 tons or part thereof of cocoanut oil allotted under the permit subject to a maximum of Rs. 15 in a year.

Notification No. 1056D.C.S., dated the 21st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 31st January, 1946, Pt. I, p. 267).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of all orders on the subject, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum prices of Cocoanut Oil in the areas specified in column 1 of the table below, shall, with effect from the date of publication of this Order, in the *Calcutta Gazette*, be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the table, and with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said rules, the Governor is further pleased to direct that the notice of this Order shall be given by the publication of this Order in the *Calcutta Gazette*:—

Areas.	Prices.
1	2
The town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.	(i) (a) Wholesale at Rs. 44 per maund, <i>ex</i> -Calcutta godown (with containers); (b) at Rs. 42-8 per maund, <i>ex</i> -Calcutta godown (without containers).
Elsewhere in Bengal ...	(ii) Retail at Re. 1-3-6 per seer. (i) Wholesale at Rs. 50 per maund, <i>ex</i> -godown (without containers). (ii) Retail at Re. 1-6 per seer.

Explanation.—The above prices are exclusive of Bengal Sales Tax which may be charged extra.

Notification No. 3174D.C.S., dated the 26th March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 2nd April, 1945, p. 75).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945.

(2) It shall come into force at once in the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order.

(3) The Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, direct that this Order shall come into force in such other area or areas on such date or dates as may be specified in the notification.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "adulterant" means any substance whatever except mustard oil;

- (b) "bye-product" means any bye-product of the manufacture of mustard oil and includes oilcake;
- (c) "Director-General" means the Director-General of Food in the Department of Civil Supplies, Government of Bengal, and includes any person authorised by the said Director-General to perform all or any of the functions of the Director-General under this Order;
- (d) "District Magistrate" includes the District Controller of Civil Supplies or any other person authorised by the District Magistrate to perform all or any of the functions of the District Magistrate under this Order;
- (e) "miller" means the owner, manager or other person in charge or control of any manufactory or business in which mustard oil is manufactured—
 - (i) by the use of mechanically transmitted energy, or
 - (ii) by the operation of not less than two *ghanis* with the aid of animal or manual power;
- (f) "mustard oil" means oil manufactured by any process of crushing any of the varieties of mustard or rape seeds specified in Schedule II to this Order;
- (g) "retailer" means a person who sells mustard oil directly to consumers and not for the purpose of re-sale; and
- (h) "wholesaler" means a person who sells mustard oil to a retailer or another wholesaler for the purpose of re-sale, and includes a miller.

3. Every miller who was manufacturing mustard oil before the commencement of this Order in the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order shall, before the 30th day of April, 1945, apply for a license to manufacture such mustard oil and, after the expiry of fifteen days from the said date or from the date on which this Order comes into force in any area whichever is later, no miller shall manufacture mustard oil in such area, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license issued under paragraph 4.

3A. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 3, as long as any mustard or rape seed is available to any miller at a price not exceeding the maximum price thereof fixed by Government, such miller shall, unless specifically exempted from the provisions of this paragraph by order in writing by the Director-General, continue to manufacture mustard oil from the mustard or rape seed so available.

4. (1) The Director-General in the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order and the District Magistrate elsewhere may on application being made to him by a miller, grant a licence to such miller authorising him to manufacture mustard oil in accordance with the conditions of such licence.

(2) Every licence granted under sub-paragraph (1) shall—

- (a) be in Form A appended to this Order,
- (b) specify the maximum monthly quota of mustard or rape seed which the miller may acquire by purchase or otherwise and use for the manufacture of mustard oil,
- (c) specify the place or places at which the miller may manufacture mustard oil, and
- (d) contain such other conditions as the Director-General or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, may from time to time direct.

5. (1) Every wholesaler who was carrying on the business of selling mustard oil before the commencement of this Order in the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order shall, before the 30th day of April, 1945, apply for a license to carry on the business of selling mustard oil and, after the expiry of fifteen days from the said date or from the date on which this Order comes into force in any area whichever is later, no wholesaler shall carry on the business of selling mustard oil in such area, except under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence issued under sub-paragraph (2).

(2) The Director-General in the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order and the District Magistrate elsewhere may on application being made to him by a wholesaler grant a license to such wholesaler authorising him to carry on the business of selling mustard oil as a wholesaler.

(3) A license granted under sub-paragraph (2) shall be in form B appended to this Order and shall contain such conditions as the Director-General in the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order and the District Magistrate elsewhere may from time to time by order direct.

6. (1) The Director-General in the areas specified in Schedule I and the District Magistrate in any other area may by order direct that no retailer shall, with effect from a date to be specified in such order, being not sooner than twenty-one days after the date of the order, carry on the business of selling mustard oil in such areas or area or part of such areas or area except under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence granted under sub-paragraph (2) of this Order, and thereupon, after the date so specified, no retailer shall carry on the business of selling mustard oil in such areas or area or part of such areas or area, as the case may be, except under and in accordance with the provisions of such a licence.

(2) The Director-General in the areas specified in Schedule I and the District Magistrate elsewhere may, on application being made to him by a retailer, grant a licence to such retailer authorising him to carry on the business of selling mustard oil as such retailer.

(3) A licence granted under sub-paragraph (2) shall be in Form C appended to this Order and shall contain such conditions as the Director-General in the areas specified in Schedule I and the District Magistrate elsewhere may from time to time by order direct.

7. (1) No licence shall be granted under this Order except on payment by the applicant for the licence at the time of making application therefor of such fee as may be specified by the Provincial Government under sub-paragraph (2) and every such licence shall be valid for one year only from the date of its issue, but shall be renewable each year for a further period of one year on payment by the licensee at the time of making the application for renewal of the fee specified in this behalf by the Provincial Government under the said sub-paragraph.

(2) The Provincial Government may from time to time by notification in the *Official Gazette* specify the fee which may be charged for the grant or renewal of any licence under this Order, and the fee so specified may be different for different types of licences.

8. The Director-General in the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order and the District Magistrate elsewhere may by order in writing require any wholesaler or retailer to sell such quantity or quantities of mustard oil, or of any bye-product, to such person or persons and at such price or prices as may be specified in the order; and the wholesaler or the retailer, as the case may be, shall comply with such order.

9. (1) With effect from such date as may be notified by the Provincial Government in this behalf in the *Official Gazette*, no wholesaler shall deliver or cause to be delivered, any mustard oil to any person in pursuance of any contract of sale or otherwise without a Delivery Order in writing in respect of such mustard oil issued by the Director-General in areas specified in Schedule I to this Order and by the District Magistrate elsewhere.

(2) The Director-General in the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order and the District Magistrate elsewhere may, on application being made to him by a wholesaler, in his discretion issue to such wholesaler a Delivery Order.

10. (1) The Director-General in the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order and the District Magistrate elsewhere may, from time to time, issue such general or special directions for giving effect to the provisions of this Order as he may deem necessary.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the power conferred by subparagraph (1), such directions may, subject to the provisions of this Order, provide for,—

- (a) the manner in which applications for licences under this Order shall be made and the fees for such licences shall be paid;
- (b) the accounts and registers which shall be maintained and the returns and reports which shall be submitted by a miller, wholesaler or retailer.

11. Every miller, every wholesaler and every retailer shall comply with all such conditions as may be specified in the licence granted to him under paragraph 4, paragraph 5 or paragraph 6, as the case may be, and also with all such general and special directions as may be issued under paragraph 10.

12. Without prejudice to any other action that may lawfully be taken against a licensee, the Director-General in the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order and the District Magistrate elsewhere may cancel or suspend a licence granted by him under paragraph 4, paragraph 5 or paragraph 6, as the case may be,—

- (a) if the said Director-General or the District Magistrate respectively, is of opinion that the licensee has contravened any of the provisions of this Order, or any of the conditions specified in the licence granted to him or any direction given to him under the provisions of paragraph 10, or
- (b) for any other sufficient reason to be recorded in writing.

13. The Director-General in the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order and the District Magistrate elsewhere may, with a view to securing compliance with this Order—

- (a) enter and inspect the premises of any miller, wholesaler or retailer for the purpose of ascertaining if the provisions of this Order, the conditions of the licence, or the directions of the Director-General or the District Magistrate as the case may be, are being complied with;
- (b) inspect or cause to be inspected any book, account or any other documents belonging to or under the control of any person or verify the stocks of any miller, wholesaler or retailer;
- (c) take and remove samples of mustard oil or any other substance found on the premises of any miller, wholesaler or retailer;

(d) require a miller, wholesaler or a retailer to furnish any information relating to the sale and purchase of mustard or rape seed or mustard oil or any bye-product by such miller or of the sale and purchase of any mustard oil by such wholesaler or retailer and to produce before the Director-General or the District Magistrate any accounts, registers, vouchers or other documents maintained in connection with such sale or purchase;

and the miller, wholesaler or retailer shall permit, and give every facility to, the Director-General or the District Magistrate, as the case may be, to carry out any or all of these functions as and when so required.

14. No person shall sell or offer for sale or cause to be sold or to be offered for sale as mustard oil any oil which has not been manufactured from one or more of the varieties of mustard or rape seed specified in Schedule II to this Order or which contains any admixture of any oil not so manufactured.

15. If any person makes any false declaration regarding any matter in respect of which he is required under this Order to give information or otherwise contravenes the provisions of this Order, he shall be punishable under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both, and any Court trying any offence under this Order shall direct that any mustard or rape seed or mustard oil or bye-product together with the packages and containers thereof in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of opinion that the direction should not be made in respect of the whole or as the case may be, a part of the property.

Schedule I.

[See paragraph 1 (2).]

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) the port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; and

(4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Schedule II.

[See paragraph 2 (f).]

Varieties of mustard or rape seed.

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| (i) Sarson. | (ix) Rai. |
| (ii) Pili sarson. | (x) Rawa. |
| (iii) Lal sarson. | (xi) Tora. |
| (iv) Lotni. | (xii) Gajar sarson. |
| (v) Lahi. | (xiii) Galbalia. |
| (vi) Maghi lahia or lahi. | (xiv) Toria. |
| (vii) Laha. | (xv) Kajli. |
| (viii) Lahta. | |

Explanation.—In botanical nomenclature, the above seeds are included within the following groups:—

Brassica Campestris, Brassica Napur, Brassica Juncea and Eruca Sativa.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Department of Civil Supplies, Calcutta.

Licence No.....

Form A.

Licence for a Miller.

(Under paragraph 4 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945.)

1. Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, and to the terms and conditions of this licence—

Name.....

Address.....

at.....
is hereby authorised to manufacture mustard oil at his mill named.....
.....at....., police-station....., Ward
.....in accordance with the conditions set out below, and for
this purpose, he is allowed to acquire by purchase or otherwise and use
for the manufacture of mustard oil not more than.....
maunds of mustard and rape seed in any calendar month.

2. This licence shall be valid for one year with effect from.....

*Deputy/Assistant Director of Supply,
Department of Civil Supplies/District Magistrate.*

Dated.....

(For terms and conditions of the licence see below.)

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall maintain daily accounts of production and disposal of mustard oil and oil cake, as well as purchase, stock and consumption of mustard and rape seeds in such form as may be specified by order in writing by the Director-General.

2. The licensee shall submit to the Director-General or to such person as may be authorised by him in this behalf on Monday each week a return in such form as may be specified by the Director-General showing:—

(a) his stock of mustard and rape seed, mustard oil and oilcake at the beginning of the preceding week,

(b) the particulars of his production and sale of mustard oil and oilcake, as well as the quantities of mustard and rape seed purchased during such week,

(c) the balance in stock of such mustard and rape seed, and mustard oil and oilcake at the end of such week.

3. The licensee shall not mix or permit to be mixed with any mustard oil during or after manufacture any adulterant.

4. The licensee shall not refuse to manufacture mustard oil as long as he has mustard or rape seed in his possession.

5. The licensee shall not in the capacity as a wholesaler charge for mustard oil or oilcake prices higher than the maximum ex-mill price fixed by the Director-General/District Magistrate from time to time.

6. The licensee shall exhibit in a conspicuous position in front of his mill a board stating—

(a) the fact that he is a licensed miller, and

(b) the schedule of maximum prices of mustard oil and oilcake fixed by the Director-General/District Magistrate.

7. The licensee shall not without the approval of the Director-General/District Magistrate acquire by purchase or otherwise and use for manufacture within a calendar month a quantity of mustard or rape seed larger than the quota specified in the licence.

8. The licensee shall not without the previous permission of the Director-General/District Magistrate in writing acquire by purchase or otherwise and use for the manufacture of any oil or any other substance except the varieties of mustard and rape seeds specified in Schedule II.

9. The licensee shall give all facilities at all reasonable times to the Director-General/District Magistrate or any person authorised by him in this behalf for the inspection of his stocks and accounts and for taking samples of mustard oil or any other substance in his mill.

10. The licensee shall comply with all directions that may from time to time be given to him by the Director-General/District Magistrate.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Department of Civil Supplies, Calcutta.

Licence No.....

Form B.

Licence for a Wholesaler.

(Under paragraph 5 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945.)

1. Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, and to the conditions of this licence—

Name.....

Address.....

is hereby authorised to carry on the business of selling mustard oil as a wholesaler at his place of business under the name of.....

.....at.....
police-station....., Ward.....

2. The licensee shall sell the oil produced by.....
.....Mill/Mills only.

3. The licence shall be valid for one year with effect from.....

*Deputy/Assistant Director of Supply,
Department of Civil Supplies/District Magistrate.*

Date.....

(For terms and conditions of the licence see overleaf.)

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall maintain daily accounts of receipts, sales and stock of mustard oil in such form as may be specified by the Director-General/District Magistrate.

2. The licensee shall submit to the Director General/District Magistrate on Monday in each week a return in such form as may be specified by the Director-General/District Magistrate showing his receipts as well as disposal by sale or otherwise of mustard oil during the preceding week.

3. The licensee shall grant a printed and signed cash memo. for every sale made by him showing the quantity of oil sold, price charged for it and the name and address of the buyer. He shall retain a carbon copy of each cash memo.

4. The licensee shall not sell mustard oil from any premises other than the premises specified in the licence.

5. The licensee shall exhibit in a conspicuous position in front of his shop a board showing—

(a) the fact that he is a licensed wholesaler,

(b) the schedule of maximum prices of mustard oil fixed by the Director-General/District Magistrate.

6. The licensee shall not mix or permit to be mixed with any mustard oil in his possession any adulterant.

7. Subject to the provisions of paragraphs 8 and 9 of the Order, the licensee shall not refuse to sell oil to any intending purchaser so long as he has any stock of oil in his possession.

8. The licensee shall not charge for mustard oil a price higher than the maximum price fixed by the Director-General/District Magistrate from time to time.

9. The licensee shall sell correctly measured quantities of mustard oil by the use of an accurate measure.

10. The licensee shall not sell mustard oil to any miller.

11. The licensee shall give all facilities at all reasonable times to the Director-General/District Magistrate or any person authorised by him in this behalf for the inspection of his stocks and accounts and for taking samples of mustard oil.

12. The licensee shall comply with all directions that may be given to him from time to time by the Director-General/District Magistrate.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.**Department of Civil Supplies, Calcutta.**

Licence No......

Form C.*Licence for a Retailer.*

(Under paragraph 6 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945.)

1. Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, and to the conditions of this licence—

Name.....

Address.....

is hereby authorised to carry on the business of selling mustard oil as a retailer at his place of business under the name of.....
at.....
 police-station....., Ward.....

2. This licence shall be valid for one year with effect from.....

*Chief Inspector,
 Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal/
 District Magistrate.*

Dated.....

(For terms and conditions of the licence see below.)

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall maintain daily accounts of receipts, sales and stock of mustard oil in such form as may be specified by the Director-General/District Magistrate.

2. The licensee shall submit to the Director-General/District Magistrate on 1st and 16th of each month a return showing his receipts as well as his disposal by sale or otherwise of mustard oil during the preceding fortnight in such form as may be specified by the Director-General/District Magistrate.

3. The licensee shall grant a signed cash memo. for every sale showing the quantity of oil sold and the price charged for it.

4. The licensee shall not sell mustard oil from any place other than the premises specified in the licence.

5. The licensee shall exhibit in a conspicuous position in front of his shop a board showing—

(a) the fact that he is a licensed retailer, and

(b) the schedule of maximum prices of mustard oil fixed by Director-General/District Magistrate.

6. The licensee shall not mix or permit to be mixed with any mustard oil in his possession any adulterant.

7. Subject to any direction issued under the order by the Director-General/District Magistrate with regard to sales to individuals, the licensee shall not refuse to sell oil to any intending purchaser so long as he has any stock of mustard oil in his possession.

8. The licensee shall not charge for mustard oil a price higher than the maximum retail price fixed by the Director-General/District Magistrate from time to time.

9. The licensee shall not sell mustard oil to any miller or to any wholesaler.

10. The licensee shall sell correctly measured quantities of mustard oil by use of an accurate measure.

11. The licensee shall give all facilities at all reasonable times to the Director-General/District Magistrate or any person authorised by him in this behalf for the inspection of his stock and accounts and for taking samples of mustard oil.

12. The licensee shall comply with all directions that may be given to him from time to time by the Director-General/District Magistrate.

Notification No. 14599 D.C.S., dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2099).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, published under notification No. 3174 D.C.S., dated the 26th March 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said order shall come into force in the district of Chittagong with effect from the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Notification No. 3238 D.C.S., dated the 28th March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 2nd April, 1945, p. 78).

Under sub-paragraph (c) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, I hereby authorise the officers mentioned in column 2 of the table below to perform the functions of the Director-General under the provisions of the said Order specified in the corresponding entries in column 1 of that table:—

Functions. 1	Officers. 2
1. Licensing millers and wholesalers under paragraphs 4 and 5.	Deputy Director of Supply and Assistant Director of Supply, in charge of edible oils.
2. Licensing of retailers under paragraph 6.	Chief Inspector of Civil Supplies under the Directorate of Supply.
3. Issuing Delivery Orders under paragraphs 8 and 9.	Deputy Director of Supply and Assistant Director of Supply, in charge of edible oils.
4. Issuing general or special directions under paragraph 10.	Deputy Director of Supply, in charge of edible oils.
5. Suspension or cancellation of licences under paragraph 12.	Deputy Director of Supply, in charge of edible oils.
6. Entering and inspection of premises, inspection of books, taking samples and requiring a licensee to furnish information under paragraph 13.	(a) All gazetted officers, (b) all police officers not below the rank of an officer in charge of a police-station, (c) all Chief Inspectors, Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors under the Directorate of Supply.

Notification No. 9444 D.C.S., dated the 11th July, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1204).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (c) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, I hereby authorise all Officers of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of a Preventive Officer or an Inspector in the areas specified in Schedule I to the said order to perform the functions conferred on the Director-General by paragraph 13 of the said Order in the said areas.

Notification No. 11595 D.C.S., dated the 11th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th September, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1496).

In exercise of the power conferred on me by clause (c) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, I hereby authorise the

Director of Agriculture, Bengal, to perform the following function of the Director-General under paragraph 8 of the said Order in the areas specified in Schedule I to that Order, namely, to require by order in writing any wholesaler or retailer to sell such quantity or quantities of oilcake derived as a bye-product of the manufacture of mustard oil to such person or persons and at such price or prices as may be specified in the order.

Notification No. 3454 D.C.S., dated the 2nd April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 5th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 588).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 7 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, published under notification No. 3174D.C.S., dated the 26th March, 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct that the fees to be charged for the grant of the different classes of licenses mentioned in column 1 of the table below shall be such as are specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table—

Licences. 1	Fees. 2
Licence for a miller (under paragraph 4 of the Order).	A fee of Rs. 2 per <i>ghani</i> up to a maximum of Rs. 500. <i>Explanation.</i> —For the purpose of assessment of this fee one expeller shall be considered to be equivalent to thirty-six <i>ghanis</i> .
Licence for a wholesaler (under paragraph 5 of the Order).	Rs. 25, where the monthly turnover of the wholesaler is less than 1,000 maunds and Rs. 75, where the monthly turnover of the wholesaler is 1,000 maunds and above.
Licence for a retailer (under paragraph 6 of the Order).	Rs. 10.

Notification No. 3372 F.G., (Dist.) M., dated the 16th April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 19th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 338).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 10 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, published under notification No. 3174D.C.S., dated the 26th March, 1945, read with notification No. 3238D.C.S., dated the 28th March, 1945, I hereby direct that all applications for licences under the said Order by millers, wholesalers and retailers in the areas specified in Schedule I to the said Order shall be made in the form specified below—

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR LICENCE.

(Strike out the words that are not applicable.)

Application for the grant of a licence as miller/wholesaler/retailer under the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945.

1. Applicant's name.....
- Residential address.....
- police-station....., Ward.

3. Address of places at which the applicant carries on business as miller/
wholesaler/retailer....., Ward.....
police-station....., Ward.....
4. Name of the mill/depot/shop.....
5. Particulars:—

To be filled up by a Miller.

Number of *ghanies* and expellers in working order on date of application
.....

Power used.....

Maximum crushing capacity per month (in terms of seed).....

Actual monthly average crushing in the year 1944 (in terms of seed).
.....

Storage godown capacity in terms of maunds—
Mustard seed.....
Mustard oil.....

To be filled up by an Wholesaler/Retailer.

Storage capacity in terms of maunds.....

Actual monthly average sale in the year 1944.....

Name of the mill/wholesaler from whom the applicant wants to draw his
Supply.....

6. How long the applicant is carrying on business as miller/wholesaler/
retailer.....

I declare that the following quantities of mustard oil/seed are in my
possession this day and are stored at the places noted against them:—

It is further declared that I am the proprietor/manager of the mill/
wholesale depot/retail shop, covered by this application. I have carefully
read the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, and the conditions of the
licence in Form A/B/C, set forth in the schedule to the said order and I
agree to abide by them.

(Signature.)

Dated.....194...

Notification No. 11635 D.C.S., dated the 12th September, 1945 (published in the
"Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 13th September, 1945, p. 212).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph
9 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, issued under notification
No. 3174 D.C.S., dated 26th March 1945, the Governor is pleased to notify
the 17th September 1945 to be the date with effect from which no wholesaler
shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, any mustard oil to any person in

pursuance of any contract of sale or otherwise without a Delivery Order in writing in respect of such mustard oil issued by the Director-General in the areas specified in Schedule I to the said Order:

Provided that nothing in this notification shall prevent an appointed wholesaler from supplying mustard oil to the holder of a ration authority in accordance with the provisions of the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943.

Explanation.—In this notification the expressions “appointed wholesaler” and “ration authority” shall have the same meanings as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

Notification No. 6601 F.G. (Dist.) M./XXXIX, dated the 28th June, 1945 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary” of the 30th June, 1945, p. 109).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, published under notification No. 3174D.C.S., dated the 26th March 1945, read with notification No. 3238D.C.S., dated the 28th March 1945, I hereby direct that with effect from the 1st July 1945, no wholesaler who is also a miller in the areas specified in Schedule I of the said Order, shall deliver or cause to be delivered to any person in pursuance of any contract of sale or otherwise before Friday in any week, any quantity of mustard oil mentioned in column 9 of the Weekly Return in Form I submitted by him (prescribed under notification No. 3453D.C.S., dated the 2nd April 1945), for the week ending on the previous Sunday, without a Delivery Order in writing issued by me or the Assistant Director of Supply (Edible Oils) in respect of such mustard oil.

Notification No. 7163 F.G. (Dist.) M./LI, dated the 12th July, 1945 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 19th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1205).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (1) of paragraph 10 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, published under notification No. 3174D.C.S., dated the 26th March 1945, read with notification No. 3238D.C.S., dated the 28th March 1945, I hereby direct that with immediate effect, every miller shall accept at least one-third of the quantity of mustard or rape seeds supplied against the quota mentioned in his licence in the shape of non-UP varieties of seeds, so long as supplies of such seeds are available at the godown at 12, Chandmari Road, Howrah.

Notification No. 9897 D.C.S., dated the 23rd July, 1945 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 26th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1248).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 10 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, published under notification No. 3174D.C.S., dated the 26th March 1945, I hereby direct that (a) with immediate effect all millers shall submit to the Director of Agriculture, Bengal, a copy of the Weekly Return in Form I prescribed by notification No. 3453D.C.S., dated the 2nd April 1945, showing the manufacture and disposal of mustard oil and oilcake and (b) with effect from the 23rd July 1945, no miller in areas specified in Schedule I to the said Order shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, any oilcake to any person in pursuance of any contract of sale or otherwise without a Delivery Order in writing in respect of such oilcake issued by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Notification No. F.S.-Oil-XXXIX, dated the 11th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 17th January, 1946, Pt. I, p. 189).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, published under notification No. 3174D.C.S., dated the 26th March 1945, read with notification No. 3238D.C.S., dated the 28th March 1945, I hereby direct that with effect from the date of publication of this Order in the *Calcutta Gazette* all wholesalers directed under paragraph 8 of the said Order to sell mustard oil to a retailer or another wholesaler outside the area specified in Schedule I to the said Order shall sell such oil loose, whenever the purchaser objects in writing to purchase the oil in a container on the ground that the container in which the oil is offered for sale by the wholesaler is, in the opinion of the purchaser, defective.

Notification No. 3453D. C. S., dated the 2nd April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th April, 1945, p. 89).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 10 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, published under notification No. 3174D.C.S., dated the 26th March 1945, read with notification No. 3238D.C.S., dated the 28th March 1945, I hereby direct that with immediate effect all millers and wholesalers dealing in mustard oil shall submit the returns referred to in paragraph 10 of the said Order in the respective forms attached herewith.

Every miller and wholesaler shall send his weekly returns on every Monday by 5 p.m. addressed to Mr. S. Sen, the Assistant Director of Supply (Edible Oils). In his own interest, the licensee should ensure that the return reaches this office positively by the day and hour fixed.

Form I.

Return showing Manufacture and Disposal of Mustard Oil and Oilcake.
[Under paragraph 10(2)(b).]

Name of the Mill.....

Address.....

Licence No......

For the week ending on Sunday, the.....194....

[illegible]

Forwarded to the Deputy Director of Supply, Calcutta/District Magistrate.

Signature.....

Date.....194...

Form II.

Weekly Return of Receipts and Sales of Mustard Oil.

[See paragraph 10(2)(b).]-

Name of the wholesaler.....

Address.....

Licence No.....

Week ending on Sunday, the.....194...

Receipts.			Sales.				
Date.	Name and address of the supplying miller or wholesaler.	Quantities received.	Date.	Name and address of the purchaser.	Number of wholesale or retail licence or delivery order.	Quantity.	Remarks.

Total receipts of the week	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Stock in hand at the beginning of the week	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total sales of the week	..	..	..	Total	..	..	..
Closing balance at the end of the week	..	Total	..	..	..	..	..

Forwarded to the Director of Supply, Calcutta/District Magistrate.

Signature.....

Date.....194..

Notification No. 11253 D.C.S., dated the 1st September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd September, 1945, p. 207).

The Bengal Mustard Oil Rationing (Establishments) Preparatory Enquiry Order, 1945.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (aa) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said rules that notice of the Order shall be given by the publication of the said Order in the *Official Gazette* and by the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining its provisions:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Mustard Oil Rationing (Establishments) Preparatory Inquiry Order, 1945.

(2) It shall apply to the areas specified in Schedule I and may be extended by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette* to such other areas as may be specified in the notification.

2. In this Order—

- (1) "Appointed date" means such date as may be fixed by the Provincial Government in respect of any area;
- (2) "Director" means the Director of Rationing in the Directorate-General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, appointed by the Provincial Government, and includes the Additional Director of Rationing and Controller of Rationing, Calcutta Industrial Area, in the Directorate-General of Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, appointed by the Provincial Government;
- (3) "Establishment" has the same meaning as in clause (4) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing (Establishments) Inquiry Order, 1943;
- (4) "Schedule" means a Schedule appended to this Order.

3. Every person owning or in charge of any establishment in any area specified in Schedule I or in any area to which this Order may subsequently be extended desiring to obtain supply of mustard oil on or after the appointed date for use or consumption by or in such establishment shall, not later than a date fixed by the Director in this behalf for such area, furnish in duplicate to such Officer as may be specified in this behalf by the Director, true and correct information in respect of such establishment in the form specified in Schedule II.

4. For the purpose of verifying any information received under paragraph 3 the person specified by the Director under paragraph 3 or any person authorised in writing by the person so specified may—

- (a) at any time after sunrise and before sunset enter upon and inspect any premises;
- (b) require any person to make any statement or furnish any information or to produce any books, accounts or other documents in his possession or under his control;

Provided that in entering upon and inspecting any premises every such person shall have due regard to the social and religious customs of the persons occupying the premises.

Schedule I.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (17) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

(2) the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

(3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas;

(4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah; and

(5) the *maruza* of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 covered by C.S. khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

Schedule II.*Form.*

(To be submitted in duplicate.)

1. Name of owner/person in charge.
2. Residence.
3. Name and address of establishment with the name of the A.R.P. sub-area in which the establishment is situated.
4. Kind of establishment.
5. Whether the owner/person in charge has already been appointed an establishment proprietor under the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943; if so, the appointment number.
6. Period for which the establishment has been running.
7. *Average number of meals served per day
*Average sale per week (in quantities) of the product(s) manufactured for which mustard oil is required
*Average number of animals [state class of animal(s)] requiring mustard oil per day

during the period from the 1st January 1945 to the 30th June 1945.

*(Strike out the portion not applicable.)

8. Average quantity of mustard oil required per week during the above period.
9. Quantity of mustard oil in stock on the 1st September 1945.
10. Amount of any monthly allotment of mustard oil at present being received from the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal.

*Signature of owner/person in charge of the
establishment.*

Date.

Notification No. 1134(LL), dated the 1st September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 3rd September, 1945, p. 207).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Mustard Oil Rationing (Establishments) Preparatory Inquiry Order, 1945, I hereby—

- (a) specify the Deputy Controller of Rationing (Establishments), Eden Gardens, Calcutta, to be the officer to whom, and
- (b) fix the 7th day of September 1945 as the date not later than which, a person owning or in charge of any establishment in any area specified in Schedule I to the said Order shall furnish under the said paragraph in duplicate true and correct information in respect of such establishment in the form specified in Schedule II to the said Order.

Notification No. 1211 F.G., dated the 25th September, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 27th September, 1943, p. 171).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Calcutta and Howrah Oilseeds Control Order, 1943.

(2) It extends to Calcutta and the Municipality of Howrah.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order—

- (a) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;
- (b) "dealer" means a person engaged in any undertaking which involves the purchase, sale or storage for sale of oilseeds in quantities exceeding 50 maunds on any one day of the week;
- (c) "oilseeds" mean oilseeds belonging to the mustard and rape seed varieties; and
- (d) "week" means a period of seven days beginning at midnight on Sunday night.

3. Every dealer,—

- (a) shall within seven days of the date of publication of this Order in the *Calcutta Gazette* or within seven days of the date on which after such publication he first becomes subject to the provisions of this Order register with the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, the name of such dealer and the address of the place of business of such dealer and the address of all godowns and other premises in which oilseeds are kept stored for sale by such dealer;
- (b) shall whenever any change takes place in the address of the place of business of such dealer or in the address of the godowns and other premises so registered, give intimation of such change within seven days of such change taking place;
- (c) shall maintain in respect of each place of storage a register of daily accounts for oilseeds showing correctly—
 - (i) the opening stock on each day;
 - (ii) the quantities received on each day showing the place of origin;
 - (iii) the quantities delivered or otherwise removed on each day showing the places of destination; and
 - (iv) the closing stock on each day.

4. Every dealer shall submit to the Director of Civil Supplies so as to reach him on the first day of each week a true return in the form annexed to this Order of stocks, receipts and deliveries of oilseeds during the preceding week.

Form of the weekly return.

Return of oilseeds received and delivered during the period.....

Opening stock.	Amounts received during the period.	Price of each consignment.	Quantities sold or otherwise disposed of during the period.	To whom delivery made.		
				Name.	Address.	Price.
1	2	3	4	5		

N.B.—The price in column 3 means the F.O.R. price at the railway station in Calcutta and Howrah from which delivery was taken; or the price ex-ship; if delivery was taken in the Port of Calcutta from a ship.

Notification No. 184C.S., dated the 9th January, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th January, 1943, Pt. I, p. 27).

ORDER.

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, read with clause (f) of that sub-rule, the Governor is pleased to direct (1) that no mustard or rape seed shall be moved by any form of conveyance by any person in Calcutta and the industrial area to any place outside the said areas, except under and in accordance with, the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta (1C, Hare Street), (2) that mustard or rape seed carried in contravention of the above order shall be liable to seizure by such persons and in such manner as the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, may determine and the mustard or rape seed so seized shall be disposed of in such manner as the said Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, considers expedient, and that the amount of compensation payable for mustard or rape seed so seized and disposed of shall be determined by the said Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, entirely in his discretion.

Explanation.—In this order—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866; and
- (2) "Industrial area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and Serampore and Sadar subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 3774D.C.S., dated the 11th April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 19th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 338).

In exercise of the power conferred by the order published under notification No. 2370-O.C., dated the 21st April, 1944, as subsequently amended, I hereby authorise the Deputy Director of Supply, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, to issue permits for the movement of groundnuts and groundnut oil from any place inside Bengal to any place outside Bengal.

Notification No. 11594D.C.S., dated the 11th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th September, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1495).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that with effect from the date of publication of this Order in the *Calcutta Gazette* the maximum retail prices at which oilcake derived as a bye-product of the manufacture of mustard oil as defined in the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945, may be sold in the areas specified in the Schedule below shall be Rs. 5-10-0 per maund (with bags) and Rs. 0-2-3 per seer (without bags).

The Schedule.

- (1) Calcutta as defined in clause (1) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank.
- (2) The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

(3) The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of the 24-Parganas.

(4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah.

II. With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that notice of the aforesaid Order shall be given by publication of the said Order in the *Official Gazette*.

Notification No. 11634D.C.S., dated the 12th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 13th August, 1945, p.212).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said rules that notice of the Order shall be given by the publication of the said Order in the *Official Gazette* and by the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining its provisions:—

Order.

No person shall move or cause to be moved by any form of conveyance any of the commodities mentioned in Schedule I below from any place within the areas specified in Schedule II below to any place outside the said areas except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued in writing by the Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or by an Officer authorised in this behalf by him.

Schedule I.

1. Mustard or rape seed.
2. Mustard oil except in consignments of 1 tin of 17½ seers in weight or less.

Schedule II.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank.

(2) The port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

(3) The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas.

(4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 11844 F.G. (Dist.) M., dated the 27th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1774).

In exercise of the power conferred by the Order published under notification No. 11634D.C.S., dated the 12th September 1945, I hereby authorise the Deputy Director of Supply and the Assistant Director of Supply, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, to issue permits under the said Order.

Notification No. 11818D.C.S., dated the 18th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th September, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1523).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of all orders on the subject, I hereby direct that the maximum prices of cocoanut oil, shall, with effect from the date of this order, be as follows:—

A

In the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

- (i) Wholesale at Rs. 46 per maund *ex-Calcutta godown* (with containers); at Rs. 39-8 per maund, *ex-Calcutta godown* (without containers).
- (ii) Retail at Re. 1-1-6 per seer.

B

Elsewhere in Bengal

- ... (i) Wholesale at Rs. 46 per maund, *ex-godown* (without container.)
- (ii) Retail at Rs. 1-4 per seer.

Notification No. 1554D.C.S., dated the 31st January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 1st February, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of notification No. 9256D.C.S., dated the 9th July 1945, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum prices at which the varieties of mustard seeds shown in column 1 of Schedule I to this Order may be sold in the areas specified in Schedule II to this Order shall be as shown in the corresponding entry in column 2 of Schedule I and to direct further with reference to sub-rule (I) of rule 119 of the said rules that notice of this Order shall be given by the publication of the same in the *Calcutta Gazette*:—

Schedule I.

Column 1. Variety.	Column 2. Maximum price per maund (inclusive of price of bags).
	Rs. as
1. U. P. Lahi	... 15 0
[2. U. P. Yellow Mustard	... 17 12]
3. U. P. Lotni	... 16 8
4. U. P. Gajar (mixture of 40 per cent. yellow mustard and 60 per cent. Lahi or Lotni).	16 8
5. U. P. Tora	... 15 8
6. U. P. Raitora (seeds from mixed cultivation of Lahi and Tora varieties).	14 12
7. U. P. Kajli	... 14 12

Schedule II.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with Esplanade and that part of Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank.

(2) The port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

(3) The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollgunge in the district of the 24-Parganas.

(4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 2584 D.C.S., dated the 23rd February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 25th February, 1946).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of notification No. 1077 D.C.S., dated the 22nd January 1946, the Governor is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 25th February 1946, the maximum prices at which the commodities specified in column 1 of Schedule I to this Order may be sold in areas specified in Schedule II to this Order, shall be as shown in the corresponding entry in column 2 of Schedule I and to direct further with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said Rules that notice of this Order shall be given by the publication of this Order in the *Official Gazette* and also by the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining the same:—

Schedule I.

Column 1. (Commodity.)	Rs.	a.	p.	Column 2. (Price per maund.)
Mustard oil (loose), <i>ex-mill</i> ...	43	12	0	
Mustard oil (in returnable containers) <i>ex-godown</i> of appointed wholesalers ...	43	12	0	
Mustard oil (loose), <i>ex-godown</i> of wholesaler appointed as a clearing agent by the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal.	45	4	0	
Mustard oilcake (with bags), <i>ex-mill</i> ...	5	12	0	

Explanation.—In this Order the words "mustard oil" and "wholesaler" have the same meaning as in the Bengal Mustard Oil Control Order, 1945; and the words "Appointed wholesaler" have the same meaning as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943.

Schedule II.

(1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with Esplanade and that part of Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank.

(2) The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

(3) The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas.

(4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally in the district of Howrah.

(5) The mauza of the Royal Botanical Garden bearing jurisdiction list No. 4 and covered by cadastral survey khatian No. 5 within police-station Shibpore in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 2592 D.C.S., dated the 23rd February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th February, 1946, Pt. I, p. 401).

In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to

make the following Order and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said rules that notice of the Order shall be given by publication of the said Order in the *Official Gazette* and by the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining its provisions—

Order.

1. No consignment or any part thereof of the commodities specified in the Schedule below arriving at any of the railway or steamer stations in Bengal from any place outside Bengal shall be delivered to the consignee or to anybody else, unless such delivery is authorised by an endorsement in writing to this effect made by the Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or an officer empowered by him in this behalf on the railway or steamer receipt under which such consignment or part thereof is deliverable:

Provided that nothing in this Order shall apply to the delivery of any consignment, (1) the total weight of which does not exceed half a maund in weight, or (2) which is booked under a military credit note or to an officer of the Defence Services by designation.

2. No railway or steamer receipt in respect of any consignment or part thereof of any of the commodities specified in the Schedule below arriving at any of the railway or steamer stations in Bengal from any place outside Bengal shall be transferred by sale or otherwise to any person other than the consignee unless the Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or an officer empowered by him has specially permitted such transfer by an order in writing.

The Schedule.

- (1) Groundnut Seeds.
- (2) Groundnut Kernel.
- (3) Groundnut Oil.

Notification No. F. S.-Oils-I. E.-1-46, dated the 4th March, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th March, 1946, Pt. I, p. 441).

In exercise of the power conferred by the Order published under notification No. 2592D.C.S., dated the 23rd February 1946, I hereby authorise the officers mentioned in column 1 of the table below to perform the functions of the Director-General, Food, under the said Order in the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table and I hereby direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules that notice of this notification shall be given by the publication of the same in the *Official Gazette*:—

1 Officers.	2 Areas.
The Deputy Director of Supply and the Assistant Director of Supply, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal.	The Calcutta Industrial Area.
District Magistrates, Subdivisional Magistrates, District and Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies, Bengal.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions outside the Calcutta Industrial Area.

Explanation.—In this notification "the Calcutta Industrial Area" has the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943.

(xvi) Paper and Newspaper.

Notification No. 598P.C., dated the 3rd February, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 8th February, 1945, Pt. I, p. 246).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Paper Dealers (Licensing and Returns) Order, 1945.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

(3) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill Tracts.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "dealer" means a person who receives paper from the manufacturers or distributors of paper and sells it to consumers;

(b) "form" means a form appended to this Order;

(c) "paper" has the same meaning as in sub-clause (a) of clause 3 of the Paper Control (Distribution) Order, 1944;

(d) "Special Officer" means the officer appointed by the Provincial Government to be the "Special Officer, Paper Control, Bengal".

3. No person who at the commencement of this Order was not carrying on business as a dealer shall, except under the authority in writing of the Special Officer, carry on any such business after the commencement of this Order.

4. Every person who at the commencement of this Order was carrying on business as a dealer shall apply before the 1st March, 1945, to the Special Officer for being licensed as a dealer and on such application being made a license shall be issued to such person by such officer in Form I.

"and no such person shall carry on business as a dealer except under and in accordance with a license issued under this paragraph".

5. Every dealer licensed under this Order shall prominently display at his place of business the license issued to him under this Order.

¹[5A. Every dealer shall maintain a Sales Register in Form IA.]

6. (1) If any person to whom any authority in writing has been issued under paragraph 3 contravenes any of the provisions of this Order or of the Paper Control (Distribution) Order, 1944, the Paper Control Order, 1944, the Paper Control (Prices of Board) Order, 1944, or the Paper (Prices of Imported Paper) Control Order, 1944, then, without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him, his authority may be cancelled by the Special Officer.

¹Inserted by notification No. 2387Com., dated the 11th June, 1945.

(2) If any person being the holder of a license issued under paragraph 4 contravenes any of the provisions of this Order or of the Paper Control (Distribution) Order, 1944, the Paper Control Order, 1944, the Paper Control (Prices of Board) Order, 1944, or the Paper (Prices of Imported Paper) Control Order, 1944, then, without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him, his licence may be suspended or cancelled by the Special Officer.

¹[6A. Every person holding stock of paper in excess of one ton [shall] submit to the Special Officer on or before the 7th day of every month a true return in Form IB of the quantity of paper held, acquired or consumed by him during the previous calendar month:

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to—

(a) a dealer, or

(b) a proprietor of a newspaper, any printer or publisher, any keeper of a printing press, or any manufacturer of exercise books, account books, articles of stationery or other articles made from paper to whom the provisions of the Paper Control (Economy) Order, 1944, apply.

6B. (1) No dealer shall sell to any person in any one transaction any quantity of paper exceeding ten lbs. in weight except under a written order obtained from such person.

(2) Every dealer when selling any paper shall issue to the customer a cash memorandum or invoice, according as the sale is made in cash or on credit, in which shall be given the name, address and license number of the dealer, the date of the transaction, the quantity of paper sold and the price charged and such dealer shall keep a duplicate copy of every such memorandum or invoice to be available for inspection on demand by the Special Officer or by any other officer authorised in this behalf by the Special Officer and every such sale shall be entered in the Sales Register maintained under paragraph 5A.

6C. (1) Whenever there is any change of address of the place of business of a dealer specified in the license or authority issued to him under this Order he shall forthwith report the fact to the Special Officer and produce his license or authority to the Special Officer for modification.

(2) Every dealer holding any stocks of paper at any place other than the place specified in the license or authority issued to him under this Order shall forthwith furnish to the Special Officer the address or addresses of every such place or places where such paper is stocked.]

7. Every dealer shall submit to the Special Officer, not later than the 22nd February, 1945, a true return in Form II of the quantity of paper held, acquired or disposed of by him during the months of October, November and December, 1944.

8. Every dealer shall submit to the Special Officer on or before the seventh day of every month a true return in Form III of the quantity of paper held, acquired or disposed of by him during the preceding calendar month.

¹Inserted by notification No. 3897Com., dated the 17th September, 1945.

8A. The Special Officer may—

- (a) direct any person carrying on any transaction connected with paper to maintain such records relating to paper as he may specify;
- (b) direct any person carrying on any transactions connected with paper to furnish and to maintain such information as he may specify;
- (c) inspect or cause to be inspected any books or other documents belonging to or under the control of any person carrying on any transactions connected with paper;
- (d) enter and search or authorise any person to enter and search any premises in which any transaction connected with paper is carried on;
- (e) seize or authorise the seizure of any paper in respect of which he has reason to believe that a contravention of this order has been, is being or is about to be committed.

9. If any person contravenes any of the provisions of this Order,—

- (a) he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules; and
- (b) without prejudice to the punishment referred to in clause (a) to which he may be liable, any Court trying the offence may order that any paper in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

FORM I.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Commerce, Labour and Industries Department.

The Bengal Paper Dealers (Licensing and Returns) Order, 1945.

(See paragraph 4.)

LICENSE FOR SALE OF PAPER.

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Paper Dealers (Licensing and Returns) Order, 1945, Mr./Messrs.....
is/are authorised to sell paper, at the following place of business.....

*Special Officer,
Paper Control, Bengal.*

Dated.....194...

Note.—The licensee's attention is drawn to paragraphs 5 and 6(2) of the Bengal Paper Dealers (Licensing and Returns) Order, 1945, which reads—

"5. Every dealer licensed under this Order shall prominently display at his place of business the license issued to him under this Order.

6(2). If any person being the holder of a license issued under paragraph 4 contravenes any of the provisions of this Order or of the Paper Control (Distribution) Order, 1944, the Paper Price Control Order, 1944, the Paper Control (Prices of Board) Order, 1944, or the Paper (Prices of Imported Papers) Control Order, 1944, then, without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him, his license may be suspended or cancelled by the Special Officer."

FORM IA.

(See paragraph 5A.)

Sales Register.

1	2	3	4	5	6		7		8	9
Date of supply.	Name of purchaser.	Permit or license number.	Cash memo, or invoice number.	Description of paper supplied.	Quantity.		Balance of this paper in stock after supply.		Inspector's initials.	Remarks
					R. Q. S.	Weight in lbs.	R. Q. S.	Weight in lbs.		

FORM IB.

(See paragraph 6A.)

Return of stocks for the month of 194 .

1. Name of person holding stock of paper exceeding one ton.....
2. Full address.....

I/We declare that the following is a true statement of the stock of paper held by me/us on the 7th of.....194....

Variety of paper.	Opening stock on 1st month.	Purchased during month.	From whom purchased.	Total consumed.	Balance in stock.	Purpose for which stock held.
	T. C. lb.	T. C. lb.		T. C. lb.	T. C. lb.	T. C. lb.
Total ..						

*Signature of the person
submitting the return.*

Dated.....194.

¹Inserted by notification No. 2387Com., dated the 11th June, 1945.

²Inserted by notification No. 3897Com., dated the 17th September, 1945.

FORM II.

(See paragraph 7.)

Return for the quarter ending 31st December, 1944.

Name of dealer.....

Address.....

	Kraft.			Board.			Other qualities.		
	T	C	L	T	C	L	T	C	L
Opening stock on 1st October, 1944 ..									
Receipts during the quarter ending 1st December 1944.									
Names of suppliers—									
(1)									
(2)									
Sold or disposed of to :—									
Printers									
Publishers									
Newspaper proprietors									
Other parties									
Closing balance									

Note.—A separate return should be made for imported paper.

Signature of proprietor.

Dated.....194...

FORM III.

(See paragraph 8.)

Monthly Stock and Sales Return.

For.....194...

Name of dealer.....

License No.....

Address.....

	Kraft.			Board.			Other qualities.		
	T	C	L	T	C	L	T	C	L
Opening stock on 1st of month ..									
Receipts during month.....									
Names of suppliers and date.....									
.....									
Total of opening stock and receipt ..									
Sold or disposed of to :—									
Permit holders.....									
License holders.....									
Other parties.....									
Closing balance.....									

Note.—A separate return should be made for imported paper.

Dated.....194...

Signature of proprietor.

Notification No. 412S, dated the 20th April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 685).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Chittagong Hill-tracts Paper Dealers (Licensing and Returns) Order, 1945.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

(3) It extends to the whole of the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "dealer" means a person who receives paper from the manufacturers or distributors of paper and sells it to consumers;

(b) "form" means a form appended to this Order;

(c) "paper" has the same meaning as in sub-clause (a) of clause 3 of the Paper Control (Distribution) Order, 1944;

(d) "Special Officer" means the officer appointed by the Provincial Government to be the "Special Officer, Paper Control, Bengal".

3. No person, who at the commencement of this Order was not carrying on business as a dealer, shall, except under the authority in writing of the Special Officer, carry on any such business after the commencement of this Order.

4. Every person, who at the commencement of this Order was carrying on business as a dealer shall apply before the 30th April, 1945, to the Special Officer for being licensed as a dealer and on such application being made a license shall be issued to such person by such officer in Form I and no such person shall carry on business as a dealer except under and in accordance with a license issued under this paragraph.

5. Every dealer licensed under this Order, shall prominently display at his place of business the license issued to him under this Order.

6. (1) If any person to whom any authority in writing has been issued under paragraph 3 contravenes any of the provisions of this Order or of the Paper Control (Distribution) Order, 1944, the Paper Price Control Order, 1944, the Paper Control (Prices of Board) Order, 1944, or the Paper (Prices of Imported Paper) Control Order, 1944, then, without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him, his authority may be cancelled by the Special Officer.

(2) If any person, being the holder of a license issued under paragraph 4 contravenes any of the provisions of this Order or of the Paper Control (Distribution) Order, 1944, the Paper Price Control Order, 1944, the Paper Control (Prices of Board) Order, 1944, or the Paper (Prices of Imported Paper) Control Order, 1944, then, without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him, his license may be suspended or cancelled by the Special Officer.

7. Every dealer shall submit to the Special Officer, not later than the 30th April, 1945, a true return in Form II of the quantity of paper held, acquired or disposed of by him during the months of October, November and December, 1944.

8. Every dealer shall submit to the Special Officer on or before the seventh day of every month a true return in Form III of the quantity of paper held, acquired or disposed of by him during the preceding calendar month.

9. The Special Officer may—

- (a) direct any person carrying on any transaction connected with paper to maintain such records relating to paper as he may specify;
- (b) direct any person carrying on any transactions connected with paper to furnish and to maintain such information as he may specify;
- (c) inspect or cause to be inspected any books or other document belonging to or under the control of any person carrying on any transactions connected with paper;
- (d) enter and search or authorise any person to enter and search any premises in which any transaction connected with paper is carried on;
- (e) seize or authorise the seizure of any paper in respect of which he has reason to believe that a contravention of this Order has been, is being or is about to be committed.

10. If any person contravenes any of the provisions of this Order,—

- (a) he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules; and
- (b) without prejudice to the punishment referred to in clause (a) to which he may be liable, any Court trying the offence may order that any paper in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

Note.—The licensee's attention is drawn to paragraphs 5 and 6 (2) of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Paper Dealers (Licensing and Returns) Order, 1945, which reads—

"5. Every dealer licensed under this Order shall prominently display at his place of business the license issued to him under this Order.

6. (2) If any person being the holder of a license issued under paragraph 4 contravenes any of the provisions of this Order or of the Paper Control (Distribution) Order, 1944, the Paper Price Control Order, 1944, the Paper Control (Prices of Board) Order, 1944, or the Paper (Prices of Imported Paper) Control Order, 1944, then, without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him, his license may be suspended or cancelled by the Special Officer."

FORM I.

The Chittagong Hill-tracts Paper Dealers (Licensing and Returns) Order, 1945.

(See paragraph 4.)

License for sale of paper.

Subject to the provisions of the Chittagong Hill-tracts Paper Dealers (Licensing and Returns) Order, 1945, Mr./Messrs.....
.....is/are authorised to sell paper, at the
following place of business.....

*Special Officer,
Paper Control, Bengal.*

Dated.....194...

FORM II.

(See paragraph 7.)

Return for the quarter ending 31st December, 1944.

Name of dealer.....

Address.....

Kraft.			Board.			Other qualities.		
T	C	L	T	C	L	T	C	L

Opening stock on 1st October, 1944 ..

Receipts during the quarter ending 1st
December, 1944.

Names of suppliers—

(1)

(2)

(3)

Sold or disposed of to—

Printers

Publishers

Newspaper proprietors

Other parties

Closing balance

Note.—A separate return should be made for imported paper.*Signature of proprietor.*

Dated.....194...

FORM III.

(See paragraph 8.)

Monthly Stock and Sales Return.*For*.....194...

Name of dealer.....

License No.....

Address.....

Kraft.			Board.			Other qualities.		
T	C	L	T	C	L	T	C	L

Opening stock on 1st of month ..

Receipts during month

Names of suppliers and date.....

Total of opening stock and receipts

	Kraft.			Board.			Other qualities.		
	T	C	L	T	C	L ¹	T	C	L
Sold or disposed of to :—									
Permit holders						
License holders						
Other parties						
Closing balance						

Note.—A separate return should be made for imported paper.

Signature of proprietor.

Dated.....194...

Notification No. 4476Com., dated the 5th December, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th December, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1416).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely :—

Order.

1. In this Order—

- (a) "book" and "Newspaper" have the same meanings as in the Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867; and
- (b) "paper" includes all descriptions (whether homogeneous or laminated and whether coated or uncoated) of paper, paperboard, pulpboard, wallboard, fibreboard, cellulose wadding, cellulose film and other similar materials which are manufactured wholly or mainly either from vegetable fibres or pulp thereof or both from such fibres and such pulp but does not include any paper which is not manufactured in India.

2. No person shall move or carry or cause to be moved or carried by rail, road, river or otherwise any paper, strawboard ²[millboard or article manufactured wholly or mainly from paper] from any place in Bengal to any place outside Bengal except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued in this behalf in writing by the Special Officer, Paper Control, under the Government of Bengal:

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to—

- (a) the moving or carrying of paper, strawboard ²[millboard or article manufactured wholly or mainly from paper] not exceeding one pound in weight by a *bona fide* traveller as part of his personal luggage, or
- (b) the consignment by the paper mills specified in the Schedule appended to this Order, of paper, strawboard or millboard manufactured by such mills ³[or of article manufactured wholly or mainly from paper by such mills] from the stations where their respective factories are situated, or

³(bb) The consignment by the Controller of Printing and Stationery, Government of India, Calcutta, of paper, from the station where this office or godown, as the case may, is situated, or

¹Substituted by notification No. 4476Com., dated the 5th December, 1944.

²Substituted by notification No. 3Com., dated the 2nd January, 1945.

³Inserted by notification No. 737Com., dated the 21st February, 1945.

- (c) any paper used in a reasonable quantity for the wrapping of packages sent outside Bengal¹ [or
- (d) any book or newspaper].

3. If any person contravenes the provisions of paragraph 2 of this Order—

- (a) he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and
- (b) without prejudice to the punishment referred to in clause (a) to which he may be liable any Court trying the offence may order that any paper, strawboard² [millboard or article manufactured wholly or mainly from paper], together with the packages and coverings thereof, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

The Schedule.

1. Titaghur Paper Mills Co., Ltd.
2. India Paper Pulp Company, Ltd.
3. Bengal Paper Mill Company, Ltd.
- ²4. The Pioneer Paper and Pulp, Limited.
- ³[5. The Standard Board and Paper Mills, Ltd.
6. The Bengal Board Mills, Ltd.
7. The Asiatic Paper and Board Industries.
8. The India Paper and Board Mills.
9. The Jaswant Strawboard Mills, Ltd.
10. The Eastern Paper Mills, Ltd.]

(XVII) Salt.

Notification No. 7218 D.C.S., dated the 22nd May, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th May, 1945, Pt. I, p. 903).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (I) This Order may be called the Bengal Khari Salt Control Order, 1945.
- (2) It extends to the whole of Bengal except the Chittagong Hill-tracts.
2. In this Order,—
 - (a) "Director-General" means the Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, appointed by the Provincial Government and includes such other Officers as may be authorised by the said Director-General in writing to exercise all or any of the powers conferred upon him by this Order;
 - (b) "Form" means a form as set forth in the Schedule to this Order;
 - (c) "Khari salt" means the commodity used for industrial and agricultural purposes which is commonly known as Khari salt containing not more than ten per cent. of Sodium Chloride.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3Com., dated the 2nd January, 1945.

²Inserted by notification No. 737Com., dated the 21st February, 1945.

³Added by notification No. 1453Com., dated the 11th April, 1945.

3. No person shall take delivery or cause delivery to be taken of any consignment of Khari salt arriving by rail, road or water at any place in Bengal, except under a permit issued in that behalf in Form A by the Director-General.

4. No person importing Khari salt from any place outside Bengal, or otherwise obtaining supplies of Khari salt, shall sell, supply or deliver such Khari salt to any person unless he is in possession of a valid license issued in that behalf by the Director-General under paragraph 5.

5. (1) The Director-General may issue a license in Form B to any person authorising such person to sell or supply Khari salt.

(2) Every person to whom a license has been issued under this paragraph shall comply with the provisions of this Order and with the conditions specified in the license granted to him and also with such other directions as may from time to time be given to him by the Director-General for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Order.

(3) The directions referred to in sub-paragraph (2) may be given either by general or special order.

(4) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (2), the Director-General may by order in writing direct a person to whom a license has been issued under this paragraph to supply Khari salt to such person or persons and in such quantity or quantities as may be specified in the Order.

(5) The Director-General may at any time, without giving any previous notice or without assigning any reason, suspend or cancel by an order in writing a license issued under this paragraph.

6. The Director-General, every Inspector or Sub-Inspector of the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and every police officer not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector, may, with a view to securing compliance with this Order,—

(a) enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that Khari salt is being stored;

(b) inspect or cause to be inspected any books or other documents belonging to or under the control of any person.

7. A Court trying any contravention of this Order may, without prejudice to any other sentence it may pass, direct that any Khari salt together with the packages and coverings thereof, in respect of which it is satisfied that such contravention has occurred, shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

The Schedule.

FORM A.

Delivery permit under paragraph 3 of the Bengal Khari Salt Control Order, 1945.

Mr./Messrs.....(name) of
.....(address) is/are hereby authorised to
receive delivery of.....bags of Khari salt weighing approxi-
mately.....maunds.....seers consigned to.....
(station) under Railway Receipt/Bill of Lading No.....,
dated.....

*Signature and designation of the
Issuing Authority.*

Date.....

FORM B.

License under paragraph 5 of the Bengal Khari Salt Control Order, 1945.

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Khari Salt Control Order, 1945, and the conditions of this license.....(name) of(address) is/are hereby authorised to sell and supply Khari salt received by him/them.

2. This license is subject to the following conditions—

- (1) It shall be valid till.....
- (2) The licensee shall maintain true and correct accounts of all Khari salt received, consumed and sold by him.
- (3) The licensee shall submit fortnightly to the undersigned a true return of stocks, receipts and deliveries of Khari salt during the period from the 1st to the 15th (both inclusive) and from the 16th to the last day (both inclusive) of every month so as to reach the undersigned or the office of the undersigned by the twentieth day of that month and by the fifth day of the immediately succeeding month respectively. Every such return shall be submitted in duplicate and shall contain a true account of (a) the stocks of Khari salt held by the licensee at the beginning of the period for which the return is submitted, (b) the quantity of Khari salt received by him during such period, (c) the quantity of Khari salt consumed by him during such period, (d) the quantity of Khari salt sold or supplied by him to any person during such period with the names and addresses of such persons and the quantity supplied to each such person and (e) the stocks of Khari salt held by him at the end of such period.
- (4) The licensee shall comply with the provisions of the Bengal Khari Salt Control Order, 1945, and with the conditions of this license and also with such directions as may from time to time be given by general or special order by the Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or any officer authorised by him under the said Order.

*Signature and designation of the
Issuing Authority.*

Date.....

Notification No. 7219D.C.S., dated the 22nd May, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th May, 1945, Pt. J, p. 904).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Khari Salt Control Order, 1945, I hereby authorise the officers mentioned in column 1 of the table below to exercise all the powers conferred upon me by the said Order in the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table:—

1	2
Officers.	Areas.
The Director of Supply, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and the Deputy Director and the Assistant Director of Supply in charge of Salt, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal.	The Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area.

1 Officers.	2 Areas.
District Magistrates, District Controllers of Civil Supplies, Sub-divisional Magistrates and Sub-divisional Controllers of Civil Supplies.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions outside the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area.

Explanation.—In this notification “the Calcutta Industrial Area” and “the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area” have the same meanings as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

Notification No. 10148 D.C.S., dated the 30th July, 1945 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 9th August, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1312).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Khari Salt Control Order, 1945, I hereby authorise all District Assistant Controllers of Civil Supplies also to exercise all the powers conferred upon me by the said Order within their respective jurisdictions.

Notification No. 3392 D.C.S., dated the 31st March, 1945 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 5th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 556).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Salt Control Order, 1945.
- (2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order.

- (3) It shall come into force on the 21st April, 1945.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) “District Magistrate” includes any person authorised by the District Magistrate to perform all or any of the functions of the District Magistrate under this Order;
- (b) “Form” means a form as set forth in Schedule II to this Order;
- (c) “purchase in wholesale quantities” means purchase in quantities exceeding 20 maunds in any one transaction, and includes purchase by any person on behalf of another as a Commission Agent or as an *arhatiya*;
- (d) “salt” includes all varieties of edible salt;
- (e) “sale in wholesale quantities” means sale in quantities exceeding 20 maunds in any one transaction, and includes sale by any person on behalf of another as a Commission Agent or as an *arhatiya*;
- (f) “storage for sale in wholesale quantities” means storage in quantities exceeding 20 maunds for purposes of sale, whether wholesale or retail, and includes storage by any person on behalf of another as a Commission Agent or as an *arhatiya* and storage by an employer for the purpose of supplying, on payment or otherwise, salt to any of his employees.

3. No person shall engage in any undertaking which involves the purchase, sale or storage for sale, in wholesale quantities, of any salt except under and in accordance with a licence issued under paragraph 4.

4. The District Magistrate may issue a licence in form A to any person authorising him to purchase, sell and store for sale, salt in wholesale quantities.

5. (1) Every person to whom a licence has been issued under paragraph 4 shall comply with the provisions of this Order, and with such conditions as may be specified in the licence granted to him and also with such directions as may from time to time be given to him by the District Magistrate for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Order.

(2) The directions referred to in sub-paragraph (1) may be given either by general or special order.

(3) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (1), such directions may, subject to the provisions of this Order, provide for—

(a) the manner in which the licensee shall distribute or dispose of his stocks; and

(b) the delivery of specified quantities of salt to retail distributors or to residential catering, manufacturing, processing of animal establishments or to employers for distribution to their employees.

(4) Every person to whom a licence has been issued under paragraph 4 shall maintain a register in Form B showing correctly—

(a) his opening stocks of salt at the beginning of each day;

(b) his receipts of salt during each day;

(c) the quantities of salt disposed of by him each day; and

(d) his stocks at the close of the day.

(5) Every person to whom a licence has been issued under paragraph 4 shall submit fortnightly to the District Magistrate a true return in Form C of stocks, receipts and deliveries of salt during the period from the 1st to the 15th (both inclusive) and from the 16th to the last day (both inclusive) of every month so as to reach the District Magistrate or his office by the twentieth day of that month and by the fifth day of the immediately succeeding month, respectively.

6. (1) The District Magistrate may cancel or suspend a licence issued by him under paragraph 4, if he is of opinion that the licensee has contravened any of the provisions of this Order or any of the conditions specified in the licence issued to him or any direction given to him under the provisions of paragraph 5 or for any other sufficient reason.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-paragraph (1), the Provincial Government or any officer authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf may, in special circumstances, without giving any previous notice or without assigning any reason, suspend or cancel by an order in writing a licence issued under this Order.

7. The District Magistrate or any other officer authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf by notification in the Official Gazette may—

(a) enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that any salt is being stored in contravention of the provisions of this Order;

(b) enter upon and inspect at all reasonable hours any premises in which salt is stored by a person holding a licence under paragraph 4 of this Order; and

(c) require any person holding a licence under paragraph 4 of this Order to produce any books, accounts or other documents relating to any salt held by him under such licence or to any transaction in respect of such salt or to furnish such information relating to such transactions as he may consider necessary.

8. If any person contravenes the provisions of paragraph 3 or paragraph 5 of this Order, then without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, the Court trying the offence shall order that any stocks of salt together with packages and coverings thereof in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the contravention has occurred shall be forfeited to His Majesty unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the Court is of opinion that the order should not be made in respect of the whole or, as the case may be, a part of the property.

9. The provisions of this Order shall not apply to the possession of any salt by or on behalf of the Crown or His Majesty's forces.

10. The Bengal Salt Return Order, 1943, is hereby repealed with effect from the date on which this Order comes into force.

Schedule I.

[See paragraph 1 (2).]

1. Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank.

2. The Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

3. The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas.

4. The municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

5. The municipalities of (1) Budge Budge, (2) South Dum Dum, (3) Dum Dum, (4) Baranagore, (5) Kamarhatty, (6) Panihati, (7) Khardah, (8) Titaghur, (9) South Barrackpore, (10) North Barrackpore, (11) Garulia, (12) Bhatpara, (13) Naihati, (14) Halisahar, (15) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas.

6. The municipalities of (1) Uttarpara, (2) Kotrung, (3) Rishra, (4) Konnagar, (5) Serampore, (6) Baidyabati, (7) Champdani, (8) Bhadreswar, (9) Hooghly-Chinsurah and (10) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly.

Schedule II.

FORM A.

Licence under paragraph 4 of the Bengal Salt Control Order, 1945.

Licence No.....

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Salt Control Order, 1945, and the conditions of this licence.....(name)
of.....

.....(address) is hereby authorised to purchase, sell and store for sale salt in quantities of twenty maunds or more.

2. The licence is subject to the following conditions:—

- (1) The licensee shall maintain a register in Form B in Schedule II of the Bengal Salt Control Order, 1945, showing correctly (a) his opening stocks every day, (b) receipts of salt during the day showing the quantity received and the name and address of the person from whom received, (c) deliveries of salt made during the day showing the quantity delivered and the name and address of the person to whom delivered, and (d) stocks of salt at the close of the day.
- (2) The licensee shall submit fortnightly to the undersigned a true return in Form C in Schedule II to the Bengal Salt Control Order, 1945, of stocks, receipts and deliveries of salt during the period from the 1st to the 15th (both inclusive) and from the 16th to the last day (both inclusive) of every month so as to reach the undersigned or his office by the twentieth day of that month and by the fifth day of the immediately succeeding month respectively.
- (3) The licensee shall comply with such directions as may be given to him by general or special order under the provisions of paragraph 5 of the Bengal Salt Control Order, 1945.

*Signature and designation of
the Issuing Authority.*

Date.....

FORM B.

Register to be maintained by a licensee under paragraph 5 (4) of the Bengal Salt Control Order, 1945.

1	2	3	4	5
Date.	Opening stocks.	Receipts during the day.	Deliveries during the day.	Closing stocks.
	Mds. srs. chhs.	(a) From whom received. (b) Quantity. Total receipts during the day.	(a) To whom delivered. (b) Quantity. Total deliveries during the day.	Mds. srs. chhs.
		Name. Address. Mds. srs. chhs. Mds. srs. chhs.	Name. Address. Mds. srs. chhs. Mds. srs. chhs.	

FORM C.

Return to be submitted by a licensee under paragraph 5 (5) of the Bengal Salt Control Order, 1945.

Period of Return.....

Licence Number.....

Name of Licensee.....

Address of Licensee.....

PART I.

1	2	3	4
Opening stocks.	Total receipts during the fortnight.	Total deliveries during the fortnight.	Closing stocks.
Mds. srs. chhs.	Mds. srs. chhs.	Mds. srs. chhs.	Mds. srs. chhs.

PART II.
Details of receipts.

Date of receipt.	2		3		
	From whom received.		Quantity.		
	Name	Address.	Mds.	srs.	chhs.

PART III.
Details of deliveries.

1 Date of delivery.	2		3		
	To whom delivered.		Quantity.		
	Name.	Address.	Mds.	srs.	chhs.

Signature of licensee.....

Date.

Notification No. 6350 D. C. S., dated the 28th April, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 3rd May, 1945, Pt. I, p. 718.)

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 7 of the Bengal Salt Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise the following officers to exercise within their respective jurisdictions the powers mentioned in the said paragraph, namely:—

- (1) all District Controllers of Civil Supplies,
- (2) all District Assistant Controllers of Civil Supplies,
- (3) all Subdivisional Magistrates,
- (4) all Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies,
- (5) all '[Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies],
- (6) all Inspectors of Civil Supplies under the Directorate of District Distribution, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal,
- (7) all District Enforcement Officers,
- (8) all Inspectors of Civil Supplies under the Directorate-General of Enforcement and Public Relations, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and
- (9) all Police Officers of and above the rank of Sub-Inspector.

Notification No. 100681 D. C. S., dated the 28th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 9th August, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1311).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 7 of the Bengal Salt Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise all officers in the Collectorate of Central Excise, Calcutta, not below the rank of an Inspector, to exercise within their respective jurisdictions the powers mentioned in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of the said paragraph.

Notification No. VII-D-6-1283-O. C., dated the 4th October, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th October, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1527).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (i) This Order may be called the Bengal Salt Return Order, 1943;
- (ii) It extends to the whole of Bengal;
- (iii) It shall come into force at once.

²Substituted by notification No. 7775 D. C. S., dated the 2nd June, 1945.

FORM B.

Form of the Fortnightly Return.

1st to 15th

Return of salt received and delivered during the period from

16th to the end

of the month of.....194.....

Name.....

Address.....

Opening stock.	Amount received during the period.	Total quantities sold or otherwise disposed of during the period.	Closing balance.	Remarks.

Notification No. VII-E-98-5991-O.C., dated the 2nd September, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th September, 1944, p. 218).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Calcutta Industrial Area Salt Control Order, 1944.

(2) It extends to the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area.

(3) It shall come into force on the 4th September, 1944.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "Calcutta Industrial Area" means the area for the time being specified in Schedule A to the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943;

(b) "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" means the area for the time being specified in Schedule A to the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944;

(c) "Controller" means the Controller of Rationing, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal, and includes such officers as may be authorised by him in writing to exercise all or any of the powers conferred on him by this Order;

(d) ["Director-General" means the Director-General, Food, Civil Supplies Department, Bengal] and includes such officers as may be authorised by him in writing to exercise all or any of the powers conferred on him by this Order;

(e) "Form" means a form as set forth in Schedule to this Order;

(f) "Normal quantity" means eight units of salt, each unit having the same value as the value of a unit of salt laid down in Schedule C to the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943:

Provided that in the case of a person who is a householder the normal quantity shall be deemed to be the aggregate of the normal quantities for each member of his household including any servants living in and forming part of the household;

¹Substituted by notification No. 3179D.C.S., dated the 26th March, 1945.

- (g) "Salt" means any salt which is for the time being specified to be a rationed article by notification under clause (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, in respect of any area to which this Order applies; and
- (h) the expressions "appointed wholesaler", "appointed retailer" and "appointed establishment proprietor" have the same meanings as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943;
- (i) "Week" means a period of seven days beginning at midnight on Saturday night.

3. No person shall have in his possession or under his control more than the normal quantity of salt except under and in accordance with the conditions of a consumer's licence granted under paragraph 4, or of a stockist's licence granted under paragraph 5, or of a transit stock licence granted under paragraph 6:

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to an appointed wholesaler, an appointed retailer or an appointed establishment proprietor.

4. (1) The Controller may, on application made to him in this behalf, issue a consumer's licence, which shall be in Form A to a person authorising him to have in his possession or under his control a quantity of salt specified in the licence, being a quantity in excess of the normal quantity for the use of the licensee and of so many members of the licensee's household as may be specified in such licence.

(2) No such licence shall be issued unless the applicant for the licence produces before the Controller his own ration card and the ration cards of the members of his household.

(3) Where a licence has been issued under this paragraph the ration cards issued to the holder of such licence and to such members of his household as may be specified in the licence shall not be used and shall not be available for lawful use for obtaining supplies of salt for such period as may be specified in the licence.

5. (1) The [Director-General] may, on application made to him in this behalf, issue a stockist's licence which shall be in Form B to any person authorising him to bring salt into the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area by land and water and to have in his possession or under his control salt in excess of the normal quantity.

²[Provided that the Director-General may instead of issuing a stockist's licence in Form B issue a stockist's licence in Form B (1) to any person authorising him to bring into the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area such quantity and quality of salt from such place and by such means of transport as may be specified in the licence and to have in his possession or under his control such quantity of salt in excess of the normal quantity as may be so specified in the licence.]

(2) The holder of a licence issued under this paragraph shall not sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of any salt except under an authorisation issued under paragraph 19 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

(3) The holder of a licence under this paragraph shall submit to the Director so as to reach him on Wednesday of each week a true return stating—

- (a) the stock of salt at the beginning of the preceding week,
- (b) the receipts during the preceding week with the quantity, quality and source of each consignment received,

¹Substituted by notification No. 3179D.C.S., dated the 26th March, 1945.

²Added by notification No. 13225D.C.S., dated the 2nd November, 1945.

- (c) sales under the authorisation, if any, issued under paragraph 19 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, during the preceding week showing the quantity and the name and address of the purchaser for each transaction,
- (d) closing stock at the end of the week, and
- (e) such other particulars as may be required by the ¹[Director-General].

6. (1) ¹[Director-General] may, on application made to him in this behalf, issue a transit stock licence which shall be in Form C to any person authorising him to have in his possession or under his control such quantity of salt being a quantity in excess of the normal quantity for such period of time as may be specified in the licence pending despatch of such salt to a destination outside the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area specified in such licence.

(2) The holder of a licence issued under this paragraph shall not sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of the salt anywhere within the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area.

(3) The holder of such licence shall despatch the salt to the destination specified in the licence within the period of time specified therein and surrender the licence to the ¹[Director-General] immediately on the expiry of the said period:

Provided that the ¹[Director-General] may extend the period of validity of a licence issued under this paragraph.

7. The holder of a licence issued under paragraph 5 or paragraph 6 shall comply with the conditions specified in the licence and with such directions as may be given by the ¹[Director-General] by general or special order from time to time for securing compliance with the provisions of this Order.

8. The authority by which a licence issued under this Order may at any time suspend or cancel such licence.

9. No person other than a person holding a stockist's licence granted under paragraph 5 shall bring any salt by land or by water into the Calcutta Industrial Area or the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area:

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to *bona fide* visitors arriving in the Calcutta Industrial Area or the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area who have in their possession as part of their personal luggage for personal consumption during their stay in such area a quantity of salt not exceeding one-fourth of the normal quantity.

10. Any officer authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf by general or special order may—

- (a) enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that any salt is being possessed or held contrary to the provisions of this Order;
- (b) enter upon and inspect at all reasonable hours any premises in which salt is kept stored by a person holding a licence under paragraph 5 or paragraph 6;
- (c) require any person holding a licence under paragraph 5 or paragraph 6 to produce any books, accounts or other documents relating to any salt held by him under such licence or to any transaction in respect of such salt or to furnish such information relating to such transactions as the Officer so authorised may consider necessary.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3179D.C.S., dated the 26th March, 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 13225D.C.S., dated the 2nd November, 1945.

11. If any person contravenes the provisions of paragraph 3 or paragraph 7 of this Order, then without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, the Court trying the offence may order that any stocks of salt together with packages and coverings thereof in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

12. The provisions of this Order shall not apply to the movement or possession of any salt by or on behalf of the Crown or for His Majesty's forces.

The Schedule.

FORM A.

Consumer's Licence under paragraph 4 of the ¹[Calcutta Industrial Area] Salt Control Order, 1944.

Subject to the provisions of the ²[Calcutta Industrial Area] Salt Control Order, 1944, and the conditions of this licence.....
(name) of.....(address) is authorised to have under his/her control or in his/her possession at..... (address)(quantity) of salt for the use of him/herself and of.....members of his/her household.

This licence is subject to the condition that the ration cards issued to the licensee and the aforesaid members of his/her household under the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, or any regulations made thereunder shall not be used and shall not be available for lawful use for obtaining supplies of salt for.....weeks from the date of the issue of this licence.

Signature and designation of the Issuing Authority.

Date.....

FORM B.

Stockist's Licence under ¹[paragraph 5 (1)] of the ²[Calcutta Industrial Area] Salt Control Order, 1944.

Subject to the provisions of the ¹[Calcutta Industrial Area] Salt Control Order, 1944, and the conditions of this licence.....(name) of(address) is/are authorised to—

(a) import salt into the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area, and

(b) to have under his/their control or in his/their possession salt in excess of the normal quantity.

This licence is subject to the following conditions:—

1. It is valid till the 31st December, 194.....

2. The licensee shall not sell, or otherwise transfer salt to any one except under an authorisation issued under paragraph 19 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

3. The licensee shall submit to the ²[Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies], Bengal, so as to reach him on Wednesday of each week a true return stating (a) the stock of salt at the beginning of the preceding week, (b) the receipts during the preceding week with the quantity, quality and source of each consignment received, (c) sales under

¹Substituted by notification No. 13225D.C.S., dated the 2nd November, 1945.

²Substituted by notification No. 3179D.C.S., dated the 26th March, 1945.

the authorisation, if any, issued under paragraph 19 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, during the preceding week showing the quantity and the name and the address of the purchaser for each transaction, (d) closing stock at the end of the week, and (e) such other particulars as may be required by the ¹[Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies], Bengal.

4. The licensee shall comply with such directions as may be given by general or special order from time to time by the ²[Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies], Bengal, or such other officer as may be authorised by him, for securing compliance with the provisions of the Calcutta and Industrial Area Salt Control Order, 1944, and with the conditions of this licence.

Signature and designation of the Issuing Authority.

Date.....

FORM B (1).

Stockist's Licence under the proviso to paragraph 5-(1) of the Calcutta Industrial Area Salt Control Order, 1944.

Subject to the provisions of the Calcutta Industrial Area Salt Control Order, 1944, and the conditions of this licence.....
(name) of.....(address) is/are authorised to—

(a) import.....(quantity) of.....(quality) salt from
.....(source) into the Calcutta Industrial Area
and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area by.....
(means of transport), and

(b) to have under his/their control or in his/their possession the quantity
of salt specified in clause (a).

This licence is subject to the following conditions:—

1. It is valid till the.....
2. The licensee shall not sell, or otherwise transfer salt to any one except under an authorisation issued under paragraph 19 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

3. The licensee shall submit to the Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies, so as to reach him on Wednesday of each week a true return stating (a) the stock of salt at the beginning of the preceding week, (b) the receipts during the preceding week with the quantity, quality and source of each consignment received, (c) sales under the authorisation, if any, issued under paragraph 19 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, during the preceding week showing the quantity sold and the name and the address of the purchaser for each transaction, (d) closing stock at the end of the week and (e) such other particulars as may be required by the Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal.

4. The licensee shall comply with such directions as may be given by general or special order from time to time by the Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or such other officers as may be authorised by him, for securing compliance with the provisions of the Calcutta Industrial Area Salt Control Order, 1944, and with the conditions of this licence.

*Signature and Designation of the
Issuing Authority."*

Date.....

¹Substituted by notification No. 13225D.C.S., dated the 2nd November, 1945.

²Insert by notification No. D.C.S., dated the 2nd November, 1945.

FORM C.

Transit Stock Licence under paragraph 6 of the ¹[Calcutta Industrial Area] Salt Control Order, 1944.

Subject to the provisions of the ²[Calcutta Industrial Area] Salt Control Order, 1944, and the conditions of this licence.....of..... is/are authorised to have under his/their control or in his/their possessionof salt within the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area for a period of.....days from the date of issue of this licence pending despatch of such salt to.....

This licence is subject to the following conditions:--

- (1) The licensee shall not sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of the salt anywhere within the Calcutta Industrial Area or the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area.
- (2) The licensee shall surrender this licence immediately on the expiry of its period of validity.
- (3) The licensee shall comply with such directions as may be given by general or special order from time to time by the ¹[Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies], Bengal, or such other officer as may be authorised by him, for securing compliance with the provisions of the ²[Calcutta Industrial Area] Salt Control Order, 1944, and with the conditions of this licence.

Signature and designation of the Issuing Authority.

Date.....

Notification No. 3182 D. C. S., dated the 26th March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 5th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 523).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (d) of paragraph 2 of the Calcutta Industrial Area Salt Control Order, 1944, I hereby authorise the Deputy Director of Supply in charge of Salt to exercise the powers conferred upon me by paragraphs 5 and 6 of the said Order and I further authorise the Assistant Director of Supply in charge of Salt to exercise the powers conferred upon me by paragraph 6 of the said Order.

Notification No. 3180 D. C. S., dated the 26th March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 5th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 520).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 10 of the Calcutta Industrial Area Salt Control Order, 1944, and in supersession of this department notification No. VII-E-98-6073-O.C., dated 9th September 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise—

- (1) the Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal,
- (2) the Director of Rationing, Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal,
- (3) the Additional Director of Rationing and Controller of Rationing, Calcutta,
- (4) all Deputy Controllers of Rationing, Assistant Controllers of Rationing, Special Officers, Rationing Officer, Chief Inspectors, Deputy Chief Inspectors, Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors under the Director of Rationing,

¹Inserted by notification No. 13225D.C.S., dated the 2nd November, 1945.

²Substituted, *ibid*.

- (5) the Director of Supply and Deputy and Assistant Directors of Supply in charge of Salt,
- (6) all Chief Inspectors, Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors of Civil Supplies,
- (7) all Police Officers of the Enforcement Branch of the Calcutta Police of and above the rank of Sub-Inspector, and
- (8) all Police Officers of the districts of Howrah, Hooghly and 24-Parganas of and above the rank of Sub-Inspector,

to exercise the powers mentioned in the said paragraph.

Notification No. 1942Com. (C.D.), dated the 28th July, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 6th August, 1942, Pt. 1, p. 1957).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct—

- (a) that no consignment of salt or sugar arriving at any of the Railway and Steamer Stations in Calcutta and in the municipality of Howrah shall be delivered to the consignee or to anybody else except under a permit in writing issued by the Chief Controller of Prices, Bengal, or by any officer authorised in writing by the said Chief Controller in this behalf;
- (b) that no such consignee or other person shall dispose of any such salt or sugar except under, and in accordance with the conditions of, another permit in writing to be issued by an officer authorised in writing by the Chief Controller of Prices in this behalf; and
- (c) that permits under clauses (a) and (b) of this order shall not be transferable.

Explanation.—In this order "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

Notification No. 7888C.S., dated the 5th November, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th November, 1942, Pt. I, p. 253).

Order.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, read with clause (f) of that sub-rule and in partial modification of an order No. 180Com. (C.D.), dated the 18th April, 1942, which prohibited the export of certain commodities from Calcutta and the industrial area except under permit, the Governor is pleased—

- (a) to exempt from the operation of that order until further notice—
 - (1) Salt,
 - (2) Mustard Oil in consignments of less than 20 tins (8 maunds 30 seers), and
- (b) to direct that any permit required by that order shall be issued by or under the authority of the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3179D.C.S., dated the 26th March, 1945.

²Substituted, *ibid.*

Notification No. VII-A-4/190 O.C., dated the 3rd May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 4th May, 1944, p. 145).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in partial modification of the Government of Bengal, Commerce and Labour Department, notification No. 1980Com.- (C.D.), dated the 31st July, 1942, the Governor is pleased to direct that the wholesale bazar price of salt in the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, shall not exceed Rs. 5-14 per maund (without gunny bags).

Notification No. VII-A-24-756-O.C., dated the 12th June, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 793).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

No consignment of salt or any part thereof arriving at any of the railway and steamer stations in Bengal from any place outside Bengal shall be delivered to the consignee or anybody else except under a permit issued by the ¹[Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies] or any other officer authorised by him in writing in this behalf:

Provided that nothing in this Order shall apply to the delivery of any consignment, the total weight of which does not exceed two and a half maunds.

Notification No. 3183D.C.S., dated the 26th March, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 5th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 523).

In exercise of the power conferred by the order published under notification No. VII-A-24-756-O.C., dated the 12th June, 1944, I hereby authorise the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to issue permits for the delivery of consignments of salt in the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table:—

1	2
The Director of Supply and the Deputy and Assistant Directors of Supply in charge of Salt.	The Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area.
All District Magistrates, Subdivisional Officers, District and District Assistant Controllers of Civil Supplies and Subdivisional Controllers of Civil Supplies, Bengal.	The areas of their respective jurisdictions excluding any area included within the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area.

Explanation.—In this Order—

(1) The Calcutta Industrial Area means the area for the time being specified in Schedule A to the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943.

(2) The Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area means the area for the time being specified in Schedule A to the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3181D.C.S., dated the 26th March, 1945.

Notification No. 11117D.C.S., dated the 21st November, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th December, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1419).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area, the maximum retail price of salt shall be 3 (three) annas per seer.

Explanation.—In this Order "the Calcutta Industrial Area" and "the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" have respectively the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

(xviii) Silk.

Notification No. 1101-Ind., dated the 16th May, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 17th May, 1945, Pt. I, p. 849).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Silk Control Order, 1945.¹
(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. The Bengal Silk Control Order, 1943, is hereby repealed:

Provided that all appointments made, proceedings commenced and action taken under any provisions of that Order shall be continued, and so far as may be, shall be deemed to have been respectively made, commenced or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Order.

3. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the area within the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of the High Court in Calcutta;
- (2) "charka establishment" means any manufactory or establishment in which silk is produced by reeling it from cocoons with the help of any indigenous instrument;
- (3) "charka silk" means raw silk reeled from cocoons with the help of any indigenous instrument;
- (4) "cocoon" means the case of silk spun by the larva of the mulberry silk moth *Bombyx Mori* for the protection of its chrysalis;

¹This order has since been repealed by notification No. 591-Ind., dated the 28th February, 1946, as follows—

In exercise of the power conferred by rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to repeal the Bengal Silk Control Order, 1945, with effect from the 1st day of March 1946:

Provided that the said Order shall be deemed to continue in force for the purpose of any investigation or proceeding, whether commenced before or after the repeal of the said Order, relating to any contravention of the said Order which has taken place before such repeal.

II With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is further pleased to direct that notice of this Order shall be given by the publication of this Order in the *Official Gazette* and by the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining its provisions.

- (5) "cocoon rearer" means any person who rears cocoons for sale or gain;
- (6) "District Controller" means a District Controller of Silk appointed under sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 4;
- (7) "filature" means any manufactory or establishment in which silk is produced by reeling it from cocoons with the help of any machinery other than an indigenous instrument;
- (8) "filature silk" means raw silk reeled from cocoons with the help of any machinery other than an indigenous instrument;
- (9) "indigenous instrument" includes *charka*, *kataghai*, *gharghai*, *gurghai* or any similar device for reeling silk;
- (10) "owner of a *charka* establishment" includes any person producing silk in the manner specified in clause (2);
- (11) "owner of the filature" includes any person producing silk in the manner specified in clause (7);
- (12) "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made by the Provincial Controller;
- (13) "Provincial Controller" means the Provincial Controller of Silk appointed under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4;
- (14) "raw silk" means silk which has not been subjected to any processes of manufacture other than those required for reeling it from cocoons and includes both *charka* and filature silk;
- (15) "registered owner" means the registered owner of a filature or the registered owner of a *charka* establishment;
- (16) "registered owner of a *charka* establishment" means the owner of a *charka* establishment registered under paragraph 5 and includes any agent of such owner;
- (17) "registered owner of a filature" means the owner of a filature registered under paragraph 5 and includes any agent of such owner;
- (18) "registered trader" means a person trading in raw silk registered under paragraph 6 and includes any agent of such trader, [any chief agent] or any person dealing in raw silk either for sale or for distribution to handloom weavers for fabrication or any other purpose;
- (19) "silk" means the fibre produced by the larva of the mulberry silk moth *Bombyx Mori*;
- ¹[(20) "Chief Agent" means any person appointed by the Provincial Government in respect of any district to purchase on behalf of the Provincial Government in accordance with the conditions of a scheme to be laid down all *charka* silk in such district];

**

4. (1) The Provincial Government shall appoint an officer to be called the Provincial Controller of Silk for carrying out the purposes of this Order and may appoint such other persons to assist him as it thinks fit.

(2) Persons appointed under sub-paragraph (1) shall exercise such powers as may be conferred and perform such duties as may be required by or under this Order.

¹Substituted by notification No. 1706Ind., dated the 23rd October, 1945.

²Clause (21) omitted, *ibid.*

(3) The Provincial Government may also appoint for Calcutta and for each district a person to be called the District Controller of Silk who shall, within Calcutta or such district, as the case may be, exercise such powers and perform such duties as are conferred or imposed on a District Controller by or under this order or as the Provincial Government may by order direct or such powers or duties of the Provincial Controller as may from time to time be delegated to him by the Provincial Controller with the previous sanction of the Provincial Government.

5. (1) No filature or *charka* establishment shall, after the commencement of this Order, be operated unless the person owning it has been or is deemed to have been registered under this paragraph.

(2) Every person owning a filature or a *charka* establishment shall, before the expiration of one month from the date on which he first becomes subject to the provisions of this paragraph, apply to the Registering Officer appointed in this behalf by the Provincial Government to be registered as an owner in respect of such filature or *charka* establishment:

Provided that where any such person has been registered under the Bengal Silk Control Order, 1943, and such registration is in force on the date of commencement of this Order, it shall not be necessary for him to apply for registration again under this sub-paragraph and the registration so in force shall be deemed for all purposes of this Order to have been effected under this sub-paragraph.

(3) The Registering Officer may refuse to register any person as an owner in respect of a filature or a *charka* establishment without assigning any reason for such refusal.

6. (1) No person shall, after the commencement of this Order, trade in raw silk unless he has been or is deemed to have been registered under this paragraph as a trader in raw silk.

(2) Every person selling raw silk or distributing such silk to handloom weavers for the purposes of fabrication or otherwise trading in raw silk shall, before the expiration of one month from the date on which he first becomes subject to the provisions of this sub-paragraph, apply to the Registering Officer appointed in this behalf by the Provincial Government to be registered as a trader in raw silk:

Provided that where any such person has been registered as a trader in raw silk under the Bengal Silk Control Order, 1943, and such registration is in force on the date of commencement of this Order, it shall not be necessary for him to apply again for registration under this sub-paragraph and the registration so in force shall be deemed for all purposes of this Order to have been effected under this sub-paragraph.

7. (1) A registration once effected under paragraph 5 or paragraph 6 shall continue in force until it is cancelled by the Registering Officer or is deemed to be cancelled under paragraph 24.

(2) When a registration is cancelled or suspended or is deemed to be cancelled under paragraph 24 the fact shall be made known either by the issue of a notification in a local newspaper or by beat of drum in the locality in which the cancellation or suspension is to have effect as the Registering Officer deems proper.

8. An application for registration under paragraph 5 or paragraph 6 or an application for cancellation of such registration shall be in such form, contain such particulars and be accompanied by such fees as may be prescribed and the procedure to be followed in granting or cancelling any such registration and the form of registers to be kept by the Registering Officers shall be such as may be prescribed.

9. (1) No person whether or not he is a registered owner or a registered trader shall purchase any raw silk except under a permit issued in this behalf by the Provincial Controller or the District Controller nor shall any such person sell any raw silk to any person other than a Government Officer authorised in this behalf by the Central Government or the Provincial Government or any agent appointed in this behalf by Government or any person holding a permit issued in this behalf by the Provincial Controller or the District Controller and no such purchase or sale shall be made at a price exceeding the maximum price fixed in this behalf by the Provincial Government under paragraph 17:

Provided that where any raw silk is purchased by ¹[a chief agent], so much of such silk as is not required by the Provincial Government may be sold by ¹[the chief agent] under a permit issued in that behalf by the Provincial Controller or the District Controller to *bona fide* weavers or their representatives at prices not exceeding the maxima fixed for the respective grade of raw silk under paragraph 17.

(2) No person except a registered owner or a registered trader shall receive, carry or retain in his possession raw silk except under a permit issued in that behalf by the Provincial Controller or by the District Controller for the district in which such silk has been acquired by such person.

10. (1) All disputes regarding the price of raw silk arising out of the purchase thereof by the Provincial Government or ¹[a chief agent] from any registered trader shall be referred for decision to the following authorities, namely:—

(a) where the dispute relates to the price of filature silk to the Provincial Controller through the Special Officer for Silk;

(b) where the dispute relates to the price of *charka* silk—to a Board consisting of:—

(i) a representative of the ¹[chief agent] nominated by such agent;

(ii) a representative of the owners of *charka* establishment to be nominated by the Provincial Government; and

(iii) an officer of the Department of Industries of the Government of Bengal to be nominated by the Provincial Government.

(2) The decision of the Provincial Controller to whom a dispute is referred under clause (a) of sub-paragraph (1) shall be final.

(3) Any person aggrieved by a decision of the Board to which a dispute is referred under clause (b) of sub-paragraph (1) may within fifteen days from the date of such decision appeal against it to the Provincial Controller whose decision thereon shall be final.

(4) If in the purchase by or on behalf of the Provincial Government of any raw silk any dispute arises regarding the grade to which any sample of raw silk which the Provincial Government desires to purchase belongs, the decision of the Provincial Government in this respect shall be final.

11. A registered dealer who sells or advances silk for fabrication or for any other purpose to a weaver shall make a record of the quantity of silk sold or advanced together with the date of the transaction in a *hatchita* to be maintained by the weaver and the registered dealer shall sign each entry in the said *hatchita* at the time such entry is made. The registered dealer shall also provide such weaver with a certificate that he is *bona fide* weaver and that he is recognised as such by the dealer making the advance or sale. The weaver shall on being called upon under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 22 to do so produce the said *hatchita* or certificate or both, as the case may be, for inspection.

¹Substituted by notification No. 1706Ind., dated the 23rd October, 1945.

12. In all transactions in raw silk under this order one seer shall be deemed to be equivalent to eighty tolas.

13. (1) The Provincial Government or any person duly authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf may at any time by notice in the prescribed form served in the prescribed manner on any registered owner or any registered trader restrain for such period as may be specified in the notice such owner or trader from selling or in any way disposing of any stocks of raw silk which such trader or owner may have in his possession.

(2) When a notice under sub-paragraph (1) has been served on such owner or trader, he shall not, after the service of the notice and during the period specified therein, sell or in any way dispose of any stocks of raw silk which he may have in his possession.

14. (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-paragraph (2), no cocoons shall be sold or purchased by any person or in any way transferred from one person to another or utilised in any manner by any person even if the same have been produced by his own labour or enterprise except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued in this behalf by the Provincial Controller or the District Controller.

(2) No person shall receive or retain cocoons in his possession unless such person is—

(a) a cocoon rearer, or

(b) a registered trader, or

(c) a person to whom a permit has been issued under sub-paragraph (1) for the transfer of any cocoons to him by any person.

(3) The Provincial Controller or a District Controller may by general or special order in writing direct every cocoon rearer or person dealing in, or having in his possession any stocks of, cocoons within the area under the jurisdiction of such Controller to sell all his cocoons to the Provincial Controller or to such District Controller or to any person authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Controller or such District Controller and to deliver them at such place or places as may be specified by the Provincial Controller or such District Controller or the person so authorised, as the case may be, and every cocoon rearer or person dealing in, or having in his possession any stocks of, cocoon shall, when so directed, comply with such direction.

(4) Every general order issued under sub-paragraph (3) shall be made known by beat of drum in the locality where the cocoon rearers or the persons dealing in, or having in their possession any stocks of, cocoons to whom the order is directed reside.

(5) Any person having in his possession any stock of cocoons shall, whenever required by a District Controller, produce such cocoons before him.

15. (1) The maxima prices of cocoons of different grades shall be such as the Provincial Government may from time to time specify by notification in the *Official Gazette*.

(2) No person shall sell, and no person shall buy cocoons at prices exceeding the respective maxima prices fixed under sub-paragraph (1).

(3) In all transactions in cocoons under this Order one seer shall be deemed equivalent to eighty tolas.

16. (1) Where a dispute arises between a cocoon rearer and a registered owner regarding the grade to which a particular sample of cocoons belongs.

such owner shall be entitled to purchase such sample of cocoons at three-quarters of the price claimed by such rearer, provided that such price shall not exceed the maximum price fixed for the highest grade of cocoons under sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 15.

(2) The cocoon rearer or the registered owner may then apply to a prescribed testing station for the testing of the sample of cocoons in dispute and for the determination of the grade to which the sample belongs, and shall along with such application send a specimen of the sample of cocoons in dispute taken under prescribed conditions. Such testing station shall test such specimen in the prescribed manner and shall determine the grade to which the sample of cocoons of which the specimen has been tested belongs. It shall then be incumbent upon the cocoon rearer to accept and for the registered owner to pay the maximum price fixed under paragraph 15 for the grade so determined and any excess paid or deficit remaining to be paid as a result of the sample of cocoons having been purchased under the provisions of sub-paragraph (1) shall be adjusted.

17. (1) The maxima prices for different grades of raw silk shall be such as may be specified from time to time by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Official Gazette*.

(2) A registered trader who holds a permit issued under this Order by the Provincial Controller or the District Controller shall sell such raw silk as is covered by that permit at prices not exceeding the maxima specified under sub-paragraph (1) plus six and one fourth *per centum* of such maxima and such prices shall cover transport and other incidental charges.

18. Any person having in his possession any stock of raw silk shall, whenever required by a District Controller or any person authorised by the District Controller in this behalf in writing, produce before him such raw silk.

19. (1) No person shall sell, transfer or dispose of any cocoons or any raw silk to any person outside the Province of Bengal except under a permit issued in this behalf in writing by the Provincial Controller or the District Controller.

(2) Every registered owner and every registered trader shall inform the Provincial Controller or the District Controller of every order or request for the supply of cocoons or raw silk to any place outside Bengal received by such owner or trader.

(3) No railway authority or postal authority and no carrier by land or water or air shall accept any cocoons or raw silk for transport to any place outside Bengal unless a permit has been issued under sub-paragraph (1) in respect of such cocoons or raw silk by the Provincial Controller or the District Controller.

(4) If the Provincial Controller or a District Controller has reason to believe that attempts are being made to convey, despatch or transport cocoons or raw silk in packages or parcels in contravention of the provisions of sub-paragraph (3) by suppressing the correct description of the contents, he shall inform the postal or railway authority or carrier by land, water or air concerned and on receipt of such intimation the postal or railway authority or carrier by land, water or air shall detain such packages or parcels pending investigation and further instructions from the Provincial Controller or the District Controller concerned. Any postal or railway authority or carrier by land, water or air who has reason to believe that any package or parcel contains cocoons or raw silk and has been incorrectly described, shall detain such packages or parcels pending instructions from the District Controller concerned and shall send information to the Provincial Controller or the nearest District Controller.

(5) No person shall import from outside Bengal any raw silk for sale or transfer nor shall any silk imported by any person from outside Bengal be disposed of by such person without obtaining a permit in writing in that behalf from the Provincial Controller.

20. Every registered owner shall in respect of the filature or the *charka* establishment of which he is such owner keep books of account in the prescribed form showing:—

- (a) the quantity of cocoons purchased or received or grown from time to time;
- (b) the prices paid for such cocoons;
- (c) the quantity of cocoons reeled from time to time;
- (d) the outturn of raw silk including particulars as to the quantities of the different kinds of raw silk produced;
- (e) the persons to whom the raw silk produced was sold or transferred and the prices obtained for such raw silk;
- (f) the number of reeling basins used during each season's work; and
- (g) such other particulars necessary for the purposes of this Order as may be prescribed.

21. Every registered trader shall, in respect of his trade in raw silk and at each place at which he carries on such trade, keep books of account in the prescribed form showing:—

- (a) the stocks of raw silk in his possession on date on which he first became subject to the provisions of paragraph 6;
- (b) all fresh stocks of raw silk purchased or received by him after the date mentioned in clause (a);
- (c) the persons from whom the stocks of raw silk, referred to in clauses (a) and (b) were purchased or received;
- (d) the persons to whom any raw silk out of the stocks of raw silk referred to in clauses (a) and (b) were sold or transferred; and
- (e) such other particulars necessary for the purposes of this Order as may be prescribed.

22. (1) The Provincial Controller, any District Controller or any other person empowered in this behalf by the Provincial Government may with a view to securing compliance with this Order:—

- (a) require any registered owner or any registered trader to produce before him all accounts, vouchers and other documents relating to the matters mentioned in paragraph 20 or paragraph 21, as the case may be, and to furnish any other information relating to such matters and every such owner and every such trader shall comply with such requisition;
- (b) inspect such accounts, vouchers and documents of, and the cocoons or raw silk, as the case may be, held in stock by, such owner or trader; and
- (c) inspect the *hatchita* and the certificate of any weaver obtaining silk by purchase or by way of advance for the purpose of fabrication from any registered dealer.

(2) The Provincial Controller, any District Controller or any other person specially empowered in this behalf by the Provincial Government may at any time enter and search by day any building or place in which he has reason to believe that any cocoon rearer, any registered owner or any registered trader holds any stocks of cocoons or raw silk, as the case may be, or in

which he has reason to believe that any cocoon or silk in respect of which any contravention of this Order has occurred is held, and may seize any cocoons or raw silk in respect of which he has reason to believe that any contravention of this Order has occurred.

(3) All searches made under sub-paragraph (2) shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

23. If any person contravenes any provisions of this Order, then without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, any Court trying any offence may order that any stock of cocoons or raw silk, together with the packages and coverings thereof, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

24. If any registered owner or registered trader or any other person holding any permit under this Order is convicted of any offence under this Order, his registration or permit shall forthwith be deemed to be cancelled and the person holding the permit shall forthwith surrender the permit to the authority by which it was issued.

25. The Provincial Controller may, by notification in the *Official Gazette*, make regulations to provide for any matter which by this Order is to be prescribed.

Notification No. 881-Ind., dated the 6th April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 8th April, 1943, Pt. I, p. 720).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Silk Control Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to appoint the Director of Industries, Bengal, to be the Provincial Controller of Silk for carrying out the purposes of the said order and to appoint the Special Officer in charge of Silk Filature Scheme to assist the Provincial Controller of Silk.

Notification No. 49Ind., dated the 22nd January, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th January, 1945, Pt. I, p. 127).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 3 of the Bengal Silk Control Order, 1943, and in supersession of the notification No. 882Ind., dated the 6th April, 1943, published on page 720 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 8th April, 1943, the Governor is pleased to appoint the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to be the District Controllers of Silk for the areas mentioned in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table:—

Officers. 1	Areas. 2
First Superintendent of Sericulture, Bengal ...	District of Malda.
Deputy Director of Sericulture, Bengal, Berhampore ...	Districts of Midnapore, Bankura and Birbhum.
Second Superintendent of Sericul- ture, Bengal ...	District of Murshidabad.
Mr. M. Gupta, Controller of Pro- duction ...	Calcutta.
The Collectors of all districts ex- cepting the district of Malda, Midnapore, Bankura, Birbhum and Murshidabad ...	The areas of their respective dis- tricts.

Notification No. 883-Ind., dated the 6th April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 8th April, 1943, Pt. I, p. 720).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Bengal Silk Control Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to appoint the Special Officer in charge of Silk Filature Scheme to be the Registering Officer to whom applications under the said paragraphs may be made.

Notification No. 884-Ind., dated the 6th April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 8th April, 1943, Pt. I, p. 720).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 8 of the Bengal Silk Control Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the District Controllers of Silk to exercise, within their respective jurisdictions, the powers referred to in the said sub-paragraph.

Notification No. 885-Ind., dated the 6th April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 8th April, 1943, Pt. I, p. 720)

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 8 of the Bengal Silk Control Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Provincial Controller of Silk to exercise the power of purchase of stocks of raw silk referred to in the said sub-paragraph.

Notification No. 51-Ind., dated the 22nd January, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th January, 1945, Pt. I, p. 125).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 8A of the Bengal Silk Control Order, 1943, published under notification No. 467, dated the 8th March, 1943, as subsequently amended, the Governor is pleased to authorise the District Controllers of Silk to exercise within their respective jurisdictions, the powers referred to in the said sub-paragraph.

Notification No. 1871-Ind., dated the 13th July, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th July, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1172).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 10 of the Bengal Silk Control Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 1st August, 1943, the maximum price of cocoons suitable for "D" grade silk (18th rendita) shall be Rs. 97-6 per maund or Re. 1-3 per lb. and the price of cocoons of higher or lower rendita shall vary proportionately.

Notification No. 1872-Ind., dated the 13th July, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th July, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1172).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 12 of the Bengal Silk Control Order, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct

that, with effect from the 1st August, 1943, the maximum prices for different grades of raw silk (including charka silk) shall be as specified below:—

(a) Raw Silk—				Maximum price per lb.	
				Rs.	a.
"B" Grade	..	..	..	26	12
"C" Grade	..	..	..	26	10
"D" Grade	..	..	..	26	8*
"E" Grade	..	..	..	26	6
"F" Grade	..	..	..	26	4
"G" Grade with major tests of "D" or above	..			26	2
"G" Grade with major tests of "E" or above	..			26	0
"G" Grade with major tests of "F" or above	..			25	14
(b) Charka Silk—					
2,400 tana	..	..	..	22	0
Bharna No. 1	..	..	..	19	0
Bharna No. 2	..	..	..	18	0
Ghora	..	..	..	7	8

*(Basic price, exclusive of packing and transport charges.)

Notification No. 50-Ind., dated the 22nd January, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th January, 1945, Pt. I, p. 127).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) of paragraph 16 of the Bengal Silk Control Order, 1943, published under notification No. 467, dated the 8th March, 1943, as subsequently amended and in supersession of the notification No. 886Ind., dated the 6th April, 1943, published on page 720 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 8th April, 1943, the Governor is pleased to empower the officers specified in column 1 of the table below to exercise the powers referred to in the said sub-paragraphs in respect of the areas mentioned in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table:—

Officers. 1	Areas. 2
Special Officer in charge of Silk Filature Scheme	The whole of Bengal.
Mr. M. Gupta, Controller of Production	The whole of Bengal.
Reeling Superintendent under the Silk Filature Scheme	The whole of Bengal.
Senior District Inspector of Sericulture, Malda	The district of Malda.
Reeling Inspector, Malda	
Inspector of Silk Control, Malda	

Officers.

1

Areas.

2

Inspector of Sericulture, Murshidabad ...	The district of Murshidabad.
Inspector of Reeling, Jangipur, Murshidabad ...	The districts of Murshidabad and Birbhum.
Inspector of Reeling, Beldanga, Murshidabad ...	
Inspector of Reeling, Bhadrapur, Birbhum ...	
Inspector of Sericulture, Rampurhat, Birbhum ...	The district of Birbhum.
All District Controllers of Silk excepting Mr. M. Gupta ...	The areas of their respective jurisdictions.

(xix) Timber.

Notification No. 13561 For., dated the 7th August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th August, 1944, pt. I, p. 999).

In exercise of the power conferred by rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Timber Prices Control Order, 1944.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) "timber" means logs, piles, poles, ballies or sawn timber;

(b) "trader" means any person engaged in the purchase for sale, sale or storage for sale of any timber or of any article or thing made of timber or composed to a substantial extent of timber.

3. (1) The Provincial Government may, from time to time by notification in the *Official Gazette*, fix the maximum prices at which timber may be sold by a trader or other person and may in like manner vary, amend or rescind any notification issued under this paragraph.

(2) Every such notification shall specify the date with effect from which or the period for which such maximum prices have been fixed and different maximum prices may be so fixed for different classes of timber.

4. When the maximum prices at which any timber may be sold by any person have been fixed under paragraph 3—

(a) no such person shall sell or agree to sell and no person shall purchase or agree to purchase any such timber at a price exceeding the maximum price of such timber so fixed;

(b) the price of any article or thing made of timber or composed to a substantial extent of timber shall be so charged that the price of the timber used in the making or composition of such article or thing does not exceed the maximum price of such timber so fixed and the trader shall, when so required by the purchaser, state what proportion of the price of the article or thing represents the cost of the timber used in the making or composition of such article or thing;

- ~~(c) no such timber or article or thing made of timber or composed to a substantial extent of timber shall be delivered or accepted in pursuance of an agreement entered into before such fixation of the maximum price for such timber if the agreement provides for the payment of a price for such timber exceeding the maximum price thereof so fixed or for the payment of a price for such article or thing which is so charged that the price of the timber used in the making or composition of such article or thing exceeds the maximum price of such timber so fixed, unless the agreement is by consent of the parties so revised as to substitute for the price of the timber originally agreed upon a price not exceeding the maximum price thereof so fixed or for the price of the article or thing originally agreed upon a price so calculated that the price of the timber used in the making or composition of such article, or thing does not exceed the maximum price of such timber so fixed.~~

5. Any person authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf may—

- (a) enter upon and inspect any premises used or believed to be used for the purchase, sale or storage of timber;
- (b) require the owner, occupier or other person in charge of such premises or any trader to produce any books, accounts, vouchers or other documents relating to the purchase, sale or storage of any timber or to furnish such information relating to the said transactions as the person so authorised may consider necessary;
- (c) require a trader to submit such returns, reports or statements relating to the purchase for sale, sale or storage for sale of any timber as the person so authorised may consider necessary.

6. If any person contravenes the provisions of paragraph 4 or resists or fails when so required to carry out the provisions of paragraph 5 of this Order—

- (a) he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules; and
- (b) without prejudice to the punishment referred to in clause (a) to which he may be liable, any Court trying the offence may order that any stocks of timber or articles or things made of timber or composed to a substantial extent of timber, in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed, shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

7. Nothing in this Order shall apply to—

- (i) any agreement entered into before the 10th August, 1944, for the sale of timber or of any article or thing made of timber or composed to a substantial extent of timber in so far as such agreement is carried into effect on or before the 30th November, 1944, or
- (ii) any transactions—
 - (a) between the Forest Department of the Government of Bengal and any other department of the Government of Bengal or any department of the Government of India; or
 - (b) between the Timber Supplies Directorate of the Government of India and parties to whom that Directorate passes timber.

Notification No. 19095For., dated the 23rd November, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th December, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1428).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Timber Prices Control Order, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that in supersession of notification No. 13562For., dated the 7th August 1944, published at pages 1000-1002, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 10th August, 1944, the maximum prices at which timbers the classification of which has been specified below may be sold by any person shall be as laid down in Schedules A, B and C annexed hereto:—

Classification of timbers.

Class A—*Dalbergia sissu* (sissu); *Michelia* species (champ); *Shorea robusta* (sal).

Class B—*Adina cordifolia* (haldu); *Omoora wallichii* (lali, pitraj); *Anisoptera glabra*, boilam); *Carapa moluccensis* (passur); *Cedrela* species (toon); *Chukrassia tabularies* (chikrassi); *Dipterocarpus* species (gurjan); *Gmelina arborea* (gamar); *Heritiera minor* (sundri); *Hopea odorata* (telsur); *Lagerstroemia* species (jarul)¹[*Morus* species (kimbu); *Betula cylindrostachys* (saur)].

Class C—*Albizzia* species (siris); *Alstonia cholaris* (*chatiwan*); *Artocarpus* species (chapalish, lakoocha and the like); *Bombax malabaricum* (simul); *Calophyllum polyanthum* (kamdeb); *Castanopsis hystrix* (katus); *Dichopsis polyantha* (tali); *Eugenia* species (*jam*); *Magnifera indica* (mango); *Terminalia* species (panisaj and pakasaj); *Trewia nudiflora* (pitati)¹[*Malagiri* (*Cinnamomum cecidodaphne*)].

Class D—Other common species used for packing cases and other rough work.

Schedule A.

The rates specified in this schedule shall be applicable in the districts of Darjeeling, Jalpaiguri, Dacca, Mymensingh, Chittagong, Khulna and 24-Parganas (excluding the portion dealt with in Schedule C below)—

I—LOGS (not classifying as PILES) per cubic foot.—

		Class A. Class B.	
		Rs. a.	Rs. a.
5' and up mid-girth	} By 12' length	2 2	1 14
4' to under 5' mid-girth		1 14	1 10
3' to under 4' mid-girth		1 10	1 6

[Pies nine per cubic foot less for each foot, or part of a foot exceeding 6 inches, under 12 feet in length, and pies six per cubic foot more for each foot, or part of a foot exceeding 6 inches, over 12 feet in length.)

Class C. Class D.

	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
3' and up mid-girth and any length	1 0	0 13

(A surcharge not exceeding 25 per cent. is allowed for logs of specially selected quality measured for supply to the match manufacturing and plywood industries.)

II—PILES per cubic foot.

			Class A.	Class B.	Class C.
			Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Minimum to diameter 10" by—					
35' and up length	..	..	3 0	2 12	} 2 0
25' to below 35'	..	..	2 10	2 6	

III—BALLIES and POLES (not classifying as LOGS or PILES) per running foot (green sal, teak and miscellaneous hardwoods.)

Mid-diam.	By under 8' to under 8'	to under 12'	12' to under 16'	16' to under 20'	20' to under 25'	25' and up.
	A. p.	A. p.	A. p.	A. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1" to 3"	0 1	0 2	0 3	0 6	0 0 9	0 1 0
3½" to 5"	1 3	1 6	1 9	2 0	0 2 6	0 2 9
5½" to 7"	1 6	2 0	2 6	4 3	0 4 9	0 5 0
7½" to 9"	3 9	4 6	6 0	7 6	0 8 3	0 9 0
Over 9"	6 6	8 9	11 0	15 3	1 1 6	1 3 6

IV—SAWN TIMBER in lengths 6 to 12 feet per cubic foot. (Annas two per cubic foot less for each foot, or part of a foot exceeding 6 inches, less than 6 feet in length; and anna one per cubic foot more for each foot, or part of a foot exceeding 6 inches, over 12 feet in length.)

	Class A.	Class B.	Class C.	Class D.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
(1) <i>Beams</i> —				
6" to 9" by 7" to 9"	..	..	3 1	2 12
10" to 11" by 6" and up	..	..	3 4	2 15
12" and up by 6" and up	..	..	3 7	3 2
(2) <i>Scantlings</i> —				
3" and up by 4" and up, which do not pass as beams.	3 2	2 14	2 4	2 2
(3) <i>Planks</i> —				
1" and up by 6" and up, which do not pass as scantlings	3 4	3 0	2 6	2 4
(4) <i>Boarding</i> —				
½" and up by 2" and up, which do not pass as scantlings or planks.	3 7	3 2	2 8	2 7
(5) <i>Battens</i> —				
½" and up by ½" and up which do not pass as planks or boarding.	2 12	2 8	2 0	1 15

Schedule B.

The rates specified in this schedule shall be applicable in all districts or in any part of a district (excepting the Chittagong Hill Tracts) not mentioned in Schedules A and C.

(i) The rates mentioned in Schedule A shall apply for all kinds of timber grown and produced in the district.

(ii) For timber not grown and produced in the district the following rates, to which may be added the rail freight payable at public tariff rates on timber booked in minimum permissible wagon-loads from the nearest possible source of origin of the class of timber, shall be applicable:—

I—LOGS (not classifying as PILES) per cubic foot.

	Class A.	Class B.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
5' and up mid-girth	2 12	2 8
4' to under 5' mid-girth	2 8	2 3
3' to under 4' mid-girth	2 3	1 15

(Pies nine per cubic foot less for each foot, or part of a foot exceeding 6 inches, under 12 feet in length; pies six per cubic foot more for each foot, or part of a foot exceeding 6 inches, over 12 feet in length.)

Class C. Class D.

Rs. a. Rs. a.

3' and up mid-girth and any length

1 4 1 1

(A surcharge not exceeding 25 per cent. is allowed for logs specially selected quality measured for supply to the match manufacturing and plywood industries.)

II—PILES per cubic foot.

Class A. Class B. Class C.

Rs. a. Rs. a. Rs. a.

Minimum top diameter 10" by—
35' and up length

3 11	3 7	} 2 4
3 5	3 0	

25' to below 35'

III—BALLIES and POLES (not classifying as LOGS or PILES) per running foot.

(Green sal, teak and miscellaneous hardwoods.)

Mid-diam.

By under 8' to under 12' to 16' to under 20' to 25' and
8'. 12'. under 16'. 20'. under 25'. up.

Rs. a. p. Rs. a. p. Rs. a. p. Rs. a. p. Rs. a. p. Rs. a. p.

1" to 3" ..	..	0 0 2	0 0 3	0 0 4	0 0 7	0 0 10	0 1 1
3½" to 5" ..	..	0 1 6	0 1 9	0 2 3	0 2 6	0 3 0	0 3 3
5½" to 7" ..	..	0 2 6	0 3 0	0 3 3	0 5 0	0 5 6	0 6 0
7½" to 9" ..	..	0 5 3	0 6 0	0 7 6	0 9 0	0 9 6	0 10 6
Over 9" ..	..	0 8 6	0 10 9	0 13 0	1 1 6	1 3 9	1 5 9

IV—SAWN TIMBER in lengths 6 to 12 feet, per cubic foot.

(Annas two per cubic foot less for each foot, or part of a foot exceeding 6 inches, less than 6 feet in length; and anna one per cubic foot more for each foot, or part of a foot exceeding 6 inches, over 12 feet in length.)

Class A. Class B. Class C. Class D.

Rs. a. Rs. a. Rs. a. Rs. a.

(1) Beams—

6" to 9" by 7" to 9" ..	..	..	3 13	3 7	2 6	2 15
10" to 11" by 6" and up ..	..	..	4 0	3 10	2 10	2 8
12" and up by 6" and up	4 3	3 13	2 14	2 11

(2) Scantlings—

3" and up by 4" and up, which do not pass as beams.	3 14	3 9	2 8	2 6
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(3) Planks—

1" and up by 6" and up, which do not pass as scantling	4 0	3 11	2 10	2 8
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(4) Boarding—

½" and up by 2" and up, which do not pass as scantlings or planks.	4 3	3 14	2 12	2 11
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(5) Battens—

½" and up by ½" and up, which do not pass as planks or boarding.	3 7	3 3	2 4	2 3
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Schedule C.

The rates specified in this schedule shall be applicable in Calcutta (as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by the notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866), the whole of the barrackpore subdivision; the Tollygunge, Behala, Matiabruz, Maheshtolla and Budge Budge police-stations in the district of 24-Parganas; the Magra, Chinsurah, Bhadreswar, Serampore and Uttarpara police-stations in the district of Hooghly; the Uluberia, Bawria, Sankrail, Howrah, Golabari, Sibpur, Bally, Malipanchghara, Jagacha and Bantra police-stations in the district of Howrah:—

I—LOGS (not classifying as PILES) per cubic foot.**Class A. Class B.**

		Rs. a.	Rs. a.
5' and up mid-girth	} By 12' length .. {	3 14	3 9
4' to under 5' mid-girth		3 9	3 5
3' to under 4' mid-girth		3 5	3 0

(Pies nine per cubic foot less for each foot, or part of a foot exceeding 6 inches, under 12 feet in length; and pies six per cubic foot more for each foot, or part of a foot exceeding 6 inches, over 12 feet in length.)

Class C. Class D.

	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
3' and up mid-girth and any length ..	1 10	1 7

(A surcharge not exceeding 25 per cent. is allowed for logs of specially selected quality measured for supply to the match manufacturing and plywood industries.)

II—PILES per cubic foot.**Class A. Class B. Class C.**

Minimum top diameter 10" by—	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
35' and up length	4 13	4 9	} 2 14
25' to below 35'	4 6	4 2	

III—BALLIES and POLES (not classifying as LOGS or PILES) per running foot.

(Green sal, teak and miscellaneous hardwood.)

Mid-diam.	By under 8'.	8' to under 12'	12'to under 16'	16'to under 20'	20'to under 25'	25' and up.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1" to 3" ..	0 0 3	0 0 4	0 0 5	0 0 9	0 1 0	0 1 3
3½" to 5" ..	0 2 0	0 2 3	0 2 9	0 3 0	0 3 6	0 4 0
5½" to 7" ..	0 3 6	0 4 0	0 4 6	0 6 6	0 7 3	0 7 9
7½" to 9" ..	0 7 0	0 8 0	0 9 6	0 11 6	0 12 6	0 13 3
Over 9" ..	0 11 9	0 14 6	1 1 0	1 6 3	1 8 9	1 11 6

IV—SAWN TIMBER in lengths 6 to 12 feet per cubic foot.

(Annas two per cubic foot less for each foot, or part of a foot exceeding 6 inches, less than 6 feet in length; and anna one per cubic foot more for each foot, or part of a foot exceeding 6 inches, over 12 feet in length.)

	Class A.	Class B.	Class C.	Class D.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
(1) <i>Beams</i> —				
6" to 9" by 7" to 9"	4 14	4 9	3 0	2 15
10" to 11" by 6" and up	5 1	4 12	3 5	3 2
12" and up by 6" and up	5 5	4 15	3 10	3 6
(2) <i>Scantlings</i> —				
3" and up by 4" and up, which do not pass as beams.	4 15	4 11	3 2	3 0
(3) <i>Planks</i> —				
1" and up by 6" and up, which do not pass as scantlings.	5 1	4 13	3 5	3 2
(4) <i>Boarding</i> —				
½" and up by 2" and up, which do not pass as scantlings or planks.	5 5	4 15	3 7	3 5
(5) <i>Battens</i> —				
½" and up by ½" and up, which do not pass as planks or boarding.	4 8	4 4	2 14	2 12

Notes.—Applicable to Schedules A, B and C—

(i) All rates are ceiling prices for first quality timber. For second quality the ceiling prices shall be at least six annas lower for A and D and eight annas lower for B and C class timbers.

(ii) In the case of timber with serious end or middle faults the purchaser may require the seller to re-saw by not more than two cross cuts and to sell the shorter length or length of sound timber.

(iii) Except in the case of Schedule C, in which the rates are the ceiling prices at site of sale, all rates are ceiling prices for the timber delivered at the nearest Government of India Timber Storage Depot, or alongside railway; or jetty or at the purchaser's depot, provided the purchaser's depot is not more distant from the seller's depot than the nearest railway siding or jetty.

(iv) In the event of the seller not undertaking the delivery at the site required by note (iii) above, the purchaser may deduct from the price the actual cost of carriage of the timber from the site of sale to the point of delivery prescribed in note (iii).

(v) In the event of timber being requisitioned under rule 76A of the Defence of India Rules by an officer duly empowered in that behalf, the requisitioning officer may in his discretion pay less than the scheduled ceiling price, provided that he shall only exercise such discretion for a valid reason which shall be recorded in his requisition order. A current local market rate being lower than the scheduled rate shall constitute in itself a valid reason for the requisitioning officer to exercise his discretion in this respect.

Notification No. 4011For., dated the 16th March, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th March, 1943, Pt. I, p. 567).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 81 (2) (a) of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following orders to regulate the transport by rail of timber and bamboos from certain railway stations in Bengal:—

The export by rail of timber (round, rough, hewn and sawn except tea shooks) and bamboos from the railway stations specified in the attached Schedule "A" is prohibited except on Forest Department transit passes issued by the Forest Officers mentioned in Schedule "B" appended hereto, with the exception of the following:—

- (1) Any timber booked by any Forest Officer. This includes forest depot officers.
- (2) Any timber, including sleepers, booked under booking instructions or authority to book at Railway Material rates issued by any railway authority which includes the Sleeper Control Officer.
- (3) Any timber booked under a Military Credit Note.

Schedule A.

List of railway stations.

(a) Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway.—All stations between—

- (i) Siliguri and Geillekhola.
- (ii) Siliguri and Nuxalbari.
- (iii) Siliguri and Darjeeling.

(b) Bengal and Assam Railway.—Siliguri, Gagrakote, Matelli, Mal, Lataguri, Chalsa, Oodlabari, Damdim, Nagrakata, Carron, Chengmari, Banarhat, Binnaguri, Mujnai, Madarihath, Rajabhatkhawa, Damanpur,, Jainti, Buxa Road, Kalchini, Hamiltonganj, Alipur-Duar, Hasimara, Garopara, Rajendrapur, Joydebpur, Dalsingpara, Kaoraid, Setkhamair and Sripur.

(c) All Stations in the Chittagong district.

(d) All booking *ex*-Khulna and Canning town.

Schedule B.

List of Forest Officers.

All gazetted Forest Officers and such Forest Rangers as may be especially authorised by the Conservator of Forests on this behalf.

2. This supersedes all previous notifications on the subject.

Notification No. 5308For., dated the 16th March, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 23rd March, 1944 Pt. I, p. 312).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 81 (2) (a) of the Defence of India Rules, and in continuation of notification No. 4011For., dated 16th March, 1943, the Governor is pleased to make the following order:—

The export from any station of the Kalimpong Ropeway Co., Ltd., in the district of Darjeeling, of timber (round, rough, hewn and sawn except tea shooks) and bamboos is prohibited except on Forest Department transit passes issued by the Forest Officers mentioned in the Schedule appended hereto, with the exception of the following:—

- (1) Any timber booked by any Forest Officer. This includes forest depot officers.
- (2) Any timber booked under a Military Credit Note.

Schedule.*List of officers.*

All gazetted Forest Officers and such Forest Rangers as may be especially authorised by the Conservator of Forests, Bengal, on this behalf.

Notification No. 20373 For., dated the 14th December, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1542).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 81 (2) of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to issue the following orders to regulate the transport by rail or river steamer of timber from railway and steamer stations in Bengal:—

(1) The movement beyond the boundaries of the civil district of origin by rail or by river steamer of timber in the form of sawn timber, logs or poles from all railway and steamer stations in Bengal is prohibited unless covered by a transit pass issued by the Forest Utilisation Officer, Bengal.

(2) (i) Applications for permission to move timber by railway or steamer on priority shall be addressed:—

(a) to the Director, Timber Supplies, 7, Council House Street, Calcutta, when the destination station is outside Bengal or within Calcutta (as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by the notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866), or within the industrial area comprising the whole of the Barrackpore subdivision; the Tollygunge, Behala, Matiaburuz, Maheshtolla and Budge Budge police-stations in the district of 24-Parganas; the Magra, Chinsura, Bhadreswar, Serampore and Uttarpara police-stations in the district of Hooghly; the Uluberia, Bawria, Sankrail, Howrah, Golabari, Shibpur, Bally, Malipanchghara, Jagacha and Bantra police-stations in the district of Howrah,

(b) to the Forest Utilisation Officer, Bengal, 35, Gopalnagar Road, Alipore, Calcutta, in all other cases.

(ii) All such applications must reach the Director, Timber Supplies or Forest Utilisation Officer as the case may be, by the 15th of the month preceding that in which transport is required and shall certify that the timber is actually ready for despatch.

(3) The undermentioned classes of timber are excluded from the operation of these orders:—

(i) all Government timber booked by officers of:—

(a) the Forests Department of Bengal;

(b) the Directorate of Movements, Civil Supplies, Bengal;

(c) the Timber Supplies Directorate of the Government of India;

(ii) railway sleepers booked under written instructions issued by the Sleeper Control Officer, Eastern Group;

iii) firewood, split or unsplit, in pieces not exceeding 3 feet in length;

iv) plough pieces; and

(v) rice pounders.

(vi) All timber, being the property of a railway, booked by one Railway Official to another on R.M.C. notes.

This supersedes all previous notifications on the subject.

(xx) Wheat and Wheat Products.

Notification No. 5846D.C.S., dated the 8th July, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th July, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1174).

In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (a) and (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bread (Fixation of Price) Order, 1943.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

(3) It shall come into force on the date of its publication in the *Official Gazette*.

2. In this Order,—

(a) "adulterated wheat product" means a product of wheat which has been mixed with or contains any substance which is not wheat or product of wheat;

(b) "bread" means loaves (either white, brown or wholemeal) made from wheat products which are derived exclusively from wheat, baked in ovens and offered for sale to the public.

3. No person, bakery or firm engaged in making or selling bread shall sell bread of the varieties specified in column 1 of the table below at prices higher than those specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table:—

Varieties of bread.	Prices.
1	2
One lb. loaf (white, brown or wholemeal) ..	.. 7 annas each.
One $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. loaf (white, brown or wholemeal) ..	.. 3 annas 6 pias each.
Six loaves weighing one lb. (white, brown or wholemeal).	7 annas for six.

4. No person, bakery or firm shall use any adulterated wheat product in making any bread for sale.

Notification No. 1745, dated the 14th September, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 23rd September, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1477).

In exercise of the power conferred by clauses (a) and (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Chittagong Hill-tracts Bread (Fixation of Price) Order, 1943.

(2) It extends to the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(3) It shall come into force on the date of its publication in the *Official Gazette*.

2. In this Order—

- (a) “adulterated wheat product” means a product of wheat which has been mixed with or contains any substance which is not wheat or product of wheat;
- (b) “bread” means loaves (either white, brown or wholemeal) made from wheat products which are derived exclusively from wheat, baked in ovens and offered for sale to the public.

3. No person, bakery or firm engaged in making or selling bread shall sell bread of the varieties specified in column 1 of the table below at prices higher than those specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table:

Varieties of bread.	Prices.
1	2
One lb. loaf (white, brown or wholemeal) ..	7 as. each.
One $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. loaf (white, brown or wholemeal) ..	3 as 6 p. each.
Six loaves weighing one lb. (white, brown or wholemeal)	7 as. for six.

4. No person, bakery or firm shall use any adulterated wheat product in making any bread for sale.

Notification No. 2188Com.(C.D.), dated the 12th August 1942 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 20th August, 1942, Pt. IA, p. 2030).

Order.

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct—

- (a) that no consignment of wheat arriving at any of the railway and steamer stations in Calcutta and in the municipality of Howrah shall be delivered to the consignee or to anybody else except under a permit in writing issued by the Chief Controller of Prices, Bengal, or by any officer authorised in writing by the said Chief Controller in this behalf;
- (b) that no such consignee or other person shall dispose of any such wheat except under, and in accordance with the conditions of, another permit in writing to be issued by an officer authorised in writing by the Chief Controller of Prices in this behalf; and
- (c) that permits under clauses (a) and (b) of this order shall not be transferable.

Explanation.—In this order “Calcutta” means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908.

Notification No. 8389C.S., dated the 27th November, 1942 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 10th December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2732).

Order.

Whereas it appears to the Provincial Government that it is necessary for maintaining supplies and services essential to the life of the community to regulate the production and distribution of *atta* and flour in Calcutta and the neighbouring industrial area;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of order No. 181Com.(C.D.), dated the 18th April, 1942, the Governor is pleased to make the following order, namely:—

1. In this order—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;
- (2) "neighbouring industrial area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Serampore and Sadar subdivisions of the district of Hooghly; and
- (3) "week" means a period of seven days beginning at midnight on Sunday night.

2. Every owner, manager or other persons in charge of a flour or *atta* mill situated within Calcutta or the neighbouring industrial area—

- (a) shall submit on the first day of each week to the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, in the form specified in this behalf by the said Controller, a true and accurate statement of the total quantities of each wheat product produced in his mill in course of the preceding week, and
- (b) shall, notwithstanding any previous commitments, reserve twenty-five per cent. of the total products mentioned in the said statement, in the shape of standard qualities of *atta*, red or white, or of household flour, and sell the portion so reserved to persons authorised to purchase the said products by formal written delivery orders issued by or under the authority of the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta:

Provided that it shall not be necessary for any such person to reserve the said twenty-five per cent. of such total products or any portion thereof for sale to persons authorised as aforesaid for a period exceeding ten days from the date on which the statement relating to such products is submitted.

3. It shall be the duty of every owner of a flour or *atta* mill situated within Calcutta or the neighbouring industrial area who is not in charge of such mill to ensure that the provisions of this order are complied with and such owner shall be jointly responsible with the manager or other person in charge of such mill for due compliance with the said provisions.

4. Nothing in this order shall apply to *Chakkiwallahs*.

Notification No. 9033C.S., dated the 28th December, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 31st December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2876).

Whereas it appears to the Provincial Government that, it is necessary for maintaining supplies and services essential to the life of the community to regulate the production and distribution of *atta* and flour in Calcutta and the neighbouring industrial area;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of all previous orders, the Governor is pleased to make the following order, namely:—

1. In this order—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;
- (2) "neighbouring industrial area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Serampore and Sadar subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

2. Every owner, manager or other person in charge of a flour or atta mill situated within Calcutta or the neighbouring industrial area—

- (a) shall submit every morning to the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, in the form already specified in this behalf by the said Controller a true and accurate statement of the total quantities of each wheat product produced in his mill in course of the preceding day, and
- (b) shall, notwithstanding any previous commitments, hold the entire quantities so produced and reported at the orders of the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta, and sell or dispose of the products to no one except to persons authorised to purchase the said products by formal written delivery orders issued by or under the authority of the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta.

3. It shall be the duty of every owner of a flour or atta mill situated within Calcutta or the neighbouring industrial area who is not in charge of such mill to ensure that the provisions of this order are complied with and such owner shall be jointly responsible with the manager or other person in charge of such mill for due compliance with the said provisions.

4. Nothing in this order shall apply to Chakkiwallahs.

Notification No. 1313(a)D.C.S., dated the 5th April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 8th April, 1943, Pt. I, p. 653).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, read with clause (f) of that sub-rule, the Governor is pleased to direct that any of the commodities specified in Schedule I below shall not be moved by any person from any place within any area specified in Schedule II below to any place outside that area except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the Foodgrains Purchasing Officer, Bengal, or of the District Magistrate of the district in which the commodity is situated:

Provided that no permit will be necessary to move any consignment of the said commodities not exceeding two and a half maunds in weight.

Schedule I.

Wheat.

Wheat products.

Schedule II.

District of Murshidabad.

District of Rajshahi.

District of Nadia.

District of Pabna.

District of Malda.

Notification No. 208F.G., dated the 24th August, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 26th August, 1943, p. 141).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the town of Calcutta, as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with its suburbs as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, the maximum prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below, shall, with effect from the 27th August, 1943, be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule—

Schedule.

Commodities.	Maximum prices.
1. Wheat	... Rs. 14-4 (Rupees fourteen and annas four) per maund.
2. Atta	... Retail 0-7-0 (annas seven) per seer.
3. Flour	... Retail 0-8-0 (annas eight) per seer.

Notification No. 927F.G., dated the 17th September, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 18th September, 1943, p. 165).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in modification of notification No. 208F.G., dated the 24th August, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the town of Calcutta, as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with its suburbs as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, the maximum prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the schedule below, shall, with effect from the 20th September, 1943, be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that schedule:—

Schedule.

Commodities.	Maximum prices.
1	2
(1) Wheat	... Rs. 12-12 per maund.
(2) Atta	... Retail, annas 6 per seer.

Notification No. 1184 F.G., dated the 24th September, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 25th September, 1943, p. 169).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the town of Calcutta, as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with its suburbs as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and in the municipality of Howrah

the maximum retail prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below, shall, with effect from the 27th September, 1943, be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule:—

Schedule.

Commodities. 1	Maximum prices. 2
1. Wheat	... As. 5-6 (annas five and six pies) per seer.
2. Bazra	... As. 4-6 (annas four and six pies) per seer.
3. Jowar	... As. 4-6 (annas four and six pies) per seer.

Notification No. 2682 F.G., dated the 10th November, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th November, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1711).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in partial modification of notification No. 5846D.C.S., dated the 8th July, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below shall, with effect from the 18th November, 1943, be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule:—

Schedule.

Commodities. 1	Maximum prices. 2
One lb. loaf of bread	... 6 annas each.
One half pound loaf of bread	... 3 annas each.
Six loaves of bread weighing one pound.	6 annas.

Notification No. 5184 F.G., dated the 30th December, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 30th December, 1943, p. 225).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in modification of notification No. 208F.G., dated the 24th August, 1943, and No. 927F.G., dated the 17th September, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the town of Calcutta, as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with its suburbs as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, the maximum prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the schedule below, shall, with effect from the 1st January, 1944, be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that schedule—

Schedule.

Commodities. 1	Maximum prices 2
1. Atta	... Retail 5 annas per seer.
2. Flour	... Retail 6 annas per seer.

Notification No. 45 F.G., dated the 4th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 6th January, 1944, p. 1).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in modification of notification No. 2682F.G., dated the 10th November, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that in—

- (1) Calcutta as defined in clause (ii) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings North of the South Edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;
- (2) The port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;
- (3) The South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; and
- (4) The municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah;

the maximum prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the schedule below, shall, with effect from the 7th January, 1944, be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that schedule:—

Schedule.

Commodities. 1	Maximum prices. 2
One 1 lb. loaf of bread	... 5 annas each.
One half pound loaf of bread	... 2 annas and 6 pies each.

1*

Notification No. 294 F.G., dated the 15th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 24th January, 1944, p. 38).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. No consignment or any part thereof of the commodities specified in the Schedule below arriving at any of the railway or steamer stations in Calcutta and the industrial area shall be delivered to the consignee, or to anybody else, unless such delivery is authorised by an endorsement in writing to this effect made by the ²[Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies], Bengal, or an officer empowered by him in this behalf on the railway or steamer receipt under which such consignment or part thereof is deliverable:

[Provided that nothing in this Order shall apply to the delivery of (1) any consignment of commodities other than wheat and wheat products the total weight of which does not exceed two and a half maunds, or (2) any consignment which is booked under a military credit note or to an officer of the Defence Services by designation.]

Explanation.—In this Order—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;

*Omitted by notification No. 8473D.C.S., dated the 24th August, 1944.

²Substituted by notification No. 3336D.C.S., dated the 31st March, 1945.

- (2) "Consignee" includes the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, or any officers of Government to whom any of the commodities specified in the Schedule has been consigned; and
- (3) "Industrial Area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and Sadar and Serampore subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

2. No railway or steamer receipt in respect of any consignment or part thereof of any of the commodities specified in the Schedule below arriving at any of the railway or steamer stations in Calcutta or the industrial area shall be transferred by sale or otherwise to any person other than the consignee unless the ¹[Director-General, Food, Department of Civil Supplies], Bengal, has specially permitted such transfer by an order in writing.

The Schedule.

(1) Wheat and wheat products (including *atta*, *maida*, *rawa*, *suji* and bran). (2) *Jowar*. (3) *Bajra*. (4) *Maize*. (5) *Barley*. (6) *Gram*, any variety.

Notification No. 2372 D.C.S., dated the 25th March, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 30th March, 1944, Pt. I, p. 344).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the Calcutta Industrial Area the maximum price of one three ounce loaf of bread shall be one anna each.

Explanation.—In this Order "Calcutta Industrial Area" has the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943.

Notification No. 6270 D.C.S., dated the 19th June, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd June 1944, Pt. I, p. 827).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in modification of notification No. 2682 F.G., dated the 10th November 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area, the maximum prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below shall be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule.

Schedule.

Commodities.	Maximum prices.
One one-pound loaf of bread	... 5 annas each.
One half-pound loaf of bread	... 2 annas and 6 pies each.

Explanation.—In this Order, "Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area" has the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 6487 D.C.S., dated the 26th June, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 29th June, 1944, Pt. I, p. 841).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that

¹Substituted by notification No. 3336 D.C.S., dated the 31st March, 1945.

in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area the maximum retail prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below shall be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule.

Schedule.

1	2
Commodities.	Maximum retail prices.
1. Wheat	... As. 4-6 (annas four and pies six) per seer.
2. Atta	... As. 5 (annas five) per seer.
3. Flour	... As. 6 (annas six) per seer.
4. Suji	... As. 6 (annas six) per seer.

Explanation.—In this Order “Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area” has the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Notification No. 8475 D.C.S., dated the 24th August, 1944 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary” of the 28th August, 1944, p. 208).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area, the maximum prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below shall with effect from the 28th August, 1944, be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule:—

Schedule.

1	2
Commodities.	Maximum prices.
One two ounce loaf of bread	... 6 pies each.
One four ounce loaf of bread	... 1 anna and 3 pies each.

Explanation.—In this Order “the Calcutta Industrial Area” and “the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area” have the same meanings as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

2. This cancels notification No. 2372 D.C.S., dated the 25th March 1944.

Notification No. 5226 F.G. (Pro.), dated the 4th October, 1944 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary” of the 5th October, 1944).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in partial modification of notification No. 5215 F.G., dated the 31st December 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that in—

- (1) Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of the Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;

- (2) the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;
- (3) the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas;
- (4) the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah;
- (5) the municipalities of (a) Budge-Budge, (b) South Dum Dum, (c) Dum Dum, (d) Baranagore, (e) Kamarhati, (f) Panihati, (g) Kharda, (h) Titagar, (i) South Barrackpore, (j) North Barrackpore, (k) Garulia, (l) Bhatpara, (m) Naihati, (n) Halisahar, and (o) Kanchrapara and also the Barrackpore Cantonment in the district of 24-Parganas; and
- (6) the municipalities of (a) Uttarpada, (b) Kotrung, (c) Rishra, (d) Konnagore, (e) Serampore, (f) Baidyabati, (g) Champdani, (h) Bhadreswar, (i) Hooghly-Chinsurah, and (j) Bansberia in the district of Hooghly;

the maximum price of the commodity mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below shall with effect from the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* be as specified in column 2 of that Schedule.

Schedule.

Commodity.	Maximum retail price.
1 Sooji (Semolina)	... As. 8 (annas eight) per seer.

Notification No. 11654D.C.S., dated the 9th December, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1487).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of notifications Nos. 5215F.G., dated the 31st December 1943, 6487D.C.S., dated the 26th June, 1944, and 5226F.G. (Pro.), dated the 4th October, 1944, the Governor is pleased to direct that in the Calcutta Industrial Area and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area, the maximum retail prices of the commodities mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below, shall be as specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that Schedule:—

Schedule.

1 Commodities.	2 Maximum retail price per se
1. Wheat	... As. 5 (annas five).
2. Atta including wholemeal atta	As. 5 (annas five).
3. Flour	... As. 6 (annas six).
4. Wholemeal flour	... As. 5-6 (annas five pies six).
5. Suji (Semolina)	... As. 8 (annas eight).

Explanation.—In this order “The Calcutta Industrial Area” and “The Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area” have the same meaning as in the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944, respectively.

(xxi) Miscellaneous.

Notification No. 4018 Agri., dated the 19th October, 1944 (published in the "*Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*" of the 21st October, 1944, p. 227).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (aa) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 and rule 116 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Agricultural Crops Inquiries Order, 1944.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order—

(a) "Agricultural Development Commissioner" means the person appointed as the Agricultural Development Commissioner by the Provincial Government and includes any person appointed by the Provincial Government to discharge the functions of the Agricultural Development Commissioner under this Order:

(b) "crops" means any agricultural crops grown in Bengal;

(c) "land" includes any land which is covered with water at any time of the year;

(d) "Recording Officer" means the Agricultural Development Commissioner and includes any person authorised by the Agricultural Development Commissioner to discharge all or any of the functions of a Recording Officer under this Order in any area.

3. Every owner or occupier of any land shall, on demand being made either orally or in writing by a Recording Officer, furnish forthwith to that officer such information as may be asked for by the said officer relating to the area of such land and the nature and the extent of crops standing thereon or the yield of crops therefrom.

4. A Recording Officer may, together with such persons as he may consider necessary, enter upon any land and inspect and make a survey or take measurements of such land or do any other acts which may be necessary for the ascertainment of its area, the nature and the extent of crops standing thereon or the yield of crops therefrom.

Notification No. 4010 F.G., dated the 22nd November, 1944 (published in the "*Calcutta Gazette*" of the 25th November, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1730).

In exercise of the power conferred by notification No. 2436 F.G., dated the 4th November, 1943, published in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th November, 1943, on page 1625, I hereby authorise the officers mentioned

in column 2 of the table below to issue permits for the transport of potatoes from the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 1 of the said table to any place outside Bengal, namely:—

Areas. 1	Officers. 2
1. Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.	1. Assistant Controller (Other Foodstuffs), Department of Civil Supplies, 7, Church Lane, Calcutta.
2. Each district of Bengal excluding the suburbs of Calcutta.	2. District Magistrate of the district.
3. Each subdivision in Bengal	3. Subdivisional Officer of the subdivision.

Note.—Application for permit shall be made in Form I annexed herewith and the permit shall be granted in Form II annexed herewith.

Form I.

From.....

To—The Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal/Assistant Controller (Other Foodstuffs), Department of Civil Supplies, 7, Church Lane, Calcutta/District Officer.....District/Subdivisional Officer
.....Subdivision.

SIR,

Please permit me/us to transport to.....in the Province/State of.....the quantities of potatoes shown below:—

1. Date within which applicant desires to transport.....
2. Quantity proposed to be transported in maunds (maund of 82-2/7 lbs).....
3. Station of despatch.....district.
4. Name of consignee.....
5. Address.....
6. Station of destination.....
7. District and Province/State.....
8. Price per maund.....

I/We also hereby certify that the particulars given above are correct to the best of my/our knowledge and belief.

Signature of applicant.

Note.—As a permit issued will cover only one consignment, separate applications should be made in respect of each separate consignment.

Form II.**Not transferable.**

Number.....

Permit to transport.

Valid from.....up to.....

Quantity in terms of maunds (82-207 lbs.)

Name of consignor.....

Address.....

Station of despatch.....

Name of consignee.....

Address.....

Station of destination.....

District and Province/State.....

Price per maund.....

Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal.
Assistant Controller (Other Foodstuffs),
Department of Civil Supplies, 7, Church Lane,
Calcutta.

District Magistrate,
Subdivisional Officer.

Conditions of permit.

1. This permit is not transferable.
2. It is liable to be cancelled without previous notice at the absolute discretion of the issuing authority.
3. It is valid only for the period stated in the permit.
4. Any permit that is taken out but is not utilised should be returned immediately to the issuing authority.
5. Every consignor shall furnish correctly such information as may be demanded from him and shall carry out such instructions as may be given to him from time to time by the *Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal*/Assistant Controller (Other Foodstuffs), Department of Civil Supplies, 7, Church Lane, Calcutta/District Magistrate...../Subdivisional Officer

Notification No. 2436 F.G., dated the 4th November, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th November, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1625).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that no person shall move any potatoes in any manner or cause any potatoes so to be moved, from any place within Bengal to any place outside Bengal

except under and in accordance with the terms and conditions of a permit issued in writing ¹[by the Provincial Government or by any officer authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government]:

Provided that nothing in this Order shall apply to the moving of potatoes by any person:—

- (i) from any place within Bengal to any place outside Bengal of any quantity not exceeding half a maund if such potatoes are being carried as personal luggage for private consumption, or
- (ii) for military purposes.

Notification No. 20159 Ex., dated the 12th Decmeber, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th December, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1492).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Denatured Spirit Control Order, 1944.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(8) It shall come into force on the 14th day of December, 1944.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) "importer" means a person who imports any denatured spirit;
- (b) "manufacturer" means a person who manufactures any denatured spirit;
- (c) "retailer" means a person who holds a licence under the Act for the retail sale of denatured spirit;
- (d) "the Act" means the Bengal Excise Act, 1909;
- (e) the expressions "Bengal", "Collector", "denatured spirit", "Excise Commissioner", "import" and "manufacture" and expressions referring to sale shall have the same meanings as in the Act; and
- (f) "wholesaler" means a person who holds a licence under the Act for the wholesale sale of denatured spirit.

3. No denatured spirit manufactured in any distillery or bonded warehouse in Bengal or imported into Bengal shall be sold except in accordance with such directions as may from time to time be given in this behalf in writing by the Excise Commissioner.

4. No wholesaler shall sell denatured spirit to any person other than a holder of a permit granted under the Act for the possession of denatured spirit in excess of five gallons or a retailer:

Provided that the Excise Commissioner may by special order in writing authorise the sale of denatured spirit by a wholesaler to another wholesaler.

5. No retailer shall sell denatured spirit in any quantity exceeding sixteen ounces at one time to any one person.

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit the sale by any retailer to the holder of a permit granted under the Act for the possession of denatured spirit up to a limit of five gallons, such quantity of denatured spirit as may be covered by such permit.

¹Substituted by notification No. 117 Supply, dated the 21st July, 1944.

6. No person not being the holder of a licence under the Act to manufacture or sell denatured spirit shall have in his possession any quantity of denatured spirit in excess of sixteen ounces except under a permit granted by the Collector in that behalf under the Act.

7. The maximum prices at which denatured spirit may be sold by the classes of persons specified in column 1 of the table below shall be the amounts specified in the corresponding entries in column 2 of that table:—

Table.

1	2
(1) Manufacturer or importer ...	Rs. 4-4-0 per gallon <i>plus</i> the pass fee levied under the provisions of the Act.
(2) Wholesaler ...	Rs. 512-0 per gallon.
(3) Retailer ..	Rs. 7-4-0 per gallon when sold in bulk to permit holders.
	Re. 0-12-0 per bottle of 16 ounces exclusive of the price of the bottle.
	Re. 1-0-0 per bottle of 16 ounces inclusive of the price of the bottle.

8. The Excise Commissioner or any person authorised by the Excise Commissioner in this behalf in writing may require any manufacturer, importer, wholesaler or retailer or any holder of a permit granted under the Act for the possession of denatured spirit in excess of five gallons to produce such books, accounts or other documents or to furnish such returns or information relating to the manufacture, import, receipt, sale or stock of denatured spirit as may be necessary for the purpose of securing compliance with this Order and such manufacturer, importer, wholesaler or retailer or such holder of permit, as the case may be, shall comply with such requisition.

9. Every holder of a permit granted under the Act for the possession of denatured spirit shall allow such officer of the Excise Department as may be authorised in this behalf in writing by the Excise Commissioner to verify the stock of denatured spirit of such holder and to examine the accounts relating to such denatured spirit and shall, if required by such officer, assist such officer in checking the quantity of such stock.

Notification No. 7992D.C.S., dated the 7th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th June, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1003).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule 2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of the Order published with notification No. 8389C.S., dated the 27th November 1942, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely,—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Flour Mills Control Order, 1945.

(2) It shall apply to the areas specified in Schedule I to this Order.

2. In this Order—

(a) "Director-General" means the Director-General of Food in the Department of Civil Supplies, Government of Bengal, and includes any person authorised by the said Director-General to perform all or any of the functions of the Director-General under this Order.

(b) "wheat product" means atta, flour (*maida*), wholemeal atta, wholemeal flour, semolina (*suji*), bran and refraction whether produced wholly from wheat or from an admixture of wheat with other foodgrains.

(c) "miller" means a person carrying on the business of manufacturing wheat products by the use of roller mills, that is, by mills in which the grinding is done by grooved steel or iron rollers worked by mechanically transmitted power and includes a proprietor, director, managing agent, manager of such a mill or a person otherwise in charge of such a mill.

3. With effect from the date on which this Order comes into force in any area, every miller in such area shall submit to the Director-General in the form specified in Schedule II to this Order, a daily return of milling and deliveries showing the quantities of wheat and other grains received and in stock on the day in respect of which the return is made.

4. No miller shall sell or dispose of any wheat product except bran and refraction manufactured in his mill except in accordance with a delivery order in writing issued by the Director-General:

* Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall prevent an appointed wholesaler, being a flour mill, from supplying wheat products to the holder of a ration authority in accordance with the provisions of the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Regulations, 1943, and the Calcutta Industrial (Extended) Area Rationing Regulations, 1944.

Explanation.—In this paragraph the expressions "appointed wholesaler" and "ration authority" shall have the same meanings as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

5. (1) Every miller shall comply with such general or special directions as may from time to time be given to him by the Director-General for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Order.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by subparagraph (1), such directions may provide for,—

(a) the fixation of extraction percentages of the different kinds of wheat products;

(b) the regulation of the extent to which other grain may be mixed with wheat in the manufacture of wheat products;

(c) the regulation of percentages of different varieties of wheat to be used in milling;

(d) the order of priority in which deliveries shall be given against the different delivery orders issued under paragraph 4 of this Order; and

* (e) the loading of wagons, if any, at the mill sidings.

¹[5A. The Provincial Government may, by general or special Order,—

(a) exclude any class of wheat or wheat products from the operation of all or any of the provisions of this Order;

(b) exempt any miller from all or any of the provisions of this Order.]

6. The Director-General may,—

(a) enter, inspect or search any premises in which business is carried on by a miller for the purposes of ascertaining if the provisions of this Order and the directions given by him under paragraph 5 of this Order are being complied with;

¹Inserted by notification No. 10456D.C.S., dated the 7th August, 1945.

(b) require any miller,—

- (i) to produce before him any accounts, registers, vouchers or other documents relating to the milling, sale or purchase of wheat or wheat products by such miller, and
- (ii) to furnish any other information that may be necessary for giving effect to the provisions of this Order.

Schedule I.

[See paragraph 1 (2).]

1. Calcutta as defined in clause (11) of section 3 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, together with the Esplanade and that part of Hastings north of the south edge of Clyde Row and Strand Road to the river bank;
2. the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;
3. the South Suburban Municipality and the municipalities of Garden Reach and Tollygunge in the district of 24-Parganas; and
4. the municipalities of Howrah and Bally-Belur in the district of Howrah.

Schedule II.

(See paragraph 3.)

PART I.

Daily return showing stock of wheat products.

Mill.....

Date.....

	Opening stock.	Production during the day.	Deliveries during the day.	Closing balance.
1	2	3	4	5
Wh. M. Atta ..				
Wh. M. flour ..				
Suji ..				

Signature.....
(On behalf of the mill.)

PART II.

Daily return showing stock of whole-grains.

Mill.....

Date.....

1	Opening stock.	Receipt during the day.	Shot into bins during the day.	Closing balance in mds.	
				5(a)	5(b)†
In godowns* ..					
Wheat in bins ..					
In godowns* ..					
Barley in bins ..					

*In maunds for the weighed quantity and in bags for the unweighed balance in the case of the mills reporting "short-weights".

†"Approximate" only in the case of mills reporting "short-weights" because some bags would remain unweighed but, correct maundage for all the other mills.

Signature.....

(On behalf of the mill.)

PART III.

Mill.....

Date (of deliveries).....

Allottees.*	Permit No. or programme No.	Allotment.			Deliveries during the day.			Balance outstanding.			Remarks.
		W. Atta.	W. Flour.	Suji.	W. Atta.	W. Flour.	Suji.	W. Atta.	W. Flour.	Suji.	
1	2										6

*Strictly according to serials and names in the monthly allotment chart issued to the mills.

Signature.....

(On behalf of the mill.)

Notification No. 8593 F.G. (Dist.) W., dated the 6th August, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 9th August, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1312).

Under sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Flour Mills Control Order, 1945, I hereby authorise the officers mentioned in column 2

of the table below to perform the functions of the Director-General under the provisions of the said Order specified in the corresponding entries in column 1 of that table:—

Functions. 1	Officers. 2
1. Issuing Delivery Order under paragraph 4.	Deputy Director of Supply and Assistant Director of Supply in charge of wheat.
2. Issuing general or special directions under paragraph 5.	Deputy Director of Supply and Assistant Director of Supply in charge of wheat.
3. Entering, inspection or search information under paragraph 6.	(a) All officers of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of a Preventive Officer. (b) All officers of and above the rank of Inspectors of the Enforcement Branch, C.I.D., Bengal. (c) Director of Supply; Deputy Director of Supply and Assistant Director of Supply in charge of wheat; Assistant Director of Inspection and Control in charge of wheat. (d) All Chief Inspectors (Wheat) and Inspectors (Wheat) under the Directorate of Supply.
4. Inspection of Accounts, Registers, Vouchers and other documents, taking samples and requiring a miller to furnish of premises, under paragraph 6.	(a) Director of Supply; Deputy Director of Supply and Assistant Director of Supply in charge of wheat; Assistant Director of Inspection and Control in charge of wheat. (b) All Chief Inspectors (Wheat) and Inspectors (Wheat) under the Directorate of Supply.

Notification No. 3486 Agri., dated the 7th September, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th September, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1146).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Manure Dealers' Licensing Order, 1944.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "Dealer" means a person engaged in any undertaking which involves the sale of manure in quantities weighing one maund or more in any transaction and includes an oil miller;

- (b) "Director" means the Director of Agriculture, Bengal;
 (c) "Form" means a form as set forth in the Schedule to this Order;
 (d) "licensing authority" means—

(i) in the Presidency-town of Calcutta, the Director or any officer authorised by him to receive applications for licences and to issue licences under this Order,

(ii) elsewhere, the officer authorised by the Provincial Government to receive such applications and to issue such licences.

(e) "Manure" means oil cake, bones, bone grist, bone meal, bone super, fish meal and fish guano and includes ammonium sulphate, ammophos, niciphos, basic slag (superphosphate), potassium nitrate, kainit and proprietary manures containing one or more of such chemicals and also includes such other chemical manures as the Provincial Government may by notification in the *official gazette* declare to be manures to which this order applies;

(f) "Oil cake" means any cake obtained as residue after the extraction of oil from vegetable seeds, whether used as manure or as food for cattle; and

(g) "Oil miller" means any person owning, or having in his possession or under his control an oil mill run by power or by hand press but does not include a person owning or having in his possession or under his control a wooden or stone *ghani*.

3 No person shall engage in any undertaking which involves the sale of manure in quantities weighing one maund or more in any one transaction except under and in accordance with a licence issued in that behalf by the licensing authority.

4. Applications for licences under this Order shall be made in Form I to the licensing authority.

5. Licences issued under this Order shall be in Form II.

6. No licence shall be granted under this Order to any person—

(a) who is not a *bona fide* dealer;

(b) who, in the opinion of the licensing authority, has been profiteering in manure and hoarding or refusing to sell manure; or

(c) who is otherwise considered unsuitable by the licensing authority to be granted a licence.

7. The licensing authority shall have discretion to grant or to refuse to grant a licence to any applicant and it shall not be necessary for the licensing authority to state in an order refusing to grant a licence, the reasons for such refusal.

8. No person being the holder of a licence under this Order shall contravene any of the conditions subject to which he holds the licence and if any such person contravenes any of the said conditions, then without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him, his licence may be cancelled or suspended by order of the licensing authority.

9. The licensing authority shall have discretion to cancel, revoke, or modify any licence issued by him.

10. Any officer authorised by ²[the Provincial Government or] the Inspector may enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that the sale or storage for sale or distribution of manure is taking place contrary to the provisions of this Order or any order made thereunder.

¹Substituted by notification No. 4106Agri., dated the 25th October, 1944.

²Inserted, *ibid*.

Schedule.**FORM I.***(See paragraph 4.)**Form of application for licence.*

1. Applicant's name and address.
2. Applicant's place of business.
3. How long the applicant has been trading in manure.
4. Quantities of manure handled, annually during the past two years—
1942
1943

(quantities to be specified in maunds)

5. I declare that the following quantities of manure are in my possession this day and are held at the places noted against them.

*Name of place.**Quantity in maunds.*

I have carefully read the conditions of the licence in Form II in the Schedule to the Bengal Manure Dealers' Licensing Order, 1944, and agree to abide by them.

*Signature of the applicant.***FORM II.***(See paragraph 5.)***THE BENGAL MANURE DEALERS' LICENSING ORDER, 1944.***Licence for sale of manure.**(Free of all fee.)*

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Manure Dealers' Licensing Order, 1944, the orders made thereunder and to the terms and conditions of this licence is/are hereby authorised to carry on the business of selling manure in quantities weighing one maund or more in any one transaction.

2. The licensee shall carry on the aforesaid business at the following place:—

• *Note.*—When the same person carries on business in more than one place, a separate licence shall be obtained in respect of each such place and the registers and returns referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4 following shall be maintained and submitted separately for each such place.

3. The licensee shall not store manure in any place other than that specified in paragraph 2 above except with the approval of the licensing authority.

4. The licensee shall maintain a register of daily accounts showing correctly all transactions of manure in his possession or control.

It shall show—

- (a) the opening stock on each day,
- (b) the quantities produced or received on each day showing the place of origin, i.e., the name of oil miller or factory or other consignor from whom received.
- (c) the quantities sold, delivered or otherwise disposed of on each day showing the place of destination and the name of consignee; and
- (d) the closing stock on each day.

5. The licensee shall submit to the licensing authority so as to reach him not later than the 10th of each month a true return in Form III set out in the Schedule to the Bengal Manure Dealers' Licensing Order, 1944, of the stocks, receipts, deliveries and balance during the preceding month.

6. The licensee shall prominently display at his place of business a statement showing the following particulars in English or in the principal language of the district:—

Each kind of manure shall be separately shown.)

Quantity of manure stocked.....

Selling price per seer.....

Date.....

7. The licensee shall issue to every customer a correct receipt or invoice, as the case may be, in which shall be given the name, address, licence number, the date of transaction, the quantity sold, the price per seer and the total amount charged and shall keep a duplicate of the same to be available for inspection on demand by any officer authorised by ¹[the Provincial Government or] the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

8. The licensee shall give all facilities at all reasonable times to any officer authorised by ¹[the Provincial Government or] the Director of Agriculture, Bengal, for the inspection of his accounts and stocks wheresoever they may be kept and for taking samples of such manure for examination.

9. The licensee shall comply with any directions that may be given to him by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal, or any officer, authorised ²[by the Provincial Government or the said Director] in regard to the sale or storage for sale or distribution of manure.

10. The licensee shall not have in his possession or under his control any manure in excess of the quantity which should be in stock according to his account and if any such excess quantity is not properly accounted for by the licensee it shall be liable to be forfeited to His Majesty.

11. Contravention of any of the conditions of this licence, whether by the licensee or by his agent or servant or by any person who can reasonably be presumed to have been acting on his behalf, will render the licence liable to cancellation or suspension without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against the licensee.

FORM III.

(See paragraph 5 of Form II.)

Return of stocks, receipts and deliveries of manure for the month of

Name.....

Address.....

Licence No.

Oil Millers.

Quantity.

(Each kind of oil cake should be separately shown.)

1. Stock of oil cake as per last return.

2. Quantity of oil cake produced or received during the month.

¹Inserted by notification No. 4106Agri., dated the 25th. October, 1944.

²Substituted, *ibid.*

3. Quantity sold during the month.
4. Average weekly prices of each kind of oil cake.
5. Balance of stock of oil cake on the last date of the month.

Other dealers.

Quantity.

(Each kind of manure should be separately shown.)

1. Stock of manure as per last return.
2. Quantity purchased during the month.
3. Quantity of manure sold during the month.
4. Stock of manure at the end of the month.
5. Weekly average prices of manure per seer.

Notification No. 543S., dated the 6th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th June, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1008).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-clause (ii) of clause (d) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Manure Dealers' Licensing Order, 1944, published under notification No. 3486Agri., dated the 7th September, 1944, as subsequently amended, the Governor is pleased to authorise all District Magistrates and Subdivisional Magistrates to receive applications for licenses and to issue licenses under the said Order within their respective jurisdictions.

Notification No. 2521Agri., dated the 7th July, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th July, 1944, Pt. I, p. 908).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Onions (Restriction of Export) Order, 1944.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. No person shall move or carry or cause to be moved or carried, by rail, road, river or otherwise any onions from any place inside Bengal to any place outside Bengal except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued by the Provincial Government or by any officer authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government:

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to the moving or carrying of onions not exceeding ten seers in weight by a *bona fide* traveller as part of his personal luggage.

3. If any person contravenes the provisions of paragraph 2 of this Order,—

(a) he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules; and

(b) without prejudice to the punishment referred to in clause (a) to which he may be liable any Court trying the offence may order that any onions together with the packages and coverings thereof in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the offence has been committed, shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

Notification No. 2522Agri., dated the 7th July, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th July, 1944, Pt. I, p. 908).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 2 of the Bengal Onions (Restrictions of Export) Order, 1944, published under notification No. 2521-Agri., dated the 7th July, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers mentioned in column 2 of the table below to issue permits referred to in the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 1 of the said table, namely:—

Areas. 1	Officers. 2
Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.	Director of Agricultural Marketing Bengal.
Each district of Bengal excluding the suburbs of Calcutta.	The District Magistrate of the district.
Each subdivision in Bengal.	The Subdivisional Magistrate of the subdivision.

Notification No. 3069Agri., dated the 14th August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th August, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1065).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Poultry and Eggs (Restriction of Export) Order, 1944.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "egg" means an egg laid by a domestic fowl, turkey, goose, duck or guinea fowl ¹[and includes egg powder]; and

(b) "poultry" means any domestic fowl, turkey, goose, duck or guinea fowl.

3. No person shall move or carry or cause to be moved or carried, by rail, road, river or otherwise any poultry or egg from any place inside Bengal to any place outside Bengal except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued by the Provincial Government or by any officer authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government:

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall apply to the moving or carrying of not more than one domestic fowl, turkey, goose, duck or guinea fowl ²[six eggs and $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. of egg powder] by a *bona fide* traveller as part of his personal luggage.

¹Inserted by notification No. 138Sup., dated the 1st February, 1945.

²Substituted, *ibid.*

4. If any person contravenes the provisions of paragraph 3 of this Order—

- (a) he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both under sub-rule (4) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules; and
- (b) without prejudice to the punishment referred to in clause (a) to which he may be liable any court trying the offence may order that any poultry or eggs together with the packages and coverings thereof in respect of which the court is satisfied that the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

Notification No. 3070 Agri., dated the 14th August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th August, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1065).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 3 of the Bengal Poultry and Eggs (Restriction of Export) Order, 1944, published under notification No. 3069 Agri., dated the 14th August, 1944, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers mentioned in column 2 of the table below to issue permits referred to in the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 1 of the said table, namely:—

Areas. 1	Officers. 2
Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.	The Director of Agricultural Marketing, Bengal.
Each district of Bengal excluding the suburbs of Calcutta.	The District Magistrate of the district.
Each subdivision in Bengal	... The Subdivisional Magistrate of the subdivision.

Notification No. 4309 F.G., dated the 30th November, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd December, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1756).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943.

(2) It extends to the whole of Bengal.

(3) It shall come into force on the 20th December, 1943.

2. In this Order unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "Commissioner" means the Food and Civil Supplies Commissioner, Bengal, ¹[and includes any officer authorised by the said Commissioner to perform all or any of the functions of the Commissioner under the Order],

(b) "milling" means any process of manufacture whereby the husk is ¹[removed from any foodgrain] and includes any such process whereby unhusked rice is polished.

¹Substituted by notification No. 9182 D. C. S., dated the 4th/6th July, 1945.

3. No person shall carry on the business of milling rice ¹[or of manufacturing rice products] by power-driven machinery except under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence issued in this behalf by the Commissioner.

4. Applications for licences under paragraph 3 shall be made to the Commissioner in Form I set out in the Schedule to this Order and licences issued under the said paragraph shall be in Form II set out in the said Schedule.

¹4A. No person, being the holder of a license issued under this Order, shall subject any foodgrain other than rice in the husk to the process of milling or crush any seeds in the rice mill in respect of which such license has been issued except under a permit granted in this behalf by the Commissioner.

²4B. Every license shall, along with the fortnightly return in Form III, submit a separate statement in Form IV declaring where the godowns in which his stocks of rice or paddy are kept are situated and also the quantity of rice or paddy kept at each such godown.

5. If any person contravenes ¹[any provisions of this Order or] any of the conditions of a licence issued under paragraph 3, then, without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him under the Defence of India Rules, his licence may be cancelled or suspended by the Commissioner.

6. (1) Every owner or manager of a rice mill shall comply with such directions regarding the purchase, sale or distribution of rice husked or in the husk, as may be given to him from time to time by the Commissioner.

(2) Every owner or manager of a rice mill shall, notwithstanding any existing agreement with any other person, give priority to and comply with any directions issued to him under sub-clause (1).

17. No owner or manager of a rice mill shall in any circumstances—

(a) make delivery or cause delivery to be made of any rice husked in any manner or of any rice in the husk or of any rice product to any person unless—

(i) either such person holds a permit granted in this behalf by the Commissioner or such owner or manager holds a permit granted by the Commissioner to husk paddy for the public, and

(ii) such delivery is made in accordance with the terms of such permit;

(b) move or cause to be moved any rice husked in any manner or any rice in the husk or any rice product from the premises of the rice mill to any place outside such premises except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit granted in this behalf by the Commissioner.

³7A. Where an agreement has been entered into by the Provincial Government or by any agent of the Provincial Government with any person holding a license issued under this Order for the purchase of any quantity of rice husked, such person shall give priority to the agreement so entered into and deliver the entire quantity of rice husked mentioned in the agreement to the Provincial Government or such agent, as the case may be, within the period stipulated in the agreement.

²7B. No person, being the holder of a license issued under this Order, shall purchase any quantity of paddy in any area other than an area to be endorsed in this behalf on the license by the Commissioner.

¹Inserted, by notification No. 9182D.O.S., dated the 4th/6th July, 1945.

²Inserted by notification No. 4006 D. C. S., dated the 23rd March, 1946.

³Inserted by notification No. 15397 D. C. S., dated the 22nd December, 1945.

18. Any Court trying any contravention of this Order—

- (1) *may*, without prejudice to any other sentence which it may pass, direct that any property other than an article of food together with the packages and containers thereof in respect of which the court is satisfied that the contravention has occurred shall be forfeited to His Majesty, and
- (2) *shall*, without prejudice to any other sentence which it may pass, direct that any article of food together with the packages and containers thereof in respect of which the court is satisfied that the contravention has occurred shall be forfeited to His Majesty, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing the court is of opinion that the Order should not be made in respect of the whole, or as the case may be, a part of the property.

Schedule.

FORM I.

(See paragraph 4.)

Form of application for licence.

1. Applicant's name and address.
2. Place where the mill is situated (name of the mill, if any) and postal address of the mill.

I declare that I am the Proprietor/Manager of the rice mill covered by this application. I have carefully read the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, and the conditions of the licence in Form II set forth in the Schedule to the said Order and I agree to abide by them.

Signature of the Applicant.

Dated.....

FORM II.

(See paragraph 4.)

Subject to the provisions of the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, and to the terms and conditions of this licence..... is/are hereby authorised to carry on the business of milling rice ²[/manufacturing rice products/milling rice and manufacturing rice products].

2. The licensee shall carry on the aforesaid business at the following place:—.....

Note.—Where the same person carries on business of milling rice ²[and/or manufacturing rice products] in more than one place, a separate licence shall be obtained in respect of each such place and the returns referred to in paragraph 3 shall be submitted separately for each such place.

3. The licensee shall submit to the Commissioner returns in Form III set out in the Schedule to the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, every fortnight (from the 1st to 15th and 16th to the end of each month) so as to reach the Commissioner within five days after the close of the fortnight.

4. The licensee shall subject rice husked or in the husk to such process and in such manner and to such extent as the Commissioner may by general or special order from time to time direct.

¹Substituted by notification No. 376 D. C. S., dated the 9th January, 1946.

²Inserted by notification No. 9182 D. C. S., dated the 4th/6th July, 1945.

15. The license shall comply with any directions that may be issued by the Commissioner from time to time in regard to the manner in which his accounts and registers shall be maintained and the language in which his accounts, registers and returns shall be written.

6. The licensee shall give all facilities at all reasonable time to any person authorised by the Commissioner for the inspection of his accounts and stocks of paddy and rice wheresoever they may be kept and for taking samples of such paddy and rice for examination ²[and for the holding of milling tests].

Signature of the Officer issuing the Licence.

Dated.

FORM III.

(See paragraph 3 of Form II.)

Return of stocks, receipts, production, deliveries and balance of paddy and rice for the fortnight ending.....

Name.....Licence Number.

Address.....

Daily milling capacity.

Particulars.	Quantities in maunds.			
	Paddy.	Rice.	Broken rice.	Bran.
(1) Stock at the beginning of the fortnight ..				
(2) Quantity of paddy received for milling during the fortnight.				
(3) Total (for paddy only)				
(4) Quantity of paddy actually milled during the fortnight.				
(5) Quantities of rice, broken, and bran produced by milling the quantity in item 4.				
(6) Total of items 1 and 5 (rice, broken rice and bran).				
(7) Quantities sold or otherwise disposed of during the fortnight.				
(8) Stock at the end of the fortnight ..				

Signature of the Licensee.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3140 F. G., (Pro.), dated the 16th May, 1944.

²Inserted by notification No. 9182D.C.S., dated the 4th & 6th July, 1945.

FORM IV.

(See rule 4B.)

Form of statement declaring the situation of the godowns in which rice or paddy is stocked.

1	2	3	4
Name of the licensee.	Address of the godown where rice or paddy is stocked.	Quantity. Rice. Paddy.	Remarks.

I hereby declare that the particulars given above are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature of the Licensee.

Notification No. 1083D.C.S., dated the 31st January/7th February, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th February, 1945, Pt. I, p. 261).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, and in supersession of notifications Nos. 306F.G., dated the 15th January, 1944, and 1760F.G., dated the 3rd March, 1944, I hereby authorise the following officers to exercise the powers of the Commissioner under paragraphs 3, 6 and 7 of the said Order and paragraph 6 of the form of license set out in Form II of the Schedule appended to the said Order, namely:—

- (1) Personal Assistants to the Regional Controllers of Procurement within their own regions.
- (2) Assistant Regional Controllers of Procurement within their own jurisdictions.

Notification No. 9180D.C.S., dated the 4th/6th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1162).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, published under notification No. 4309F.G., dated the 30th November 1943, as subsequently amended, I hereby authorise the Director of Rice Procurement, in the Division of the Director-General of Food, to perform the functions of the Commissioner under paragraph 5 of the said Order and under clauses 4 and 5 of Form II set out in the Schedule to the said Order.

Notification No. 9181D.C.S., dated the 4th/6th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1162).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, published under notification No. 4309F.G., dated the 30th November 1943, as subsequently amended, and in partial modification of notification No. 1082D.C.S., dated the 31st January/7th February, 1945, I hereby authorised the Regional Controllers of Procurement to perform the functions of the Commissioner under clauses 4 and 5 of Form II set out in the Schedule to the said Order within their respective jurisdictions.

Notification No. 9209D.C.S., dated the 7th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 19th July, 1945, Pt., I, p. 1204).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, and in supersession of notification No. 1082D.C.S., dated 31st January/7th February 1945, I hereby authorise the officers mentioned in column 2 of the table below to perform all the functions of the Commissioner under the said order, except the power of cancellation of licence referred to in paragraph 5 of the said order and the powers referred to in clauses 4 and 5 of the form of licence set out in Form II of the Schedule appended to the said order, for the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 1 of the said table:—

1 Areas.	2 Officers.
The districts of Darjeeling, Jalpaiguri, Dinajpur and Rangpur.	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Region I, with headquarters at Dinajpur.
The districts of Rajshahi, Malda, Bogra, Murshidabad and Pabna.	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Region II, with headquarters at Rajshahi.
The districts of Mymensingh and Dacca.	The Regional and the Additional Regional Controller of Procurement, Region III, with headquarters at Mymensingh.
The districts of Bakarganj, Khulna, Jessore, Faridpur and Chittagong and the Basirhat subdivision of the district of the 24-Parganas.	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Region IV, with headquarters at Barisal, and also the Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement with headquarters at Khulna for the Khulna district and for the only Basirhat subdivision of the district of the 24-Parganas.
The districts of Birbhum, Bankura and Burdwan.	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Region V, with headquarters at Calcutta, and the Deputy Regional Controller of Procurement with headquarters at Asansol.
The districts of Howrah, Hooghly, Midnapore, Nadia, and the 24-Parganas, excepting the Basirhat subdivision.	The Regional Controller of Procurement, Region V, with headquarters at Calcutta.

Notification No. 12637D.C.S., dated the 11th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 8th November, 1945 Pt., I, p. 1858).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, published under notification No. 4309F.G., dated the 30th November 1943, as subsequently amended, I hereby authorise the following Officers to perform the functions of the Commissioner under sub-clause (i) of clause (a) of paragraph 7 of the said Order within their respective jurisdictions namely:—

- (1) The District Controller of Civil Supplies, Chittagong.
- (2) The District Controller of Civil Supplies, Faridpur.

Notification No. 2571D.C.S., dated the 22nd February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th March, 1946, Pt. I, p. 486).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rice Mills Control Order, 1943, published under notification No. 4309F.G., dated the 30th November 1943, as subsequently amended, I hereby authorise the following officer to perform the functions of the Commissioner under sub-clause (i) of clause (a) of paragraph 7 of the said Order within his jurisdiction, and direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules that notice of the notification shall be given by the publication of the same in the *Calcutta Gazette*:—

The District Controller of Civil Supplies, Dacca.

Notification No. 4770 F.G., dated the 14th December, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 16th December, 1943, Pt., I, p. 1783).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

On and after the ¹[1st July, 1945], no employer the employees of whom exceed ¹[two hundred], and no association of employers the aggregate of whose employees exceeds ¹[two hundred] shall purchase any of the commodities specified in the Schedule below for the purpose of supplying such commodities to such employees except through the Government Chief Purchasing Agent.

Explanation.—In the case of an employer employing casual labour, the number of such employees shall, for the purposes of this order, be deemed to be the average number of such employees employed on any one working day throughout the period extending from the ¹[1st June 1944 to the 31st May 1945.]

Schedule.

Rice husked.

Rice in the husk (paddy).

Notification No. 12157 D.C.S., dated the 27th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th October, 1945, Pt., I, p. 1679).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make with effect from 25th September 1945 the following modification in the order published under notification No. 4770F.G., dated 14th December 1945, as amended by No. 8131D.C.S., dated 9th June, 1945, namely:—

Modification.

"The Agriculture Department is exempted from the operation of the above notification for the purpose of purchase of paddy seeds."

¹Substituted by notification No. 8131 D. C. S., dated the 9th June, 1945.

Notification No. 81Com., dated the 8th January, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 18th January, 1945, Pt., I, p. 84).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Bengal Sawdust Control Order, 1945.¹

(2) It extends to Calcutta and the neighbouring industrial area.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;

(2) "Competent Authority" means any officer appointed by the Provincial Government to be a Competent Authority for the purposes of this Order and includes any person authorised by such officer in writing to perform all or any of the functions of a Competent Authority under this Order;

(3) "neighbouring industrial area" means the whole of the Barrackpore subdivision, the Tollygunge, Behala, Matiabruz, Mahestolla and Budge Budge police-stations in the district of 24-Parganas, the Magra, Chinsurah, Bhadreswar, Serampore and Uttarpara police-stations in the district of Hooghly and the Uluberia, Bowria, Sankrail, Howrah, Golabari, Sibpore, Bally, Malipanchghara, Jogacha and Bantra police-stations in the district of Howrah;

(4) "saw-mill" means any premises (including the precincts thereof) wherein twenty or more workers are working or were working on any day of the preceding twelve months and in part of which any process connected with the sawing of wood or timber is being carried on or is ordinarily carried on with the aid of power.

3. No owner, manager or other person having charge of or control over a saw-mill shall sell or otherwise dispose of or permit the sale of such disposal of any sawdust produced in such saw-mill except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued in this behalf in writing by the Competent Authority or in pursuance of an order issued under paragraph 6.

4. No person shall purchase or otherwise acquire any sawdust from the owner, manager or any other person having charge of or control over a saw-mill except under and in accordance with the conditions of a licence granted in this behalf by the Competent Authority.

¹This order has since been repealed by notification No. 3325Com., dated the 10th August, 1945

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to cancel the Bengal Sawdust Control Order, 1945, published under notification No. 81Com., dated the 8th January, 1945, on page 84, Part I of the Calcutta Gazette of the 18th January, 1945.

5. No owner, manager or other person having charge of or control over a saw-mill shall sell or deliver or permit the sale or delivery of any sawdust produced in such saw-mill to any person other than a person holding a valid licence issued under paragraph 4.

6. The Competent Authority may, by order in writing, require any owner, manager or other person having charge of or control over a saw-mill to sell to any person holding a licence issued under paragraph 4 specified in the Order, such quantity of sawdust as may be so specified and may from time to time issue such instructions regarding the sales, stocks or distribution of sawdust produced in such saw-mill as such Authority may consider necessary and such owner, manager or other person shall comply with every such order and instruction.

7. Any person if required so to do by the Competent Authority shall submit a return of stocks of sawdust in his possession or under his control in such form and within such time as the Competent Authority may direct.

8. (1) The Competent Authority may, from time to time, fix the price at which any sawdust may be sold.

(2) When the price has been so fixed, no person shall sell or purchase or agree to sell or purchase any sawdust at a price different from that fixed under the provisions of sub-paragraph (1).

9. The Competent Authority may, if he has reason to believe that any person has contravened, is contravening or is likely to contravene any of the provisions of this Order—

(a) require any person to give such information in his possession with respect to any business carried on by that or any other person as he may demand;

(b) inspect or cause to be inspected any books or documents belonging to, or under the control of, any person;

(c) enter and inspect, or authorise in writing any person to enter and inspect, any premises.

Notification No. 82 Com., dated the 8th January, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 18th January, 1945, Pt. I, p. 84).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (2) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Sawdust Control Order, 1945, the Governor, with the concurrence of the Central Government, is pleased to appoint the Deputy Director-General of Production and Controller of Supplies, Bengal Circle, to be a Competent Authority for the purposes of the said Order.

Notification No. 8944 Pl., dated the 25th November, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th November, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1700).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order:—

Order.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Dealers in Old Metals (Registration) Order, 1943.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

(3) It extends '[in the first instance] to Calcutta and to the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of the 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Serampore and the Sadar subdivisions of the district of Hooghly '[but it may be extended by the Provincial Government by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* to any other area in Bengal].

2. In this Order unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866;
- (b) "dealer in old metals" means a person engaged in any undertaking which involves,—
 - (i) the purchase, storage for sale or sale of old metals only or mainly of old metals, or
 - (ii) the purchase, storage for sale or sale of old metals together with any second-hand machines, machine tools, machine parts, wires or other goods or any second-hand marine stores;
- (c) "marine stores" include anchors, cables, sails, old junk and old iron;
- (d) "old metals" include scrap metal, broken metal or partly manufactured metal goods, or defaced or old metal goods;
- (e) "police-station" means within the jurisdiction of the Calcutta Police, a police section.

3. (1) Every dealer in old metals shall, before the expiration of twenty-one days from the commencement of this Order, or before the expiration of twenty-one days from the date on which after the commencement of this Order he becomes first subject to the provisions of this paragraph, apply to the officer-in-charge of the police-station within the jurisdiction of which he carries on his undertaking to be registered as a dealer in old metals.

(2) When an application has been made by a dealer in old metals under sub-paragraph (1) the Officer-in-charge of the police-station to whom the application is made shall register such dealer by including his name and the particulars regarding his place of business and the place or places at which he stores old metals for sale, in a register to be maintained for the purpose by such officer in the form set forth in Schedule I annexed hereto.

(3) No dealer in old metals shall,—

- (a) after the expiry of the period referred to in sub-paragraph (1) engage in any undertaking which involves purchase, storage or sale of any old metals unless he has applied for registration under the said paragraph and has been duly registered thereunder, or
- (b) after registration under sub-paragraph (2) store old metals for sale at any place or places other than the place or places which have been recorded in respect of his registration under sub-paragraph (2).

4. Every dealer in old metals shall, whenever he intends to remove to a new place of business, or to store the old metals or any portion thereof at any place other than that which has been recorded in respect of his registration in the register referred to in paragraph 3, give notice of such intention

at least seven days before such removal or storage is effected together with the full address of the new place of business or storage, as the case may be, to—

- (a) the officer-in-charge of the police-station within the jurisdiction of which he is carrying on his undertaking at the time when such notice is given, and
- (b) the Officer-in-charge of any other police-station within the jurisdiction of which he intends to have his new place of business or to store the old metals or any portion thereof.

5. Every dealer in old metals shall, when applying for registration under paragraph 3 or giving notice under paragraph 4, furnish such information as may be necessary for the completion of the register in the form set forth in Schedule I annexed hereto.

6. Every dealer in old metals registered under this Order shall maintain in the form set forth in Schedule II annexed hereto—

- (a) a record of all old metals which come in to his possession from time to time with the name of the person by whom, the time and place at which and the name of the person from whom they were purchased or received; and
- (b) a record of all old metals which he may from time to time sell or otherwise dispose of with the name, business and place of abode or business of the person to whom they were sold or otherwise transferred.

7. Any Officer-in-charge of police-station may, for the purpose of securing compliance with the provisions of this Order—

- (a) require any dealer in old metals to produce any books, accounts or other documents relating to his undertaking and furnish any information relating thereto and every such dealer shall comply with such requisition; and
- (b) at any time enter and inspect any premises used or believed to be used by a dealer in old metals for carrying on his undertaking.

8. If any person contravenes the provisions of paragraph 3 or paragraph 6 of this Order, then, without prejudice to any other punishment to which he may be liable, any court trying the offence may order that any old metals in respect of which the court is satisfied that the offence has been committed, shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

Schedule I.

(See paragraphs 3, 4 and 5.)

1	2	3		4		5	6
		(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)		
Serial No.	Name of dealer.	Address of place of business.	Address to which old metals are stored.	Change of address of place of business and date of receipt of notice.	Change of address of place of storage of old metals and date of receipt of notice.	Date of registration.	Signature of Officer in-charge.

Schedule II.

(See paragraph 6.)

Register of Purchases and Receipts.

Date and hour of purchase or receipt.	Description of old metals purchased or received.	Name and surname of person who purchased or received.	Name and surname of person from whom purchased or received.	Business and place of abode or premises of person from whom purchased or received.

Register of Sales.

Date of sale.	Description of old metals sold.	Name and surname of person to whom sold or otherwise transferred.	Business and place of abode or business of person to whom sold or otherwise transferred.

Notification No. 1853 Fl., dated the 23rd May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th May, 1944, Pt. I, p. 674).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 1 of the Dealers in Old Metals (Registration) Order, 1943, as amended by notification No. 1726Pl., dated the 15th May, 1944, the Governor is pleased to extend the said Order to the Asansol subdivision in the district of Burdwan and to the area included within the Kharagpur Town police-station in the district of Midnapore.

Notification No. 3313 Com., dated the 3rd November, 1939 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 9th November, 1939, Pt. I, p. 2819).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, read with the Government of India, Department of Commerce, notification No. 20, dated the 8th September, 1939, the Governor is pleased to appoint all District Magistrates in Bengal *ex-officio* to be Controllers of Prices in their respective districts.

Notification No. 94, dated the 23rd May, 1940 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 30th May, 1940, Pt. I, p. 1601).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, read with the Government of India, Department of Commerce, notification No. 20, dated the 8th September 1939, the Governor is pleased to appoint the Deputy Commissioner, Chittagong Hill-tracts, *ex-officio* to be the Controller of Prices in the said Hill-tracts.

Notification No. 64Com., dated the 5th January, 1942.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to prohibit the conversion of raw sola into civilian hat shapes by any undertaking in Bengal till the 31st March, 1942.

Notification No. 1458Com.(C.D.), dated the 26th June, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 6th August, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1957).

Orders.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that from 1st July 1942 to 31st March 1943, raw sola shall not be converted into civilian hat shapes by any undertaking in Bengal except upon and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued by the Director of Industries, Bengal, or by any officer authorised by him in writing in this behalf.

Notification No. 11373P., dated the 29th July, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 30th July, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1899).

Order.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that—

- (a) no person shall, except under a special order in writing of the Provincial Government or of an officer duly authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf, produce, keep, store or dispose of any of the articles mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed:

Provided that no such special order shall be necessary for the keeping of any of the said articles in the case of a person who has the lawful authority to wear or use such article;

- (b) no person shall supply any of the articles specified in the annexed schedule to any person other than the Provincial Government or an officer authorised under clause (a) of this order to issue a special order for the production of such article.

The Schedule.

1. A. R. P. badges and brassards specified in rule 10 of the Bengal Air Raid Precautions Services Rules, 1941, published under notification No. 4736P., dated the 13th August, 1941.

2. Civic Guard badges and brassards specified in rule 9 of the Civic Guard Rules, 1940, published under notification No. 422Pl., dated the 26th October, 1940.

Notification No. 2530Com. (C.D.), dated the 1st September, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th September, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2148).

Order.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following order, namely:—

1. Every stockist of hemp and every other person who may have any stock of hemp in excess of five seers shall furnish within two days from the

date of publication of this order in the *Calcutta Gazette* to the Director of Industries, Bengal, or to any officer authorised in writing by him in this behalf, a statement showing—

- (a) the quantity of hemp which each such person has in his possession on the date of such publication of this order, and
- (b) the quantity, if any, which each such person may have disposed of to any other person on or after 1st September, 1942, giving the names and addresses of such other persons.

2. (1) Every such stockist or other person who may have any stock of hemp in excess of five seers is hereby prohibited from selling or otherwise disposing of any such stock and from removing any such stock from the place where on the date of publication of this order it is stored except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit to be issued in this behalf by the Director of Industries, Bengal.

(2) Application for the issue of a permit under sub-paragraph (1) shall be submitted in writing to the Director of Industries, Bengal.

3. Every stockist or other person to whom a permit is issued under paragraph 2 shall submit on the last day of each week a statement of the stock of hemp in the possession of such person at the end of the preceding week and shall also supply any information relating to such stock which the Director of Industries may require him to supply.

Explanation.—In this paragraph “week” means a period of seven days beginning at midnight on Sunday night.

4. Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing paragraphs any person may purchase hemp on behalf of the Hemp Controller, United Kingdom, and may stock it or transport it, in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued in this behalf by the Controller of Supplies, Bengal Circle.

5. If any person contravenes any of the provisions of this order, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

Notification No. 1846 D.C.S./5, 4/42, dated the 28th December, 1942 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 31st December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2876).

Order.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in modification of the order, dated the 5th January, 1942, the Governor is pleased to direct that the prices of raw sola as described below shall with effect from this day be as follows for the whole of the province except Calcutta:—

Grade I—Quantity of first class sola, light, white and soft, in the form of sticks not less than 3 feet in length without branches, diameter not less than $\frac{3}{4}$ inch, to produce one dozen military hat shapes—Re. 1.

Grade II—Ditto, diameter $\frac{1}{2}$ inch to $\frac{3}{4}$ inch, length not less than 2 feet—As. 14.

Grade III—Ditto, short lengths, diameter $\frac{1}{2}$ inch and above—As. 11.

Notification No. 1946 D.C.S., dated the 28th December, 1942 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 31st December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2876).

Whereas it appears to the Provincial Government that it is necessary for maintaining supplies and services essential to the life of the community

to regulate the distribution and disposal of certain essential commodities in Calcutta and the industrial area during the period of emergency and specially after an air raid;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that there should be no re-booking or diversion of consignments of essential commodities specified in the annexed schedule originally booked to any railway or steamer stations in Calcutta and industrial area except under or in accordance with a permit in writing issued by or under the authority of the Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta.

Explanation.—In this order—

- (1) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and
- (2) "Industrial area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Serampore and Sadar subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 4026 D.C.S., dated the 1st April, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 2nd April, 1943, p. 57).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that the wholesale price of 60-stick safety matches in the town of Calcutta, as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, shall be fixed as follows:—

Sixty-stick safety matches—Rs. 5-4 per gross.

Notification No. 4968 D.C.S., dated the 8th May, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th May, 1943, Pt. I, p. 987).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of this department order No. 4026 D.C.S., dated the 1st April 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the wholesale price of 60-stick safety matches in the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, shall be fixed as follows:—

Sixty-stick matches—Rs. 6 per gross.

Notification No. 1676 (C.D.), dated the 29th May, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th July, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1078).

Whereas it appears to the Provincial Government that it is necessary for securing the defence of British India and the efficient prosecution of the war that certain petroleum pumps should be kept open between the hours of sunset and sunrise for supplying petrol to motor vehicles used for the purposes of Air Raid Precautions and Civil Defence and for such other purposes as may be specially authorised by the Provincial Government;

And whereas the Chief Inspector of Explosives in India by an order, dated the 11th May, 1943, has relaxed condition 12 of licence Form K, of the Petroleum Rules, 1937, so as to permit the supply of petrol between these hours in areas where a lighting restriction order is in force;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that the petroleum pumps, the names of the licensed owners of which together with the addresses of the places where the pumps are situated are given in the Schedule below, shall be kept open between the said hours for the supply of petrol to motor vehicles used for the said purposes.

Schedule.

Name of the licensed owner of the petroleum pumps and address.

[Not printed here.]

Notification No. 323 F.G., dated the 27th August, 1943. (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary", of the 28th August, 1943, p. 143).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. This Order shall come into force with effect from 30th August, 1943.

2. No person acting as a host shall distribute or cause to be distributed anywhere in Calcutta and the industrial area any eatables to more than fifty persons on any one day at or in connection with any party, entertainment or function, whether religious, social or of any other kind, except under the authority of, and in accordance with the conditions specified in, a permit issued in writing by the ¹[the Director of Rationing, Bengal] or by any person authorised in writing by him in this behalf.

3. In this Order—

(a) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and

(b) "Industrial Area" means the Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of the 24-Parganas, the Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah and the Sadar and Serampore subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.

Notification No. 980 D.C.S., dated the 9th February, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 17th February, 1944, Pt. I, p. 161).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 2 of the Order published with notification No. 323 F.G., dated the 27th August, 1943, the officers specified in column 2 of the table below are hereby authorised to issue permits under the said paragraph in respect of the areas specified opposite each such officer in column 1 below:—

Areas. 1	Officers. 2
1. The Sadar and Barrackpore subdivisions of the district of 24-Parganas.	The District Magistrate of 24-Parganas.
2. The Sadar subdivision of the district of Howrah.	The District Magistrate of Howrah.
3. The Sadar and Serampore subdivisions of the district of Hooghly.	The District Magistrate of Hooghly.

¹Substituted by notification No. 3337 D.C.S., dated the 31st March, 1945.

Provided that such authorisation shall not apply to the issue of any permit in connection with any party, entertainment or function to be held in any rationed area within the areas specified in column 1 of the said table.

Explanation.—In this notification the expression “rationed area” has the same meaning as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

Notification No. 4270(b) D.C.S., dated the 2nd August, 1943 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 12th August, 1943, p. 1243).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that the maximum prices of various qualities of shellac in the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, shall, with effect from the date of issue of this Order, be as follows:—

Quality.	Maximum price. Rs.
Standard I	73 per maund.
Superfine	75 „ „
Lemon and Button Lac	„ „
Angelo's A. C. Garnet	73 „
Angelo's T. N. I.	79 „
Angelo's A. B. T. N.	83 „

Notification No. 1322 C./M., dated the 16th December, 1943 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 23rd December, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1792).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of notification No. 3292-A.R.P., dated the 9th July, 1943, the Governor is pleased to direct that the rates for the sale of fire-wood for the cremation of dead bodies at burning ghats and the dates for the sale of articles for the cremation of pauper dead-bodies, there, as specified in the schedule to this Government notification No. 71M., dated the 15th January, 1941, which has been drawn up by the Corporation of Calcutta as an addition to the bye-laws made under clause (67) of section 478 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, and sanctioned in the said notification by the Provincial Government, shall be enhanced as follows:—

- (a) the rates for the sale of fire-wood for cremation of dead bodies at the different burning ghats shall be increased to Re. 1 per maund,
- (b) the rates for the sale of articles for the cremation of pauper dead bodies at the different burning ghats shall be increased from Rs. 3-12 to Rs. 4-8 per adult dead body and from Rs. 1-14 to Rs. 2-2 per child dead body.

Notification No. 2618 D.C.S., dated the 21st December, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 23rd December, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1820).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. No person shall move or cause to be moved by any form of conveyance any commodity containing milk in any form as an ingredient from any place inside Bengal to any place outside Bengal except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued in writing ¹[by the Provincial Government or by any officer authorised in this behalf by the Provincial Government].

2. This order shall not apply to the moving of such a commodity from any place inside Bengal to any place outside Bengal—

(a) by the military authorities, or

(b) by any person when travelling by railway or steamer and if such commodity is carried as personal luggage permitted by the railway or steamer authorities.

Notification No. 5100 Com., dated the 13th December, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 21st December, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1516).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (bd) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following order for controlling the recruitment of labour in the Darjeeling district with a view to securing that sufficient workers are available for essential undertakings, namely:—

Order.

No person shall recruit or otherwise secure labour in the Darjeeling district for employment outside the said district unless he has obtained a permit in writing in that behalf from the Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling:

Provided that no such permit shall be required when any labour is so recruited under an authority issued in writing by the Deputy Recruiting Officer for Gurkhas, Ghoom.

Notification No. 1948 D.C.S., dated the 8th February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th February, 1946, Pt. I, p. 337).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the said rules, that notice of this Order shall be given by the publication of the same in the *Calcutta Gazette*:—

Order.

1. In this Order, "hosiery machine" means a knitting machine of any description, circular or flat, and includes an overlock or a chain stitching machine, whether new or second-hand.

2. No person shall move or cause to be moved by rail, road, or water any hosiery machine from any place in Bengal to any place outside Bengal

¹Substituted by notification No. 220 Supply, dated the 21st July, 1944.

except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit issued in writing by the Director of Textiles, Bengal, or any officer authorised in writing by the said Director in this behalf.

3. Every owner or other person in possession of any hosiery machine shall submit to the Director of Textiles not later than the 1st March 1946, a statement showing the number and brief description of such machines in his possession on the date of commencement of this Order.

Notification No. 2198 Com., dated the 22nd April, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 30th April, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1200).

Order.

Whereas a trade dispute exists between the Calcutta Steam Navigation Company, Limited, and the officers and crews of the steam-vessels owned by the said company;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 81A of the Defence of India Rules as delegated to the Provincial Government under notification No. L.3005, dated the 12th March, 1942, the Governor is pleased to direct that the said dispute shall be referred for adjudication after summary enquiry to the Labour Commissioner, Bengal.

2. The Labour Commissioner, Bengal, in carrying out the said summary enquiry shall have the same powers as vested in a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, when trying a suit, in respect of the following matters, namely,—

- (a) enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;
- (b) compelling the production of documents and material objects; and
- (c) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses, and the said summary enquiry shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code.

Explanation.—In this order,—

- (a) "Steam-vessel" has the same meaning as in the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917;
- (b) "crew" means the deck staff and the engine-room staff.

Notification No. 3674 Com., dated the 6th June, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th June, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1500).

Order.

Whereas a trade dispute exists between Messrs. Fraser and Company, Limited, Calcutta, and the manjhees and dandees of the boats used for loading and unloading of cargoes owned by the said company;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 81A of the Defence of India Rules, as are directed to be exercised by the Provincial Government by notification of the Central Government No. L. 3005, dated the 20th May, 1942, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. The trade dispute between Messrs. Fraser & Company, Limited, Calcutta, and the manjhees and dandees of the boats used for loading and unloading of cargoes owned by the said company is hereby referred for adjudication after summary enquiry to the Labour Commissioner, Bengal.

2. The Labour Commissioner, Bengal, shall for the purposes of the said summary enquiry have the same powers as are vested in a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, when trying a suit, in respect of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;
- (b) compelling the production of documents and material objects; and
- (c) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses,

and the said enquiry shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code.

3. The decision given by the Labour Commissioner, Bengal, shall remain in force for a period of not less than four months from the date of such decision and it shall continue to be in force after that period, if notice of any alteration of the terms of such decision has not been given either by the said company or by the representatives of the said manjhees and dandeas to the Labour Commissioner before the expiry of the said period.

Notification No. 4803Com., dated the 18th August, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th August, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2071).

Order.

Whereas a trade dispute exists between the British India Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., and the tally clerks in the cargo department of the said company;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 81A of the Defence of India Rules, as are directed to be exercised by the Provincial Government by notification of the Central Government No. L. 3005, dated the 20th May, 1942, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. The trade dispute between the British India Steam Navigation Company, Limited, and the tally clerks in the cargo department of the said company is hereby referred for adjudication after summary enquiry to the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation, Bengal.

2. The Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation, Bengal, shall, for the purposes of the said summary enquiry have the same powers as are vested in a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, when trying a suit, in respect of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;
- (b) compelling the production of documents and material objects; and
- (c) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses;

and the said enquiry shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code.

Notification No. 4948Com., dated the 27th August, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 3rd September, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2106).

Order.

Whereas a trade dispute exists between Messrs. Burn & Company, Limited, of Howrah, and the workers in the employ of the said Company;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (c) and (e) of sub-rule (1) of rule 81A of the Defence of India Rules, as are directed

to be exercised by the Provincial Government by notification of the Central Government No. L. 3005, dated the 20th May, 1942, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. The trade dispute between Messrs. Burn & Company, Limited, Howrah, and the workers in the employ of the said Company is hereby referred for adjudication after summary inquiry to the District Magistrate, Howrah.

2. The District Magistrate, Howrah, shall for the purposes of the said summary inquiry have the same powers as are vested in a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, when trying a suit, in respect of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;
- (b) compelling the production of documents and material objects; and
- (c) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses, and the said inquiry shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code.

Notification No. 5187 Com., dated the 17th September, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th September, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2287).

Order.

Whereas a trade dispute exists between Messrs. Britannia Building and Iron Company, Limited, 237, Grand Trunk Road, Howrah, and the workers in the employ of the said company;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (c) and (e) of sub-rule (I) of rule 81A of the Defence of India Rules, as are directed to be exercised by the Provincial Government by notification of the Central Government No. L. 3005, dated the 20th May, 1942, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. The trade dispute between Messrs. Britannia Building and Iron Company, Limited, Howrah, and the workers in the employ of the said company is hereby referred for adjudication after summary enquiry to the Assistant Labour Commissioner, Bengal.

2. The Assistant Labour Commissioner, Bengal, shall for the purposes of the said summary enquiry have the same powers as are vested in a court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, when trying a suit, in respect of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;
- (b) compelling the production of documents and material objects; and
- (c) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses;

and the said enquiry shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code.

Notification No. 5313 Com., dated the 25th September, 1942, (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 1st October, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2311).

Order.

Whereas a trade dispute exists between the proprietors of the Dhakeswari Cotton Mill No. 1 at Narayanganj in the district of Dacca and the workers employed in the said cotton mill;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (c) and (e) of sub-rule (1) of rule 81A of the Defence of India Rules, as are directed to be exercised by the Provincial Government by notification of the Central Government No. L. 3005, dated the 20th May, 1942, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

(1) The trade dispute between the proprietors of the Dhakeswari Cotton Mill No. 1 at Narayanganj and the workers employed in the mill is hereby referred for adjudication after summary enquiry to the Assistant Labour Commissioner, Bengal.

(2) The Assistant Labour Commissioner, Bengal, shall for the purposes of the said summary enquiry have the same powers as are vested in a court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, when trying a suit in respect of the following matters, namely:—

(a) enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;

(b) compelling the production of documents and material objects; and

(c) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses;

and the said enquiry shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code.

Notification No. 5441 Com., dated the 3rd October, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 8th October, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2358).

Order.

Whereas a trade dispute exists between Messrs. Sarat Chatterjee & Company, Limited, Stevedores, 3, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta, and the Calcutta Dockers' Union;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (c) and (e) of sub-rule (1) of rule 81A of the Defence of India Rules, as are directed to be exercised by the Provincial Government by notification of the Central Government No. L. 3005, dated the 20th May, 1942, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. The trade dispute between Messrs. Sarat Chatterjee & Company, Limited, Stevedores, 3, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta, and the Calcutta Dockers' Union is hereby referred for adjudication after summary inquiry to the Claims Officer, War Injuries Scheme, Calcutta.

2. The Claims Officer, War Injuries Scheme, Calcutta, shall, for the purposes of the said summary inquiry, have the same powers as are vested in a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, when trying a suit in respect of the following matters, namely:—

(a) enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;

(b) compelling the production of documents and material objects; and

(c) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses;

and the said enquiry shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code.

Notification No. 5566 Com., dated the 27th October, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 5th November, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2495).

Whereas a trade dispute exists between Messrs. Jay Engineering Co. and the workers in the employ of the said company;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (c) and (e) of sub-rule (1) of rule 81A of the Defence of India Rules, as are directed to be exercised by the Provincial Government by notification of the Central Government No. L. 3005, dated the 20th May, 1942, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. The trade dispute between Messrs. Jay Engineering Co., and the workers in the employ of the said company is hereby referred for adjudication after summary inquiry to the Commissioner, Workmen's Compensation, Bengal.

2. The Commissioner, Workmen's Compensation, Bengal, shall for the purposes of the said summary inquiry have the same powers as are vested in a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, when trying a suit in respect of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;
- (b) compelling the production of documents and material objects; and
- (c) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses;

and the said enquiry shall be deemed to be a judicial proceeding within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code.

Notification No. 5221Com., dated the 22nd December, 1941.

Whereas in the opinion of the Provincial Government it is necessary for the maintenance of water-supply in the city of Calcutta, that two boilers with a heating surface of more than 5,000 square feet and a working pressure of 200 pounds per square inch, should immediately be made available to the Corporation of Calcutta for use at their Palta Pumping Station;

And whereas the Provincial Government is satisfied that the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, has several such boilers at their Bhatpara power-station out of which they can spare two boilers without seriously jeopardising the efficiency of their service during a period of emergency;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by rule 83 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to requisition two of the said boilers and to direct that the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, shall deliver possession of such two boilers to the Corporation of Calcutta subject to the following conditions, namely:—

- (a) that the compensation payable under the said rule shall be paid by the Corporation of Calcutta out of the Municipal Fund to the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, for these boilers and the amount of compensation to be so paid shall be settled mutually between the said two parties, and
- (b) that in the event of the said parties failing to arrive at any settlement on this matter, the compensation shall be determined by the Provincial Government and that the compensation so determined shall be the compensation payable by the Corporation of Calcutta to the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited.

THE DEFENCE LEGISLATION MANUAL (BENGAL)

Part II—The Rules and Orders made under the Defence of India Rules.

Chapter XI—Essential Supplies and Work—Rules 75A-84C of the Defence of India Rules.

Rules and Orders made by the Provincial Government of Bengal under Orders made by the Central Government under Rules 75A-84C of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. 3934 Com., dated the 18th June, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th June, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1575).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 4 of the Tyre Rationing Order, 1942, issued by the Central Government, the Governor is pleased to appoint the officers specified in column 1 of the Schedule below as the Area Rationing authorities for the purposes of the said Order and to direct that the jurisdiction of these officers shall extend to the areas shown in the corresponding entries in column 2 of the said Schedule:—

Schedule.

1	2
Deputy Commissioner of Police, Public Vehicles Department, Calcutta.	The town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta, as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.
District Magistrates of all districts in Bengal.	The district in the charge of each such District Magistrate, except in the case of the district of 24-Parganas so much of such district as is not included in the suburbs of Calcutta.

Notification No. 4575 Com., dated the 30th July, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 6th August, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1958).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (d) of paragraph 2 of the Motor Vehicles (Kerosene Prohibition) Order, 1942, published under Government of India, Communications Department, notification No. P.-R. 353(1)/42, dated the 26th May, 1942, the Governor is pleased to authorise

the officers specified in column I of the schedule below for carrying out all or any of the provisions of the said order in the areas shown in the corresponding entries in column II of the said schedule:—

The Schedule.

II

All Deputy Commissioners of Police.	The town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta, as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.
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All District Magistrates in Bengal	The respective districts of which they are in charge excluding in the case of the district of the 24-Parganas so much of the said district as is included in the suburbs of Calcutta.
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Notification No. 353D.C.S., dated the 27th October, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 29th October, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2460).

In pursuance of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to appoint the 15th November, 1942, as the date on which the said Order shall come into force in the province of Bengal.

Notification No. 240S., dated the 1st December, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2740).

In pursuance of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 1 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to appoint the 1st January, 1943, as the date on which the said Order shall come into force in the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

Notification No. 241S., dated the 1st December, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2740).

In pursuance of clause (a) of paragraph 2 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to declare each of the commodities specified in the Schedule below to be a foodgrain to which the said Order applies:—

Schedule.

1. Rice in the husk (paddy).
2. Rice, husked.

Notification No. 355D.C.S., dated the 27th October, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 29th October, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2460).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraphs 5 and 3 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified respectively in column 2 below in respect of the areas specified

opposite each such officer in column 1 below to receive applications for licences and to issue licences under the said paragraphs 5 and 3, respectively:—

1 Areas.	2 Officers.
1. The town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.	The Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta.
2. Each district of Bengal excluding the suburbs of Calcutta.	District Supply Officer.
3. Each subdivision of Bengal	Subdivisional Supply Officer.

Notification No. 242S., dated the 1st December, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2741).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraphs 5 and 3 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified respectively in column 2 below in respect of the areas specified opposite each such officer in column 1 below to receive applications for licences and to issue licences under the said paragraphs 5 and 3, respectively:—

1 Areas.	2 Officers.
District Chittagong Hill-tracts	The Deputy Commissioner of the district.
Each subdivision of Chittagong Hill-tracts.	The Subdivisional Officer of the subdivision.

Notification No. 5245D.C.S., dated the 24th May, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th May, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1047).

In partial modification of notification No. 355D.C.S., dated the 27th October, 1942, and in exercise of the powers conferred by paragraphs 5 and 3 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Regional Controller of Civil Supplies and the Joint Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta and Industrial Area, to receive applications for licences under paragraph 5 and issue licences under paragraph 3 in the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 6182D.C.S., dated the 28th July, 1943.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses 5 and 3 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 2 of the table below in respect of the areas respectively

specified opposite each such officer in column 1 of that table to receive applications for licences and to issue licences under the said clauses 5 and 3, respectively:—

1 Areas.	2 Officers.
1. The town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.	The Licensing Officer of the Department of Civil Supplies, Calcutta.
2. Each district of Bengal excluding in the case of the district of the 24-Parganas, the suburbs of Calcutta.	The District Licensing and Returns Officer.
3. Each subdivision of Bengal except the Sadar subdivision.	The Subdivisional Licensing and Returns Officer.
H. Notifications No. 355C.S., dated the 27th October, 1942, and No. 5245D.C.S., dated the 24th May, 1943, are hereby cancelled.	

Notification No. 357D.C.S., dated the 27th October, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 29th October, 1942, Pt. I, p. 246).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-clause (1) of clause 6 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified respectively in column 2 below to cancel licences issued under the said Order in respect of areas specified opposite each such officer in column 1 below:—

1 Areas.	2 Officers.
The town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.	Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta.
Each District of Bengal excluding the suburbs of Calcutta.	District Magistrate.
Each subdivision of Bengal ...	Subdivisional Officer.

Notification No. 243S., dated the 1st December, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th December, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2741).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 6 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified respectively in column 2 below to cancel licences issued under the said Order in respect of areas specified opposite each such officer in column 1 below:—

1 Areas.	2 Officers.
District Chittagong Hill-tracts	The Deputy Commissioner of the district.
Each subdivision of Chittagong Hill-tracts.	The Subdivisional Officer of the subdivision.

Notification No. 5246 D.C.S., dated the 24th May, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th May, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1047).

In partial modification of notification No. 357 D.C.S., dated the 27th October, 1942, and in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (i) of paragraph 6 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to authorise the Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta and Industrial Area, and the Joint Regional Controller of Civil Supplies, Calcutta and Industrial Area, to cancel licences issued under the said Order in respect of the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 3255 D.C.S., dated the 23rd February, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 4th March, 1943, Pt. I, p. 454).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 7 of the Foodgrains Control Order and by paragraphs 6 and 8 of Form "A" in the Second Schedule to the said Order, the Governor is pleased to authorise the President and members of the Distributing Trades Tribunal constituted in this department resolution No. 3186 D.C.S., dated the 19th February, 1943, to—

- (i) enter upon and inspect any premises in which they have reasons to believe that the purchase, sale or storage for sale, in whole-sale quantities of any of the foodgrains to which the said Order has been applied is taking place contrary to the provisions of the Order;
- (ii) demand for examination the duplicates of the receipts or invoices issued to his customers by the licensee;
- (iii) inspect stocks and accounts at any shop, godown or other place used by the licensee for storage or sale of any of the foodgrains for which he holds a licence and to take samples of such foodgrains for examination.

2. These powers will be exercised by the President and members of the Tribunal in addition to the officers notified in this department notification No. 356 D.C.S., dated the 27th October, 1942.

Notification No. 2147(b) D.C.S., dated the 8th May, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 8th May, 1943, P. 83).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 7 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, and by paragraphs 6 and 8 of Form "A" in the Second Schedule to the said Order, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified respectively in column 2 of the table below in respect of the areas specified opposite each such officer in column 1 of that table—

- (i) to enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that the purchase, sale or storage for sale, in wholesale quantities of any foodgrain is taking place contrary to the provisions of the said Order;
- (ii) to demand for examination the duplicates of the receipts or invoices issued to his customers by the holder of a licence issued under the said Order;

- (iii) to inspect stocks and accounts at any shop, godown or other place used by the holder of any such licence for the storage or sale of any of the foodgrains for which he holds the licence and to take samples of such foodgrains for examination:—

1
Areas.

2
Officers.

Calcutta

All Gazetted Officers stationed in Calcutta excepting those at the headquarters of the district of the 24-Parganas, and all Inspectors of the Directorate of Civil Supplies.

Within their respective jurisdictions

All Police Officers not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector of Police stationed in Calcutta.

Within their respective jurisdictions excluding in the case of the district of the 24-Parganas the suburbs of Calcutta.

All Magistrates, all District and Subdivisional Licensing and Returns Officers, all Circle Officers, all Police Officers not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector of Police, all Gazetted Officers other than officers of the Judicial Department, all officers of the Co-operative Department not below the rank of an Inspector, all officers of the Registration Department not below the rank of a Sub-Registrar, all officers of the Education Department not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector of Schools, all Special Officers in charge of Debt Settlement Boards, all officers of the Jute Regulation Department not below the rank of an Inspector in any district in Bengal and all Inspectors of Civil Supplies.

Explanation.—In this notification “Calcutta” means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

II. Notification No. 356D.C.S., dated the 27th October, 1943, is hereby cancelled.

Notification No. 100S., dated the 26th June, 1943 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 1st July, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1142).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 7 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, and by paragraphs 6 and 8 of Form “A” in the Second Schedule to the said Order and in supersession of notification No. 244S., dated the 1st December, 1942, the Governor is pleased to authorise the officers specified in column 2 of the table below in respect of the areas respectively specified opposite each such officer in column 1 of that table—

- (i) to enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that the purchase, sale or storage for sale, in wholesale quantities of any foodgrain is taking place contrary to the provisions of the said Order;

- (ii) to demand for examination the duplicates of the receipts or invoices issued to his customers by the holder of a licence issued under the said Order;
- (iii) to inspect stocks and accounts at any shop, godown or other place used by the holder of any such licence for storage or sale of any of the foodgrains for which he holds a licence and to take samples of such foodgrains for examination.

1

Areas.

2

Officers.

District Chittagong Hill-tracts ... The Deputy Commissioner, the District Supply Officer and the District Agricultural Officer of the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

Within their respective jurisdictions. All Subdivisional Officers and all Police Officers not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector of Police in the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

Notification No. 9299 D.C.S., dated the 9th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 19th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1202).

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 7 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, and by paragraphs 6 and 8 of Form A in the Second Schedule to the said Order, the Governor is pleased to authorise each officer of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of a Preventive Officer or an Inspector—

- (a) to enter upon and inspect any premises in which he has reason to believe that the purchase, sale or storage for sale, in wholesale quantities of any foodgrain is taking place contrary to the provisions of the said Order;
- (b) to demand for examination of the duplicates of the receipts or invoices issued to his customers by the holder of a license issued under the said Order;
- (c) to inspect stocks and accounts at any shop, godown or other place used by the holder of any such license for the storage or sale of any of the foodgrains for which he holds the license and to take samples of such foodgrains for examination.

Notification No. 3171 T., dated the 21st May, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th May, 1945, Pt. I, p. 857).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-clause (4) of clause 8 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, I hereby authorise the officers specified in column 2 of the table below to exercise, subject to the control of the Area Rationing Authority, Calcutta, or the District Magistrate as the case may be, within the areas specified in the corresponding entries in column 1 of that table, the powers conferred on the Provincial Motor Transport Controller by sub-clauses (1) and (2) of the said clause:—

Areas.

1

Officers.

2

The town of Calcutta, as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Assistant Transport Controller, II.

The districts of 24-Parganas, The Magistrates in charges of the
Howrah, Hooghly, Burdwan, Motor Vehicles Department in
Dacca, Jalpaiguri and Darjeeling. the said districts.

Notification No. 104D.C.S., dated the 6th January, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th January, 1943, Pt. I, p. 90).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause 6 of Form A of the Second Schedule to the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to direct that all small sales not exceeding 20 seers of any of the foodgrains specified in the licence shall be exempted from the provisions of the said clause.

Notification No. 529 F.G., dated the 4th September, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 6th September, 1943, p. 157).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of Form A in the Second Schedule to the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to direct that every holder of a licence under the said Order—

- (a) shall not later than the 15th day of September, 1943, register with the officer issuing the licence the addresses of all godowns used or proposed to be used for the storage of foodgrains in respect of which the licence has been issued;
- (b) shall whenever any change takes place in the list of godowns so registered give intimation of such change to the officer issuing the licence within seven days of such change taking place.

Explanation.—In this notification "godowns" include any premises used or proposed to be used for the storage of foodgrains.

Notification No. 644 F.G., dated the 8th September, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 9th September, 1943, p. 157).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of Form A in the Second Schedule to the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor is pleased to direct that every holder of a licence under the said Order (hereinafter referred to as "the licensee")—

- (a) shall maintain separately the register of daily accounts referred to in paragraph 3 of the licence issued to the licensee in respect of the stocks kept stored at each of the godowns registered by the licensee under the directions issued under notification No. 529 F.G., dated the 4th September, 1943, as subsequently amended; and
- (b) shall furnish along with the monthly return in Form C of the said Schedule to the said Order referred to in paragraph 4 of the licence issued to the licensee a statement showing how the total stock at the end of the month mentioned by the licensee against item 4 under the head "particulars" in column 1 of the return in the said Form C is distributed between the various godowns registered by the licensee under the directions issued under notification No. 529 F.G., dated the 4th September, 1943, as subsequently amended, where stocks have been kept stored.

Explanation.—In this notification "godowns" include any premises used for the storage of foodgrains.

Notification No. 416 F.G., dated the 19th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 20th January, 1944, p. 12).

In exercise of the power conferred by paragraph 9 of Form A in the Second Schedule to the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, the Governor is pleased to direct that within a rationed area no licensee shall after the rationing date purchase any foodgrain notified to be a rationed article under clause (9) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, unless he holds a ration document and no licensee shall sell or store for sale any such article within the rationed area after the rationing date unless he is also an appointed wholesaler or an appointed retailer or an appointed establishment proprietor.

Explanation.—The expressions "rationed area", "rationing date", "appointed wholesaler", "appointed retailer" and "appointed establishment proprietor" have the same meanings as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

Notification No. 352 B.C., dated the 8th April, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 4th May, 1944, Pt. I, p. 563).

In exercise of the powers under rule 81 (2) of the Defence of India Rules, conferred upon me by the Home (Defence) Department notification No. 1470 Def., dated 10th February, 1943, I do hereby order that bricks, etc., of any kind should not be disposed of in any manner by any one whether owner or manufacturer of bricks or a dealer in bricks, without a written permit being obtained from me prior to such disposal.

2. Violation of this order will make the person liable to breach of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. 5147 Com., dated the 14th September, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 17th September, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2204).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (ii) of the Order No. L3005, dated the 21st August, 1942, of the Government of India, Department of Labour, the Governor is pleased to specify generally the Labour Commissioner, Bengal, to be the authority to which the notice of the lock out shall, in the case where a strike exists in an undertaking, be sent under the said clause.

Notification No. 3336 T., dated the 23rd May, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th May, 1945, Pt. I, p. 858).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-clause (1) of clause 3 of the Used Motor Vehicles Control Order, 1944, I hereby direct that the following amendment shall be made in the schedule appended to notification No. 2364 T., dated the 2nd May, 1944, published at page 593 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated the 11th May, 1944, namely:—

Delete serial No. 15. "Messrs. Allen Motor, Limited, 62, Hazra Road, Calcutta".

Notification No. 4080 T., dated the 26th June, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 5th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1132).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-clause (e) of clause (2) of the Civil Motor Cycles Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to appoint the Provincial Transport Commissioner, Bengal, to be the Provincial Motor Transport Controller for the purposes of the said order.

Notification No. 353T., dated the 18th January, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th January, 1946, Pt. I., p. 223).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (e) of clause 3 of the Motor Cycles Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to appoint the Provincial Transport Commissioner, Bengal, to be the Provincial Motor Transport Controller for the purposes of the said order.

Notification No. 9445D.C.S., dated the 11th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 19th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1202).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause 8 of the Footwear Control Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise all officers of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of a Preventive Officer or an Inspector to exercise the powers mentioned in sub-clauses (a), (b) and (c) of the said clause.

Notification No. 17723Er., dated the 15th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th September, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1527).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 3 of the Drugs Control Order, 1943, and in supersession of the Orders contained in this department notification No. 8907Ex., dated the 11th May, 1944, the Governor is pleased to appoint the officers mentioned in column 1 of the table below as licensing authorities having jurisdiction in the areas specified against each in column 2 of the said table for the purposes of clauses 6, 7, 8 and 14 of the said Order:—

1 Officers.	2 Areas.
(1) Commissioner of Excise, Bengal	Throughout Bengal.
(2) Deputy Commissioner of Excise, Distilleries and Warehouses, Bengal.	Ditto.
(3) Collector of Excise, Calcutta ...	Calcutta District as defined in clause (4) of section 2 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909.
(4) Collector or Additional District Magistrate stationed in the district.	In each of the other districts excluding so much of the areas as are situated within the Calcutta district as defined in clause (4) of section 2 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1909.

Notification No. 12954D.C.S., dated the 27th October, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 8th November, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1858).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause 10 of the India Woollen Goods (Control) Order, 1945, the Governor is pleased to authorise all officers of the Enforcement Division of the Department of Civil Supplies, Bengal, of and above the rank of Preventive Officer and all Police Officers under the administrative control of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, of and above the rank of Sub-Inspector and all Police Officers under the administrative control of the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, of and above the rank of Sub-Inspector to exercise the powers mentioned in sub-clauses (a) and (b) of the said clause.

Notification No. 659Com., dated the 2nd February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th February, 1946, Pt. I, p. 296).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause 40 of the Paper Control (Economy) Order, 1945, published with the Central Government notification No. 370-P.A.-(272)/45, dated the 20th December, 1945, in the *Gazette of India, Extraordinary*, of the 20th December, 1945, at pages 1103 to 1115, the Governor is pleased to empower the Special Officer, Paper Control, Bengal, to exercise throughout the whole of Bengal, excepting the Chittagong Hill-tracts, the powers mentioned in clause 40 of the said Order, and to direct with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules that notice of this Order shall be given by the publication of the same in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

Notification No. 660Com., dated the 2nd February, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 7th February, 1946, Pt. I, p. 296).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-clause (2) of clause 39 of the Paper Control (Economy) Order, 1945, read with the Central Government notification No. 370-P.A.(272)/45, dated the 20th December, 1945, published in the *Gazette of India, Extraordinary*, of the 20th December, 1945, at page 1115, the Governor is pleased to direct that the powers in respect of clauses 14, 16, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27 and 28 of the said Order referred to in clause (1) of the said notification shall also be exercised throughout the whole of Bengal except the Chittagong Hill-tracts by the Special Officer, Paper Control, Bengal, and to direct further with reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, that notice of this Order shall be given by the publication of the same in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

THE DEFENCE LEGISLATION MANUAL (BENGAL)

Part II—The Rules and Orders made under the Defence of India Rules.

Chapter XII—Transport—The Rules and Orders made by the Central Government and the Bengal Government under rules 85-89A of the Defence of India Rules.

(1) Rules and Orders made by the Central Government under Rules 85-89A of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. 1501E/Camp., dated the 26th October, 1944 (published in the "Gazette of India, Extraordinary," of the 27th October, 1944, p. 1479).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 86 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Major Ports (Dangerous Cargo) Control Order, 1944.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order,—

- (a) "Controlling authority" means, in the ports of Karachi, Bombay, Madras and Calcutta, the Principal Officer, Mercantile Marine Department ²[in the port of Cochin, the Port Officer,] and in the ports of Vizagapatam and Chittagong, the Sea Transport Officer;
- (b) "Dangerous cargo" means ammunitions, explosives, packed dangerous petroleum or any other goods classified as dangerous in Government stowage instructions;
- (c) "Government stowage instructions" means the instructions issued from time to time by the Admiralty, the Board of Trade or the Ministry of War Transport in the United Kingdom as modified or supplemented by instructions from the Government of India;
- (d) "Major port" means any of the ports of Karachi, Bombay, Cochin, Madras, Vizagapatam, Calcutta and Chittagong.

3. Without prejudice to any other law, rule or regulation relating to the loading of cargo into ships, the following provisions shall apply in the major ports whenever it is proposed to load any cargo into a ship which contains, or into which it is intended to load, dangerous cargo, and whenever it is intended to load any dangerous cargo into a ship containing any other goods whatsoever:—

(A) In the case of all commercial ships and U. S. Army transports—

- (i) before accepting any cargo for loading into a ship which contains, or into which it is intended to load, any dangerous cargo, the ship's agent responsible in the case of a commercial ship, and the Commanding Officer, U. S. Army, in the case of a U. S. Army transport, shall give notice to the controlling authority of his intention to load the cargo, together with a full description of each kind of cargo and the quantity in each case;

¹The word "Cochin" was omitted by notification No. DC-5(6), dated the 15th June, 1944.

²Inserted, *ibid.*

- (ii) whenever it is intended to load dangerous cargo ¹[which is service cargo] into a ship, the Embarkation Commandant in the case of a commercial ship, and the Commanding Officer, U. S. Army in the case of a U. S. Army transport shall, before the operation of loading is commenced, report the description (including in the case of explosives the group numbers or corresponding American classes) and the quantity of each kind of dangerous cargo which it is intended to load, to the Master of the ship or the ship's agent responsible for loading the ship's cargo, and forward a copy of the report to the controlling authority. The Master or as the case may be the ship's agent shall submit to the controlling authority the particulars so received, together with the stowage arrangements proposed;
- (iii) whenever it is intended to load dangerous cargo which is not Service cargo into a ship, the Master of the ship, or as the case may be, the ship's agent responsible for the loading shall submit direct to the controlling authority, full particulars ¹[as in sub-clause (ii)] regarding the cargo and the stowing arrangements proposed and send a copy of the report to the Embarkation Commandant;
- (iv) on receipt of the documents referred to in sub-clause (ii) or (iii) the controlling authority shall be responsible for approving the stowage arrangements in each case, and such arrangements shall be in conformity with the Government stowage instructions;
- ²(v) no dangerous cargo shall be loaded into a ship before the controlling authority has approved the stowage arrangements under sub-clause (iv);
- (vi) the Master of the ship shall be responsible for seeing that the loading is done in accordance with the stowage arrangements approved under sub-clause (iv).

(B) In the case of hired Transports operating under the orders of the Director of Sea Transport and/or Principal Sea Transport Officer (India)—

- (i) before any cargo is loaded into a ship which contains or into which it is intended to load dangerous cargo, and before any dangerous cargo is loaded into any ship, the Sea Transport Officer shall be responsible for approving the stowage arrangements and such arrangements shall be in conformity with the Government stowage instructions;
- (ii) the Sea Transport Officer shall be responsible for seeing that the loading is done in accordance with the approved stowage arrangements.

Notification No. 9-P (16)/44/(II), dated the 22nd May, 1945 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 25th May, 1945, Pt. I, p. 717).

In pursuance of rule 4, sub-rule (3) of rule 87, and sub-rule (3) of rule 87A, of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to authorise the Regional Port Director, Calcutta, for the purposes of the said rules 4, 87 and 87A.

¹Inserted by notification No. 17E/Camp., dated the 17th January, 1945.

²Substituted, *ibid*.

Notification No. M.862., dated the 7th June, 1940 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th June, 1940, Pt. 1A, p. 229).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 88 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased—

- (1) to declare that nothing in the restrictions imposed by rules 80, 86, 87, 109, 125, 127 and 128 of the Indian Explosives Rules, 1914, shall apply to the loading, unloading or conveyance, in the service of His Majesty in any railway station, or to the conveyance for purposes of defence in any goods train or military special ammunition train, of any explosives of the 6th (ammunition) class;
- (2) to make provision as follows for regulating the loading, unloading and conveyance of explosives to which clause (1) applies—
 - (i) the total quantity of explosives carried in any one wagon shall not exceed the carrying capacity of the wagon or ten tons (avoirdupois) whichever is less;
 - (ii) the maximum number of wagons carrying explosives shall not exceed—
 - (a) six when hauled by a goods train,
 - (b) thirty-seven when hauled by a military special train; and
 - (iii) the explosive shall be packed in accordance with the regulations of the Defence Services concerned.

Notification No. M.1217, dated the 21st May, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th June, 1941, Pt. 1A, p. 269).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 88 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Labour, No. M.-1217, dated the 23rd July, 1940, the Central Government is pleased to declare that the restriction imposed by clause (b) of sub-rule (3) of rule 29 of the Explosives Rules, 1940, shall not apply to the conveyance in any railway station, or in or from any railway train, of any explosives under instructions given on behalf of Government by the Chief Inspector of Explosives in India.

Notification No. E-104, dated the 19th August, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th September, 1941, Pt. 1A, p. 435.)

Whereas it appears to the Central Government to be necessary and expedient for the efficient prosecution of war and for maintaining supplies essential to the life of the community to expedite the loading and unloading of petroleum tankers:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 88 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to order that the restrictions imposed by rule 39 of the Petroleum Rules, 1937, specified in the Schedule annexed hereto shall not apply to the loading or unloading of petroleum tankers carrying dangerous petroleum, provided always that the requirements of the said rule are otherwise complied with.

The Schedule.

1. The restriction imposed by sub-rule (1) of the said rule, requiring tank ships to commence the discharge of dangerous petroleum in bulk before sunset.
2. The restriction imposed by sub-rule (2) of the said rule.

Notification No. 1474-E/Camp, dated the 7th September, 1944 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 9th September, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1195).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 88 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Labour Department, No. M-862(1), dated the 16th December, 1940, and in the War Department, No. 889, dated the 1st June, 1944, the Central Government is pleased to declare that nothing in any restriction imposed by or under any law for the time being in force shall apply to the loading, unloading, handling, storage, conveyance or importation at the Ports of Karachi, Bombay, Cochin, Madras, Vizagapatam, Calcutta or Chittagong, of explosives, ammunition, petroleum or other inflammable substances, in circumstances certified by the Naval Officer-in-Charge at the place where the Port is situated to be circumstances of grave urgency or practical necessity.

Provided that—

- (a) no such certificate shall be given unless the Naval Officer-in-Charge is satisfied that arrangements have been made for the observance of such safety precautions as may be prescribed by or under sub-rule (2) of rule 88 of the Defence of India Rules;
- (b) a copy of the certificate together with a report of the circumstances in which it was issued and of the operations involved in each case shall be despatched forthwith by the Naval Officer-in-Charge to the Chief Inspector of Explosives in India and to the Port authority concerned.

Notification No. 1475-E/Camp, dated the 7th September, 1944 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 9th September, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1195).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 88 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that until further notice the Regulations set out in the Schedule hereto annexed shall apply in the ports of Karachi, Bombay, Cochin, Madras, Vizagapatam, Calcutta or Chittagong, to the loading, unloading, handling, storage and conveyance of ammunition, explosives, petroleum or other inflammable substances to which the declaration contained in the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Labour, No. 1474E/Camp, dated the 7th September, 1944, applies.

[For Schedules see "Gazette of India" of the 9th September, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1195.]

Notification No. 1792, dated the 30th November, 1940 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 30th November, 1940, Pt. I, p. 1679).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 88A of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to declare that nothing in any restriction imposed by or under any law for the time being in force on—

- (i) the licensing of drivers of motor vehicles,
- (ii) the speed at which such vehicles may be driven at any place, or
- (iii) the driving of such vehicles at night without lights,

shall apply to, or to the driver or person in charge of, any motor vehicle which is the property of the Central Government in the Defence Department or which is otherwise in the service of His Majesty for purposes of defence.

Notification No. R80, dated the 25th June, 1944 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 8th July, 1944, Pt. I, p. 908).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 88A of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to declare that nothing in any restriction imposed by or under any law for the time being in force in relation to the driving in public places of Motor Vehicles with left hand steer control not equipped with mechanical or electrical signalling devices shall apply to any motor vehicle which is engaged on military work.

Notification No. 26-TP(32)/45, dated the 8th March, 1946 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 21st March, 1946, Pt. I A, p. 65).

Whereas in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 88A of the Defence of India Rules the Central Government was pleased to declare in the Notification of the Government of India in the late Defence Department No. 1792, dated the 30th November, 1940, that nothing in any restriction imposed by or under any law for the time being in force in relation to the matters specified in the said notification shall apply to, or to the driver or person in charge of, any motor vehicle which is the property of the Central Government in the Defence Department or which is otherwise in service of His Majesty for the purposes of defence:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the said sub-rule the Central Government is pleased to declare that with effect from the 16th March 1946, the said declaration—

- (a) shall cease to apply in relation to the licensing of drivers of motor vehicles, and
- (b) in relation to the speed at which such vehicles may be driven at any place shall apply only in respect of—
 - (i) vehicles used for the carriage of artillery;
 - (ii) vehicles used for towing artillery, while being so used;
 - (iii) vehicles constructed for the carriage of tanks;
 - (iv) armoured carriers;
 - (v) tanks.

Notification No. 9-IWT(8)-43, dated the 10th December, 1943 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 18th December, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1359).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) read with sub-rule (5) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to order that the owners of lighters plying at the port of Calcutta shall comply with any directions given from time to time by the Chairman of the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, and such directions may require the owner to use the lighters in his possession or under his control, for the conveyance of such goods at such time and by such routes as may be set forth in the directions.

THE DEFENCE LEGISLATION MANUAL (BENGAL)

Part II—The Rules and Orders made under the Defence of India Rules.

Chapter XII—Transport—The Rules and Orders made by the Central Government and the Bengal Government under rules 85-89A of the Defence of India Rules.

(2) Rules and Orders made by the Provincial Government of Bengal under Rules 85-89A of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. 9C., dated the 23rd July, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 23rd July, 1941).

Whereas it appears to the Provincial Government that it is necessary for securing the defence of British India that the following order should be made;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by rule 88A of the Defence of India Rules, read with notification No. 817-OR/2/41, dated the 7th June, 1941, issued by the Government of India, the Governor is pleased to declare that notwithstanding anything contained in notification No. 2C., dated the 31st March, 1933, issued by the Provincial Government under section 2 of the Indian Tolls Act, 1851 (VIII of 1851), all motor vehicles which are required to cross the Willingdon Bridge over the river Hooghly at Bally in the performance of duties connected with Air Raid Precautions shall be exempt from the payment of tolls leviable under the last-mentioned notification.

Notification No. 2913Pl., dated the 30th August, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 4th September, 1941, Pt. I, p. 2151).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 88A of the Defence of India Rules read with notification No. 817-OR/2/41, dated the 7th June 1941, issued by the Government of India, the Governor is pleased to declare that with effect from such date as may be notified in the *Official Gazette* in this behalf as that upon which a period of special emergency commences, nothing in any restriction imposed by or under any law for the time being in force on—

- (i) the licensing of drivers of motor vehicles,
- (ii) the speed at which such vehicles may be driven at any place,

(iii) the driving of such vehicles at night without lights, or

(iv) the number of persons carried in such vehicles,

shall apply to, or to the driver or person in charge of, the vehicles mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule below, which are engaged in the work specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 thereof:—

Schedule.

Vehicles. 1	Name of work in which engaged. 2
1. All vehicles owned or controlled by the Corporation of Calcutta and the Commissioners of any municipality in Bengal or engaged in work on behalf of such Corporation or Commissioners.	¹ [Drainage, sewage, water-supply and conservancy work including transport of refuse.]
2. All vehicles owned or controlled by Public Utility Companies supplying gas, electricity or water to the public whether owned by such Public Utility Companies or not.	Any branch of the work of such Public Utility Companies.
3. All vehicles contained in the pool of vehicles requisitioned for the purposes of civil defence by the Commissioner of Police ² [and the Corporation of Calcutta] in Calcutta and the District Magistrates elsewhere.	Any work arising out of the period of special emergency occasioned by an actual or apprehended hostile attack.
4. All vehicles ...	Air Raid Precautions work or any branch of civil defence including the construction or repair of all communications or works of public utility and the transport of personnel and supplies for such purposes.
5. All vehicles	The transport of doctors, nurses, first-aid helpers and any medical supplies or equipment.
6. All vehicles	The transport of corpses, injured persons or persons rendered homeless by enemy action.
7. All vehicles	Any work of demolition rendered necessary by enemy action.
8. All vehicles ...	The transport of foodstuffs.
9. All vehicles requisitioned under any provision of the Defence of India Rules or under any order made thereunder.	Such work as the requisitioning authority directs shall be done by such vehicles.

¹Substituted by notification No. 145 PL., dated the 14th January, 1942.

²Inserted, *ibid.*

Notification No. 2840Pl., dated the 26th August, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th August, 1941, Pt. I, p. 2075).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules the Governor is pleased to make the following order, namely:—

Order.

1. This order shall come into force on the 1st September 1941, and shall apply to the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

2. No cycle-rickshaw shall be used or plied for hire within the area to which this order applies.

Notification No. 2895Pl., dated the 28th August, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 4th September, 1941, Pt. I, p. 2151).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following order, namely:—

Order.

This order shall come into force on the 15th September 1941 and shall apply to the areas within the jurisdiction of the Howrah Municipality.

2. No cycle-rickshaw shall be used or plied within the areas to which this order applies.

Notification No. 879Pl., dated the 23rd March, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 23rd March, 1942).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules the Governor is pleased to make the following order:—

1. (a) Every owner of a motor vehicle, whose permanent address on the 25th March 1942 is different from that recorded in the certificate of registration of the vehicle, shall, on or before the 31st March 1942, report his new address to the Registering Authority of the area in which such address is situated and shall send to the said Authority the certificate of registration of the vehicle for the purpose of recording such new address. He shall also forward a copy of the report to the Registering Authority of the area in which the vehicle was originally registered.

Present address
to be reported.

The report referred to above shall specify the address at which the vehicle is normally kept if such address is different from that of the owner.

(b) If the owner's address on the 25th March 1942 remains the same as that recorded in the certificate of registration but his vehicle is normally kept at a different address, he shall on or before the 31st March 1942 report the address at which the vehicle is normally kept to the Registering Authority of the area in which that address is situated.

Future changes
of address to
be reported.

2. Where the owner of a motor vehicle changes his permanent address after the 25th March 1942, he shall within 24 hours of the change report his new address to the Registering Authority of the area in which such address is situated and shall send to the said Authority the certificate of registration of the vehicle for the purpose of recording such change of address. He shall also forward a copy of the report to the Registering Authority of the area in which the vehicle was originally registered.

The report referred to above shall specify the address at which the vehicle is normally kept if such address is different from that of the owner.

Movements of
vehicles beyond
nine days to be
reported.

3. (a) If a motor vehicle is, after the 25th March 1942, removed from the address at which it is normally kept, the owner shall immediately report its removal to the Registering Authority of the area in which such address is situated, and shall give a statement showing the probable movements of the vehicle and the probable date of its return:

Provided that no report need be sent under this clause if it is reasonably certain that the vehicle will return to its normal address within ten days.

(b) If an owner who has not sent a report in view of the proviso to sub-clause (a), finds that owing to unforeseen circumstances the vehicle will not return to the address at which it is normally kept within ten days, he shall, not later than the tenth day of its removal from such address, report the removal to the Registering Authority of the area in which such address is situated together with a statement showing the probable movements of the vehicle and the probable date of its return.

Notification No. 259 Mne., dated the 27th March, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 9th April, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1023).

Order.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules, read with sub-rule (2A) of that rule the Governor is pleased to make the following Order for the registration and licensing of country boats, namely:—

Short title,
commencement
and application.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Country Boats Registration and Licensing Order.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

(3) It shall apply in the first instance to the following areas, namely:—

the districts of Midnapore, Hooghly, Howrah, 24 Parganas, Jessore, Khulna, Bakarganj, Faridpur, Tippera, Dacca, Noakhali and Chittagong.

Extension to
other areas.

2. The Provincial Government may, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, extend this order to any other area in Bengal.

3. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,— Definitions.

- (a) "country boat" means any vessel for the conveyance by inland waterways of persons or property which is not mechanically propelled, and includes passenger boats and cargo boats;
- (b) "passenger boat" means any boat which ordinarily carries persons other than the manjhi or boatman in charge and the crew;
- (c) "Cargo boat" means any boat which ordinarily carries any kind of goods or personal property including animals;
- (d) "registering officer" means the officer in charge of the police-station within the jurisdiction of which the owner, or agent, or other person in charge, of a country boat ordinarily resides.

4. Any passenger boat capable of carrying ten or more persons or any cargo boat which plies whether regularly or occasionally, within or partly within and partly outside, the limits of the areas to which this Order applies or to which it is extended by a notification under paragraph 2 shall be registered at the police-station within the jurisdiction of which the owner, or agent or other person in charge of the boat ordinarily resides. Registration of country boat

5. The owner or agent or other person in charge of any country boat required to be registered under this Order shall apply to the officer in charge of the police-station within the jurisdiction of which such owner, agent, or other person in charge, as the case may be, ordinarily resides within three days of the publication of this Order in the area included in such police-station for the registration of such boat. Registration of country boat

6. On an application for registration of a country boat being made under paragraph 5, the registering officer shall, after inspection of the boat if necessary under paragraph 10, enter the following particulars in the register to be kept by him for the purpose:— Particulars of registration.

- (1) Register No.
- (2) Date of resignation.
- (3) Name of police-station and district.
- (4) Name and address of owner, if known.
- (5) Name and address of the agent or the person in charge.
- (6) The place where the boat is ordinarily kept.
- (7) Description of boat.

The Registering Authority shall cause the registration number of the boat and the name of the police-station where it is registered to be painted in bold type on the body of the country boat, and a certificate of registration shall be supplied to owner, agent, or other person in charge of the boat, as the case may be, by the Registering Officer.

**Transfer of
ownership.**

7. Every transfer of ownership of a country boat shall be notified to the Registering Officer in writing within three days of the transfer. Such notification shall be accompanied by the certificate of registration in respect of the boat issued under paragraph 6 for endorsement by the Registering Officer.

**License for
certain cargo
boats.**

8. No cargo boat which is 25 feet or more in length shall ply either regularly or occasionally within or partly within and partly without the limits of the areas to which this order applies or to which it is extended by notification under paragraph 2, unless a license has been obtained from the Registering Officer in respect of such boat.

**Particulars of
license of cargo
boats.**

9. On an application for a license in respect of a cargo boat referred to in paragraph 8 being made by the owner, agent, or other person in charge of such boat to the Officer in charge of the police-station in which such owner, agent or other person, as the case may be, ordinarily resides, such Officer shall, after inspection of the boat, if necessary, under paragraph 10, enter the following particulars in the register for license to be kept by him for the purpose of the licensing of such boats, namely:—

- (1) Register No. and date.
- (2) License No. and date.
- (3) Name of police-station and district.
- (4) Name and address of the owner.
- (5) Name and address of the agent or other person in charge.
- (6) The place where the cargo boat is ordinarily kept.
- (7) Description of boat.
- (8) Names and addresses of the crew on board the cargo boat.

A license shall thereafter be issued by the Registering Officer to the owner or agent or other person in charge of the cargo boat, as the case may be, who applied for such license.

**Inspection of
boats.**

10. The Registering Officer may require the owner or agent or other person in charge of the country boat who has made an application for registration under paragraph 5 or an application for license under paragraph 9 to represent the boat for inspection at such place, within the police-station of which the said officer is in charge, which the District Magistrate may, by order, appoint.

**Non-transfer-
ability of license.**

11. No license granted under this order shall be transferable.

**Licenses to be
carried by the
cargo boats.**

12. Every cargo boat when plying shall carry with it the license issued under paragraph 9 and the said license shall be produced for inspection when so required by a police officer not below the rank of a Head Constable.

Notification No. 9271Def., dated the 19th November, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 6th December, 1945, Pt. I, p. 2021).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules read with sub-rule (5) of that rule, the Governor is pleased to repeal with effect from the 1st October 1945 the Country Boats Registration and Licensing Order, published under notification No. 259-Mne., dated the 27th March 1942, at page 1023 of Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 9th April 1942:

Provided that the said order shall be deemed to continue in force for the purpose of any investigation or proceedings whether commenced before or after the said 1st October 1945, relating to any contravention of the said Order which took place before the said date.

Notification No. 931Pl., dated the 28th March, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 28th March, 1942).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following order:—

Order.

1. (1) This order may be called The Pedal Cycles (Registration) Order, 1942.

Short title,
application and
extent.

(2) It applies to all pedal bicycles and tricycles, and other pedal cycles including those which are constructed or adapted for the conveyance of goods or other articles and are on any occasion so used, save and except only those held by or on behalf of the Crown for the use of the combatant armed forces of the Crown and specifically distinguished as such.

(3) It extends to the whole of Bengal excluding the Chittagong Hill Tracts.

2. In this order unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

"District Magistrate" means, in Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, the Commissioner of Police;

"Officer-in-charge" means the officer in charge of the police-station within the jurisdiction of which the owner of the pedal cycle resides; and

"Police-stations" means, within the jurisdiction of the Calcutta Police, a police-station.

3. Every pedal cycle shall, at such time as may be fixed by an order of the District Magistrate, be produced for registration at the police-station within the jurisdiction of which the owner of the pedal cycle resides:

Pedal cycles to
be registered.

Provided that this paragraph shall not apply in respect of any pedal cycle which has been registered and to which a registration number has been assigned under the facilities for voluntary registration afforded by the Commissioner of Police,

Calcutta, in accordance with the plan published in the press on the 21st March, 1940, if such pedal cycle is, at the time when this order comes into force, still the property and in the possession of the person in whose name it was so registered.

Particulars to be furnished.

4. Upon production of the pedal cycles as required by paragraph 3 the owner thereof or his representative shall furnish to the officer-in-charge such information relative thereto as may be necessary for completion of a register in the form shown in Schedule I.

Registration plates.

5. The officer-in-charge shall thereupon assign to the pedal cycle a registration number composed of the alphabetical symbol shown in Schedule II allotted to the police-station followed by the serial number of the entry relating to the pedal cycle in the register and shall furnish to the owner of the pedal cycle a rectangular plate of metal or wood measuring four inches in length and three inches in height and painted yellow upon which the registration number is painted or stenciled in black or branded in letters and figures not less than one and a quarter inches in height and one-eighth of an inch in thickness. The plate shall have two perforations as shown in Schedule III in order to facilitate its affixation by the owner to the handle-bar of the pedal cycle:

Provided that any registration plate issued under the scheme referred to in the proviso to paragraph 3 shall, for the purposes of this order; be deemed to be a registration plate issued under this paragraph:

Provided further that if any registration plate issued or deemed to have been issued under this paragraph for any reason ceases to be in possession of the person to whom it appertains, any substitute registration plate provided by him in accordance with the description given in this paragraph shall be deemed to be a registration plate issued under this paragraph.

Special provision for dealers and stockists.

6. (1) Any dealer in, or stockist of, pedal cycles may make to the District Magistrate an application in the form shown in Schedule IV for recognition as such dealer or stockist and upon examination of his application the District Magistrate may issue to him a certificate in the form shown in Schedule V exempting him from the provisions of paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 and assigning to him a dealer's registration number.

(2) Any dealer or stockist exempted under the provisions of this paragraph shall furnish weekly on Saturday a statement in the form shown in Schedule VI reporting any transfer from or addition to his stocks and for this purpose shall maintain a stock register open to inspection by any police officer not below the rank of Sub-Inspector of Police.

Unregistered pedal cycles not to be owned or used.

7. From a date to be notified by the District Magistrate no person, not being exempted under paragraph 6, shall be in possession of any pedal cycle which has not been registered and no pedal cycle shall be used in any thoroughfare unless it bears attached to the handle-bar—

(a) the registration plate supplied in accordance with paragraph 5 : or

(b) in the case of a pedal cycle owned by a dealer or stockist exempted under paragraph 6, a plate bearing the dealer's registration number, assigned to him under that paragraph, of the same material, shape and dimensions and prepared in the same way as the registration plates referred to in paragraph 5 with the exception that the ground of the plate shall be painted red and not yellow.

8. (1) The owner of every registered pedal cycle shall within seven days give notice to the officer-in-charge of—

Registration of changes of address or ownership and of new pedal cycle.

(a) any change of residence; or

(b) any circumstances in which possession of the pedal cycle has passed from himself to any other person for a period of seven days or more; or

(c) any circumstances in which a registration plate issued under paragraph 5 ceases to be in his possession.

(2) Such notice shall include full particulars of the owner's new address or, if the ownership of the pedal cycle has changed, of the name and address of the new owner.

(3) Any person who after the commencement of this order in any manner acquires possession or ownership of a pedal cycle shall, within seven days of such acquisition, furnish to the officer-in-charge the particulars referred to in paragraph 4, and, if the pedal cycle has not previously been registered, shall produce it before the officer-in-charge for registration.

(4) The officer-in-charge shall enter the particulars furnished under this paragraph in his register in the form shown in Schedule I and if the pedal cycle is new shall assign to it a registration number in accordance with paragraph 5.

Schedule I.

(See paragraph 4.)

Register of pedal cycle registered at.....police-station.

Alphabetical symbol of police-station.....

Serial No.	Particulars of pedal cycle (enter details of description (bicycle, tricycle, etc.), purpose for which used (conveyance of goods, personal use), make and distinguishing number or marks).	Particulars of owner (enter regularly in order, details of each change of ownership).		Date of registration and supply of registration plate.	Signature of officer in charge.
		Name.	Address.		
1	2	3	4	5	6

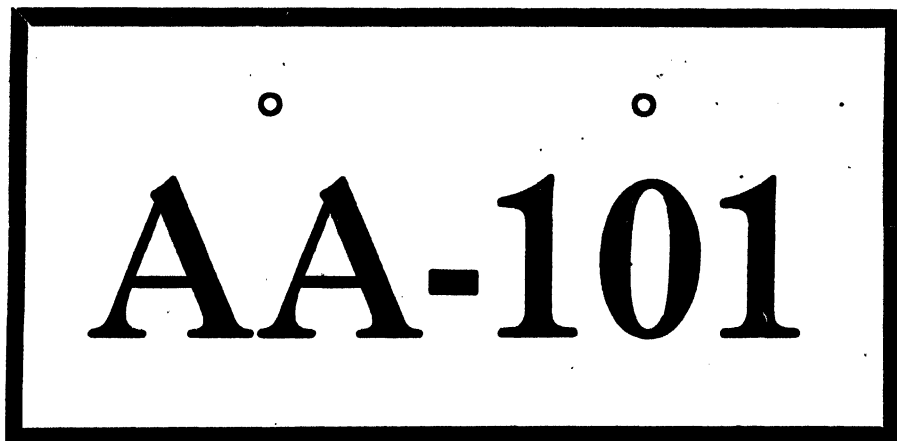
Schedule II.

[For the alphabetical symbols allotted to the different police-stations. See the Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 28th March, 1942.]

Schedule III.

(See paragraph 5.)

Illustration of registration plate showing registration number (see paragraph 5).



The plate is of metal or wood, measuring 4 inches by 3 inches and bearing the registration number in black upon a yellow ground. The letters and figures are not less than $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches in height and one-eighth inch in thickness.

Schedule IV.

(See paragraph 6.)

Form of application for registration as a dealer in or stockist of pedal cycles under the Pedal Cycles (Registration) Order, 1942.

Name of applicant.....

Address of applicant.....

Nature of applicant's business.....

	Particulars of pedal cycles dealt in—						Remarks.
	For personal use.			For conveyance of goods, etc.			
	Bicycles.	Tricycles.	Others.	Bicycles.	Tri cycles.	Others.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Average number sold annually							
Stock held at date of application.							

Declaration.

I, the undersigned applicant, hereby declare that the particulars given above are true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I apply for registration as a dealer in/stockist of pedal cycles under the Pedal Cycles (Registration) Order, 1942.

Signed.....

Date of application.....

To the District Magistrate.....

Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

Schedule V.

(See paragraph 6.)

Certificate of registration as a dealer in/stockist of pedal cycles.

This is to certify that the person described below is exempted under the provisions of paragraph 6 of the Pedal Cycles (Registration) Order, 1942, from liability to comply with the provisions of paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 of that Order and has been assigned the registration number shown below as a dealer in/stockist of pedal cycles.

Particulars of the person exempted.

Registered number.....

Name.....

Address.....

Signed.....

District Magistrate.

Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

Dated the.....

Schedule VI.

[See paragraph 6 (2).]

Weekly return for transactions in pedal cycles for the week ending Friday,
the.....submitted in accordance with the Pedal Cycles
(Registration) Order, 1942.

Name of dealer/stockist.....Registered number.....

Address.....

1	Particulars of pedal cycles.						
	For personal use.			For conveyance of goods, etc.			
	Bicycles.	Tricycles.	Others.	Bicycles.	Tricycles.	Others.	Remarks.
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1. Stock held at beginning of week.							
2. Pedal cycles acquired or added to stock during the week.							
3. Total of 1 plus 2 ..							
4. Pedal cycles disposed of during the week.							
5. Stock now in hand (3 minus 4).							

Name and address of each person from and to whom every pedal cycle received or disposed of during the week has been obtained or made over—

Description and purpose of pedal cycle acquired or added to stock.	Name and address of person from whom obtained.	Description and purpose of pedal cycle disposed of.	Name and address of person to whom made over.
1	2	1	2

I declare that the above particulars are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signed.....

Registered dealer/stockist No.....

Address.....

Date.....

Notification No. 3119Pl., dated the 29th September, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 4th October, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1626).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to repeal the Pedal Cycles (Registration) Order, 1942, published with the notification No. 931Pl., dated the 28th March 1942, at pages 85-100, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary*, of the same date:

Provided that the said Order shall be deemed to continue in force for the purpose of any investigation or proceeding, whether commenced before or after the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to any contravention of the said Order which has taken place before the said date.

Notification No. 3—S., dated the 3rd April, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 9th April, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1031).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following order:—

Order.

1. (1) This order may be called the Chittagong Hill-tracts Pedal Cycles (Registration) Order, 1942.

Short title,
application and
extent.

(2) It applies to all pedal bicycles and tricycles, and other pedal cycles including those which are constructed or adapted for the conveyance of goods or other articles and are on any occasion so used, save and except only those held by or on behalf of the Crown for the use of the combatant armed forces of the Crown and specifically distinguished as such.

(3) It extends to the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

2. In this order unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

"Deputy Commissioner" means the Deputy Commissioner of the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

"Officer-in-charge" means the officer in charge of the police-station within the jurisdiction of which the owner of the pedal cycle resides.

3. Every pedal cycle shall, at such time as may be fixed by an order of the Deputy Commissioner, be produced for registration at the police-station within the jurisdiction of which the owner of the pedal cycle resides.

Pedal cycles to
be registered.

4. Upon production of the pedal cycles as required by paragraph 3 the owner thereof or his representative shall furnish to the officer-in-charge such information relative thereto as may be necessary for completion of a register in the form shown in Schedule I.

Particulars to be
furnished.

5. The officer-in-charge shall thereupon assign to the pedal cycle a registration number composed of the alphabetical symbol shown in Schedule II allotted to the police-station followed by the serial number of the entry relating to the pedal cycle in the register and shall furnish to the owner of the pedal cycle a rectangular plate of metal or wood measuring four inches in length and three inches in height and painted yellow upon which the registration number is painted or stenciled in black or branded in letters and figures not less than one and a quarter inches in height and one-eighth of an inch in thickness. The plate shall have two perforations as shown in Schedule III in order to facilitate its affixation by the owner to the handle-bar of the pedal cycle:

Registration
plates.

Provided that if any registration plate issued under this paragraph for any reason ceases to be in possession of the person to whom it appertains, any substitute registration plate provided by him in accordance with the description given in this paragraph shall be deemed to be a registration plate issued under this paragraph.

Special provision
for dealers and
stockists.

6. (1) Any dealer in, or stockist of, pedal cycles may make to the Deputy Commissioner an application in the form shown in Schedule IV for recognition as such dealer or stockist and upon examination of his application the Deputy Commissioner may issued to him a certificate in the form shown in Schedule V exempting him from the provisions of paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 and assigning to him a dealer's registration number.

(2) Any dealer or stockist exempted under the provisions of this paragraph shall furnish weekly on Saturday a statement in the form shown in Schedule VI reporting any transfer from or addition to his stocks and for this purpose shall maintain a stock register open to inspection by any police officer not below the rank of Assistant Sub-Inspector of Police.

Unregistered
pedal cycles not
to be owned or
used.

7. From a date to be notified by the Deputy Commissioner no person, not being exempted under paragraph 6, shall be in possession of any pedal cycle which has not been registered and no pedal cycle shall be used in any thoroughfare unless it bears attached to the handle-bar—

- (a) the registration plate supplied in accordance with paragraph 5; or
- (b) in the case of a pedal cycle owned by a dealer or stockist exempted under paragraph 6, a plate bearing the dealer's registration number, assigned to him under that paragraph, of the same material, shape and dimensions and prepared in the same way as the registration plates referred to in paragraph 5 with the exception that the ground of the plate shall be painted red and not yellow.

Registration of
change of
address or owner-
ship and of new
pedal cycle.

8. (1) The owner of every registered pedal cycle shall within seven days give notice to the officer-in-charge, of—

- (a) any change of residence; or
- (b) any circumstances in which possession of the pedal cycle has passed from himself to any other person for a period of seven days or more; or
- (c) any circumstances in which a registration plate issued under paragraph 5 ceases to be in his possession.

(2) Such notice shall include full particulars of the owner's new address or, if the ownership of the pedal cycle has changed, of the name and address of the new owner.

(3) Any person who after the commencement of this order in any manner acquires possession or ownership of a pedal cycle shall, within seven days of such acquisition, furnish to the officer-in-charge the particulars referred to in paragraph 4 and, if the pedal cycle has not previously been registered, shall also produce it before the officer-in-charge for registration.

(4) The officer-in-charge shall enter the particulars furnished under this paragraph in his register in the form shown in Schedule I and if the pedal cycle is new shall assign to it a registration number in accordance with paragraph 5.

Schedule I.

(See paragraph 4.)

Register of pedal cycles registered at...
Police-station.

Alphabetical symbol of police-station.

Serial No.	Particulars of pedal cycle (enter details of description (bicycle, tricycle, etc.), purpose for which used (conveyance of goods, personal use), make and distinguishing number or marks).	Particulars of owner (enter regularly in order, details of each change of ownership).		Date of registration and supply of registration plate.	Signature of officer in charge.
		Name.	Address.		
1	2	3	4	5	6

SCHEDULE II.

B: Registration letters with corresponding police-stations.

(See paragraph 5.)

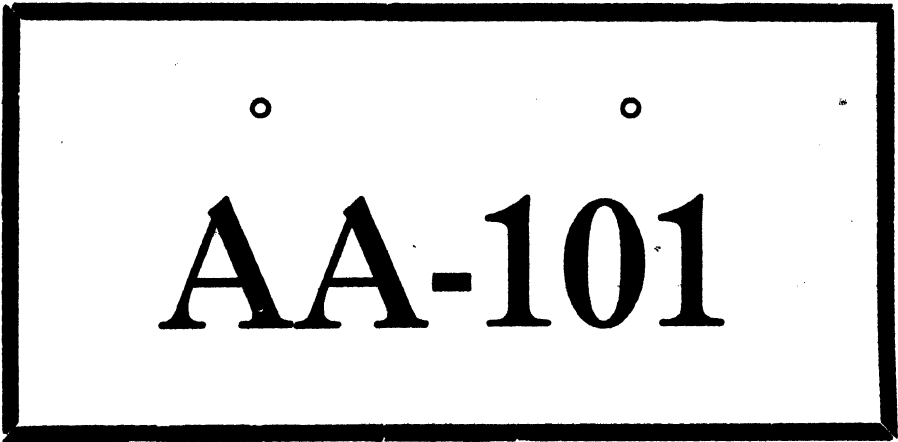
Police-stations with Registration Letters.

Alphabetical Name of Police-Station symbol. or Section.

Name of Police-Station or Section.	Alphabetical symbol.	District Chittagong Hill-tracts.	
District Chittagong Hill-tracts.		WO	Kotwali (Rangamati).
Kotwali (Rangamati)	WO	WP	Chandraghona.
Chandraghona *	WP	WQ	Barkal.
Barkal	WQ	WR	Langadu.
Langadu	WR	WS	Dighinala.
Dighinala	WS	WT	Banderban.
Banderban	WT	WU	Ruma.
Ruma	WU	WV	Lama.
Lama	WV	WW	Nakhyongchari.
Nakhyongchari	WW	WX	Ramgarh.
Ramgarh	WX	WY	Mahalchhari.
Mahalchhari	WY	WZ	....

Schedule III.

Illustration of registration plate showing registration number (see paragraph 5).



The plate is of metal or wood, measuring 4 inches by 3 inches and bearing the registration number in black upon a yellow ground. The letters and figures are not less than $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches in height and one-eighth inch in thickness.

Schedule IV.

(See paragraph 6.)

Form of application for registration as a dealer in or stockist of pedal cycles under the Pedal Cycles (Registration) Order, 1942.

Name of applicant.....

Address of applicant.....

Nature of applicant's business.....

	Particulars of pedal cycles dealt in—						Remarks.
	For personal use.			For conveyance of goods, etc.			
	Bicycles.	Tricycles.	Others.	Bicycles.	Tricycles.	Others.	
	2	3	4	5	6	7		8
Average number sold annually.							
Stock held at date of application.							

Declaration.

I, the undersigned applicant, hereby declare that the particulars given above are true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I apply for registration as a dealer in/stockist of pedal cycles under the Pedal Cycles (Registration) Order, 1942.

Signed.....

Date of application.

To the Deputy Commissioner.

Schedule V.

(See paragraph 6.)

Certificate of registration as a dealer in/stockist of pedal cycles.

This is to certify that the person described below is exempted under the provisions of paragraph 6 of the Pedal Cycles (Registration) Order, 1942, from liability to comply with the provisions of paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 of that Order and has been assigned the registration number shown below as a dealer in/stockist of pedal cycles.

Particulars of the person exempted.....

Registered number.....

Name.....

Address

Signed.....

Deputy Commissioner.....

Dated the.....

Schedule VI.

[See paragraph 6 (2).]

Weekly return of transactions in pedal cycles for the week ending Friday, the.....submitted in accordance with the Pedal Cycles (Registration) Order, 1942.

Name of dealer/stockist.....Registered number.....

Address.....

	Particulars of pedal cycles.						
	For personal use.			For conveyance of goods, etc.			
	Bicycles.	Tricycles.	Others.	Bicycles.	Tricycles.	Others.	Remarks.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Stock held at beginning of week.							
2. Pedal cycles acquired or added to stock during the week.							
3. Total of 1 plus 2 ..							
4. Pedal cycles disposed of during the week.							
5. Stock now in hand (3 minus 4).							

Name and address of each person from and to whom every pedal cycle received or disposed of during the week has been obtained or made over—

Description and purpose of pedal cycle acquired or added to stock.	Name and address of person from whom obtained.	Description and purpose of pedal cycle disposed of.	Name and address of person to whom made over.
1	2	1	2

I declare that the above particulars are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signed.....

Registered dealer/stockist No.....

Address.....

Date.....

Notification No. 6932S., dated the 7th January, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th January, 1946, Pt. I, p. 55).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to repeal the Chittagong Hill-tracts Pedal Cycles (Registration) Order, 1942, published with notification No. 33, dated the 3rd April 1942, at pages 1031-1035, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 9th April 1942:

Provided that the said Order shall be deemed to continue in force for the purpose of any investigation or proceeding whether commenced before or after the date of publication of this notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* relating to any contravention of the said Order which has taken place before the said date.

II. With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is further pleased to direct that notice of this Order shall be given by the publication of this Order in the *Calcutta Gazette* and by the issue of a Press Note summarising and explaining its provisions.

Notification No. 11-S., dated the 9th April, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 16th April, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1077).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules, read with sub-rule (2A) of that rule, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order for the registration and licensing of country boats, namely:—

Order.

Short title,
commencement
and application.

1. (1) This Order may be called the Country Boats Registration and Licensing Order.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

(3) It shall apply to the Chittagong Hill Tracts.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,— **Definitions.**

- (a) "country boat" means any vessel for the conveyance by inland waterways of persons or property which is not mechanically propelled and include passenger boats and cargo boats;
- (b) "passenger boat" means any boat which ordinarily carries persons other than the *manjhi* or boatman in charge and the crew;
- (c) "cargo boat" means any boat which ordinarily carries any kind of goods or personal property including animals;
- (d) "Registering Officer" means the officer in charge of the police-station within the jurisdiction of which the owner, or agent, or other person in charge, of a country boat ordinarily resides.

3. Any passenger boat capable of carrying ten or more persons or any cargo boat which plies, whether regularly or occasionally, within, or partly within and partly outside, the limits of the areas to which this Order applies shall be registered at the police-station within the jurisdiction of which the owner, or agent or other person in charge of the boat ordinarily resides. **Registration of country boats.**

4. The owner or agent or other person in charge of any country boat required to be registered under this Order shall apply to the officer-in-charge of the police-station within the jurisdiction of which such owner, agent, or other person in charge, as the case may be, ordinarily resides within three days of the publication of this Order in the area included in such police-station for the registration of such boat. **Registration of country boats.**

5. On an application for registration of a country boat being made under paragraph 4 the Registering Officer shall, after inspection of the boat if necessary under paragraph 9, enter the following particulars in the register to be kept by him for the purpose:— **Particulars of registration.**

- (1) Register No.
- (2) Date of registration.
- (3) Name of police-station and district.
- (4) Name and address of owner, if known.
- (5) Name and address of the agent or the person in charge.
- (6) The place where the boat is ordinarily kept.
- (7) Description of boat.

The Registering Officer shall cause the registration number of the boat and the name of the police-station where it is registered to be painted in bold type on the body of the country boat and a certificate of registration shall be supplied to the owner, agent, or other person in charge of the boat as the case may be, by the Registering Officer.

Transfer of
ownership.

6. Every transfer of ownership of a country boat shall be notified to the Registering Officer in writing within three days of the transfer. Such notification shall be accompanied by the certificate of registration in respect of the boat issued under paragraph 5 for endorsement by the Registering Officer.

License for
certain cargo
boats.

7. No cargo boat which is of 25 feet or more in length shall ply either regularly or occasionally within or partly within and partly without the limits of the areas to which this Order applies unless a license has been obtained from the Registering Officer in respect of such boat.

Particulars of
license of cargo
boats.

8. On an application for a license in respect of a cargo boat referred to in paragraph 7 being made by the owner, agent, or other person in charge of such boat to the Officer-in-charge of the police-station in which such owner, agent or other person, as the case may be, ordinarily resides, such Officer, shall, after inspection of the boat, if necessary, under paragraph 9, enter the following particulars in the register for license to be kept by him for the purpose of the licensing of such boats, namely:—

- (1) Register No. and date.
- (2) License No. and date.
- (3) Name of police-station.
- (4) Name and address of the owner.
- (5) Name and address of the agent or other person in charge.
- (6) The place where the cargo boat is ordinarily kept.
- (7) Description of boat.
- (8) Names and addresses of the crew on board the cargo boat.

A license shall thereafter be issued by the Registering Officer to the owner or agent or other person in charge of the cargo boat, as the case may be, who applied for such license.

Notification No. 1202Pl., dated the 11th April, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 16th April, 1942, Pt. I, p. 1053).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to order that no person shall remove any transport vehicle from the areas mentioned in the Schedule below without a special permit from—

- (a) in the case of any area in Calcutta, the Military Officer Commanding the Calcutta area or the Commissioner of Police, and
- (b) in the case of any other area, the District Magistrate.

Explanation.—In this notification—

- (a) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866, and the Port of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 5 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908;

- (ii) "transport vehicle" has the same meaning as in the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939 (IV of 1939), but does not include a transport vehicle held by or on behalf of the Crown for any purpose of the combatant armed forces of the Crown.

The Schedule.

- (1) Calcutta;
- (2) The whole of Barrackpore subdivision, Tollygunge, Behala, Metiabruz, Maheshtolla and Budge Budge police-stations in the district of 24-Parganas;
- (3) Magra, Chinsurah, Bhadreswar, Serampore, and Uttarpara police-stations in the district of Hooghly;
- (4) Uluberia, Bauria, Sankrail, Howrah, Golabari, Sibpur, Bally, Malipanchghora, Jagacha and Bantra police-stations in the district of Howrah.

Notification No. 165T., dated the 17th November, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 19th November, 1942, Pt. I, p. 2575).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules, read with sub-rule (5) of that rule, the Governor is hereby pleased to make the following order:—

Order.

1. (a) This order may be called the Calcutta Canals Traffic (Control) Order, 1942.

(b) It shall come into force on the 19th November 1942.

2. (1) No vessel carrying a cargo of jute shall be made fast to either bank of the Calcutta canals or kept stationary in such canals for the purpose of discharging jute within the reaches specified below:—

(i) in the Circular Canal, between the Chitpore lock and the Ultadingi bridge,

(ii) in the New Cut Canal, between its junction with the Circular Canal near the Ghuznavi bridge and the Dakhindari bridge.

(2) No person shall discharge, or permit the discharge of, jute from any vessel within the limits of the reaches specified in sub-paragraph (1):

1*

Explanation.—In this paragraph, the expression "Calcutta canals" has the same meaning as in the rules made under the Canals Act, 1864 (Bengal Act V of 1864).

²2A. (1) The Provincial Transport Controller, Bengal, may, at his discretion, exempt any vessel or class of vessels from the provisions of paragraph 2, subject to such conditions as he thinks fit to impose.

(2) No person shall discharge, or permit the discharge of, jute from any vessel or class of vessels exempted under sub-paragraph (1) within the limits of the reaches specified in sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 2 in contravention of the conditions on which exemption has been granted.

3. (1) Every toll-ticket granted under the rules made under the Canals Act, 1864, to a vessel carrying a cargo of jute shall bear an endorsement by

*Omitted by notification No. 281T., dated the 4th December, 1942.

Inserted by notification No. 2817, dated the 4th December, 1942.

the person authorized to collect tolls or such other persons as may be authorized in this behalf by the Provincial Transport Controller, Bengal, specifying—

(a) the Registration No. of the vessel (if any),

(b) the period during which the vessel will be permitted to remain within the following reaches—

(i) Circular Canal, between the Chitpore toll station and Dhappa lock,

(ii) New Cut Canal, between the junction with the Circular Canal at Ultadingi and the Dhappa lock,

(iii) Kristopur Canal, between the Kristopur toll station and the junction of the Kristopur Canal with the New Cut Canal at the Dakhindari bridge, and

(c) such other particulars as may be specified in this behalf from time to time by the Provincial Transport Controller, Bengal.

(2) The period referred to in sub-paragraph (1) shall be fixed as follows:—

Two days for the journey both ways to and from the toll station plus one day for every 250 maunds or part thereof of the maundage of the vessel as assessed for the payment of toll-charges.

(3) No serang, manjee or other person in charge of a vessel shall keep his vessel in the reaches of the canal specified in clause (b) of sub-paragraph (1) after the expiry of the period endorsed on his toll-ticket under the provisions of that sub-paragraph.

(4) Every vessel bearing a cargo of jute intended to be discharged in the river Hooghly shall obtain a further endorsement on his toll-ticket from the person in charge of the Chitpore Toll Station bearing the date on which the vessel passes that toll station into the river Hooghly whereupon the restriction imposed under sub-paragraph (3) shall cease to have effect during the return journey.

4. The serang, manjee, or other person in charge of every vessel entering the canals shall produce his toll-ticket granted under the rules made under the Canals Act, 1864, on demand by any Police Officer not below the rank of Sub-Inspector or any person authorized to collect tolls under the said rules or by any officer to whom such person is subordinate or by such other person as may be authorized by the Provincial Transport Controller, Bengal, in this behalf and every such ticket shall be surrendered to the authority which granted it at the time of passing the toll station of issue on the return journey.

5. The maximum number of vessels to be permitted to enter the canal through the Kristopur and Chitpore toll stations shall not exceed 250 per day in each case.

Notification No. 433T., dated the 31st December, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 31st December, 1942).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (i) of sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of the Government of Bengal, Home (Police) Department, notification No. 4386Pl., dated the 18th September, 1942, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. This Order shall come into force on the 1st day of January 1943.

2. No person shall use a motor vehicle, and no person owning or having charge of or control over a motor vehicle, shall permit the use of such motor vehicle, in any place within the province of Bengal unless a special permit authorising its use on the road has been issued in respect of the motor vehicle by the Area Rationing Authority having jurisdiction in respect of such vehicle to issue coupons under the Motor Spirit Rationing Order, 1941, and unless the special permit so issued is carried on the motor vehicle when such vehicle is being used.

3. Nothing in this Order shall apply to a motor vehicle employed by the Central or the Provincial Government in or in the maintenance of His Majesty's Forces or for defence or internal security purposes or required by any railway administration for purposes other than the supply to the public of facilities for the carriage of goods or passengers or to a motor vehicle specially exempted from the provisions of this Order by the Provincial Government.

4. In this Order, the expressions "Area Rationing Authority", "coupon" and "motor vehicle" have the same meanings as in the Motor Spirit Rationing Order, 1941.

5. Permits granted under the Government of Bengal, Home (Police) Department, notification No. 4386Pl., dated the 18th September, 1942, which were valid on the 31st December, 1942, shall be deemed to have been granted under this Order.

Notification No. 9824G., dated Darjeeling, the 13th December, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 21st December, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1535).

Whereas in my opinion it is necessary and expedient for securing the defence of British India and the public safety to provide for traffic signs prohibiting the use of certain roads by motor vehicles;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred on me under rule 89 (2) of the Defence of India Rules, read with Government notification No. 3650P., dated 6th April 1942, I make the following order in relation to road transport in the district of Darjeeling, namely:—

- (a) That no motor vehicle shall operate on a road which is not open to such vehicle. Traffic signs have been posted within the limits of the Darjeeling Municipality clearly indicating which roads are closed to motor vehicles.
- (b) If any person contravenes the provision of this order, he shall be liable for prosecution under rule 89 (6) of the Defence of India Rules which provides a punishment with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine or with both.

Notification No. 4447T., dated the 1st August, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th August, 1944, Pt. I, p. 993).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (e) of sub-rule (2) of rule 89 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of Order No. 1798T., dated the 3rd August 1943, the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (a) of rule 179 of the Bengal Motor Vehicles Rules, 1940, the tariff chargeable under that sub-rule in respect of motor cabs registered in Calcutta under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939, on each occasion of hiring such a cab for road transport shall, with effect from the 15th day of August 1944, be one rupee for the first mile or part thereof and two annas for every one-sixth of each subsequent mile.

2. In this Order—

- (a) "motor cab" has the same meaning as in clause (15) of section 2 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939;
- (b) "Calcutta" means the town of Calcutta as defined in section 3 of the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, together with the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866.

Notification No. 2680Pl., dated the 15th August, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 23rd August, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1379).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 89A of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to specify the Calcutta Dock Area lying within the boundaries mentioned in the Schedule hereto annexed to be the locality in which the provisions of the said rule shall apply.

The Schedule.

Northern boundary—North line of and including Watgunj Street.

Eastern boundary—East line of and including Circular Garden Reach Road.

Southern boundary—South line of and including Nimak Mohal Road.

Western boundary—West line of and including Garden Reach Road.

THE DEFENCE LEGISLATION MANUAL (BENGAL)

Part II—The Rules and Orders made under the Defence of India Rules.

Chapter XIII—Financial Provisions—The Rules and Orders made by the Central Government and the Bengal Government under rules 90-96 of the Defence of India Rules.

(1) Rules and Orders made by the Central Government under rules 90-96 of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. F. 4(5)-F/43, dated the 7th December, 1943 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 11th December, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1323).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 93A of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department No. D-11367-F., dated the 2nd September, 1942, the Central Government hereby notifies that the minimum prices of the undermentioned Government securities shall be as follows:—

Description of Government Security.				Minimum price.		
				Rs.	a.	p.
3	per cent. Defence Bonds, 1946	..	..	101	0	0
3½	per cent. Loan, 1947-50	..	..	101	8	0
2½	per cent. Loan, 1948-52	..	..	98	0	0
4	per cent. Loan, 1948-53	..	..	104	8	0
3	per cent. Loan, 1949-52	..	..	99	8	0
4½	per cent. Loan, 1950-55	..	..	108	8	0
3	per cent. Loan, 1951-54	..	..	98	8	0
3	per cent. Loan, 1953-55	..	..	98	0	0
3½	per cent. Loan, 1954-59	..	..	103	0	0
4½	per cent. Loan, 1955-60	..	..	112	8	0
4½	per cent. Loan, 1958-68	..	..	113	8	0
4	per cent. Loan, 1960-70	..	..	108	8	0
3	per cent. Loan, 1963-65	..	..	95	0	0
3	per cent. Loan, 1966-68	..	..	95	0	0
3	per cent. Non-terminable Loan	..	..	80	8	0
3½	per cent. Non-terminable Loan	..	..	94	0	0
4	per cent. Punjab Loan, 1948	..	..	103	8	0
3	per cent. Punjab Loan, 1949	..	..	98	0	0
3	per cent. Central Provinces and Berar Loan, 1949	..	..	98	0	0
3	per cent. Punjab Loan, 1952	..	..	96	0	0
3	per cent. United Provinces Loan, 1952	..	..	96	0	0
3	per cent. Central Provinces and Berar Loan, 1952	..	..	96	0	0
3	per cent. Madras Loan, 1952	..	..	96	0	0
3	per cent. Assam Loan, 1952	..	..	96	0	0
3	per cent. North-West Frontier Province Loan, 1952	..	..	96	0	0

Description of Government Security.

Minimum price.

			Rs.	a.	p.
3	per cent. Madras Loan, 1953	.. ..	96	0	0
3	per cent. Punjab Loan, 1955	.. ..	95	0	0
3	per cent. Central Provinces and Berar Loan, 1955		95	0	0
3	per cent. Madras Loan, 1955	.. ..	95	0	0
3	per cent. Bombay Loan, 1955	.. ..	95	0	0
3	per cent. Punjab Loan, 1956	.. ..	95	0	0
3	per cent. Central Provinces and Berar Loan, 1956		95	0	0
3	per cent. Madras Loan, 1956	.. ..	95	0	0
3	per cent. Bombay Loan, 1956	.. ..	95	0	0
3	per cent. Punjab Loan, 1958	.. ..	92	0	0
3	per cent. Madras Loan, 1959	.. ..	92	0	0
3	per cent. United Provinces Loan, 1961-66	.. ..	88	0	0
3	per cent. Bombay Loan, 1958	.. ..	94	0	0
3	per cent. Central Provinces and Berar Loan, 1958		94	0	0
3	per cent. Madras Loan, 1958	.. ..	94	0	0
3	per cent. Punjab Bonds, 1958	.. ..	94	0	0
3	per cent. United Provinces Loan, 1958	.. ..	94	0	0
3	per cent. Sind Government Loan, 1958	.. ..	94	0	0

Notification No. D. 926-B/41, dated the 8th February, 1941 (published in the "Gazette of India, Extraordinary" of the 8th February, 1941, P. 144).

Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is expedient for the purpose of strengthening its financial position to transfer to itself certain foreign securities.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 94 of the Defence of India Rules the Central Government is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

All securities of the descriptions specified in the first column of the Schedule hereto annexed, other than those to which the provisions of the said rule do not apply by virtue of sub-rule (6) thereof, are hereby transferred to the Central Government at the prices specified in the corresponding entries in the second column of the said Schedule.

Schedule.*Description and acquisition price of securities.*

Description of securities.			Price per security of £100 nominal.		
(Column 1).			(Column 2).		
			Rs.	a.	
5	per cent. India Stock, 1942-47	.. ..	1,397	11	
4½	per cent. India Stock, 1950-55	.. ..	1,467	14	
4½	per cent. India Stock, 1958-68	.. ..	1,504	11	
4	per cent. India Stock, 1948-53	.. ..	1,421	1	
3½	per cent. India Stock, 1954-59	.. ..	1,370	14	
3	per cent. India Stock, 1949-52	.. ..	1,330	12	

Notification No. F.4(9)-F/43, dated the 14th December, 1943 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 18th December, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1352).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 94 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the order published with the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department No. F.4(22)-F./40, dated the 10th March 1941, shall cease to have effect from the 31st December 1943, except as respects things done or omitted to be done under the said order before the date last mentioned.

Notification No. F.14(1)-ECI/45, dated the 5th December, 1945 (published in the "Gazette of India, Extraordinary" of the 8th December, 1945, p. 1050).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (9) of rule 94A of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of the Exemption Order, No. F. 14(8)ECI/44, dated the 20th August 1945, the Central Government is pleased to grant exemption from the provisions of the said Rule, as follows, namely:—

- (a) from the provisions of sub-clause (i) of clause (a) of sub-rule (2), and of sub-rule (4) and sub-rule (7)—
 - (i) the issue and acceptance of securities other than debentures being an issue made by a person in the ordinary course of his business and solely for the purposes of that business to another person carrying on the business of banking or to such other person's nominee in respect of advances or over-drafts from time to time granted or to be granted by such other person; and
 - (ii) charges made under mining leases by the lessees in favour of the lessors charging the assets of a company for the due payment of rents and royalties reserved by the instrument of lease;
- (b) from the provisions of sub-rule (5) in so far as such provisions relate to any document publicly offering for sale—
 - (i) any security issued in British India before the 17th May 1943, and
 - (ii) any security issued outside British India before that date being a security of a class of which no further issue has been made after that date by or on behalf of the same company without the consent or recognition of the Central Government;
- (c) from all the provisions of the said Rule—
 - the issue of securities by any company not being a banking company or an insurance company or a provident society incorporated as a company, and all transactions relating to securities so issued, provided that the value of the consideration involved in such issue together with the value of the consideration involved in any previous issue of securities, not being an issue covered by clause (a) of this Order, made by such company within the twelve months next preceding such issue shall not exceed in all five lakhs of rupees;

In this clause the expression "the consideration involved" means, in the case of securities without a nominal value, the amount to be raised by the issue of the securities and, in the case of securities with a nominal value, the sum of the total nominal value and of any premium entrance fee or other payment which the person subscribing to the securities may be called upon to pay;

(d) from the provisions of sub-rule (8)—

- (i) securities the issue of which has involved a contravention of sub-rule (2), sub-rule (4) or sub-rule (5) if such contravention has been condoned under the provisions of sub-rule (6);
- (ii) any security transferred by the operation of the law of inheritance or succession or by the decree of a competent court.

In this Order the expressions “securities”, “banking company”, “insurance company” and “provident society” shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them by clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 94A of the Defence of India Rules, section 277F of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, clause (8) of section 2 of the Insurance Act, 1938, and sub-section (1) of section 65 of the Insurance Act, 1938.

Notification No. CG. 611/12, dated the 12th August, 1943 (published in the “Calcutta Gazette” of the 2nd September, 1943, Pt. IA, p. 287).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 94B of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to prohibit the making of advances of money to any person on the security of any foodgrain as defined in clause 2 of the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, unless—

- (a) that person is the holder of a license issued or deemed to be issued under the said Order, or
- (b) the advance is to be made to that person on the security of foodgrain produced by himself or his tenant.

Notification No. F.6(63)-F/I/45, dated the 26th May, 1945 (published in the “Gazette of India” of the 26th May, 1945, Pt. I, p. 608).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (F) of rule 94B of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that every banking company carrying on business in British India which has made advances of money on the security of bullion shall furnish to the Reserve Bank of India such information relating to those advances of money as may from time to time be required by the said Bank.

THE DEFENCE LEGISLATION MANUAL (BENGAL)

Part II—The Rules and Orders made under the Defence of India Rules.

Chapter XIII—Financial Provisions—The Rules and Orders made by the Central Government and the Bengal Government under rules 90-96 of the Defence of India Rules.

(2) Rules and Orders made by the Provincial Government of Bengal under rules 90-96 of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. 4309P., dated the 19th July, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th July, 1941, Pt. I, p. 1812).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 96 of the Defence of India Rules the Governor is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

Order.

1. In this order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "Collector" means—

(i) in the case where the property in respect of which compensation is claimed is, at the time when the right to such compensation accrues, situated within the town of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Police Act, 1866, or the suburbs of Calcutta as defined by notification under section 1 of the Calcutta Suburban Police Act, 1866,—the 1st Land Acquisition Collector, Calcutta, and

(ii) in the case where such property is, at the time when the right to such compensation accrues, situated elsewhere,—the Collector of the district in which such property is at such time situated, and includes any other person appointed by the Provincial Government to exercise the powers of a Collector under this Order.

(b) "compensation" means the compensation payable under rule 96 of the Rules;

(c) "Rules" means the Defence of India Rules.

2. Every claim for compensation shall be made in writing and shall be presented to the Collector as soon as possible after the right to compensation accrues.

3. Where the amount of compensation in respect of any property removed, destroyed, rendered useless, used ¹[requisitioned or acquired] by, or otherwise placed at the disposal or under the control of the Provincial Government by an order under rules 49, ¹[66, 76, 78, 79 and 80] of the Rules, as the case may be, has been agreed upon between the Provincial Government and the owner of the said property and such agreement has been reached on the basis of a condition that the said property is to be

¹Substituted by notification No. 699P., dated the 20th January, 1942.

restored to such owner in a specified state of repair, any claim for further compensation on the ground that the said property is not returned in the state of repair agreed upon shall be made in writing and shall be presented to the Collector as soon as possible after the said property is restored to such owner.

4. Every claim made under paragraphs 2 and 3 of this order shall state *inter alia*—

- (a) how the claim has arisen,
- (b) the amount of compensation claimed, and
- (c) the reasons for claiming such an amount.

5. Where no agreement as to the amount of compensation payable is reached between the Provincial Government and the owner of any property in respect of which compensation is claimed, the Provincial Government shall appoint as arbitrator a person having expert knowledge of matters such as those in dispute and the said person shall determine, subject to the provisions of paragraphs 6 and 7 of this order and having regard to the circumstances of the case, the amount of compensation, if any, payable to such owner and shall make an award in writing which shall be final in respect of such claim.

6. In determining the amount of compensation regard shall be had to any actual pecuniary loss suffered by the owner of the property in respect of which compensation is claimed which is directly attributable to the operation of the order made under rules 49, ¹[66, 76, 78, 79 and 80] of the Rules, as the case may be, which has occasioned the accrual of a right to such compensation and to any special services rendered by such owner to the Provincial Government in the particular case or any expenses incurred by such owner in complying with such order.

7. The arbitrator appointed under paragraph 5 to determine the compensation, if any, payable in respect of any particular claim shall before making his award thereon give an opportunity to the Collector to make any representation the Collector may deem fit to make in respect of such claim. A claimant shall be heard in person, or by pleader if he so desires, and evidence may be taken if the arbitrator considers it necessary.

¹Substituted by notification No. 699P., dated the 20th January, 1942.

THE DEFENCE LEGISLATION MANUAL (BENGAL)

Part II—The Rules and Orders made under the Defence of India Rules.

Chapter XIV—Control of Trading with Enemy—The Rules and Orders made by the Central Government and the Bengal Government under rules 97-102 of the Defence of India Rules.

The Rules and Orders made by the Central Government under rules 97-102 of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. 30-DC (2)45, dated the 24th March, 1945 (published in the "Gazette of India, Extraordinary" of the 24th March, 1945, p. 213).

In pursuance of clause (d) of rule 97 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Defence Department No. 30DC/10E/44, dated the 18th September, 1944, the Central Government is pleased to declare each of the persons or bodies of persons specified in the Schedule hereto annexed to be an enemy for the purposes of Part XV of the said Rules.

2. This notification shall take effect from the 24th March, 1945.

Schedule.

(See "Gazette of India, Extraordinary", dated the 24th March, 1945, page 213.)

Notification No. 194(1)-E.T./41, dated the 11th March, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th April, 1941, Pt. I A, p. 196).

In pursuance of clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. This Order may be called the Enemy (Shipping Claims) Order, 1941.

2. In this Order the expressions "enemy" and "enemy territory" have the meanings respectively assigned to them in rules 97 and 2 of the Defence of India Rules.

3. C. W. Bateson, Esquire, of Messrs. Thomas Cooper and Company, London, J. W. Boyle, Esquire, of the Asiatic Petroleum Company, Limited, and Henry Morgan, Esquire, of Morgan Brothers and Company, London, or any one or more of them, or their agents in India, Messrs. Mackinnon and Mackenzie, Calcutta, are hereby authorised to take, on the instructions and in the names and on behalf of the persons beneficially interested, such steps and proceedings as they may consider desirable for the purpose of:—

(a) obtaining possession of any cargo lying in a ship at a port in any country not being enemy territory, other than cargo in a ship owned by a person who was an enemy prior to the 9th day of April, 1940:

- (b) enforcing and obtaining payment of any claim (other than a claim to the possession of cargo lying in a ship owned by a person who was an enemy prior to the 9th day of April, 1940) against any ship owned or chartered by an enemy, or against the owner, charterer, master or agent of any such ship; or
- (c) resisting any claim made by the owner, charterer, master or agent of any ship owned or chartered by an enemy;

provided that, without an authority given generally or specially in that behalf by the Central Government; (a) no payment shall be made to or for the benefit of any enemy, and (b) no compromise shall be made of any claim against an enemy on receiving payment of less than the full amount of the claim.

Notification No. 102(18)-E.T.(B)/41, dated the 1st August, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 21st August, 1941, Pt. I A, p. 421).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit all commercial and financial dealing with any person or body of persons (whether corporate or unincorporate) carrying on business in the territories formerly known as Italian East Africa.

Notification No. 233-Ind. (7)/41, dated the 4th October, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th November, 1941, Pt. I A, p. 585).

In pursuance of clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98, and sub-rule (3) of rule 104 of the Defence of India Rules, 1939, the Central Government is hereby pleased to authorise—

- (1) the payment on behalf of any person, not being an enemy, of any fees necessary for obtaining the renewal of patents in enemy territory, and the payment to enemies of their charges and expenses in relation to the matter aforesaid;
- (2) the payment on behalf of an enemy of any fees payable on renewal of the grant of patents in any country, not being enemy or neutral territory, and the payment on behalf of an enemy to persons not being enemies, of their charges and expenses, in relation to the matter aforesaid, and the receipt of payments from an enemy in relation to the matter aforesaid:

Provided always that any payment on behalf of an enemy under this paragraph, unless it is made by a person who has an interest in or under the patent in question, may be made by the person making the same only out of moneys—

- (a) remitted by or on behalf of such enemy, or
- (b) accrued due to such enemy since the outbreak of war, or
- (c) owed by a patent agent (in his business as such) in British India to a patent agent in enemy territory,

and not by way of gift or by way of advancement or loan to or on account of such enemy.

Notification No. 81(8)-E.T.(A)/42, dated the 26th September, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th November, 1942, Pt. I A, p. 936).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit all commercial and financial dealings with the

branch in Calcutta of the Java Sea and Fire Insurance Company, Limited, Batavia, subject to the observance of the following conditions by the said branch, namely:—

- (1) There shall be no communication, direct or indirect, with enemy territory or an enemy and directions as to policy shall be accepted only from the London Office of the Company.
- (2) No remittance shall be made to or for the benefit of any enemy person and any firm or corporation, which is an enemy, and where they apply, the Defence of India Rules and the regulations thereunder must be observed.
- (3) There shall be no transactions with the Netherlands East Indies or any other Dutch territories which are under enemy occupation.
- (4) A statement of the financial position of the business shall be submitted to the Controller of Enemy Trading and the Reserve Bank of India at such intervals and in such manner as these authorities may require.
- (5) All transactions concerning which there is a doubt that they may infringe the (i) enemy trading or (ii) exchange control provisions of the Defence of India Rules or any orders made thereunder shall be referred to the Controller of Enemy Trading or the Reserve Bank of India, respectively.
- (6) Reports of transactions outside the sterling area shall be submitted to the Controller of Enemy Trading at such intervals and in such manner as he may require.

Notification No. 102(5)-E.T.(B.)/42, dated the 26th September, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th November, 1942, Pt. I A, p. 937).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (I) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government has been pleased to permit persons and concerns in India to have commercial, financial or other intercourse or dealings with agents or branches in British India of persons or concerns resident in enemy occupied territories of Burma and the Andaman and Nicobar Islands (other than those of subjects of a State at war with His Majesty and of concerns owned or controlled by such subjects).

Notification No. 81(8)-E.T. (A)/42, dated the 5th December, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 24th December, 1942, Pt. I A, p. 996).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (I) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit all commercial and financial dealings with the companies specified in the Schedule hereto annexed subject to the observance of the following conditions by the said companies, namely:—

- (1) There shall be no communication, direct or indirect, with enemy territory or an enemy and no directions as to policy shall be accepted from any person resident outside the British Empire.
- (2) No remittance shall be made to or for the benefit of any enemy person and any firm or corporation, which is an enemy, and where they apply, the Defence of India Rules and the regulations thereunder must be observed.
- (3) There shall be no transactions with the Netherlands, East Indies or any other Dutch territories which are under enemy occupation.

- (4) A statement of the financial position of the business shall be submitted to the Controller of Enemy Trading and the Reserve Bank of India at such intervals and in such manner as these authorities may require.
- (5) All transactions concerning which there is a doubt that they may infringe the (i) enemy trading or (ii) exchange control provisions of the Defence of India Rules or any orders made thereunder shall be referred to the Controller of Enemy Trading or the Reserve Bank of India, respectively.
- (6) Reports of transactions outside the sterling area shall be submitted to the Controller of Enemy Trading at such intervals and in such manner as he may require.

Schedule.

1. The Trading Company late Hegt and Company, Limited.
2. The Holland-Bombay Trading Company, Limited, Bombay.

Notification No. 83(9)-E.T. (A)/43-(1), dated the 4th March, 1944 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 4th March, 1944, Pt. I, p. 257).

In pursuance of clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98 and rule 99 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is hereby pleased—

- (a) to authorise all persons to have any commercial financial or other intercourse or dealings with any body of persons constituted or incorporated in the Kingdom of Netherlands or in the Kingdom of Belgium which has transferred its head office in accordance with Act No. 200, dated the 26th April, 1940, of the Netherlands Government, or as the case may be, ¹[with the decrees, dated the 19th February, 1942, and 19th March, 1942,] of the Belgian Government to a place outside enemy territory, and
- (b) to direct that any transactions between any such body of persons as aforesaid and any other person, whether entered into before or after the date of this Notification, shall be as effective for the purpose of conferring rights and remedies on the parties to those transactions or on persons claiming under them, as if the said body of persons had been constituted or incorporated elsewhere than in enemy territory:

Provided that nothing in this notification shall be deemed to authorise any communication with enemy territory either directly or indirectly.

Notification No. 120(1)-E.T. (B)/44, dated the 11th November, 1944 (published in the "Gazette of India, Extraordinary" of the 11th November, 1944, p. 1513).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit, subject to the reservations hereinafter mentioned, persons and concerns in British India to have correspondence with persons and concerns in liberated Italy.

2. Private trade, despatch of powers of attorney and proxies, and correspondence relating to Italian-owned property in India will continue to be subject to the said rule and require the special permission of the Central Government.

¹Substituted by notification No. 102(10)-E.T.(A)/44, dated the 23rd September, 1944.

Notification No. 120(2)-E.T. (B)/44, dated the 2nd December, 1944 (published in the Gazette of India" of the 2nd December, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1539).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit persons and concerns in India to have correspondence with the whole of France, except the territory mentioned in the Schedule hereto annexed, subject to the condition that such correspondence is restricted to ascertaining facts and exchanging information only.

Schedule.

The Departments of Meuse, Meurthe-et-Moselle, Vosges, Hautesaone, Doubs, Moselle, Basrhin and Hautrhin, and the territory of Belfort.

Notification No. 120(4)-E.T. (B)/44, dated the 23rd December, 1944 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 23rd December, 1944, Pt. I, p. 628).

In pursuance of clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit persons and concerns in British India to have correspondence with persons and concerns in Belgium on personal or business matters subject to the conditions that all such correspondence is conducted through letters not exceeding 1 oz. by weight each or non-illustrated post cards and that business correspondence is confined to exchange of facts and information only.

Notification No. 120(1)-E.T. (B)/45, dated the 3rd February, 1945 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 3rd February, 1945, Pt. I, p. 135).

In pursuance of clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit persons and concerns in British India to have correspondence with persons and concerns in the parts of Holland specified in the Schedule hereto annexed on personal or business matters, subject to the conditions that all such correspondence is conducted through letters not exceeding 1 oz. by weight each or non-illustrated post cards and that business correspondence is confined to ascertaining facts and exchanging information only.

Schedule.

Towns of Eindhoven, Geldrop, Valkenswaard, Tilburg, Oisterwijk, Bortel, Schijndel, Middleburg, Flushing, Goes, Yerseke, Hanswurt, areas in immediate vicinity of the towns, and territory south of river Scheldt and to most of area south of river Maas up to German frontier, including islands of Walcheren, North and South Beveland.

Notification No. 120(5)-E.T. (B)/45, dated the 7th April, 1945 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 7th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 399).

In pursuance of clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit persons and concerns in British India to have correspondence with persons and concerns in Finland, subject to the conditions that business and financial correspondence is confined to ascertaining facts and exchanging information only, and that such correspondence from British India is conducted through letters (including printed and commercial papers) not exceeding 2 ounces in weight in each case or post cards.

Notification No. 120(6)-E.T. (B)/45, dated the 7th April, 1945 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 7th April, 1945, Pt. I, p. 399).

In pursuance of clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (I) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit persons and concerns in British India to have correspondence with persons and concerns in Roumania, subject to the conditions that business and financial correspondence is confined to ascertaining facts and exchanging information only and that such correspondence from British India is conducted through letters (including printed and commercial papers) not exceeding two ozs. in weight in each case or post cards.

Notification No. D.-2048-E.T./40, dated the 27th July, 1940 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 8th August, 1940, Pt. IA, p. 373).

In pursuance of rule 99 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that any transactions between any bank in British India and any of the branches in British India of the firm incorporated in Copenhagen, known as the East Asiatic Company, Limited, which were entered into after the occupation by Germany of Copenhagen, shall be as effective for the purpose of conferring rights and remedies on the parties to those transactions or any persons claiming under them, as if the said occupation had not taken place.

Notification No. 1 (26)-E.T./40, dated the 3rd June, 1940 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 4th July, 1940, Pt. IA, p. 242).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 101 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to order that the Controller of Enemy Trading in India, Bombay, shall supervise the business of the firm known as the Bata Shoe Company, Limited, Calcutta, in order to secure compliance with the provisions of Part XV of the said Rules.

THE DEFENCE LEGISLATION MANUAL (BENGAL)

Part II—The Rules and Orders made under the Defence of India Rules.

Chapter XV—Control of Enemy Firms—The Rules and Orders made by the Central Government and the Bengal Government under rules 103-114A of the Defence of India Rules.

Rules and Orders made by the Central Government under Rules 103-114A of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. 154(9)-E.T. (A)/41, dated the 27th December, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd January, 1942, Pt. IA, p. 39).

With reference to sub-rules (1) and (3) of rule 104 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit all persons to have commercial and financial dealings with the enemy firm of Mr. J. Eichholz (the Eichholz Trading Company), Victory Court, 36, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.

The Central Government is further pleased to direct that the trading activities of the said firm shall be confined to countries within the British Empire.

Notification No. 184(11)-E.T. (A)/41, dated the 3rd January, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd January, 1942, Pt. IA, p. 42).

With reference to sub-rules (1) and (3) of rule 104 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit all persons to have commercial and financial dealings with the enemy firm of S. Maione, 71/1, Meredith Street, Calcutta (owner of Carlton Hair Dressing Saloon, Calcutta).

The Central Government is further pleased to direct that the trading activities of the said firm shall be confined to India only.

Notification No. 79(13)-E.T.-(A)/42, dated the 11th April, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 30th April, 1942, Pt. IA, p. 342).

With reference to sub-rules (1) and (3) of rule 104 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit all persons to have commercial and financial dealings with the enemy firms specified in the Schedule hereto annexed.

The Central Government is further pleased to direct that the Indian partners of the said firms shall through their Solicitors, Messrs. Orr Dignam and Company, Calcutta,

- (a) submit to the Deputy Custodian of Enemy Property, Calcutta, returns of income accruing to the Japanese partners,
- (b) remit to the Deputy Custodian profits which will accrue and be due to the Japanese partners, and
- (c) furnish in advance to the Deputy Custodian any contemplated major alteration in the working policy of the said firms.

Schedule.

1. The Indian Rubber Goods Manufacturing Company, 47, Murari-puker Road, Calcutta.
2. Esavi Indian Match Manufacturing Company, 46/47, Muraripuker Road, Calcutta.
3. Calcutta Silk Weaving Company.
4. The Zenul Saw Mills, 44/2, Canal East Road, Calcutta.

Notification No. 79(17)-E.T.-(A)/42, dated the 23rd May, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th June, 1942).

With reference to sub-rules (1) and (3) of rule 104 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit all persons to have commercial and financial dealings with the enemy firm of Gujrat Silicate Works, Calcutta.

The Central Government is further pleased to direct that the Indian partners of the said firm shall—

- (a) submit to the Deputy Custodian of Enemy Property, Calcutta, returns of income accruing to the Japanese partner as well as annual accounts of the firm;
- (b) remit to the Deputy Custodian profits which will accrue and be due to the Japanese partner; and
- (c) furnish in advance to the Deputy Custodian any contemplated major alteration in the working policy of the firm.

Notification No. 93(18)-E.T. (A)/42, dated the 26th September, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th November, 1942, Pt. IA, p. 936).

With reference to sub-rules (1) and (3) of rule 104 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit all persons to have commercial and financial dealings with the enemy firms specified in the Schedule hereto annexed.

2. The Central Government is further pleased to direct that the trading activities of the said firms shall be confined to India only.

Schedule.

- (1) Mr. Renato Schmitz, 6, Patel Manzil "B", 20, Nepean Sea Road, Bombay.
- (2) Dr. W. Aschkanasy, Deepak Mahal, Marine Drive, Bombay.
- (3) Dr. L. T. Grunberg, Beg Villa, 216, Cadell Road, Mahim, Bombay.
- (4) Mr. J. Zeichner, Ganga Bihar, Marine Drive, Bombay.
- (5) Dr. J. Less, Wellesley House, 13, Cooperage Road, Bombay.
- (6) Dr. (Mrs.) L. Kronenberger, 8, Wodehouse Road, Bombay.
- (7) Dr. Samuel Kopeliowitch, Delhi.

Notification No. 93(20)-E.T. (A)/42, dated the 26th September, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th November, 1942, Pt. IA, p. 937).

With reference to sub-rules (1) and (3) of rule 104 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit all persons to have commercial and financial dealings with the enemy firm of Mrs. Erna Hayn Kaiser, Bombay.

2. The Central Government is further pleased to direct that the trading activities of the said firm shall be confined to India only.

Notification No. 126-S.R.B., dated the 4th September, 1939 (published in the "Calcutta of India, Extraordinary", of the 4th September, 1939).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 105 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to appoint the Agent of every branch of the Imperial Bank of India in British India to be an Inspector of Enemy Firms for the revenue district in which the branch is situate.

Notification No. 288-O.R./39, dated the 14th December, 1939 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th December, 1939, Pt. IA, p. 559).

Whereas it appears to the Central Government that the control and management of the Allianz Und Stuttgarter Life Insurance Bank, Ltd., being an enemy firm as defined in rule 103 of the Defence of India Rules, has been so affected by the state of war as to prejudice the effective continuance of its business in British India, and that it is in the public interest that the said business should be carried on:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 113A of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to authorise Messrs. A. F. Ferguson and Company, Chartered Accountants of Bombay, to carry on the said business:

Provided that the said Ferguson and Company—

- (i) shall, in the management of the said business, be accountable to the Central Government, and be subject to the superintendence, direction and control of the Central Government, and
- (ii) shall not effect any new contracts of life insurance.

Notification No. 168-I.(21)-W/40, dated the 1st June, 1940 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th June, 1940, Pt. IA, p. 204).

In pursuance of clause (c) of sub-rule (2) of rule 113A of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to order that Messrs. A. F. Ferguson and Company, who have been authorised under sub-rule (1) of the said rule to carry on the business of the enemy firm known as the Allianz Und Stuttgarter Life Insurance Bank, Limited, shall, not, as agent of the said enemy firm, be bound by any obligation imposed by any contract of insurance in so far as the same stipulates for the payment of any bonus, profit, interest or dividend accruing as a result of the valuation as at the 31st December 1938 and any subsequent valuations.

Notification No. 168-I. (2)-W./39, dated the 22nd February, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 13th March, 1941, Pt. IA, p. 75).

In pursuance of clause (c) of sub-rule (2) of rule 113A of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that Messrs. A. F. Ferguson and Company who have been authorised under sub-rule

(1) of the said rule to carry on the business of the enemy firm known as the Allianz Und Stuttgarter Life Insurance Bank, Limited, shall not be bound by any obligation or limitation imposed on them, as agent of the said enemy firm, by or under any law in respect of the following matters, namely:—

- (1) The matters specified in sections 3, 11, 13, 15, 16, 27, 28, 40, 43, 44, 47, 50, 63 and 64 of the Insurance Act, 1938 (IV of 1938).
- (2) The submission of an annual balance-sheet or statement in the form of a balance-sheet in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 277 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913).

Notification No. 241-O. R./39, dated the 29th September, 1939 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th January, 1940, Pt. IA, p. 16).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. This order may be called the Control of Internees' Property Order, 1939.

2. (1) In this Order,—

- (a) "Custodian" means the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India appointed under rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules and includes any Deputy or Assistant Custodian of Enemy Property authorised by the said Custodian in respect of all or any of the provisions of this Order;
- (b) "internee" means an enemy foreigner in respect of whom there is in force any order made, or deemed to have been made, under clause (g) of sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Foreigners Act, 1940;
- (c) "parole centre" means a place declared by the Central Government or any Provincial Government to be a parole centre;
- (d) "person on parole" means an enemy foreigner in respect of whom there is in force any order made, or deemed to have been made, under sub-clause (i) of clause (e) of sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Foreigners Act, 1940, restricting his residence to the limits of a parole centre.

2A. A person on parole may dispose of—

- (i) any of his moveable property other than securities or stock in trade;
- (ii) with the general or special approval of the Custodian previously obtained, any of his securities, stock in trade or immoveable property:

Provided that he shall in either case inform the Custodian of any such disposal of property within seven days thereof, giving full particulars, and shall place the proceeds thereof to his own credit in a bank approved by the Custodian.

3. An internee ³[or person on parole] may, with the approval of the Custodian, execute any general or special power of attorney for the disposal of his property and conduct of his affairs.

¹Substituted by notification No. 8(1)-E.T./40, dated the 21st June, 1941, for the original paragraph 2.

²Inserted by notification No. 8(1)-E.T./40, dated the 21st June, 1941.

³Inserted ~~ibid.~~

4. Any such power of attorney as aforesaid may be in favour of the Custodian or such other person in British India (hereinafter referred to as the nominee) as the internee ¹[or person on parole] chooses to nominate.

²4A. (1) If any such power of attorney as aforesaid is granted in favour of the Custodian, the Custodian shall be entitled to levy in respect of each transaction completed by him on behalf of the internee ¹[or person on parole], such fee not exceeding two per cent. of the monetary value thereof as the Custodian may consider proper.

(2) The Custodian shall be the sole judge of the monetary value of any transaction for the purposes of this paragraph.

5. A nominee ¹[or person on parole], if so authorised by the power of attorney which he holds, may dispose of—

- (i) any moveable property belonging to the internee ¹[or person on parole], other than securities or stock in trade;
- (ii) with the ³[general or special approval of the Custodian previously obtained], any securities, stock in trade or immoveable property belonging to the internee ¹[or person on parole]:

Provided that the nominee ¹[or person on parole] shall ⁴[in either case] inform the Custodian of any such disposal of property within seven days thereof, giving full particulars, and shall place the proceeds thereof to the credit of the internee ¹[or person on parole] in a bank approved by the Custodian.

6. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 104 of the Defence of India Rules, any bank in British India may accept, pay money on, or otherwise deal with, a cheque drawn by, or on behalf of, an internee ¹[or a person on parole], if the cheque is countersigned by the Commandant of the internment camp in which the internee is for the time being detained or confined ⁵[or, as the case may be, by the Commandant, Superintendent or other officer in charge of the parole centre in which the person on parole is for the time being residing].

Notification No. 72(1)-Tr. (W)/39, dated the 2nd November, 1939 (published in the "Gazette of India," dated the 30th November, 1939, p. 522).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Commerce Department, No. 41(1)-Tr.(E.P.)/39, dated the 14th October, 1939, the Central Government is pleased to order that all enemy property in British India, moveable or immoveable, belonging to, or held by, or managed on behalf of, any enemy subject either—

- (a) as defined in sub-clause (a) of clause (1) of rule 103 of the said Rules, who is not for the time being in India, or
- (b) as defined in sub-clause (b) of the said clause, where the property is not under the control of an Indian branch of the body of persons for the time being carrying on business in India,

shall vest in the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India.

¹Inserted by notification No. 8(1)E.T./40, dated the 21st June, 1941.

²Inserted by notification No. 69(8)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 20th April, 1940.

³Substituted by notification No. 8(1)E.T./40, dated the 21st June, 1941 for the words "previous approval of the Custodian."

⁴Inserted *ibid*.

⁵Inserted *ibid*.

⁶Added *ibid*.

Notification No. 49(23)-Tr. W/40, dated the 6th June, 1940 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 20th June, 1940, Pt. IA, p. 209).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to order that, unless otherwise directed by it in any particular case, all property in British India, moveable or immoveable belonging to, or held by, or managed on behalf of—

- (a) any person who is an enemy as defined in clause (b) of rule 97 of the said Rules, or
- (b) any body of persons which is an enemy as defined in clause (c) of rule 97 of the said Rules, where the property is not under the control of an Indian branch of that body for the time being carrying on business in India,

shall vest in the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India.

Notification No. 49(23)-Tr. (W.)/40, dated the 25th June, 1940, (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th July, 1940, Pt. IA, p. 244).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 49 (23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 14th June, 1940, the Central Government is pleased to direct that—

- (1) all property in British India, moveable or immoveable, belonging to, or held by, or managed on behalf of, any body of persons constituted or incorporated in any enemy territory as defined in sub-rule (2) of rule 2 of the said Rules and under the control of an Indian branch of that body for the time being carrying on business in India shall vest in the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India;
- (2) in respect of the property of a body of persons which has been vested as aforesaid, the said Custodian shall have power to delegate to any Branch Manager of the said body of persons all or any of the powers exercisable by him under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 4 of the Enemy Property (Custody and Registration) Order, 1939.

Notification No. 184(12)-E.T.-(A)/41, dated the 8th November, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 4th December, 1941, Pt. IA, p. 606).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that all property in British India, moveable and immoveable, belonging to, or held by, or managed on behalf of, any person who became an enemy as defined in clause (b) of rule 97 of the said Rules, or any body of persons which became an enemy as defined in clause (c) of the said rule 97 on the declaration of Syria and Lebanon as enemy territories, which vests in the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India by virtue of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 49(23)Tr.-(W)/40, dated the 6th June, 1940, shall cease to vest in the Custodian and shall revest in the said person or body of persons.

Notification No. 120(2)-E.T.-(A)/41, dated the 8th December, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd January, 1942, Pt. IA, p. 43).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) read with sub-rule (3A) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to order that all money which would but for the said Rules be payable to or for the benefit of an enemy as defined in clause (f) of rule 97 of the said Rules, shall be paid to the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India.

Notification No. 79(9)-E.T.-(A)/42, dated the 21st February, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th March, 1942, Pt. IA, p. 241).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to order that all property in British India, moveable and immoveable, belonging to, or held by, or managed on behalf of, the Nippon Club, Calcutta, being enemy property, shall vest in the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India.

Notification No. 43(51)-E.T.-(A)/40, dated the 7th March, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 26th March, 1942, Pt. IA, p. 270).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) read with sub-rule (3A) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that all property in British India, moveable or immoveable, belonging to, or held by, or managed on behalf of, the firm of Anciens Etablissements Blumenthal, Paris, and under the control of the Calcutta branch of the said firm, which vests in the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India by virtue of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 49(23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 25th June, 1940, shall cease to vest in the Custodian and shall re-vest in the said firm.

Notification No. 81(2)-E.T.-(A)/42, dated the 20th March, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd April, 1942, Pt. IA, p. 298).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) read with sub-rule (3A) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the provisions of the notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 49(23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 6th June, 1940, No. 49(23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 25th June, 1940, and No. 120(2)-E.T.(A)/41, dated the 8th December, 1941, and of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Enemy Property (Custody and Registration) Order, 1939, shall not apply to balances or other assets in India of persons or concerns resident in Java (other than those of subjects of a State at war with His Majesty and of concerns owned or controlled by such subjects).

Notification No. 116(18)-E.T.-(A)/41, dated the 25th April, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th May, 1942, Pt. IA, p. 372).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) read with sub-rule (3A) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the provisions of the notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 49(23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 6th June, 1940, No. 49(23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 25th June, 1940, and No. 120(2)-E.T.(A)/41, dated the 8th December, 1941, and of

sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Enemy Property (Custody and Registration) Order, 1939, shall not apply to balances or other assets in India of persons or concerns resident in the Channel Islands (other than those of subjects of a State at war with His Majesty and of concerns owned or controlled by such subjects).

Notification No. 131(5)-E.T.(A)/42, dated the 2nd May, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 14th May, 1942, Pt. I.B, p. 368).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) read with sub-rule (3A) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the provisions of the notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 49(23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 6th June, 1940, No. 49(23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 25th June, 1940, and No. 120(2)-E.T.(A)/41, dated the 8th December, 1941, and of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Enemy Property (Custody and Registration) Order, 1939, shall not apply to balances or other assets in India of persons or concerns resident in the enemy occupied territories specified in the Schedule hereto annexed, (other than those of subjects of a State at war with His Majesty and of concerns owned or controlled by such subjects).

Schedule.

That portion of Burma under Japanese occupation.

The Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

Notification No. 30(1)-E.T.(A)/43, dated the 25th September, 1943 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 25th September, 1943, Pt. I, p. 1056).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to order that all property in British India, moveable and immoveable, belonging to, or held by, or managed on behalf of, an internee or person on parole who dies in India shall on his death vest in the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India.

Explanation.—In the above order—

- (i) "internee" means an enemy foreigner in respect of whom there is in force any order made, or deemed to have been made, under clause (g) of sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Foreigners Act, 1940;
- ii) "person on parole" means an enemy foreigner in respect of whom there is in force any order made, or deemed to have been made, under sub-clause (i) of clause (e) of sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Foreigners Act, 1940, restricting his residence to the limits of a parole centre.

Notification No. 83(9)-E.T.(A)/43-(2), dated the 4th March, 1944 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 4th March, 1944, Pt. I, p. 267).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) read with sub-rule (3A) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that notwithstanding anything contained in the notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 49(23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 6th June, 1940, and No. 49(23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 25th June, 1940, all property in British India moveable or immoveable, belonging to, or held by, or managed on behalf of, any body

of persons constituted or incorporated in the Kingdom of Netherlands or in the Kingdom of Belgium which has transferred its head office in accordance with Act No. 200, dated the 26th April, 1940, of the Netherlands Government or as the case may be, with the decree, dated the 2nd February, 1940, of the Belgian Government, to a place outside enemy territory shall cease to vest in the Custodian and re-vest in the said body of persons.

Notification No. 76(6)-E.T.(A)/42, dated the 5th August, 1944 (published in the "Gazette of India", dated the 12th August, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1051).

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-rule (1), read with sub-rule (3A), of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 76(6)-E.T.(A)/42, dated the 13th February, 1943, shall be cancelled.

Notification No. 102(12)-E.T.(A)/45, dated the 18th May, 1945 (published in the "Gazette of India, Extraordinary" of the 18th May, 1945, p. 431).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) read with sub-rule (3A) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the provisions of the notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 49(23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 6th June, 1940, No. 49(23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 26th June, 1940, and No. 120(2)-E.T. (A)/41, dated the 8th December, 1941, and sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Enemy Property (Custody and Registration) Order, 1939, shall not in respect of any transactions entered into after the date of this notification apply to—

- (a) any money which would but for the existence of a state of war become payable to or for the benefit of any person resident in or of any body of persons constituted or incorporated in France or Belgium on or after the date of this notification;
- (b) any property which on or after the date of this notification comes into the ownership of any such person or body of persons as aforesaid;
- (c) any money or property to which the provisions of the said notifications and Order referred to above would apply only because any such person or body of persons as aforesaid became resident or commenced or recommenced to carry on business in France and Belgium on or after the 25th August and 8th September, 1944, respectively.

Notification No. 102(28)-E.T.(A)/45, dated the 8th December, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 27th December, 1945, Pt. I A, p. 352).

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the provisions of the notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 72(1)-Tr. (W)/39, dated the 2nd November 1939, No. 49(23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 6th June 1940, No. 49(23)-Tr. (W)/40, dated the 25th June 1940, and No. 120(2)-E.T. (A)/41, dated the 8th December 1941, and sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Enemy Property

(Custody and Registration) Order, 1939, shall not, in respect of any transactions entered into on or after the 3rd November 1945 under an authority given generally or specially by the Central Government, apply to:

- (a) any money which would but for the existence of a state of war become payable on or after the third day of November 1945 to or for the benefit of any person resident in or of any body of persons constituted or incorporated in Finland or Italy;
- (b) any property which on or after the third day of November 1945 comes into the ownership of any such person or body of persons as aforesaid;
- (c) any money or property to which the provisions of the said notifications and Order would apply only because any such person or body of persons as aforesaid became resident or commenced or recommenced to carry on business in Finland or Italy on or after the 20th August 1945 and the 5th September 1945, respectively.

2. For the purposes of this notification, the expression "Finland" means the whole of the territory for the time being under the sovereignty of the Finnish State and the expression "Italy" means the Italian mainland, Sicily and Sardinia; with the islands adjacent thereto.

THE DEFENCE LEGISLATION MANUAL (BENGAL)

Part II—The Rules and Orders made under the Defence of India Rules.

Chapter XVI—Miscellaneous Provisions—The Rules and Orders made by the Central Government and the Bengal Government under rules 115-120B of the Defence of India Rules.

The Rules and Orders issued by the Provincial Government of Bengal under rules 115-120B of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. 217A.R.P., dated the 20th January, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 22nd January, 1942, Pt. I, p. 180).

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 116 of the Defence of India Rules the Governor is pleased to make the following order, namely:—

Order.

In case of the death of a person in Bengal as a result of a hostile air raid it shall be the duty of any of his nearest relatives who may be present at the time of the death, and in default of such relatives, of each person present at the time of the death, and of the occupier of the premises in which, to the knowledge of such occupier the death took place, and in default of the persons hereinbefore mentioned, of each inmate of such premises to report the death to the nearest police-station within twelve hours of such a death.

If any person fails to furnish any information in compliance with this order, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

Notification No. 415F.G., dated the 19th January, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 20th January, 1944, p. 12).

In exercise of the power conferred by rule 116 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to direct that every licensee holding a licence under the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942, shall, within three days from the rationing date, submit to the Licensing Authority his licence together with a return of every foodgrain notified to be a rationed article under clause (2) of paragraph 2 of the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943, which he may have in his stock on the rationing date in any rationed area.

The expressions "rationing date" and "rationed area" have the same meanings as in the Bengal Rationing Order, 1943.

THE DEFENCE LEGISLATION MANUAL (BENGAL)

Part II—The Rules and Orders made under the Defence of India Rules.

Chapter XVII—Supplementary and Procedural—The Rules and Orders made by the Central Government and the Bengal Government under rules 121-133 of the Defence of India Rules.

- (1) The Rules and Orders made by the Central Government under rules 121-133 of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. 1763, dated the 25th November, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 10th December, 1942, Pt. IA, p. 985).

With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government hereby empowers all officers and members of the "Security Corps", including the staffs of Advanced Camps, Interrogation Centres, and the escorts working under them, to arrest without warrant any person under the said sub-rule.

Notification No. 5-D.C.(3)/1/43, dated the 11th January, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 28th January, 1943, Pt. I A

In pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 130 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to specify clauses (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of sub-rule (2) of rule 90 of the said Rules for purposes of the said sub-rule.

Notification No. 5-D.C.(48)/43-I., dated the 4th March, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 16th March, 1944, Pt. IA, p. 97).

In pursuance of sub-rule (4) of rule 130 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to specify all orders which have been or may hereafter be made under sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the said Rules, for purposes of the said sub-rule (4).

Notification No. 5-D.C.(61)/44, dated the 6th May, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 18th May, 1944, Pt. IA, p. 147).

In pursuance of sub-rule (4) of rule 130 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to specify rule 81D of the said Rules and all orders made thereunder for purposes of the said sub-rule (4).

¹Substituted by notification No. 5-D.C. (3)-4/43, dated the 13th September, 1943.

Notification No. 5-D.O.(61)/44, dated the 7th October, 1944 (published in the "Gazette of India" of the 14th October, 1944, Pt. I, p. 1335).

In pursuance of sub-rule (4) of rule 130 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to specify for the purposes of the said sub-rule clause (a) of sub-rule (1) of rule 38 read with sub-clause (h) of clause (6) of rule 34 when the prejudicial act in question is an act which is intended or is likely to impede, delay or restrict the supply or distribution of any article of food.

Notification No. 542-OR/40, dated the 13th September, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 2nd October, 1941, Pt. IA, p. 512).

In pursuance of clause (b) of rule 130A of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to specify rule 38 of the said Rules for the purposes of the said clause.

Notification No. 542-OR/40, dated the 13th December, 1941 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 15th January, 1942, Pt. IA, p. 32).

In pursuance of clause (b) of rule 130A of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to specify rules 8A, 10, 13, 15, 19, 21, 23, 24, 26, 35, 36, 37, 46, 47, 48 and 61 of the said Rules for the purposes of the said clause.

THE DEFENCE LEGISLATION MANUAL (BENGAL)

Part II—The Rules and Orders made under the Defence of India Rules.

Chapter XVII—Supplementary and Procedural—The Rules and Orders made by the Central Government and the Bengal Government under rules 121-133 of the Defence of India Rules.

(2) The Rules and Orders issued by the Provincial Government of Bengal under rules 121-133 of the Defence of India Rules.

Notification No. 4774P., dated the 5th September, 1939, (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 6th September, 1939).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 126 of the Defence of India Rules, made under section 2 of the Defence of India Ordinance, 1939 (Ordinance V of 1939), the Governor is pleased to direct that the following persons are hereby empowered to exercise within their respective jurisdictions, the powers referred to in clauses (a) and (b) of the said sub-rule, namely—

- (1) The Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.
- (2) All Police Officers holding the rank of Deputy Commissioners of Police.
- (3) All Police Officers of or above the rank of Superintendent of Police.
- (4) All District Magistrates and Deputy Commissioners of districts.

Notification No. 1P., dated the 2nd January, 1940 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 11th January, 1940, Pt. I, p. 35).

Order.

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of rule 126 of the Defence of India Rules, published by notification No. 221/1-O.R., dated the 3rd September 1939, in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 3rd September 1939, the Governor is hereby pleased to empower the following persons to exercise within their respective jurisdictions the powers referred to in the said clause with regard to the search of any place and the seizure of anything which any such person has reason to believe has been, is being or is about to be, used for any purpose prejudicial to the public interest, namely :—

- (1) The Controller of Prices.
- (2) The Assistant Controllers of Prices.

Notification No. 91, dated the 23rd May, 1940 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 30th May, 1940, Pt. I, p. 1601).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 126 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased hereby to empower the Deputy Commissioner, Chittagong Hill-tracts, to exercise, within the said Hill-tracts, the powers referred to in clauses (a) and (b) of the said sub-rule.

Notification No. 9176 D. C. S., dated the 6th July, 1945 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th July, 1945, Pt. I, p. 1162).

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 126 of the Defence of India Rules which has been directed to be exercised by me by notification No. 3454Def., dated the 24th April 1945, published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, Part I, of the 3rd May 1945, at pages 702-703, I hereby empower all officers of the Enforcement Division in the Department of Civil Supplies of and above the rank of a Preventive Officer or an Inspector to exercise the powers mentioned in clauses (a) and (b) of the said sub-rule.

Notification No. 685Ind., dated the 20th March, 1943 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th March, 1943, Pt. I, p. 562).

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of rule 126 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to empower the Director of Industries, Bengal, to exercise the powers referred to in the said clause in so far as these powers relate to the search of any place and seizure of stocks of hemp and ~~raw~~ *sola* which the said Director has reason to believe, has been, is being or is about to be used for any purpose prejudicial to the efficient prosecution of war or to the public interest.

Notification No. 84H.J., dated the 11th January, 1940 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 25th January, 1940, Pt. I, p. 171).

In exercise of the power conferred by section 59 of the Prisons Act, 1894 (IX of 1894), read with sub-rule (4) of rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to make the following rules for the treatment of persons arrested under sub-rule (1) of the said rule and committed to the custody of the Superintendent of a Jail under Home (Political) Department notification No. 4775P., dated the 5th September 1939, namely:—

- (1) Persons arrested under sub-rule (1) of rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules and committed to the custody of the Superintendent of a Jail shall as early as may be, and in any case not later than 24 hours from such commitment, be brought before a Sub-divisional Magistrate or a Magistrate of the first class or (in the case of Calcutta) before a Presidency Magistrate for classification.
- (2) The Magistrate shall classify them into two divisions, viz., Division I and Division II, on the same considerations as apply to the classification of undertrial prisoners in accordance with rule 910 of the Bengal Jail Code.
- (3) Upon such classification the provisions of the Bengal Jail Code applicable to undertrial prisoners of the same classification shall apply to such persons.

Notification No. 4775P., dated the 5th September, 1939 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette, Extraordinary" of the 5th September, 1939).

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules made under section 2 of the Defence of India Ordinance, 1939 (Ordinance V of 1939), the Governor is pleased by general order to specify below the custody to which persons arrested under the said rule shall be committed:—

The custody of the Superintendent of the District Jail or Sub-Jail—
In the case of persons arrested in any district.

The custody of the Superintendent of the Presidency Jail or Alipore Jail—In the case of persons arrested in Calcutta.

Notification No. 93, dated the 23rd May, 1940 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 30th May, 1940, Pt. I, p. 1601).

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased by general order to specify the custody of the Superintendent of the Chittagong District Jail or Rangamati Sub-Jail to be the custody to which persons arrested within the Chittagong Hill-tracts under the said rule shall be committed.

Notification No. 234P.D., dated the 26th February, 1942 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 12th March, 1942, Pt. I, p. 629).

In pursuance of clause (b) of rule 130A of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to specify rules 39, 40, 52, 56 and 118 of the said Rules for the purposes of the said clause.

Notification No. 1120P., dated the 4th March, 1944 (published in the "Calcutta Gazette" of the 9th March, 1944, Pt. I, p. 216).

In pursuance of clause (b) of rule 130A of the Defence of India Rules, the Governor is pleased to specify orders made under rule 81 in respect of any essential commodity as defined in clause (3) of rule 34 and orders made under rule 81D of the said rules for the purposes of the said clause (b).

